"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Clearing and colder today; Friday, fair; northwest gales.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 40, min. 26.
For weather report see text to last page.

VOL. LXXI...No. 23,364. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

9 REPUBLICANS NOW AGAINST NEWBERRY; VOTE LIKELY TODAY

Forty Senators Are Counted on Each Side of the Fight, With Seven Doubtful.

UNDERWOOD INDICTS PARTY

Declares the Republicans Must Face Issue in Next Election If Newberry Is Sustained.

8 OPPOSITION SPEECHES

Jones and Norris Urge Unseating—Pepper Is Expected to Take the Same Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Senate failed to reach a vote today on unseating Senator Truman H. Newburry of Michigan, and the indications are that the vote will be taken late tomorrow afternoon. The debate continued with vigor

Forty Senators are now counted as certain to vote for Newberry and forty against him, with seven still doubtful.

The list of Republican Senators who are said to be sure to vote to unseat Newberry has increased to nine and the leaders who are working to keep him in the Senate are known to be greatly perturbed over the outlook. The swing from Newberry began after the speech of Senator Borah yesterday. Today two other Republicans from the floor of the Senate echoed the views of the Idaho member and called upon their colleagues to vote Newberry out of the Senate. These were Jones of Washington and Norris of Nebraska.

Senator George Wharton Pepper, of Pennsylvania, according to close friends, intends to start his career in Washington by voting against the seating of Newberry. Those who have urged him to take this course have come away with the conviction that the successor of Penrose has very strong views upon the expenditure of money in politics.

A Republican member of Congress from Pennsylvania said tonight:

"I am convinced that Mr. Pepper will never vote to seat Senator Newberry and he will not dodge a vote."

It is stated that Senators Capper of Kansas and Sutherland of West Virginia have left the "doubtful" group and definitely aligned themselves with the opposition, and that Senators Willis, Poindexter, Weller, Johnson, Kellogg and Stanfield are still undecided as to the stand they will take. Senator Watson of Georgia, the only Democrat who has been counted on to vote for Newberry, is also said to be wavering and may, when the time comes, be found with his Democratic colleagues.

Seven Votes Still Doubtful.

As the situation stands eighty-seven votes will be actually cast on the final roll-call and forty-four votes will seat, or unseat, the Senator from Michigan. Thirty-one Democrats and nine Republicans are definitely slated to vote to unseat him while, counting Senator Watson as still pro-Newberry, the number certain to vote for the Michigan Senator's exoneration numbers forty also.

The Senators who have paired for the vote are: Kendrick, Wyoming, with Crow, Pennsylvania; Reed, Missouri, with Moses, New Hampshire; Stanley, Kentucky, with du Pont, Delaware. Gerry of Rhode Island is ill, and in the event that he is unable to be present in the chamber will be paired probably at the last minute.

Newberry's fate therefore is in the hands of the seven Republican Senators who have not announced their stand. The party leaders still insist that enough of the doubtful will be "regular," when the time to vote comes, to give Newberry—using the estimate of Senator Curtis, the acting Republican leader—a majority of two or three.

There has been some talk, on the part of a few Senators, of a motion to commit the case to the Committee on Privileges and Elections for further investigation, but this proposal is frowned on by the leaders on both sides of the aisle.

"I am against any proposition to recommit," said Senator Kenyon, who, with Senators Borah and Norris, is leading the attack from the majority side. "If they are going to seat this man let them step forward and vote their 'ayes' and let the country know how they stand. I have no doubt that there are some who would welcome the opportunity to sidestep via the recommitting route, but I don't think they will have that chance."

Leaders Plead With the Doubtful.

From the moment the Senate convened at 11 o'clock this morning until it adjourned at 5:30 P. M., the Republican floor leaders could be seen pleading with the "doubtfuls." Willis, who in the course of the day visited the White House, where, among other things, he discussed the Newberry case with the President, was continually buttonholed, as were also Poindexter of Washington, and the latter's colleague, Jones. Senator Jones settled the matter, so far as he was personally concerned, when he arose and announced that if the Newberry election methods were endorsed by the Senate it would mean a precedent "that will threaten the very pillars of the Republic."

The Senators who were working for Newberry were led by Lodge, Watson of Indiana, New, Spencer and Curtis.

A prominent Republican Senator from the West, who is listed as among the Newberry supporters, in conversation

Continued on Page Six.

FLORIDA—ST. PETERSBURG AND Sunshine. Train De Luxe, thru sleepers, 4:30 P. M. daily, 2, 31 St. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 366 W. 42d st. Tel. Bryant 6413.—Advt.

Stylish, most durable—WILSON SEWED shoes for women.—Advt.

Farm Bloc Will Modify Their Federal Reserve Bill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Members of the Senate Agricultural bloc have begun work on what is termed a compromise measure with reference to the bloc's demand for the appointment of a farmer as a member of the Federal Reserve Board.

The compromise, it was stated by bloc leaders, will be designed to meet the views held by the President, who has said he had no objection to such legislation, providing it includes other industries along with agriculture as entitled to representation on the board.

FORD PLANS A CITY 75 MILES IN LENGTH

Proposes to Make Muscle Shoals Greatest Industrial Undertaking in America.

BIGGER PROJECT TO FOLLOW

Would Have Farmers Harness Every Creek and Brook That Crosses Their Property.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—If Henry Ford obtains possession of the Muscle Shoals project in Alabama he will take immediate steps to make that part of the South one of the industrial centres of the country, The Associated Press learned today.

The Muscle Shoals plan of Mr. Ford contemplates one of the greatest undertakings in the history of industrial America, it became known, and includes development of the property as a model and the eventual extension of the system to many other parts of the country.

Mr. Ford's proposal includes the building of a city seventy-five miles long in the Muscle Shoals region. It would be made up of several large towns or small cities. This is in line with the manufacturer's view that men and their families should live in small communities where benefits of rural or near-rural life would not be entirely lost.

Mr. Ford's proposal to the Government includes leasing of the property for 100 years. But before the expiration of half that time he proposes to turn the completed project over to the people of the district or to the Government in such a way that no one in the future will be able to make a personal profit from the undertaking. He will arrange that neither he nor any of his heirs may realize any monetary benefit from the Muscle Shoals plants or the power developed, it became known today. He proposes to make the project, if the Government gives its consent, the outstanding achievement of his career.

Start of a Greater Program.

The Muscle Shoals project, however, is only the start of a greater program, it became known. This includes the development of water power facilities in many parts of the country by which persons in those communities would derive power to run manufacturing plants, light their homes, and run machinery on the farms. One detail of the plan is the harnessing by farmers of every creek and brook that crosses their property.

Mr. Ford expects to leave here about noon tomorrow for Washington to confer with Secretary Weeks regarding his proposal for leasing the Alabama plant.

If the Government accepts Mr. Ford's bid, work at Muscle Shoals will be started at once. The nitrate and other plants would be run by steam power pending the time the great dam, that will require about two years to build, has harnessed the water at this point. Then would follow rapid development, in the opinion of Mr. Ford, until within a comparatively few years an industrial centre greater than Detroit would have been built up.

Mr. Ford believes the Muscle Shoals plan, if consummated, would be the start toward development of the Mississippi River Valley. The manufacturer believes this valley could "run the United States," if the water now going to waste could be utilized.

Believes It Could Support Government.

Eventually, in Mr. Ford's opinion, the Government could derive enough revenue from these power projects to support itself, thereby revolutionizing the financial system of the country.

Mr. Ford has bent the greater part of his energies during the last few weeks to whipping into shape his plans to develop the Alabama district if he obtains the lease from the Government. He has held a large number of conferences on this matter and his program is known to be ready. This program includes definite steps toward development of water power in every part of the country. The manufacturer does not believe it practicable to carry power for long distances, and therefore has evolved a plan to provide each district with its own project.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Renewing his charge that "the fertiliser trust" was seeking to defeat the Muscle Shoals development project, Senator Harris of Georgia, called the attention of the Senate today to a circular which, he said, had been sent out by the National Fertiliser Association of Philadelphia and which was captioned "Cost to Taxpayers of Ford Muscle Shoals Offer."

"I simply wish to call this to the attention of the Senate," said Senator Harris, "to show that the fertiliser trust has been from the very beginning of the Muscle Shoals development trying to defeat it in order that they may maintain high prices of fertiliser which the farmers of the South and West must pay."

OFFICIALS ORGANIZE TO CHECK RISING WAVE OF CRIME

State, County and Federal Prosecutors Take Measures at Albany for Co-operation.

GOV. MILLER PLEDGES AID

Two Committees of Large Conference Will Propose a Working Plan at Meeting Feb. 8.

'BEST CITIZENS' ARRAIGNED

Violation of Liquor Laws Cited as Encouraging Criminals—Probation System Attacked.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 11.—After an all-day discussion in the conference held here at the suggestion of Harry L. Daugherty, United States Attorney General, of ways and means to check the wave of crime which, according to one opinion expressed at the meeting, is "threatening the civilization of our country," an organization composed of Attorney General Charles D. Newton, the four United States Attorneys and the sixty-two District Attorneys in this State was formed for the purpose of bringing about a closer co-operation between the State and Federal authorities in the enforcement of the criminal law.

Nearly every public prosecutor in the State attended the conference, which stands without precedent in the history of this State. All agreed that the situation was critical enough to call for the most drastic and united action for the suppression of crime. John W. H. Crim, Assistant United States Attorney General, who, as the representative of Attorney General Daugherty, addressed the conference, declared that the Department of Justice was being swamped with complaints, and that there was danger that the machinery would break down unless the local authorities did a greater share of the work than at present.

"It is impossible to cure the present situation with the present trend toward enforcement of all laws without having the Federal Government become a bureaucracy," he said. "Only last week a man came to Washington and went direct to the President with a case which the local authorities should have handled—a case that one strong policeman armed with a hickory club could have settled in three minutes."

Governor Miller Pledges His Aid.

Governor Miller, addressing the conference briefly this afternoon, pledged to the assembled prosecutors all the aid in his power, and gave his full sanction to the plan of co-operation. The Governor said "there probably never had been a time within the memory of those now living when there was more disrespect for the law exhibited in various ways than today."

District Attorney J. H. Banton of New York was elected President of the new organization, with District Attorney W. H. Love of Monroe County as Vice President, District Attorney John E. Ruston of Kings County Secretary, and District Attorney Frank P. Malpass of Onondaga as Treasurer.

Two committees to draft amendments to the criminal statutes, State and Federal, and one committee to work out a plan of co-operation between the State and Federal prosecutors in law enforcement were appointed, with instructions to report at another meeting of the organization to be held here on Feb. 8.

An Appeal for Public Sentiment.

At the close of the conference a committee appointed for the purpose issued an appeal for public sentiment to back prosecutors in their earnest efforts to cope with the situation. This appeal was urged by District Attorney Guy of Erie County.

"One of the purposes of this conference," said Mr. Guy, "is to check the crime wave which is prevalent in the big cities of this State and of the country. The mere appointment of a committee on legislation and one for co-operation with Federal authorities is going to do nothing to check the crime wave. I believe the public will expect this conference to take action which will tend to correct conditions which are threatening the civilization of this country.

"No mere legislation is sufficient to check the abuses of the probation system. Mere committees are not sufficient to impress upon some Judges that they should add 'Sing Sing' and 'Auburn' to their dictionaries and not have them completely filled with suspended sentences and probation.

"If the law is to be enforced, if crime is to be suppressed, if property and persons of citizens of these States are to be protected, there must be a fair but firm enforcement of all laws, and our so-called reputable and responsible citizens must not wink at violations of some laws and thus occasion disrespect of all laws.

"There should be expression from

Continued on Page Four.

Transport Crook Reports She Is Out of Danger; Sprang a Leak With 974 Rhine Troops Aboard

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A radiogram from the transport Crook, with 974 troops from the Rhine aboard, which was reported early this morning in distress 600 miles off New York, said that the ship was out of danger and was encountering a light sea with light breezes prevailing.

All was well, the message said, and all danger had passed. The vessel was reported to be making eleven knots.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—The Coast Guard cutter Cosipee was sent out from Portland, Me., today to assist the transport Crook, but was later ordered back to Portland with instructions to be prepared to leave at once should the storm or other conditions endanger the transport.

The army transport Crook, from Antwerp to New York, sprung aleak about 600 miles from New York, but the damage has been temporarily repaired and she is in no immediate danger, according to wireless messages received yesterday. The transport St. Mihiel left this port to render her assistance if needed.

THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER—Musical Masterpiece with Donald Brian and Texas Keate. Century Thea., 62d & Cent. Pk West.—Advt.

"The Best Writing Papers are Whiting" Papers.—Advt.

FLORIDA—ATLANTIC COAST LINE. Full information at Office, 1146 B'way.—Advt.

EXHIBITION DEFRESSING MILLIONS WHOM SHE ARE WOULD RELIEVE.—Adv.

Court Declares Grand Jury With Women Members Illegal

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 11.—Declaring a Grand Jury with women members is illegal, the Court of Criminal Appeals reversed and dismissed today the 99-year sentence of Robert J. Riddle, convicted in Waco for the murder of Mrs. Ida Sorley on Dec. 13, 1920. Under the court's ruling the prosecution against Riddle is dismissed and there is no case against him.

The court recently held that the Grand Jury which indicted Riddle, having two women members, was illegal and all indictments and bills returned by it were likewise void and illegal.

TENANTS CAN'T GET JURY FEE DEPOSITS

Lockwood Committee Witness Says Thousands of Dollars Left in Courts Are Held Up.

SUITS BY TEN LANDLORDS

Rent Gouging Charged—Conditions on Washington Heights "Shocking."

Ten landlords, under different corporate names, initiate 75 per cent. of the rent litigation in the Seventh District Court, which has the largest jurisdiction in the city, embracing in its scope 600,000 people living between 110th Street and Spuyten Duyvil, according to the testimony of John P. Burns, Chief Clerk of the court, before the Lockwood committee yesterday.

On the complaints of tenants who asserted that $100,000 had been paid into the court as jury fees by tenants, who were entitled to a return of a large part of this money, the committee called Mr. Burns, who asserted that about $45,000 had been paid as jury fees, and that in cases where tenants did not get individual jury trials, but were covered by test cases, their money was sent to the Controller.

Asked by Samuel Untermyer as to what "legal luminary" made such a ruling, Burns said it was Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield, and that a similar ruling had been made by Municipal Court Justices.

Burns said that the press of litigation in this court was unprecedented, with 8,000 cases pending, and that tenants had made deposits, according to law, of $1,800,000 in court.

Henry Allen Ely of 938 St. Nicholas Avenue, head of the Audubon Community Council and publisher of The Tenant, complained that $100,000 had been paid into the court as jury fees and that the tenants who did not get jury trials were unable to get back their money. In one case, he said, 208 tenants paid a jury fee of $3 each. There was one trial, but the 207 tenants who did not get a trial were unable to get the money they paid into court.

"I think you would have a revolution in New York if the emergency rent laws were allowed to expire," said Ely. Asked what form the "revolution" would take, he said it would be "an uprising against the extortionate landlord."

Ely said it would take five years to clear up the present tangle of rent litigation in the Seventh District Court.

Women Complain of "Hounding."

A group of women residents of Washington Heights described shocking conditions in that section. They said the emergency rent laws did not prevent landlords from harassing and hounding tenants again and again in a determination to obtain higher rent. One woman said she was called to court three times a year on the same case, although the court decided against the landlord twice.

Mrs. Louise Spillance, living in a four-room apartment on the top floor rear of a tenement at 2,940 Amsterdam Avenue with her husband and her two boys, said that her rent, which was formerly $18, was now $24, and the landlord was determined to get $40. She was called to court twice by the landlord, she said, and he refused to abide by the court's decision when he obtained two increases, one of $2.64 and the other of $2. He has summoned her to court again.

"My apartment has not been touched in seven years," she told the committee. "No cleaning or repairs of any kind have been made, with possibly the exception of a faucet or a washer in the sinks. That is all that has been done in seven years. The ceilings and walls are dirty. The plaster is broken in all the walls and there are six layers of wallpaper with vermin underneath. We do not get a proper supply of hot water. The Tenement House Department put violations on the apartment and when the painter came he said that the landlord told him to plaster the cracks, though the Tenement House Department ordered the entire place to be cleaned."

"Why don't you move?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"I would like to if somebody would get me an apartment," said the witness. "I have been trying to find a flat for three years. I can't get anything under $75, and I can't pay that as my husband makes a small salary. I have been in Harlem and all over looking for a place."

Mrs. Katherine Blust of 500 West 169th Street, wife of a Post Office clerk, said her rent had been increased from $25 to $30 in four years, and that the landlord was demanding $75. She said that the apartment was sorely in need of repairs and renovation, but the landlord refused to do anything unless she paid more rent. She had looked in vain all over Harlem and Washington Heights for a place as good as the one she had or a better one within her means, but had been unable to find it.

The witness said she was one of four tenants who paid $3 each for a jury trial and all had agreed to abide by a

Continued on Page Eight.

"Letters about Linata," best book ever published for Ford owners and dealers. Get your copy at auto show or from Ryse Tyte, P. S. Div., St. Louis, Mo.—Adv.

TEMPEST KILLS GIRL, TOPPLES OVER MANY, LASHES WHOLE CITY

Roofs Fall, Trees Crash, Taxicabs Capsize in Path of 100-Miles-an-Hour Hurricane.

FIND UNCONSCIOUS VICTIMS

Woman in Hospital With Brain Concussion — Man's Skull Thought to Be Fractured.

STORM BORN IN THE SOUTH

Started Here With Snow and Gale, Turned to Torrential Rain, Then Freezing Temperature.

A gale, accompanied by gusts that blew more than 100 miles an hour, roared over the city and vicinity yesterday, tossing pedestrians to the ground like ninepins, blowing them against wagons and taxicabs, toppling over trees and chimneys and driving through the streets wave after wave of debris—bricks, billboards, chunks of masonry from cornices, branches of trees, tin roofing, auto tops, packages, pushcarts, flag poles, window boxes and flocks of hats and umbrellas.

A huge branch torn from a tree near the home of fourteen-year-old Anna La Cart, at 239th Street and Yonkers Avenue, came down upon her head like a gigantic club, crushing her skull and killing her instantly.

Over Mineola, L. I., the gale was so strong that for a time it counteracted a propeller making 1,400 revolutions a minute, so that the United States Air Mail Service airplane, piloted by C. B. D. Colyer, remained at rest more than 1,000 feet above the flying field. Colyer had to put on the speed of his 400-horsepower Liberty motor to hold his own. Men on the flying field watched the plane suspended motionless for several minutes until the pilot found a soft spot in the wind and began to nose down almost perpendicularly. The entire field and office force of the Curtiss Company was required to hold the struggling plane until it was tied to motor trucks.

Big Naval Gun Blown Over.

At Long Branch, N. J., the storm blew over on its side a "Long Tom" naval gun weighing several tons, which had been presented to Long Branch by the Navy Department and stood in the public square in front of the Town Hall.

At the United States Weather Bureau stations at Long Branch and at Sandy Hook the wind tugged with such power at the storm signals that the great iron flagstaffs on which they are mounted were bent. The iron pole which extends forty feet above the flag tower at Long Branch is so badly bent that it will have to be replaced.

It was a northeast wind which exhibited its greatest power shortly after 12 o'clock. The big buildings in lower Manhattan squeezed the wind and shot it like blasts of compressed air along lower Broadway. The Woolworth Building proved the greatest concentrator of these violent air rushes.

Squads of policemen there dragged some pedestrians back to earth and hoisted others to their feet, where they clung to the sides of buildings and inched their way along like mountain climbers. Finally the police introduced another mountain-climbing device, tying a rope in front of the Woolworth Building, which formed a lifeline on which men and women tugged along in the teeth of the wind or to which they clung as a brake when they moved in the direction of the wind.

Two Die Shovelling Snow.

The snow which fell early in the day formed an icy coating on the sidewalks. This was polished by fine snow which was driven along it as sand from a blast. Then came hail, making the slippery surface still more slippery, as if covering it with fine ball-bearings. As the gale reached its height at noon, women with wraps and skirts acting as full sets of sails were propelled like iceboats until they capsized, caught railings or escaped into doorways.

Michael J. Mahoney, 70 years old, of 62 Montgomery Avenue, New Brighton, S. I., who was suffering from heart disease, dropped dead while shovelling snow in front of the Carnegie Library at St. George. Enos Knapp, 60 years old, of 60 Ash Street, Yonkers, was stricken with a heart attack while at work in Lockwood Avenue during the snowstorm and died before the arrival of medical aid.

A frail old woman who had been picked up by the wind and flung against a stone wall in front of 196 First Avenue was found unconscious and suffering from a broken leg. She was taken to Bellevue, where she said that her name was Mrs. Rosalia Burgio and that she was 94 years old, but her brain had suffered such a shock that she could not remember her address.

An unidentified woman, swept off her feet and rolled over and over on the sidewalk, was picked up unconscious at Twenty-seventh Street near Second Avenue and removed to Bellevue Hospital suffering from concussion of the brain.

Thomas Breen, 22 years old, of 208 West Seventy-third Street lost the power to guide herself and was driven by a blast of wind into a taxicab. He was taken to Knickerbocker Hospital suffering from a possible fracture of the skull.

The steel spurs which he stuck into the side of a telegraph pole at Cropsey Avenue and Nineteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, after he had climbed the pole to repair wind-broken wires, would not hold John Truing, 32 years old, of 371 Pine Street, a lineman for the Brooklyn Edison Company. His legs blew free. He hugged the pole with his arms for a while. Then his grip broke and he fell to the ground several feet from

Continued on Page Six.

Dandruff Forms Scurf. Try Cuticura and see the difference in favor and quality. Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sample each free. Address: Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. X, Malden, Mass.—Advt.

BILLIE BURKE in Booth Tarkington's Most Delightful Laughing Comedy. Pop. prices. Mat. Today—Henry Miller's Theatre.—Advt.

BRIAND GETS TEXT OF TREATY CHANGED AND RUSHES TO PARIS FROM CANNES TO MEET HIS FOES IN CHAMBER TODAY

Four Demands Are Made on Briand by Poincare, Voicing the Nationalist Views of 25 Senators

PARIS, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—The Senate Commission for Foreign Affairs sent today a warning telegram signed by ex-President Poincaré, head of the commission, giving four essentials to any agreement with Great Britain, involving the German reparations question. The telegram, which expressed the opinion that the proposed compact with Great Britain could not become effective without the approval of Parliament, was an embodiment of a resolution adopted unanimously by twenty-five Senators after a long discussion.

M. Poincaré's telegram declared that the general sentiment of the Senate called for the following general declarations:

First—The economic and financial reconstruction of France is essential to the reconstruction of Europe.

Second—The reparations due France should not be changed; there must be no reduction or modification of the previous schedule of May 5, and Belgian priority should not be touched.

Third—France cannot accept the proposition to attend the forthcoming Genoa conference unless definite and effective assurances are given that her rights will be respected.

Fourth—The Franco-British compact should, above all, confirm the guarantees and methods of execution and the securities France now holds under existing peace treaties, or will hold under future accords.

The fourth point is generally interpreted to mean that France reserves the right to enforce physically the terms of the Treaty of Versailles wherever that document accords such right.

GARMENT WORKERS WIN LEGAL BATTLE

Employers Enjoined From Conspiring to Violate Contract With the Union.

WORKERS TO SUE FOR WAGES

They Will Demand $2,000,000 to $3,000,000—Manufacturers Appeal.

Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner yesterday issued an order enjoining the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association from "combining or conspiring in any way" to violate the contract with the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, which was to have run until June 1, 1922.

This injunction, the first one in American industrial history obtained by a labor union to hold their employers to a working agreement, forbids the association to carry out its resolution promulgating the piecework wage system and the forty-eight hour week, which precipitated the strike of the 55,000 cloakmakers in the industry on Nov. 14.

The employers, through their counsel, Max D. Steuer, immediately took an appeal to the Appellate Division and asked that a date for argument be set as soon as possible. No request, however, was made for a stay of the operation of the injunction handed down by Justice Wagner.

As a warning against "light-hearted violations of industrial agreements by employers for all time to come," Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, announced that the union would at once instruct counsel to "institute proceedings to recover from the Protective Association and its members the full amount of damages sustained by the workers on account of the strike which has been forced upon them." These damages, he said, would amount to between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000.

"The lawless breach of their contracts by employes," he explained, "has forced 55,000 workers into idleness for a period of two months. Even if work should be resumed tomorrow, under the terms of the existing agreement, the workers will have lost millions of dollars in wages. This loss is directly attributable to the wrongful act of the Protective Association.

Sees Precedent for Labor.

"The decision will be hailed as important by organized labor throughout the whole length and breadth of the country and will set a valuable precedent for all similar cases. It establishes formally and conclusively the fact that the collective agreement between employers and workers in our industry is still in full legal force, and that the decision of the Employers' Association to change the system of work, to increase the hours of labor and to reduce the wages of workers at this time is a flagrant breach of contract.

"In my opinion, the decision will hasten the surrender of the employers and the resumption of operations under the terms of our agreement. The fight on their part can be continued only upon the naked and brutal confession that might makes right, and that agreements are worthless 'scraps of paper.'"

Samuel Untermyer, who volunteered his service in obtaining the injunction, together with the union's counsel, Morris Hillquit, said: "As law-abiding citizens, the manufacturers will now doubtless bow to the mandate of the court that the contract is a vital and existing agreement that has been violated by them and observed by the union."

Declaring the court's decision "an important moral victory for organized labor as a whole," Morris Hillquit said that it will "tend to make injunctions less popular with employers," adding: "I hope it will lead to a radical limitation and eventually the complete abolition of judicial interference in labor disputes by means of injunctions."

Reviewing the case in his decision, Justice Wagner said that "out of the

Continued on Page Twelve.

GRIFFITH SUMMONS SOUTH PARLIAMENT

Irish Ratifying Body Will Meet Saturday, but de Valera Will Ignore It.

WILL NOT ACCEPT ELECTION

He Says Threat of War Would Influence People's Verdict —Evacuation Begins.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Jan. 11.—A meeting of the new Irish Cabinet was held this morning. It is understood it discussed measures for taking over the administration from Dublin Castle and plans for releasing the political prisoners in Ireland and England.

There are now 1,010 convicted prisoners awaiting release under a variety of charges as follows: Murder, 20; attempted murder, 121; possession of arms, 476; crimes of violence, 238; possession of documents, 89; minor Sinn Fein offenses, 43; ordinary civil offenses, 37, and sundry offenses in the martial law area, 8.

The negotiations, which have been going on for some weeks, are well advanced and it is probable the political prisoners, including forty under sentence of death, will be released within a few days.

A meeting of the elected representatives of the southern counties has been summoned by Arthur Griffith, and will be held at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. It will include all the present members of the Dail Eireann with one exception, and in addition the four Unionist members for Dublin University. Its duty will be to approve the treaty and set up a Provisional Government, to which the British will hand over their powers and machinery.

The meeting of the Southern representatives will be the signal for British evacuation.

This act in setting up a Provisional Government dismisses the British Army and police and all the British control in civil administration. When this act has been performed the British clear out and leave Irishmen in possession, but the body which sets up this Government and ratifies, or at least approves the treaty within the meaning of the agreement, is a body which Irishmen refuse to recognize. For Ireland it has no rights, no authorized powers, no status.

Griffith Wants People's Approval.

But it is said that the Dail Eireann has approved of the treaty, to which the Republicans reply, the Ministerialists acquiescing, approval is not ratification and the treaty does not bind the nation until it has been ratified after a general election. It is Griffith himself who has said:

"All we ask is that we be not obstructed until we have gone to the people and let them decide. If the Irish people turn down the Free State for the Republic, I will follow in the ranks."

He added, however: "I will back the Free State."

This, it is pointed out, is not to raise any alarm, but in order that the position should be understood.

The British are going to hand over the machinery of Government to the Irish in accordance with a treaty which the Irish people consider is still within their rights to accept or reject.

If the Irish people still desist the good faith of the British, new confidence will be created when the evacuation begins to become a fact and the new Government comes into effective control.

Griffith's party is pledged to the Free State. Public opinion is behind it, and the Church is known to favor it. If the country is faced with an accomplished fact—the result of the treaty—it will support the authors of it.

This afternoon, with a number of other correspondents, I went to see Eamon de

Continued on Page Four.

ROBERT'S GRAPE JUICE. White and Red, from wine grapes, unfermented. Good for all purposes. 128 Fulton St.—Advt.

FRENCH CABINET IS SPLIT

Three Meetings Are Held as Storm Rages Over British Compact.

BUT PREMIER IS CONFIDENT

Cables Draft of Agreement to Sarraut in Washington to Get His Backing.

ITS OUTLINES MADE PUBLIC

Britain's Hope to Prevent Division of Europe Into Two Camps Is Emphasized.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CANNES, Jan. 11.—The central point of interest in the attempt which is now being made to reorganize Europe on a real peace-seeking basis has today suddenly shifted from Cannes to Paris, where Premier Briand has gone to lay before the Cabinet and Chamber a report of what he has done and what he intends to do.

Before he left this morning M. Briand had an important conversation with Mr. Lloyd George on the subject of the text of the treaty and the unfavorable situation which had arisen in Paris as a result of the negotiations here. The result of this conversation was that modification was made in the text favorable to France, but in what sense is being guarded as a secret. M. Briand, however, relies largely on this modification to rally the support of his Cabinet when he meets them in the morning.

Is Prepared to Resign.

If he fails to do so, it is reported here tonight, he will at once hand his resignation to President Millerand. But he himself is confident that he will succeed. If he does he will go before the Chamber in the afternoon and demand a vote of confidence on a simple statement of the situation.

The decision to go to Paris has been made absolutely necessary by the attitude which the anti-governmental newspapers and Deputies have taken in the last few days in Paris. First, the resolution to convoke the Genoa conference, next, the decision to revise the schedule of reparations payments and hear the Germans, and, lastly, the terms of the treaty between France and England have been criticised and violently attacked, and here there is a certain pessimism as to whether or not the Premier will tomorrow be able to resist assault which will be made on him and return on Friday as he promised to do.

Briand's Friends Confident.

In the Premier's immediate circle, however, more confidence is expressed. Nothing has been done, it is held here, which oversteps the engagements which he made with the majority in the Chamber. Even the Genoa conference, program binds France to nothing, it is asserted, which will not have the general approval of the country and, with the text of the proposed treaty of alliance in his hands, the Premier may be expected to make a tremendous fight against those who have so consistently tried to hamper him, and in favor of the wider policy which is now being proposed.

One of the most valuable aids which he will have is the memorandum made by Lloyd-George on behalf of the British Government on the considerations which have led to the suggestion that a treaty of defensive alliance be formed and the terms on which it should be concluded.

This memorandum was issued today to the press and consists of general statements on the state of the relations between the two peoples, the peculiar situation of France with regard to security and indemnity, the economic situation of Great Britain and other countries as the result of the aftermath of the war, the consideration of ways of giving a mutual undertaking of guarantee, and conditions of the preliminary understanding which will make the treaty possible.

Essentials of Real Entente.

This last part of the document lays down that the first condition for a true entente between the two peoples is the avoidance of naval competition and adds other conditions of whole-hearted cooperation in the economic and financial reconstruction of Europe, including direct negotiation with the heads of the Russian Government, absolute agreement as to the allied policy in the Near East and accord on other points at issue in foreign affairs.

The concluding section of the memorandum makes an appeal for assurance that the democracies of the two countries will be guided by similar purpose and harmonious ideals and with the expression of the hope that this accord will, "so far from excluding other nations, form the basis of wider scheme of international co-operation to insure the peace of Europe as a whole."

In this connection it is understood that Belgium, having common frontier with Germany and France, will be automatically included in the agreement. Belgian Foreign Minister Jaspar today commenting on this fact, declared his great pleasure, which he said would be shared by the whole country, as it would provide a guarantee of security which would enable Belgium to reduce her military expenditure and balance her budget.

It has been so far found impossible to include Italy, owing to the different na-

...ture of her frontier problems. Premier Briand, however, today has received messages from both Mr. Lloyd George and M. Briand that Italy will retain her just rights and prestige as one of the United nations, and between British and Italian Premiers letters confirming this situation are being exchanged today.

The memorandum as a whole constitutes not only a declaration of the British view of the basis on which a treaty can be made, but lays down the essential principles of the policy for European reconstruction which Mr. Lloyd George is credited with intending shortly to put before the English people for approval in a general election.

New Era in European Politics.

It marks what is certainly the beginning of a new era in European politics, and while America is not in any way envisaged in the document, many of the ideas and ideals set forth are coincident with those which even before the Washington conference were recognized as those of all Americans of wide outlook.

An attempt is made to look on the European problems as a whole, and while the peculiar problems of France and England are naturally most directly instanced, these, it is recognized, are the direct result of the general European situation. That is why a condition is made for the participation by France in such attempts at reorganization as will be proposed at the Genoa conference.

On its purely technical side the memorandum provides:

"That in the event of unprovoked German aggression against French soil the British people will place their forces at the side of France."

This clause and subsequent paragraphs make it clear that the treaty does not involve Great Britain in any quarrel which may arise outside of France, as, for instance, between Germany and Poland.

In this connection the memorandum reads:

"The British people understand the claim of France to be guaranteed against invasion of her soil, but they would not willingly be committed to military liabilities for breaches of the peace elsewhere. Participation in military enterprises in Central and Eastern Europe they would not contemplate and an alliance involving such responsibility would, therefore, not be so valuable to France as an undertaking in another form."

Desirions Expected to Concur.

"An alternative of the alliance guarantee was, it is stated, discussed at the Imperial conference last Summer and probability was expressed that the British dominions would voluntarily concur in such a treaty.

Turning then to the necessary conditions for a complete entente accompanying the treaty, the memorandum lays down the following program with regard to naval affairs:

"His Majesty's Government consider that the first essential condition for a true entente is the avoidance of naval competition between the two countries. With regard to submarines they fully understand that the divergence of French and British views on the subject may be due to different ideas of the uses which submarines can serve.

"British opinion, however, based on four years' war experience, is that submarines are effective only against merchant ships and ineffectual otherwise as instrument either of attack or defense. British opinion would inevitably insist on a heavy program of anti-submarine craft if the French submarine program was carried out and the two countries would thus be launched on a course of competitive naval construction.

"The British Government cannot disguise the fact that any such development would react very seriously on British sentiment toward France and French sentiment toward England. Britain's sea communications are to Britain what France's eastern frontier is to France. Naval competition in any form between the two countries would corrode good will.

"His Majesty's Government therefore propose as a condition of the treaty and the entente which they contemplate that the Admiralties of the two countries should confer together regarding their naval programs in order that all competition in shipbuilding may be avoided between them."

In view of the campaign in France for submarines, carried on during the Washington conference, this condition will be swallowed with difficulty by many members of the French Parliament, but by the country at large there is little doubt that it will be welcomed as economy in both money and lives.

In the second condition for an entente, insistence is laid on the fact that negotiations must be begun with the heads of the Russian Government themselves, but reaffirmation also is made in almost the same terms of the principles invoked in the Supreme Council's resolution with regard to the Genoa conference, that there should be recognition by Russia of all public debts and obligations, that a legal and juridical system of enforcing contracts should be established, that all nations should abstain from subversive propaganda outside of their frontiers and that all nations should join in an undertaking to refrain from aggression.

The hope of Great Britain, says the document, is to secure this undertaking from all the nations of Europe without exception.

"It is essential that the division of the European nations into two mighty camps should not be perpetuated by narrow fears on the part of the victor nations or secret projects of revenge on the part of the vanquished. It is essential that the rivalries generated by the emancipation of nations since the war should be averted from the paths of international hatred and turned to those of co-operation and good will.

"It is essential also that the conflict between rival social and economic systems which the Russian Revolution has so greatly intensified should not accentuate the fears of the nations and culminate in an international war."

The responsibility, the document concludes, lies with the Allies.

Other Points of the Treaty.

CANNES, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—The British memorandum of the proposed Anglo-French compact, which was telegraphed textually to London, declares Great Britain makes the security of France a problem of her own, and that she will be ready again to throw in her forces, as in 1914, if French soil is attacked.

Resumption of trade relations with Russia was declared by the memorandum to be indispensable to the recovery of Europe, and the consent of France to Russian participation in the economic negotiations was made one of the conditions of the accord.

A copy of this British memorandum was handed to Premier Briand yesterday.

The memorandum is an embodiment of the British viewpoint on the proposed Anglo-French compact, as expressed by Prime Minister Lloyd George in conversations with the French Premier in Cannes on Jan. 8, following previous discussions of the subject between them in London.

The memorandum sets forth as the British viewpoint substantially the following points:

Great Britain cannot agree to postponement of the reconstruction of Europe while meeting French desires regarding reparations and security. The British Government must be in a position to tell the British people that the two countries are marching together to restore the economic structure of Europe.

Great Britain considers the first condition to a true entente is the avoidance of naval competition. Therefore, the British Government proposes as a condition to the contemplated treaty that the Admiralties of the two countries confer with each other regarding their respective naval programs in order to avoid such competition.

The memorandum also insists upon the necessity of clearing up the points at issue between the two countries. Therefore, it says an essential condition to the proposed treaty is that peace in the Near East should be restored, and declares his Majesty's Government is confident that there are no outstanding questions which cannot be satisfactorily solved, in order that a treaty of guarantee between the two countries may be sealed and confirmed by a complete and durable entente.

The intention of the Premiers is that no piecemeal treatment is admissible, but that all problems between the two countries must be treated together. The memorandum is largely a restatement of the speech of Mr. Lloyd George at the opening of the Cannes conference, dealing with the whole European situation.

It contends that France is more fortunately situated than other countries, inasmuch as, being agricultural and self-dependent, she suffers much less than England and other nations from unemployment and collapsed international trade. After emphasizing the need also to restore Russia, it says, with regard to the safety of France from invasion, that Great Britain regards this as to her own interest and, therefore, is prepared to undertake that in the event of unprovoked German aggression against French soil the British people will place their forces on the side of France.

The memorandum adds that this will be a double guarantee, not only safeguarding France in the event of an attack but making such an attack extremely improbable, "because Germany is wiser than in 1914, when she knew little of the resources of the British Commonwealth and, knowing that the British Empire will stand by France, she will not likely be tempted to keep alive dreams of revenge." It is greatly important to divert the German mind from such ambitions, as well as to provide for the defeat of such ambitions should they mature, says the memorandum.

The memorandum proceeds to point out two alternatives to achieve the desired results. The first is an offensive and defensive alliance, which the British Premier rules out because such alliances are contrary to British tradition. Moreover, the British people would be unwilling to be committed to military liabilities for breaches of the peace in Central or Eastern Europe or elsewhere, and would not sanction an alliance appearing to involve such responsibility.

The second alternative is a definite guarantee that the British Empire and France will stand together in the event of unprovoked aggression by Germany on French soil. This was discussed at the last imperial conference and would possess greater weight because it would have the British Empire's support. Mr. Lloyd George argues that as France cannot be invaded by any nation except Germany such a guarantee would secure her complete safety, and "this, therefore, is the alternative his Majesty's Government prefer to adopt."

CABINET ALARMED OVER GENOA PLANS

Wants to Know About Invitation to Soviet, as Well as Alliance.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—Premier Briand, who at the present moment is already on his way to Paris in the Riviera Express, is, it is stated, returning with the project of the Anglo-French alliance in his pocket. It was handed to him this morning at the Villa Valletta by Mr. Lloyd George.

The Matin in a leading article tomorrow will say:

"As soon as Briand arrives a council of Ministers will be held at the Elysée. It is not an exaggeration to qualify this meeting as historic. That indeed is the term applied last evening by the Ministers. The question to be decided is not only one of secondary importance, namely, the existence of the present Government, but the vital question of future French policy toward Germany, England and Europe."

Discussing the cause of Briand's sudden departure from Cannes for Paris, the Matin says that when a few days ago the decision to convoke an international conference at Genoa became known, an undeniable feeling of apprehension arose in France, a feeling running so high that the head of the republic himself was affected. President Millerand decided to inform the Premier of this and sent him a telegram commencing with the words: "It is not without regret and apprehension that ——" in which he expressed the fears felt by all at seeing France sit down at a conference opposite Lenin without having sufficient guarantees concerning the consequences.

Briand replied to this message that he had expressed at the Supreme Council all necessary reserves regarding this point and that the text agreed upon at Cannes could not in his opinion cause future difficulties.

M. Millerand, however, in a second message insisted on the necessity of the Council expressing itself clearly and categorically on the point he had raised.

It was under these conditions that the Cabinet Council met Tuesday morning, when it approved the President's initiative in having telegraphed Briand personally. At the second Cabinet Council yesterday the situation was again discussed and the messages dispatched which decided Briand to come to Paris.

Meanwhile opposition toward the Anglo-French alliance being signed at present is crystallizing. There is hardly one paper which does not freely comment adversely on it.

The Journal thinks the attitude which under the impulsion of Lloyd George the whole Entente has adopted toward Germany reserves disagreeable surprises for France, not to say worse.

Gustave Herve in the Victoire writes: "Lloyd George's intentions are no doubt excellent, but he really does not quite know the right tone to adopt toward France. He is rendering the situation of the Briand Cabinet untenable unless Briand energetically reacts, and at the very moment he is speaking of the alliance he is reawakening in French hearts all sorts of disagreeable memories."

Bailby in the Intransigeant says:

"If the alliance could be signed tomorrow or in a month we would be the first to congratulate ourselves. We are for friendship with England. A treaty concluded on a basis of equals with undertakings and advantages equal for both, a compact of reciprocal guarantee giving both allies equivalent securities necessitating identical sacrifices—who in all France would refuse this?

"Unfortunately it does not seem to be an alliance of this kind which is being prepared at Cannes. It is only too clear, despite denials, that the British Premier is imposing conditions and restrictions which if admitted would amount for us to a contract of capitulation. France does not blame Briand for his perfectly loyal overtures to England. And we continue to think, together with Lord Derby, Lord Northcliffe and a large fraction of British opinion, that an Anglo-French alliance is so useful that it will one day become an accomplished fact, but not between two games of golf, not to serve as election propaganda for David Lloyd George. Franco-British friendship is a great thing which must be treated seriously and with precautions. Do not let us be precipitate."

The Journal des Débats, referring to yesterday's proceedings in the French Chamber, says they provoke "a salutary reaction against the Cannes fantasies." Continuing, the Débats says:

"Briand seems haunted by the idea of returning to Parliament and saying, 'Gentlemen, I bring you what Clémenceau could not give you—an English alliance. It is true I was obliged to pay for this success by some concessions. But they are light sacrifices compared with the great result.' Once more the French Government is allowing itself to be outmaneuvered. It is necessary to give a vigorous turn of the helm in order to bring back our boat into the straight course. The Franco-British compact of guarantee must provisionally be left on one side. It does not enter into the program of the Supreme Council."

Protest by Party Caucuses.

PARIS, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—Premier Briand, bearing the text of the long sought British alliance, will face the French Parliament tomorrow, which, although hostile tonight, may nevertheless, in the opinion of many observers, give him a vote of confidence because it dare not refuse a concrete compact owing to differences of opinion concerning some of the clauses and concessions.

Both Senate and Chamber party caucuses have sent messages of protest to M. Briand. The Senate Commission for Foreign Affairs sent a warning telegram signed by ex-President Poincaré, President of the commission, giving four essentials to any agreement with Great Britain involving the German reparations question.

The message was an embodiment of a resolution adopted unanimously by twenty-five Senators after a long discussion. It followed a telegram from the Commission on Finances of the Chamber of Deputies, reminding Premier Briand that he had obligated himself to the Parliament not to consent to further sacrifices.

A more drastic motion was prepared for the Commission for Foreign Affairs of the Chamber, along the same lines as those in the message sent by M. Poincaré.

There is much talk of overthrowing the Government, as has frequently been the case in the past year. Briand's supporters, however, expect him to win.

Gaston Vidal, Under Secretary of State, commenting on the alliance, said: "We are bringing to the country the security which it has been demanding since the Versailles peace treaty. How can the Chamber refuse to endorse what it has been anxiously calling for for the past three years?"

Cabinet Meets Three Times.

The cabinet held three long sessions yesterday and today, and Parliament makes no secret of the fact that the Ministers disapprove of the Briand bargain, and also that the cabinet is badly split. The fate of the French Cabinet and also the future orientation of the Foreign Policy of France hangs upon tomorrow's vote.

M. Briand will reach Paris at 9:45 o'clock tomorrow morning. He will proceed immediately to the Elysée Palace, where the full cabinet, presided over by President Millerand, will await explanations in addition to those supplied by wire from Cannes, which the Council considered insufficient.

Whether M. Briand will go before the Chamber in the afternoon, read the declaration and request a vote of confidence and approval of the Anglo-French compact will be decided at the Cabinet council. The Premier himself, through M. Danielou, Under Secretary of State, has caused it to be known in the Chamber that he is personally desirous of bringing the agreement before the Chamber and thus make good his oft-repeated utterances in both Senate and Chamber that he would never conclude a treaty binding future French policies without consulting the legislative bodies."

The main bone of contention in the Cabinet concerns the question of the advisability of the Premier's appearance in the Chamber at a hurried session, where the text of the compact could not be discussed. The majority favors discussion of the agreement item by item. The clause calling for a decrease in the occupation forces in the Rhineland is especially opposed. It is said that M. Briand's opponents in the Cabinet are headed by M. Barthou, Minister of War, who was several times Premier, and who is credited with anti-British sentiments.

The Cabinet is so closely divided that M. Sarraut, who as Minister of Colonies has a vote in the Council, but who is still in Washington, may be called upon to express his opinion. The text of the compact is being cabled to him this evening.

LONDON PAPERS DISTURBED.

French Views Cause Some Wonder and Some Dismay.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Westminster Gazette, discussing the proposed Anglo-French compact, says:

"It is clearly impossible or very difficult to give any precise meaning to a guarantee against 'unprovoked aggression' on 'French soil' until the two powers are first agreed as to the fate of occupied territory. Is this to be evacuated or not? And, if not evacuated, is it to be included in the guarantee? So a large part of the future relations of France and Germany must depend on the answer to this question and the risk of the guarantee will so obviously vary according as one answer or another is given that we cannot imagine any pact being entered into without its being cleared up."

The Chronicle says:

"The negotiations, it seems, appear to many French Deputies in the light of sacrifice of French interests which cannot be permitted to continue. Englishmen, aware that our Government is considering a proposal that Great Britain should guarantee the French frontier against Germany for ten years, and aware also that on the question of reparations it is from Great Britain and not from France that every offer to make sacrifices has so far proceeded, may be amused if their attitude toward such news is one of puzzled and rather pained surprise."

The Daily Express remarks:

"Certain sections of French opinion seem to resent almost equally an offer of protection and the withholding of it. Obviously these people can never be satisfied."

The Morning Post says:

"If France were definitely to reject it, Great Britain, one of its best friends in the country, would be discouraged, and some would feel humiliated. The outlook not only for Great Britain and France but for the world would become immeasurably gloomy. Stumbling in the dark, each nation would be a guide and law unto itself and Europe, already staggering, might then sink into utter chaos."

Defers Action on British Election.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Sir George Younger, speaking at Ardrossan tonight, announced that Austen Chamberlain had received a note from Premier Lloyd George saying that he would come to no decision whatever regarding an early general election until his return from Cannes, when he would confer with his colleagues.

WASHINGTON DELAYS REPLY TO GENOA BID

Administration Has Not Yet Made Up Its Mind Whether America Should Be Represented.

DISPOSED TO WAIT AND SEE

Many Matters in the Background of New European Move Are Held to Require Explanation.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Administration has not yet made up its mind whether the United States should be represented at the Genoa conference and it may not make up its mind for some time to come. The Executive, it is understood, has been in consultation with leading Senators, and there has been discussion of the matter in Cabinet meetings; but nothing has been decided as yet. Rumors current today that Secretary Mellon or Secretary Hoover would head the American delegation seem to be without foundation, as it is not yet known that there will be an American delegation, still less who might be its members.

Stories of a sharp division in the Cabinet on the advisability of going in may perhaps be well founded, but just at present there seems to be a general disposition to wait and find out what is to be done at Genoa before deciding whether America has any business there. When that is known, some officials probably will be in favor of participation and some against it; but just now most of them seem to think that it is necessary to wiat and see.

The Supreme Council's announcement described the Genoa conference as economic and financial and said that it is "an urgent and essential step in the economic reconstruction of Central and Eastern Europe." But the biggest economic problem in Europe, outside of Russia, perhaps, is German reparations. That, apparently, is going to be settled at Cannes before the Genoa conference ever meets.

The Problem of Budgets.

Unbalanced budgets constitute another problem. How far will the Genoa conference dare to go into that? Nobody knows. The principal cause of unbalanced budgets in Europe is heavy military expenditure. Will the Genoa conference attempt to force the reduction of land armaments, and if so, what guarantees will be given to remove the national fears which cause these armaments? Nobody knows.

So far as France is concerned, that question seems on the way to being settled at Cannes—provided Mr. Lloyd George and M. Briand can get parliamentary support for their treaty. But will they then proceed to deal with other armaments? That will be a delicate matter; it will be a political matter, not properly within the agenda of a economic and financial conference. And yet, unless something can be devised to replace big armies, economic reconstruction must start under a heavy handicap.

Certainly, the economic conference will talk about Russia. It also will talk with Russia, or, rather, with the present Government in Moscow. Lenin perhaps will be there, the top-line attraction, as Wilson was at Paris, performing in a sort of Gastspiel, as they say in the German theatre. If he should go to Genoa, it would be a wonderful chance to talk Bolshevism to Western Europe and America, to appeal to the peoples over the heads of their Governments—a thing which has been done before at international conferences—and it is by no means certain that he would forego the opportunity and confine himself to talking business.

Find Variation in Principles.

Other people there, however, will be talking business. When the principles laid down by the Supreme Council as requisites for the restoration of Russia were first studied here, it seemed that they were virtually the same as those they were virtually the same as those which Mr. Hughes laid down last March. What the State Department thinks on this point is not known, but there are some students of European politics here who on taking a second look at the Supreme Council's demands are not sure that they fit Mr. Hughes's ideas altogether. Mr. Hughes said that the chief thing to be considered was the restoration of Russian productivity, and laid down a general statement of the only conditions under which productivity is possible, according to experience with the capitalist system.

Most of his points are made, also, by the Supreme Council. But what is the Supreme Council considering? There is much talk of the restoration of Russia by outside capital—specifically, German capital. And it is noted that the only point in Mr. Hughes's list of the foundations of national productivity which the Supreme Council omitted is "the right of free labor."

In other words, according to some suspicious persons, the Supreme Council insists on certain privileges for foreign capitalists in Russia which it does not demand for Russians. It is establishing a sort of extraterritoriality for foreign investors. And what anti-Bolshevist Russians think may be indicated by the recent statement of Paul N. Milyukoff and Nicholas D. Avksentieff that the proposal will "degrade Russia to the status of a colony open to foreign exploitation."

Perhaps Russians are inclined to take too gloomy a view of it. There are Germans, also, who see it in dark colors—who see Germany as a "colony of the first class," allowed to manufacture for Britain and under British direction, and Russia as a "colony of the second class" providing raw materials.

Rehabilitation the Motive.

But discounting all these arguments, there is still some reason for waiting to see what is to be done at Genoa. If one may accept the general tone of discussion in Europe as indicative of what is in the minds of those who are getting up the Genoa conference, its chief point will be the "rehabilitation" of Russia by German capital and ingenuity. Wealth will be taken out of Russia and passed on through as an immediate gift from Germany to France and Britain, which may or may not use it thereafter to pay their debts to the United States. The latter stages of this process are somewhat more suppositious than the first.

For whose idea is this great plan of setting Russia on her feet? Whoever invented it, the name associated with it is that of Hugo Stinnes. He has been pushing the idea of the restoration of Russia by Stinnes, with Anglo-American [illegible] for a long time past. He seems to have found ready support from some of those British commercial interests whose influence has so often been seen in the continental policy of Britain since the armistice. To be sure, Rathenau, Stinnes's rival, is going to Cannes; but it is too early to count Stinnes out when all Europe is talking of the adoption of his great idea by the Supreme Council. Anyone who wants to spend a pleasant evening with light fiction may play with the idea that Stinnes is doing this because he wants to pay the indemnity, or the European debts to America; people who have dealt with him say he is generally working for Stinnes.

These matters will need some explanation, it appears, before the Administration decides whether it is worth while for America to go to Genoa. What does the conference intend to do, how is it going to do it, and—still more important—how much of it, if any, has been done beforehand and is merely to be ratified by the conference? To say that the United States Government doesn't intend to come into the game until it is sure that the deck has not been stacked would be, perhaps, to put the matter with a brutal frankness that officials would disown, but that seems to be about the state of mind at present.

Questions of prestige, of the interaction of Genoa and Cannes with the present conference, do not seem to be much in the minds of American officials. There are delegations here which seem to have knifed the Washington conference lest it interfere with Genoa, but the Administration appears to feel that it need not worry about the relative standing of American, British and French diplomacy in the eyes of the world. One conference at a time and get as much done at this one as possible; but wait, before going into any more, until it is possible to find out what is the program, and also what is the purpose behind the program. That seems to be the attitude of the Administration at present.

URGES OUR PARTICIPATION.

Merchants' Association Sends Views on Genoa Parley to Harding.

The Merchants' Association of New York is urging acceptance by the United States of the invitation to participate in an economic conference which is to be held in March in Genoa, Italy, if such participation is deemed consistent with the attitude of this country. The wishes of the Merchants' Association are set forth in preambles and resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors as follows:

"Whereas, World-wide economic restoration is retarded by the lack of co-operation and co-ordination of plans and procedure between the nations; and

"Whereas, The recovery in the United States of normal well-being is dependent, in large part, on the return of sound economic conditions in other countries; and

"Whereas, The most practical method of formulating and making operative a program for the joint economic action of nations lies in and will result from personal conferences of representatives of government; and

"Whereas, An invitation has been extended to the Government of the United States to participate by representatives in an international economic conference to be held in Genoa during March, 1922, limited to the consideration of subjects and matters of vital importance to the business of the whole world, including the United States; and

"Whereas, It is distinctly understood that at that conference all questions and issues relating to the terms of peace, reparations and politics are to be excluded from the deliberation of the conference; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the Merchants' Association of New York, an organization of business men, urges, on behalf of the business interests of the whole country, that the Government of the United States, if it can consistently do so, accept the invitation and designate representatives to be present and participate fully at the international conference referred to; and be it further

"Resolved, That copies of these preambles and resolutions be forwarded to the President of the United States, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury and each other member of the Cabinet and also to members of the committees of the Senate and the House having to do with our foreign relations."

GERMANS PUT LIMIT AT 520,000,000 FRANCS

Tell Reparations Commission This Amount Is All Germany Can Pay This Year.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CANNES, Jan. 11.—A meeting took place this evening between the German delegates and the Commission on Reparations, at which Dr. Rathenau made a long exposé of the German position. The utmost sum, he said, which Germany could hope to pay this year was 520,000,000 gold francs. He spoke at length on the general situation and the effect "extortion" would have on Germany, and on behalf of the German Government he undertook to accept the conditions which have been imposed by the Supreme Council with regard to control of the railroad and postal budgets, the price of coal and the collection of customs.

The Germans asked that they should tomorrow be heard by the Supreme Council, but so far this request has not been granted.

CANNES, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—The final terms for reparations payments that the German delegation will be asked to accept are 720,000,000 gold marks and reparations in kind to the value of 1,750,000,000 gold marks annually. France, finally renouncing any part of the 1,000,000,000 marks already paid, will get 2,125,000,000 marks of the payments in kind each year, the remainder going as follows: Two hundred and forty million to Italy, 300,000,000 to Great Britain, 125,000,000 to Belgium, 7,000,000 to Japan and the rest to other beneficiaries under the treaty.

Of the 720,000,000 gold marks payable in cash in 1922, Great Britain will get 188,000,000, of which she will loan 128,000,000 to France, the loan being repayable from later cash payments by Germany to France. The rest will apply on Belgium's priority.

This division applies only to the present year, the idea being that the payments in cash be in part applied to payment of interest on Series A of the German bonds to the value of 1,000,000,000 gold marks now in the hands of the Reparations Commission to secure payment of 510,000,000 marks to Belgium, 450,000,000 to Great Britain and 51,000,000 to Italy.

LEAGUE TO DEFEND ALAND NEUTRALITY

First Guarantee Is Given by the Council—Great Satisfaction Over the Settlement.

AFRICAN LIQUOR REGULATED

Belgium Asked to Establish Control Office—Hungary's Complaint Is Answered.

GENEVA, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—The question of the regulation of the liquor trade with Africa and the aftermath of the attempt of former Emperor Charles at restoration of the Hapsburg dynasty in Hungary completed today's session of the League of Nations Council, which consisted mostly of routine matters, except for a report and a decision for the neutralization of the Aland Islands, which was the foremost of the Council's business today, and occasioned the greatest satisfaction. The Council's supporters pointed out that the settlement of the Aland question was a sign of world confidence in the Council's authoritative influence.

Belgium has been requested by the Council to establish at Brussels an international office to regulate the spirits traffic with Africa.

The Council in acknowledging a letter from Hungary in which it was contended that Sir Eric Drummond, General Secretary of the League of Nations, should have summoned the Council of the League at the time the former Emperor made his attempt to restore the monarchy, replied that the Secretary had no authority so to act in such a case, but that anyway the Council did not desire to discuss the situation now, as it would be useless.

The Council voted to name a commission to study methods of conciliation between nations of the world as proposed by Norway and Sweden.

Most of the morning session was given over to a report on the Aland Islands convention, previously concluded in Geneva, concerning non-fortification and neutralization of the islands. Most of the contents of this report already were known, but there was keen interest among the members over what Cecil B. Harmsworth, British representative, analyzing the convention, termed as "a triumph of benevolent diplomacy in a complicated question that might have proved serious to the world's peace."

The Council, upon motion by Great Britain, accepted the obligations in the convention for the Council's guarantee for the execution of the treaty and defense of the legal status of the islands.

This is the first League of Nations agreement involving the guaranty of neutrality of territory by the member States of the League.

The contracting parties, Mr. Harmsworth said, had invited the Council to determine the measures to be taken, where necessary, to enforce the convention. Finland meanwhile being empowered to act if the neutralized zone was menaced. The contracting parties undertake to carry out the Council's recommendations if neutrality is violated.

The protection of minorities in the Baltic States was next considered. The Council heard representatives of Esthonia, Lithuania and Latvia, who explained the measures their Governments had taken. They said adequate laws already had been adopted but that further measures were under consideration. The Council asked the Baltic representatives to keep the council informed, adding that there would be later reconsideration of the subject.

The Council refused to grant the German demands regarding the Saare Valley in resolutions which set forth the decision that no action be taken by the Council on the German protests against the rulings of the Saare Commission as to what constitutes an "inhabitant" on the Saare, and against the present French Commission. The Council simply sent the Germans a copy of the commission's report on the protest and re-elected the present commission.

Court Orders Parshall's Arrest.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins filed an order at the White Plains Court House today in which he directs any Sheriff in the State of New York to arrest Ernest Van Arsdale Parshall for contempt of court for failure to pay his wife, Esther Stratton Parshall, back alimony amounting to $950. Mrs. Parshall was allowed $50 a week alimony pending the trial of her separation suit.

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57

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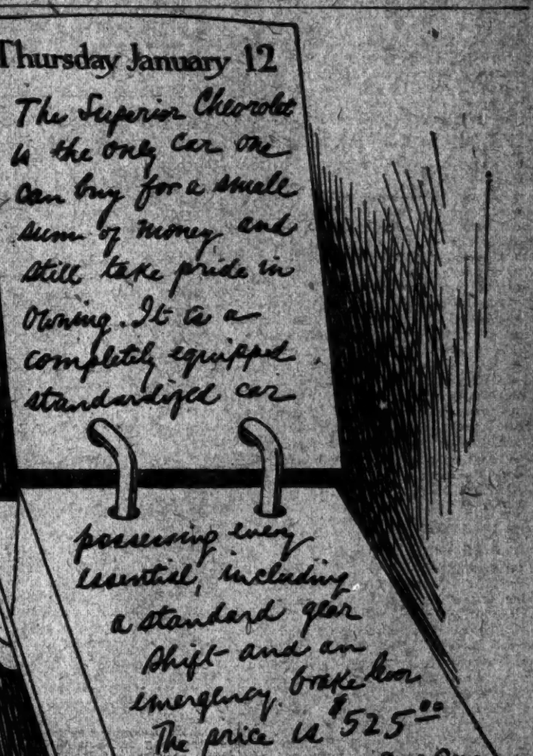

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TREATY HITCH COMES ON SCRAPPING SHIPS

Americans Want as Much Sinking as Possible, and British Delegation Opposes.

LONDON VIEW IS SOUGHT

Length of Conference Now Depends on the Range of Far East Discussions.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The question of what is to be done with the warships to be scrapped further complicated today the process of putting the armament conference naval treaty in final shape. Yesterday the Japanese objections to the form of Article 19 dealing with fortifications in the Pacific led to the putting of the question to the Tokio Government. Today Great Britain's difference with the American delegation on scrapping ships led to a reference to the London Government.

In the meanwhile no end of the conference is in sight. The official hope is expressed that the naval treaty can be whipped into shape some time next week. Some Far Eastern problems which the Americans are determined to have considered have not been gone into, and until one can see the scope of the consideration, there is no way to forecast when the adjournment will come. It is possible that the conference will go over into February.

The divergence today arose over a discussion of Annex B to the naval treaty dealing with the disposition of about fifty warships to be scrapped, reaching a total of more than 1,000,000 tons. The full plan calls for the scrapping of sixty warships of 1,800,000 tons tonnage. But some of the ships which are to be "scrapped" technically have not been built or completed. It is then the fate of forty-eight or fifty ships ranging in tonnage from 15,000 to 25,000 each which is dealt with in Annex B.

France and Italy With Hughes.

The system by which this conference, the last open session of which was held Dec. 10, is run precludes obtaining official information on what took place at the two sessions today of the five heads of delegations. It is understood, however, that America, France and Italy took one view of scrapping, while Great Britain and Japan took a view which was not identical with it.

Annex B prescribes six ways of "scrapping" ships: (1) Sinking at sea; (2) breaking up into scrap iron; (3) conversion for commercial purposes; (4) conversion for harbor or auxiliary use; (5) use as targets; (6) use as gunnery ships. It was the view of the American delegation that there should be as much sinking as possible; that such was the surest way of settling the matter, because the more of the ships left afloat the greater possibility there was of making war use of them. The French expressed a similar view, it is understood. It may be pointed out that under the proposed treaty there would be very little scrapping for France to do, and the question affects Britain, America and Japan to a far greater extent than it does either Italy or France.

When it comes to scrapping, the Americans would do the most. They would get rid of twenty-five ships of nearly 600,000 tons. If there lay in the retention of these ships afloat a material advantage, the United States would win by keeping them afloat. But it is understood that Mr. Hughes believes that the spirit of his proposal would best be carried out by sinking or breaking up the largest practical number of the ships.

It is also understood that the British took the stand that a relatively large number of the "doomed" warships could be kept afloat, if not as commerce carriers, as harbor and auxiliary craft and for other purposes. This would, of course, call for the disarmament of the ships in question.

One section of the naval treaty provides that if a nation signatory to it becomes involved in war, it may announce to the other signatories the suspension of its obligations under the treaty. Therefore, the question arises of the possibility of re-mounting guns on such of the old ships as might remain afloat. They would retain their solid construction which would make it possible for them to carry ten to fourteen inch guns, whereas a merchant ship, as now built, could not mount a gun larger than six inches because of the shock of the firing to the structure of the vessel. The Mauretania almost wrecked herself in the war by firing a six-inch gun, and the naval treaty provides that a merchantman may not carry a cannon of a larger bore than six inches.

This, in brief, outlines the question. The British are said to have cabled to London tonight for instructions as to what to do in the face of the American attitude, and it is expected that a reply will be forthcoming in about three days, it being probably necessary to communicate with Mr. Lloyd George in Cannes.

It is an open secret that more difficulties are arising with respect to the naval treaty than had been expected. It had been the general idea, given by the diplomats, that when the Drafting Committee got through with the treaty, it would be about ready for a plenary session, at which it could be signed. It is now not certain when the document will be in final shape.

Among the many explanations of the delay is the report given in these dispatches last night that the Americans do not wish to sign away the right to build the world's biggest navy until they have obtained what they regard as a satisfactory settlement in the Far East. This is denied by the American diplomats, and their denial is supplemented by the fact that during the naval treaty delay no effort is being made to deal with the Far Eastern matters on the agenda, such as Manchuria and Siberia, the Shantung debate being considered as a negotiation apart from the conference proper.

Manchuria Question Is in Doubt.

If the naval treaty is to be the subject before the "Big Five" until it is completed, and if that will take another week, there is little probability that the rest of the work, including the difficult nine power treaty, could be dealt with in the week that would remain up to Jan. 28, the date generally set recently for the end of the conference. How long the Far Eastern debate will take depends on how far the American delegation can carry it. The Americans and the Chinese are the only delegations which wish to go deeply into such matters, and so it is up to Mr. Hughes.

The English make no secret of thinking that the conference cannot usefully go deeply into such questions as Manchuria. The American Government has never looked favorably upon the methods by which Japan obtained the 99-year extension to the Port Arthur lease in 1910, which was by means of the twenty-one demands. One of the ten Chinese demands was that all existing commitments of China be examined to determine their validity. The British have never looked kindly upon this demand, and for the last two or three days British spokesmen have been mentioning the position of Elihu Root on the sanctity of treaties in such a way as to make it plain that they do not think the Americans should go into the question of the validity of Japanese claims in Manchuria.

As for the Japanese, of course, they do not want the question of Manchuria dealt with here. When the Chinese brought up the twenty-one demands last month the Japanese flatly refused to discuss them. What the Japanese would do if the Americans were to put the question on the table might or might not be a different matter.

The Japanese are certainly in no great hurry about reaching a Shantung settlement. The communiqué on today's meetings between the Chinese and Japanese delegations mentions that they were the twenty-first and twenty-second meetings, and mentions little more, except that an agreement was reached for the withdrawal of the troops along the Shantung road. The ownership of the road is the important point at issue. It is generally believed that the Japanese will settle the Shantung issue with the Chinese, but not before the closing days of the conference.

Agreement on Bonin Expected.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—Indications that an agreement on the naval treaty will not be difficult so far as Pacific fortifications are concerned were supported by the declaration of a Japanese spokesman tonight that he saw no objection to including Bonin Island and the Oshima group in the "status quo" agreement on fortifications. It is said to have been over these islands that the issue now referred to Tokio arose.

Though little public attention has been drawn to the extent of fortifications to be permitted in the case of Pacific islands, the General Board of the American Navy attaches importance to it. Fortification of the string of islands southward from the Japanese mainland would control the approaches by naval vessels to the whole north coast of China, and would constitute an effective barrier.

The question is whether the term "Pacific regions" applies to the islands of this character which are in continuation of a main archipelago, as in the case of Japan or the Aleutian islands, which form an extension of the Alaskan peninsula. The term was first used in the Root-Takahira agreement many years ago.

Among other questions yet to be settled is the number of guns to be permitted to airplane carriers and the calibre of such guns.

A short preamble has been substituted for the long one originally drafted by legal experts. It recites in general terms the need for some arrangement to reduce the burdens of armament and to make for the continuation of peaceful relations between the principals. As a result of other additions, however, the length of the treaty and its annexes, now considerably exceeds 5,000 words.

VON HINTZE SEES WAR IN PACIFIC TREATY

Former German Minister Compares It to Anglo-French Understanding Before World War.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—"You said it!" This Americanism appears for the first time literally translated in German print in Stinnes's Deutsche Allgemeine Gazette, in an article entitled "China and Washington," by the former Minister to China, von Hintze, Ludendorff's last Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Von Hintze asks "What has become of the program of the Washington conference?" He answers cynically: "Officially and for public consumption there is the resumption of the Wilson idea of world peace and disarmament for the present at sea and regulations for Eastern problems. Unadmittedly but actually the object of the Washington conference is the extension of the war aims for which the United States really entered the war.

"These war aims are Pan-Americanism, elimination of her rival, Japan, and securing this booty through international law sanctions.

"And now the astounded world has received a new 'scrap of paper'—the Washington four-power convention. The insiders and professionals know and say it not that Washington, like Versailles, brings nothing of a 'new era,' that the text of the four-power convention corresponds to Sir Edward Grey's and Cambon's letters of Nov. 12, 1912, which fixed France and England's determination for the war of 1914. Is the four-power convention a harbinger of the next war? You said it!"

A more flattering opinion is expressed by Professor Otto Hötzsch, the foreign political expert of the Prussian Kreuz-Zeitung, who says America scored another and real victory on Jan. 6 in the submarine question. Then, leaping to Cannes, he pays the following backhanded compliment:

"The man who today stands in the centre of world politics is Lloyd George. In his place an American statesman could be standing. Why it isn't so is known, for since the Republican Party's policy limits itself only to the most immediate world political tasks, the initiative fell to Great Britain, and the English Premier seized it with a firm hand. His speech on Jan. 7 at Cannes is at least as significant as Harding's for us, and for Europe more directly significant."

GERMANS BUSY IN JAVA.

Powerful Industrial Group to Develop East Indian Trade.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 11.—Referring to previous reports covering attempts at economical penetration of the Dutch East Indies, recent developments point to a tremendous concentration of efforts in this direction. A powerful German industrial group is now considering the institution of a central organization of German Chambers of Commerce for promotion of intense development of the Netherlands Indian trade with a branch at The Hague. The German industries concerned will erect factories of all kinds for rolling stock, locomotives, &c., for which the Netherlands Indian Government already has placed large orders.

These factories will be organized on broad lines so as to assure absolute independence of German imports, whereby the first important steps toward the industrialization of Java will be taken to be developed alongside the existing great agricultural industry.

German efficiency again is demonstrated by the fact that products of the factories will be marketed by a trade company, specially founded for the purpose. Activities have been commenced at Batavia and Soerabaja, where the Mannesmann works have secured a large order to supply piping for the municipal water system, while the Siemens works are erecting electrical power stations in mountains and constructing street car tracks in Soerabaja.

JAPAN TO WITHDRAW TROOPS IN SHANTUNG

Agreement on Collateral Issue Results From Resumption of Direct Conversations.

RAILWAY FORMULA IS NEAR

Said to Have Been Proposed by Hughes and Balfour—Delegates Wait on Tokio and Peking.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Direct conversations between the Japanese and Chinese delegates, resumed today, resulted in an agreement for the withdrawal of Japanese troops from Shantung under certain conditions. These conversations, reopened at the suggestion of Secretary Hughes, will attempt to settle minor matters connected with the Shantung question pending final instructions the delegates have asked of their home Governments upon the disposition of the Tsing-tao-Tsinanfu Railway.

It became known tonight that a formula for settlement of the railway question has been proposed to the delegates, presumably through the good offices of Secretary Hughes and Mr. Balfour. The formula, it is understood, meets some of the objections advanced by both sides as to the financing and control of the railroad, and in American circles it is believed that the formula will lead to a satisfactory solution of the Shantung issue in its entirety.

The dispute over the Shantung railway is now the most outstanding obstacle in the Pacific and Far Eastern phase of the conference. Every influence is being exerted upon the delegates representing Japan and China to come to an understanding, and the renewal of the conversations today gives hope that the railway issue will be ready for final action as soon as some of the collateral questions are disposed of.

Koo Expects a Compromise.

Dr. Wellington Koo, principal Chinese delegate, indicated tonight that advices from Peking and Tokio would reveal a compromise formula for the settlement of the railway question.

"The suggestion to resume the conversations came informally from American quarters," he said. "All parties wish to expedite the settlement of the Shantung questions. All issues must be settled in order to reach a complete agreement.

"The Japanese troops should be withdrawn from Shantung whether the railroad question is settled or not. There may be troops at the mines also and they, too, should be withdrawn at the same time as the railroad guards.

"At the present time both delegations are waiting to hear from their home Governments. They probably will get certain formulas for a compromise on the railway question.

"The loan issue is not only an international question, but it has become a political question in China.

"If the Japanese are anxious to settle all causes of disagreement between China and Japan they should do all in their power to settle the questions growing out of the twenty-one demands and the railway question. These two questions have caused more disruption between China and Japan than any others."

Terms of Troop Withdrawal.

The Japanese troops along the Shantung railway are to be removed not later than six months after the agreement goes into effect, and troops at the mines and in other places in the leasehold are to be withdrawn in three months, according to the agreement reached in the conversations today. The withdrawal is to be effective only upon the settlement of the entire Shantung question.

The communiqué issued by the Japanese and Chinese delegations, relating to the results of the two sessions today, reads:

"The twenty-first and twenty-second meetings of the Chinese and Japanese delegates were held in the Governing Board room of the Pan American Union building at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M., respectively. Pending instructions from their Governments on the question of Tsingtao-Tsinan-fu Railway, the two delegations discussed the withdrawal of the Japanese troops along the railway and its branches and an agreement on such withdrawal was reached. The meeting adjourned at 7 P. M. until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, Jan. 12, 1922."

Masanao Hanihara, one of the Japanese delegates, said tonight at a conference with correspondents that collateral questions such as the troops, the salt, iron and coal mines and wireless stations in Shantung had to be acted upon before the railway matter could be adjusted. He said these questions would be considered pending further instructions from Tokio. He expressed the hope that this discussion would quickly be brought to an end with a satisfactory solution of the railway dispute.

The Chinese delegates announced tonight that they intended to press vigorously for the committee to consider the twenty-one demands, in response to their request made some weeks ago. It is the expectation that these demands will consume the next meeting of the Committee on Pacific and Far Eastern Questions. Japan, Mr. Hanihara said tonight, would object to the committee taking up the demands. Japan, he said, had prepared her reply to China's request, and it is very brief. It is understood that the objections are based upon the fact that the twenty-one demands are written into treaties and that these should not be considered by the committee.

COMMISSION TO RIO NAMED.

Will Represent the United States at Brazilian Exposition.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—President Harding today named the members of the commission which will officially represent the United States at the Brazilian Exposition to be held at Rio de Janeiro next September and for which Congress has appropriated $1,000,000.

The Chairman of the commission will be Colonel De C. Collier of San Diego. The other members named are Mrs. Henrietta V. Livermore of New York, Frank A. Harrison of Nebraska, Colonel Milton B. Ochs of Tennessee, Richard P. Momsen of Wisconsin and William Grant Stevens, President of the American Chamber of Commerce at Rio.

Some of the members of the commission are now in Rio.

Members of the Brazilian Embassy tonight expressed gratification over the selection of the commissioners.

The exposition, which will be the largest ever held in Latin America, will open on Sept. 7, and will last until Nov. 7. It will celebrate the centennial of Brazilian Independence.

The commission headed by Colonel Collier will make and carry into effect plans for the representation of the United States in it.

Milton B. Ochs, who was in New York last night, said, when he heard that he had been named as a member of the commission, that he did not believe it could be possible for him to arrange his affairs in such a way as to accept the appointment.

TO MAKE 2-CENT OIL?

Syndicate Organizes to Back Reported Detroit Discovery.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Jan. 11.—Production of a new fuel oil to operate automobiles and motor vehicles, which, it is said, will be sold at a very low price, is to be undertaken by a syndicate of Detroit and Chicago men.

Dr. A. S. Ramagas, a chemist of Detroit, is the discoverer of the fuel. It is said that it will be manufactured at a cost of two cents a gallon.

SAYS POWERS FEAR RUSSIA'S STRENGTH

Soviet Organ Calls on Reds to "Repel Attempts of the Entente."

MOSCOW, Jan. 10.—Soviet officials today pointed out that acceptance of the Genoa invitation was made in principle rather than in detail. But there is great jubilation in Government circles over having received the invitation.

The Pravda, the leading Soviet organ, warns the communists to be at their posts, so as to afford "a nucleus of a united national mass" during the negotiations.

"The Soviet Government," it says, "has persuaded international capital that she exists and cannot be annihilated. This Soviet Government, holding a bayonet in its hands, is starving, but does not cease to be a factor in international politics. The Entente has acknowledged this, but it would be silly to think that the outcome depends upon the arguments the Soviet representatives will make. It depends only on Soviet Government force.

"The Entente does not need Russia because hunger is one of the Entente's weapons. The powers level a revolver at Russia's head, but the Communist Party and the workers and peasants must gather all their force and repel the attempts of the Entente.

"The dawn is approaching. We are entering a wide road. But, remember, it is always cold at dawn."

Karl Radek, the Russian agent, comments in the Pravda on the fact that the United States and France did not protest at Cannes against the invitation to Russia, and says: "The Allies, who had hoped hunger would eliminate Soviet Russia, now realize that their hopes are false, and that the Soviet is the only possible régime."

He declares that without America nothing is possible, and it is still uncertain whether she will willingly engage herself in a consortium for the re-establishment of Europe.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—A dispatch to The London Times from Rome, dated Tuesday, says the correspondent has been informed by Dr. Bogiano Pico, who recently returned from Moscow, where he went to conclude the Russo-Italian trade agreement, that the Russian delegation to the Genoa economic conference probably will consist of M. Tchitcherin, the Soviet Foreign Minister; M. Litvinoff, Chief of Soviet Legations Abroad, and Leonid Krassin, Minister of Trade and Commerce.

Dr. Pico said M. Tchitcherin would head the delegation unless Nikolai Lenin, the Soviet Premier, decided to go, which was most unlikely, since his personality is absolutely essential in Russia at the present time. The belief was expressed by Dr. Pico that the Bolsheviki in going to Genoa would be expressing a willingness to discuss, and probably to recognize, the liabilities of the Czarist régime.

The correspondent says he gathers that the Bolsheviki will argue at Genoa that when Russia entered the war many concessions were promised to her, notably, possession of Constantinople, but that she definitely renounced these concessions at Brest-Litovsk, thereby cancelling the obligations of the Allies.

Dr. Pico said he was convinced it was possible to reach an agreement at Genoa, but that the Bolsheviki would be unable to pay even in the remote future.

PEKING PREMIER DENIES PRO-JAPANESE CHARGE

Says Government Endorses Washington Delegation's Attitude Regarding Manchuria.

PEKING, Jan. 10 (Associated Press).—The Government today confirmed the recent reports that Governor Wu Pei-fu, Inspector General of Hunan and Hupeh, was moving large bodies of troops north from Hupeh and at the same time issuing violent denunciations of the Government's supposed pro-Japanese policy, declared to be compromising China's interests at the Washington conference.

Denying General Wu Pei-fu's accusations, Premier Liang Shih-yi issued a statement this afternoon setting forth the new Government's policy with regard to the conference.

"China," says the statement, "desires permanent peace in the Pacific. China earnestly desires enjoyment of the sovereign rights indispensable to an independent State. The existing international differences must be removed through friendly co-operation with the powers. Therefore China hopes that all the major Chinese problems will be solved by the conference.

"The new Cabinet fully endorses the attitude of the Chinese delegation with regard to Manchuria. It believes the genius of the Chinese people to be capable of evolving a strong, united China when not hampered by fear of foreign oppression and when limitations upon sovereignty are removed."

A prefatory paragraph emphasizes the need of foreign methods and foreign capital for the development of the country.

A Cabinet officer declared today that he had information that the Japanese Foreign Office was willing to agree to the Chinese terms on Shantung, but that the military element was opposed to any compromise over the railway question. An offer by Japan to the Chinese Foreign Office on Dec. 27 of a loan to repurchase the railway had been unconditionally refused, he said.

Tsao Yu-lin, who recently was appointed High Industrial Commissioner by the Peking Government, has refused the appointment and requested the President to withdraw the mandate for it. The naming of Tsao Yu-lin drew forth widespread popular protest on the ground of alleged pro-Japanese tendencies.

Local officials are expressing confidence that the proposed $30,000,000 loan will be negotiated by the Government, and they are now freely discussing the subject of a subsequent loan of $300,000,000, with increased customs revenues as security. None of the Cabinet officers, however, is willing to discuss the prospects of this larger loan, although its desirability from the Chinese standpoint is conceded by them.

SHOWS BUILDING GAINS.

Westchester County Loans Increased $950,000 Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Jan. 11.—According to an announcement today the records in the office of County Clerk Louis N. Ellrodt show building loans in Westchester County in 1921 reached $3,720,739. This is an increase of $950,000 over 1920. It is predicted the loans for new houses, apartments and other structures in Westchester in 1922 will exceed last year.

The total loans for new buildings in each town follows: Pelham, $126,650; Greenburg, $174,500; Mamaroneck, $499,925; Rye, $262,900; Yonkers, $722,864; New Rochelle, $437,950; Mount Vernon, $450,930; White Plains, $238,350; Eastchester, $220,100; Mount Pleasant, $90,035; Scarsdale, $210,100; Harrison, $50,400; Bedford, $20,900; Ossining, $40,100; Cortlandt, $61,600; New Castle, $28,400.

SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS.

Maura's Coalition Ministry Retires After Bitter Attacks.

MADRID, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—The Coalition Cabinet, headed by Antonio Maura as Premier and Minister of Justice, resigned today as a result of the bitter political strife which has been prevalent in Spain for a long time.

Marked opposition lately had been shown to the conduct of the Ministry of War by Señor de la Cierva and the Ministry of Finance by Señor Cambo.

SEES WAR DESPITE 4-POWER TREATY

Norman H. Davis, Former Under-Secretary of State, Fears Clash With Japan.

PROBLEM AN ECONOMIC ONE

Objection Made That We Agree to Let Japan Alone, but Japan Makes No Such Pledge.

Fears as to the effect of the Pacific four-power treaty were expressed by Norman H. Davis, former Under-Secretary of State, in an address here yesterday. He asked whether the agreement, instead of abolishing the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, would not simply draw the United States into it, and said that while this country agreed under the treaty to let the Japanese alone, it exacted no pledge from Japan to let the United States alone.

"Have we agreed to tie our own hands and protect Japan's rear while she pursues an aggressive policy in China and Siberia?" Mr. Davis asked, speaking before the Republican Neighborhood Association, a woman's organization. "If not, that is a potent cause of war. If the Japanese continue their timidity in complying with their own promises to withdraw from those territories, the American people may get awfully mad one of these days. I am afraid that the treaty is not removing the possible causes of war.

"We don't know whether we have got rid of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance or just become a part of it. It is an alliance on the sea instead of the land, and perhaps that was in order to baptise us. The real way lay through the nine-power treaty, embodying the Root resolutions in regard to China, with their clear enunciation of the open-door principle, which the Anglo-Japanese Alliance aimed at but never accomplished. We have not as yet got from Japan any pledge to let us alone, though we have agreed to let Japan alone. This treaty ought to be cleared up; let's not take a false step into a European alliance. I am afraid the American people will think this thing is settled and go to sleep.

If the four-power treaty were simply an agreement to confer before taking up arms, Mr. Davis said he was heartily for it, but in that case he asked why should not China, Holland and Russia, all of whom had vital interests in the Far East, and indeed every country, be included? If, on the other hand, it constituted an alliance, he said he was bitterly opposed to it.

Mr. Davis advocated the application of the principle of territorial independence to Russia, and said America had a moral part to play in the withdrawal of Japan from Siberia.

The meeting was at the home of Mrs. Stephen C. Clark, 46 East Seventieth Street. Mrs. James Russell Parsons presided. William M. Chadbourne reviewed the work of the Washington conference, saying that the four-power treaty made the possibility of war between Japan and this country negligible. Since the conference began, he continued, Japan had come to feel the pressure of world public opinion.

"The former friendly feeling for Japan has gone for naught since the conference," he said, "and she sees that the only way to regain it is to deal fairly with Siberia and China."

ARBUCKLE ON TRIAL AGAIN.

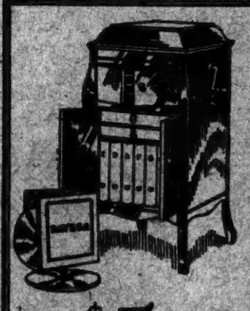
Seven Jurors, Including Three Women, Are Picked on First Day.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 11.—The second trial of Roscoe Arbuckle, film comedian, on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of Virginia Rappe, motion picture actress, began today before Superior Judge Harold Louderback. The courtroom was crowded with spectators, including the representatives of the Women's Clubs Vigilant Committee.

When court adjourned for the noon recess two prospective jurors had been passed subject to challenge.

DAVEGA



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From Editorial in the New York Evening Journal, December 31, by Arthur Brisbane.

The Wonderful Human Body

And Athletics Worth While.

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GEORGE L. HOSSFELD, CHAMPION TYPEWRITER OF THE WORLD.

Here is, for the time being, the world's champion typewriter and a really useful athlete.

He beat all comers, writing steadily for one hour, 136 WORDS A MINUTE, which means twelve strokes a second.

Look at the second hand as it moves on your watch, or count 1, and realize that what it means for the human brain to order and carry out twelve different motions of the fingers *in one second*. There is intensified mental athletics that makes the hundred-yard dash, the pole vault or the Marathon seem slow, to say nothing of being useless.

As this young man wrote in the contest, he read and copied a story which he had not seen before, called "In God's Country." And do you realize the various operations included in that marvelous performance of twelve strokes per second.

The eye read the word. The nerves of the eye told the brain what word was to be written. The brain told the fingers what the letters were, where they were located on the machine, and the flying fingers, taking the knowledge that first came to the eye or the afferent nerves, and the order they came down the neck, the arms to the finger tips through the effervent nerves, made the twelve strokes successfully.

He kept his mind entirely on that for one hour. That wonderful dynamo, that stored energy, the eye seeing, the brain immediately transforming the printed word in the letters, the nerves and the muscles in the fingers carrying out the brain's orders. It is difficult to conceive anything more remarkable. Young Mr. Hossfeld may well include in his daily prayer: "I will praise the Lord, for I am fearfully and wonderfully made." It takes intelligence to do good typewriting; it takes extraordinary adaptability, co-ordination of nerves and muscles, steadiness and will power to do what this young man did.

He deserves praise, as does every man who does A USEFUL THING AS WELL AS IT CAN POSSIBLY BE DONE.

EQUAL, almost, to the "Wonderful Human Body" is the Underwood Typewriter, used by Mr. Hossfeld, and ALL previous world's champion typists for 16 consecutive years. It is so scientifically designed, so skillfully manufactured, that it responds with unerring accuracy even at the marvelous speed of 12 strokes per second.

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THE SUPPLEMENT

FINDS MILK DRIVERS

Telegraph Company that the telegram was delivered at 11:30 at the Woodstock Hotel, and that he, Tobin, had

KATHERINE ELKINS

OFFICIALS ORGANIZE

greed that the Donnelly Anti-Trust act is broadened so as to supply the needed weapon. He also made some other recommendations dealing with the present

THE SUPPLEMENT

The diet of the average man is made up chiefly of white bread, meat and potatoes.

It is therefore decidedly deficient in those mysterious, yet all important, substances known as vitamines.

To supplement this defective diet nothing is better than the juice of oranges;

Nor is anything more stimulating to the appetite and delightful to the taste.

The orange juice served at CHILDS is squeezed from fruit selected for its delicious flavor.

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Spring Frock of Crepe Versailles 69.50

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THE VERNAL SONG OF THE MUSICIAN AND THE TRIOLET OF THE POET ARE MATERIALIZED INTO THE FABRICS, THE COLORS AND THE LINES OF THESE TRULY EXQUISITE SPRING FROCKS OF CREPE VERSAILLES.
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Shall the Philippines Have Independence

The entire report of Gen. Wood on the Philippines, in which the history, economic status, commerce, education, religion and future of the islands are discussed and the whole subject of independence, as well as all other phases of the question, 20,000 words, official text, is one of the numerous big features in January Current History Magazine.

Published by The New York Times Co.
ON NEWS STANDS. 25 CENTS

FINDS MILK DRIVERS TRICKED INTO STRIKE

National President of Union Tells of Having Wired Leaders Here Forbidding It.

WORK OF 15 YEARS UNDONE

Executive Board's Order Was That Men Stay at Work if Old Pay Could Be Obtained.

Their own national leader said yesterday that the 12,000 union milk company workers who struck last November had been duped into walking out by their New York officers.

Revelations concerning the strike went on to show that it was futile and doomed to failure from the start, that the national officers recognized its hopelessness and ordered that it should not take place and that the official ban was suppressed and the men were allowed to quit their jobs in ignorance that they were defying their own organization.

It was admitted further yesterday on behalf of the national organization that the strike had disrupted the local union and spoiled the work of fifteen years. A movement to organize a new union probably will grow out of present efforts to oust the New York officers of the organization. Meantime, thousands of strikers still are out of work, the employers refuse to recede in their determination to have nothing to do with the men who quit, and the companies are said to be beating heavy losses as a result of the chaos into which the industry suddenly was thrown.

Blame for the plight in which the erstwhile strikers find themselves, with their jobs gone and their union ruined, was put squarely up to George W. Briggs, general auditor and receiver of Local 584, International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, by Daniel J. Tobin, International President of the organization. Briggs, in a signed statement some time ago, assumed full responsibility, admitting over his signature that "the General Executive Board never endorsed this strike and the international union was not a party thereto at any time."

Tobin, in a printed declaration yesterday, went further, saying that a telegram from him to Briggs, forbidding the strike, receipt of which had been in dispute, had been shown by his own personal investigation to have been delivered to Briggs at the Hotel Woodstock in New York on the eve of the strike. It was this telegram, Tobin asserted, that was kept from the thousands of men who, he insisted, never would have dared to walk out had it been read to them when they met in Madison Square Garden to decide on their action.

This is the text of the telegram which Tobin asserts that Briggs suppressed, as supplied by Tobin himself:

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 31, 1921

G. W. Briggs, Woodstock Hotel, New York City, N. Y.:

General Executive Board will not endorse any strike until constitution is carried out to the letter. Board also believes that no strike should take place if present wage scale and working conditions can be obtained. Board instructs me to request you as International officer to see that secret ballot is taken on question of strike and advise the membership that no strike will be sanctioned if present working conditions can be retained.

D. J. TOBIN.

Referring to an assertion by Briggs that he did not receive the telegram, Tobin said he had come to New York and verified through the Western Union Telegraph Company that the telegram was delivered at 11:40 at the Woodstock Hotel, and that he, Tobin, had found the person who received this telegram insisted that the telegram had been delivered and that Briggs had undoubtedly received it."

Discussing a plea by Briggs to the General Executive Board, which has censured his actions, that he could not have prevented the strike vote at that night at Madison Square, President Tobin said:

"That may be true, but if Brother Briggs had carried out the instructions of the General President and stated to the men that they did not have the sanction of the General Executive Board; that it was his recommendation that they accept the old wage scale and working conditions; if the men had refused to carry out his advice, he could then say that he was leaving New York, that he was washing his hands of the whole matter. If he had pursued this course the International is of the opinion that the strike would never have taken place, or it would have been only a few days until it was settled.

VANDERLIP DEAL CONFIRMED

Standard Oil Officials Tell of Joining Kamchatka Project.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 11.—High officials of the Standard Oil Company of California confirmed today the Los Angeles report of the purchase by that company of a quarter interest in the Vanderlip concession in Northeastern Siberia.

Announcement of the deal had been made by J. H. Coveney of the Title Insurance and Trust Company of Los Angeles, secretary of the Vanderlip syndicate.

The deal, it was announced, would give the oil company an exclusive right to drill for oil in the entire region of Siberia east of the western shore of the Kamchatka Peninsula and north to the Arctic Ocean, with a further exclusive right to develop and work such oil pools as may be discovered.

An official of the Standard Oil Company here, confirming the report of the purchase, said that oil exploration in the new region would depend upon recognition of the Soviet Government by the United States.

"No business man can go in there now," he said, "because diplomatic relations have not been established. Until this has been done we can and shall do nothing."

FOR SUSPENDED SENTENCES

Lawyer Blames Habitual Criminals, Saying Few Parolees Are Violated.

The suspended sentence was defended by Alexander Karlin, a lawyer, at a meeting of the Medico-Legal Society in the Hotel des Artistes last night. He declared that only 8 to 10 per cent. of men paroled violate their parolees, according to court figures, and contended that more criminals are made in prison than in any other way.

"There is no crime wave," he said. "Figures from the Tombs show that fewer prisoners are awaiting trial than for a long time. The case of Boddy is not the first time that policemen have been killed by criminals. Figures show that of those convicted of crime 40 per cent. have been convicted for other offenses.

Mr. Karlin opposed sentencing any one for a definite term, declaring it pure guesswork whether a man would reform in a given time. Crimes by men with prison records outweigh crimes by others by 400 per cent., he said.

The most startling thing recently is the increase in crimes of violence among young men, he said, probably owing to the use of firearms in the army. The average age of those who commit felonies now, he said, is from 18 to 23 years. He quoted statistics to show that in 1920 18,472 young men between the ages of 16 to 21 were sentenced.

Bronx Still Explodes.

The explosion of a still late yesterday afternoon in the home of Ernest Ender on the third floor of the apartment house at 600 East 136th Street threw fifteen families into an uproar and caused intense excitement in the neighborhood. The force of the explosion broke many window panes. Ender was arrested.

KATHERINE ELKINS DIVORCED FROM HITT

Reports of a Decree Obtained in Paris Last Summer and Now Effective Are Confirmed.

BOTH REFUSE TO COMMENT

Couple Were Wed in 1913, Five Years After First Report of Betrothal to Duke of Abruzzi.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. William P. R. Hitt have learned that a divorce has been granted to Mrs. Hitt in Paris in a degree which became effective when Mr. Hitt failed to enter a demurrer against the French verdict, rendered last Summer. Both are well known and popular in Washington society, having made this their home from the days when they were children and their parents lived in a fashionable part of K Street.

Miss Elkins, who for some years was a belle of Washington society and a splendid horsewoman, taking part in the horse shows, is a daughter of the late Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia and a sister of Senator Davis Elkins of West Virginia, also of Blaine Elkins. Her grandfather was Henry Gassaway Davis, one time candidate for Vice President.

Mr. Hitt, who was popularly known in Washington as "Billy" Hitt, is a son of the late Representative Robert R. Hitt, who was for some years Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Relations. He is a brother of R. P. Reynolds Hitt of the American diplomatic service.

Mrs. Elkins filed her suit for divorce in Paris last Spring through a firm of American lawyers in the French capital, soon after she had gone to Paris for that purpose. The case came up for a hearing before the Third Paris Chamber last June.

Since her return from Europe several months ago, following the institution of the suit, Mrs. Hitt has spent the greater part of her time at the family country estate at Middleburg, Va., where she found opportunity for the outdoor sport which she always loved. Her horses are among the finest in that part of Virginia, and the stable on the estate was one of its attractions.

Mrs. Hitt comes to Washington from time to time to visit friends, and on such visits usually stays at the home of her mother, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, at 1,626 K Street, Northwest. While in Washington Mr. Hitt stops at the Hitt home at 1,501 New Hampshire Avenue, in the fashionable Du Pont Circle district.

Neither Mr. nor Mrs. Hitt would comment on the divorce decree.

The courtship of "Billy" Hitt and Miss Katharine Elkins, which dated from early childhood, was one of the interesting romances of Washington society. Friends of both expressed regret last Summer when it was reported that the Hitts had returned to this country on different steamers and when reports of the institution of a divorce action at Paris reached Washington.

William P. R. Hitt and Katherine H. Elkins were married in Elkins, W. Va., on Oct. 27, 1913, about five years after the first report that she was betrothed to the Duke of the Abruzzi, cousin of the King of Italy, and son of the member of the House of Savoy, who abdicated the Spanish throne because of the opposition of the Spanish nobility to his queen.

Although their names had been before the public through the years when Europe and America were talking of the possibility of Miss Elkins's marriage to the member of the House of Savoy, little was heard of them after the marriage except in society. Both had fortunes in their own right, Miss Elkins having inherited about $2,000,000 and Mr. Hitt possessing a fortune said to be in seven figures.

"Billy" Hitt, as he was known in Washington while his father was in Congress, was one of the first suitors of Miss Elkins and he remained one of her admirers through the period when there were reports that she was to marry the Duke of the Abruzzi and when the names of other suitors were mentioned.

After it became certain in 1910 that Miss Elkins was not to marry the Duke, the names of other suitors were mentioned with those of Mr. Hitt. One report was that she was to marry Lieutenant Julius Townsend of the United States Navy, and another mentioned the name of Joseph Leiter.

In 1911 there were several erroneous reports that Miss Elkins and Mr. Hitt already had been married, but the ceremony did not take place until October, 1913, when the wedding was held quietly at Elkins, with only a few members of the family present.

Miss Elkins met the Duke of the Abruzzi when he came to this country in command of the Italian war vessel sent to the Jamestown Exposition, and it was described as "love at first sight." The Duke later sent her a ruby ring, which was seized by the customs authorities in Pittsburgh.

There were many stories about the failure of the Duke and Miss Elkins to marry, and one of the last of these was that she might have become his morganatic wife, but she and her father, Senator Elkins, insisted that she should become a member of the Italian royal family, with all the rights of a wife of royalty. Others were that kinsmen of the Duke would insist that she embrace the Catholic faith.

Other reports were that all these difficulties might be evaded by acceptance of the throne in Albania. It was reported later that the Duke of the Abruzzi might ascend the throne of Greece. Failing to win these thrones or to dispose of the difficulties in the way of his marriage to the American beauty, the Duke went to climb the Himalayas and to shoot big game in other parts of the world.

Despite the reports that King Victor Emmanuel and other members of the royal family would approve the marriage, the Duke and Miss Elkins met for the last time in Europe in 1910—two years after the start of the international romance. Three years later she married Mr. Hitt, one of her fist suitors.

ROBBERS GET RARE WATCH.

Mrs. Tarrab's Timepiece Carried 40 Diamonds and 340 Pearls.

One of the pieces of jewelry stolen last Monday night from the home of Mrs. Regina Tarrab, widow of a Syrian commission merchant, 8,514 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, was a rare watch of French make, its case set with forty diamonds and 340 pearls, it was learned yesterday. Mrs. Tarrab said there was only one in France like it.

Adele Tarrab, 16, who was chloroformed by the burglars, is still ill at her home and may not be seen.

Detectives of the Bath Beach Station yesterday photographed footprints at the rear of the house which showed that two men had been there.

It was learned that an ambulance was sent Monday night from Coney Island Hospital to attend Adele, but the record of the ambulance call was not sent to Police Headquarters in Brooklyn, and detectives of the Bath Beach Station told members of the family not to talk about the robbery.

ESCAPED CONVICT CAUGHT.

Loses His Nerve as He Is About to Leap From Tenement Roof.

Cornelius Koll, an escaped convict, was captured in Paterson, N. J., yesterday when he lost his nerve in a desperate effort to jump from the roof of a three-story tenement. He held off detectives with a revolver in a desire to gain time to make his decision.

Koll and three others escaped from the Bergen County Jail in New Jersey Friday. He was cornered by four detectives in a tenement at 94 Hamburg Avenue and climbed through a skylight to the roof. He fired at his pursuers, threw his revolver into the snow and started to make the leap to the ledge of a cliff twelve feet from the house. Then he quailed. His capture followed.

OFFICIALS ORGANIZE TO CHECK CRIME

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

this conference that there has been abuse in the issuance of pistol permits. I know there has been in my county. In Buffalo permits have been issued to one out of every sixteen citizens, making us what ought to be a peaceful community an armed community. I am in favor of disarmament so far as its goes to the carrying of dangerous weapons.

"It is up to the people whether the crime wave is to be suppressed. We are ready to perform our full duty as public prosecutors, but we cannot accomplish the best results unless there is back of us public opinion that respects law and will insist upon its enforcement."

Interest Centres on the Crime Wave.

From the start of the conference, which was held in the Senate chamber, the crime wave became the all-engrossing topic of discussion. The proposal for harmonious action by the State and Federal authorities looking to the curbing of food and fuel profiteers, which had been emphasized by Attorney General Daugherty in his letter to Attorney General Newton as a reason for urging that the conference be called, came in for only casual mention from Mr. Newton himself. Something was said about prohibition enforcement, a matter on which Mr. Daugherty had laid stress in his letter, but the references made to this matter were more or less incidental.

In attempting to define the causes responsible for the present prevalence of crime, most of those who spoke on the subject censured the Courts for being too free with suspended sentences, even in cases where professional criminals were involved. The parole and probation system, too, was criticised amid applause.

District Attorney Edward J. Glennon of the Bronx, who has occupied a seat on the Supreme Court bench, held disregard for law on the part of "our best citizens" responsible for the lawlessness now so much in evidence.

"Reformers" and educators came in for criticism from Attorney General Newton in some remarks which he made in calling the conference to order.

"There are groups," he said, "who teach that the Constitution is old and dilapidated and should not be heeded. When we were children, respect for the law was driven into our systems with a shingle. I don't know that it can be done with a shingle now, but it is certain that the attitude of educators, reformers and even fathers and mothers must be changed. They must be made to respect the law themselves and teach that respect to their children.

Calls Legal Authorities Derelict.

John W. H. Crim, Assistant United States Attorney General, who followed Attorney General Newton, said, in speaking for the Federal Department of Justice, that the local authorities were not doing their full duty in the matter of law enforcement, and that as a result the great masses of the people were clamoring for the Federal Government to do that which the State Governments had failed to do, and more.

Citing a number of offenses which he declared local authorities should have prosecuted, Mr. Crim said:

"These incidents illustrate the failure of local self-government which Congress has sought to remedy by sumptuary laws and which the Department of Justice is now enforcing. I sometimes think that the most desired thing in our work of enforcing the criminal law is a good, strong policeman equipped with a hickory club and those things synonymous with and in polite society called entrails."

New York Court Conditions Among Worst.

Mr. Crim said that the Southern District of New York, the Eastern and Western Districts of Pennsylvania, Kansas City, San Francisco and Chicago were those in which the Federal authorities were confronted with the worst problems.

"We have now actually ahead of us fraud cases alone which will occupy the Courts in the Southern District of New York for 2,000 trial weeks," he said. "We are trying to get three additional Federal Judges to come in and help clear the calendars, and we do not know where we are going to get them from."

In the course of the debate that followed a motion made by United States Attorney Hiram C. Todd of this district to form the organization of prosecutors, District Attorney Glennon asked if the cases cited by Mr. Crim involved offenses that could be prosecuted under the State laws.

"Yes, every one of them," Mr. Crim replied.

"Then why did they go to the President? Why was not the attention of the local authorities called to the cases?" Mr. Glennon asked.

"Each complaint stated some reason why he did not carry his complaint to the local authorities," was the reply.

"It is useless for us," Mr. Glennon then said, "to discuss the crime wave without taking into account the fact that our so-called best citizens and our captains of industry are violating every law they see fit to break. They are setting an example to the men of the criminal classes, as we term them, or, I might say, to men with criminal tendencies.

"Take the Volstead act, for example. It is being violated by our so-called best citizens, and everybody knows it. I believe that act should be enforced to the very strictest degree or it should be repealed. As it stands it is a crime breeder.

"The same thing is true about the Mullan-Gage act in the State. Men high in public office as well as our most substantial citizens are violating it openly. This act must be enforced against those in high places.

"When we do this we can turn to the highwayman and the burglar and the other criminals and say to them: 'You, too, must obey the law or suffer the consequences of infraction.' Until we can say this with a clear public conscience crime waves will continue."

Banton Reproaches Congress.

District Attorney Banton of New York said that if the Federal authorities were overburdened with demands for enforcement of local laws, it was because Congress had encroached upon the State domains, until practically every State law was paralleled on the Federal statute books.

"In New York County it seems as if the judicial machinery had been outgrown," he said. "We have now pending 2,082 indictments, involving perhaps the trial of as many as 3,500 individuals. The Legislature should enact a law requiring all defendants named in an indictment to be tried together, which is the practice in the Federal courts. That would save time. The Legislature should also define as petty larceny, which can be tried in Special Sessions, the stealing of anything to a value of not exceeding $500. The present statue places the limit at $50. We should be placed in a position where we could work with twentieth century machinery and not with machinery that has survived from a century or more ago and which has become archaic."

District Attorney Ruston of Kings said that his office was pretty well abreast of its work. He attributed most of the crime in Brooklyn to discharged seamen from the Navy Yard who had been allowed to keep their revolvers.

"Instead of taking transportation to the ports where they shipped, the discharged men draw the equivalent in the fare in cash and then proceed to spend it," he said. "When they are flat on their backs they go down to the Y. M. C. A. in Sands Stret. You can find them sleeping there on the floor in the bowling alley or in the sitting rooms all the way from twenty-five to fifty almost any night. They have no visible means of support, if one excepts the .45-calibre Colt revolver which for some reason that I am at a loss for permits them to keep when they leave the service."

Attorney General Newton, speaking at the afternoon session, made the first reference to the sweltering heard in the course of the conference.

"We have given no consideration to that subject," he said. "We have no laws in this State that are effective against profiteers. I urge that you draft some legislation that will stand the test of the Constitution and impress the Legislature so that that body will do its share. I have received some very distressing reports within the last few days, and I think the Attorney General and the District Attorneys should be enabled to go after profiteering. Laws ought to be enacted which will deal drastically with the subject."

District Attorney John H. Parker suggested that the Donnelly Anti-Trust act be broadened so as to supply the needed weapon. He also made some other recommendations dealing with the present crisis. Gamblers, race-track touts, cadets and idlers about poolrooms, he said, should be rounded up unceremoniously and sent to jail as vagrants. Non-resident unemployed should be required to register with the police. Offenders held for extradition should not be bailed. High bail should be imposed where a person had been arrested for picking pockets.

MEASURES PROPOSED TO CHECK CRIME WAVE

Legislators Present Bills Designed to Make Robbery and Murder Penalties Heavier.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—While the conference of prosecutors was in progress today in the Senate chamber, the Assembly gave some attention to efforts to curb the crime wave. A series of measures, all designed to increase the penalties for crime, were introduced by Assemblyman Ullman of New York City, a Republican. The same measures were submitted last year, but were killed in committee by the Republican majority.

Assemblyman Ullman, through one of the eight bills he introduced today, would make the penalty for second degree murder life imprisonment with no provision for cutting the sentence down to twenty years.

The New York City Assemblyman's other recommendations would make drastic increases in punishment for major crimes. Robbery, first degree, for which the maximum penalty is now twenty years, would be punishable, under the terms of the Ullman bill, by imprisonment from one year to life. Increased penalties are further provided as follows:

For robbery, second degree, an increase from 15 to 20 years, maximum; assault, first degree, from 10 to 15 years; robbery, third degree, from 10 to 15 years; burglary, second degree, from 10 to 20 years, and burglary, third degree, from 7 to 15 years.

Another Ullman bill would amend the criminal code by providing for separate trials of defendants jointly indicted for any crime instead of as at present provided, only where the crime is a felony.

Assemblyman Schoffel, New York City, Democrat, also introduced a bill today in the lower house designed to punish dealers in firearms who unlawfully sell ammunition. This same measure would also make it a felony to carry concealed weapons, instead of a misdemeanor, as the present law provides.

Bills to provide pensions for the widows of three New York City policemen recently killed in the performance of their duties were also submitted today by the Democratic minority. Assemblyman Donohue introduced a bill to direct Police Commissioner Enright of New York City to give a pension to Mrs. Barbara Neville, widow of Patrolman Daniel J. Neville.

NO REPRIEVE TO PERSONS.

Justice Sawyer Refuses to Grant Condemned Murderer a New Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

PALMYRA, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Supreme Court Justice Sawyer of Palmyra handed down his decision at 3:15 today in the petition of Edward Persons, whose execution is set for Thursday night at Sing Sing Prison. The decision, which is about 2,000 words in length, denies the motion of Persons for a new trial and removes the last hope of the accused for commutation or reprieve.

Regarding his decision, Justice Sawyer says that the outstanding feature of the evidence against Persons is the fact that both he and his accomplice, Wilson, serving a sentence of twenty years at Auburn, made affidavits in Ashtabula, Ohio, where they were arrested, which were so nearly identical as to convince him that they told the truth at that time. These affidavits were made by each without the knowledge of the other.

CHICAGO HAS NIGHT OF CRIME

Police Bandits, Chase Up Fire-Escape, and Other Incidents.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—A night of crime, which included the robbery of eight persons and the arrest of 119 suspects ended when two youths were trapped on the roof of a building where they were trying to break into a chop suey restaurant.

Policemen saw the youths pull down the fire escape of the Manor Hotel at 18 West VanBuren Street and climb to the roof. The policemen went after them and found them trying to force a skylight on the roof of an adjoining building. They surrendered without fighting.

A polite bandit robbed Mrs. H. L. Jones, a nurse at the Illinois General Hospital, of an otter coat valued at $600 when she was on her way to her home at 1,587 Sixtieth Street. Pointing a pistol at her head, the bandit forced her to take off her coat.

"I am sorry, madame," he said, "but I will be under the painful necessity of killing you if you refuse. Do you live far from here?"

Mrs. Jones informed the solicitous robber that her home was in the middle of the block.

"In that case I am sure you will not catch cold," said the bandit.

Thirty minutes later Paul Keyser of 884 West Thirteenth Street reported that he had been held up and robbed of $56. Two men accused of being the "stick ups" were arrested.

Two armed men robbed A. C. Rainford, a clerk in a tea store at 458 West Seventy-ninth Street, of $45 after locking him in a rear room.

NO BAIL FOR "BIG BEAR."

Two Charges Against Negro Alleged to Have Confessed Shooting.

Edward McDonald, a negro, 23, of 341 West Thirtieth Street, was held without bail yesterday by Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in Jefferson Market Court for examination Friday, charged with being a fugitive from justice and having violated the Sullivan law.

McDonald, known to the police as "Big Bear," was arrested Tuesday night by four detectives in a dark hallway in the Hall's Kitchen district after being blackjacked into submission. The police alleged that in a signed statement McDonald admitted he shot Michael Kennedy, a customs guard, Monday night on Pier 3, Weehawken. Kennedy is in North Hudson Hospital in a serious condition.

TAILOR TIED AND ROBBED.

Two Bandits Get $15 and a Gold Watch in Victim's Shop.

With revolvers pointed at his head, Hamopas Hushmoyrpol of 474 West Forty-third Street, a tailor, was driven from the main room of his tailor shop into a back room last night by two unidentified men who, after tying his feet together, robbed him of $15 and a gold watch valued at $90.

The robbery occurred before an alarm could be given or the police summoned. Detectives Fitzgerald and Dennison obtained a description of the bandits.

Will Free Pearl River Suspect.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 11.—George W. Florence, held on suspicion of being the bandit who killed two employes of the First National Bank of Pearl River on Dec. 22, will be released, it was announced by the police today. Residents of Pearl River called here to identify Florence said he was not the bandit. O. D. Rickly, superintendent of the Dexter Folder Company, after looking at Florence in police headquarters this afternoon, said that he bore no marked resemblance to the bandit.

Jewels
DREICER & Co
—Fifth Avenue—
at forty-sixth

Home Title Insurance Company
Offers, Subject to Prior Sale,
GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES

Kings County

$2,000 ... 4616 Avenue L ... *Value $4,100
2-story and attic frame; 1-family.

$2,250 ... 362 South Third Street ... *Value $4,750
2-story frame; store and dwelling.

$2,750 ... 8742 Bay 16th Street ... *Value $6,700
2½-story frame; 1-family.

$3,250 ... 300 20th Street ... *Value $6,000
3-story frame; 5-family.

$5,000 ... Ft. Hamilton Av. & 55th St. ... *Value $9,750
2-story brick; store and dwelling.

$6,750 ... 58 East 31st Street ... *Value $12,300
2-story stucco; 2-family with garage.

$7,500 ... n. w. cor. Ft. Hamilton Av., 55th St. ... *Value $13,500
2-story brick; 4 stores and 2 apartments.

Queens County

$1,800 ... 8022 90th Rd., Union Course ... *Value $3,200
2-story frame; 1-family.

$3,750 ... 219th Street, Queens ... *Value $6,400
2½-story frame; 1-family.

$4,000 ... 13939 87th Road, Jamaica ... *Value $6,700
2-story frame; 2-family.

*These are the Company's valuations and are far below present market values.

You may write, without obligation, for more detailed information. These mortgages and many others are ready for delivery, guaranteed at 5½ %.

HOME TITLE
INSURANCE COMPANY
Capital and Surplus, $1,500,000
51 Willoughby Street, Brooklyn. Postoffice Building, Jamaica.

Here's A Suggestion!

After you've read all the extravagant advertisements of this sale-ridden city, come in to Brill Brothers and get a real gentleman's Overcoat or Ulster

Made by the House of
Kuppenheimer
at
$65!

Many of them made of wonderful, long-wearing goods imported from Scotland. You'll recognize their super value. So will any member of the Scottish Woolen Trade Mark Association, now here in New York on an extensive American tour.

Our 34th Year in Business
Brill Brothers
Three Convenient Stores
379 Broadway, near Chambers — Broadway, at 49th Street
47 Cortlandt Street

GRIFFITH SUMMONS SOUTH PARLIAMENT

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Valera at Mansion House. He told us he would not go to the meeting of the southern representatives next Saturday.

"We do not recognize any such Parliament," he said, and he thought it unlikely that his party would attend. I asked him if in the event of a general election and decision in favor of the Free State he would abandon his opposition to the treaty settlement. He said he could not admit any election taken at the present time would indicate the free determining choice of the Irish people. It would be an election, he said, taken under threat of force, and a vote of the people would therefore not represent the real will of the people.

Under the circumstances, he should continue his resistance. "By every means in my power," he said emphatically, "I should continue my resistance against the outside authority imposed in our country."

What about the Irish Republican army? he was asked.

It is bound to support the Republican Government, he said, and the new Ministry is the Republican Government, but if it goes outside—here he broke off with words that self-determination must be the basis of all government. As for himself, he could never enter a Free State Parliament. "I could never take an oath such as that in the treaty," he said.

"The treaty," he concluded, "has been forced upon the Irish under a threat. If Mr. Lloyd George had made that threat to me I should reply 'Very well, sir. I will go home and continue striving as in the past by all means in my power to get the independence of Ireland recognized."

State Evacuating Dublin Castle.

DUBLIN, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—The summoning of the Southern Parliament to meet Saturday by Arthur Griffith, President of the Dail Eireann, and his Cabinet has started the machinery for putting the treaty into operation. Half a dozen huge vans backed in front of the Chief Secretary's offices in Dublin Castle this afternoon and removed stacks of official documents and effects of the Secretarial and Police Departments, thus beginning the evacuation of the Castle—the symbol to Irishmen for centuries of British control.

An important development today was the issuance of a manifesto by the Irish Labor Party stating that labor would participate in the elections to secure representation in the new Free State Government.

The method adopted in summoning those who are to ratify the treaty is held to indicate that the British desire to avoid friction in the transference of the authority in Ireland. Instead of acting directly, the British Government acted through the Dail Cabinet, leaving the Dail to initiate execution of the treaty.

The Associated Press is officially informed that the heads of Dublin Castle will do their utmost to facilitate and expedite the Provisional Government's taking over of full authority. Arrangements have already been made for the speedy evacuation of the auxiliaries, and as soon as the treaty is ratified by the Southern Parliament evacuation of the army will begin. Any of the existing Irish officials whom the Free State dismisses must be compensated from the Irish funds, except the auxiliaries and the Black and Tans, who will be compensated by the British Government.

The auxiliaries will probably in many cases be employed in the British Crown colonies, but the Black and Tans are technically regular recruits of the Royal Irish Constabulary. The date of their recruitment will furnish evidence of the purpose for which they were employed, and, whatever happens the rest of the police force, they will all be dismissed.

It is believed that all considerations of technical legality will be set aside in the transference to the Provisional Government, with a view to expediting affairs, and necessary proceedings will later be validated by an act of indemnity.

The public is deeply interested in the hurried removal of papers from Dublin Castle. It is generally surmised that one reason for this is the undesirability that the new Government should have an opportunity to inspect the contents of documents having to do with searches and raids and other measures of coercion, and that therefore all will be carted away before the Provisional Government begins to function.

TWO KILLED IN BELFAST.

Reprisal Follows Wounding of Six Nationalist Children.

Copyright, 1922, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BELFAST, Jan. 11.—Two persons were killed and six children were wounded in Belfast during the past twenty-four hours.

The six children, members of Nationalist families, were wounded by a bomb flung last night in North Belfast. As a reprisal a man and his wife were shot and killed while bidding each other good-bys at the door of their home this morning.

A bomb was hurled at a crowded street car this morning but the motorman put on full speed and the missile missed the car by a foot.

BELFAST, Jan. 11.—The police have dispersed the Sinn Fein Arbitration Court sitting at Dungannon, County Tyrone. The documents were confiscated, despite protests that similar courts were recognised elsewhere.

TROOPS IN IRELAND GET EVACUATION ORDERS

London Hears Auxiliary Police Are Being Withdrawn From Southern Stations.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—It is unofficially reported that the British scheme for the evacuation of Ireland, which was postponed before Christmas, has been ordered carried out immediately. There are busy scenes of preparation at many of the southern military stations, and in some districts, it is said, the troops are actually under orders for departure.

The auxiliary police are being withdrawn from Cork and the southern stations; some have already departed.

PLANS AIR SERVICE TO CORK.

London Thinks It Would Cut Journey to America a Day.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Plans for an air service between London and Cork that would shorten the journey to America by at least a day are being prepared. The distance from London to Cork is 400 miles and a modern commercial airplane could accomplish the journey in four hours.

Passengers and mails could leave London the day following the departure of a liner and catch up with the boat at Queenstown Harbor, while incoming mails and passengers would leave the ship at Queenstown and after four hours air journey arrive in London a day earlier than is now possible.

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Page 28.

Saks & Company Broadway at 34th Street :: *Specialists in Apparel* **Saks & Company**

A SALE OF

Women's Fashionable Wraps & Coats

—offering a wide selection in models, fabrics, furs and colors—at most advantageous prices

Fine Cloth Coats

At **48.00**

Reduced from 65.00

Wrappy effects that lend grace and slimness by their clever draping—semi-fitted belted coats that embody a wealth of smartness in spite of—or because of—their simplicity. Fancy stitching has been used effectively, collars of fur or self material distinguish them, and one may choose from Ramona, Bolivia, Normandy and Chamo Cloth. Silk lined.

Silk Velour and Broadtail Cloth Wraps and Coats. Were 45.00 . . . . *Reduced to* **29.50**

Fur Fabric Coats

At **39.50**

Reduced from 59.50

Pile fabric coats that reproduce costly furs, in Arcadian lamb or imported broadtail cloth, with collars of fur or self fabric.

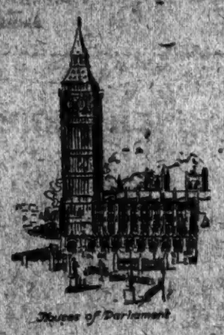
At **59.50** . . Reduced from 85.00

Coats of Arcadian lamb, Salt's Plush and imported Broadtail cloth, in long and short models.

At **75.00** . . Reduced from 98.50

Coats of Arcadian lamb, Nishing and Salt's plush, with fur or self collars. In various lengths and models, handsomely silk lined.

Fourth Floor



Houses of Parliament

From London-Towne

London, that city of tradition and tweed suits, sends a number of new arrivals. You will find them polka-dotted in various departments about the store.

When a Stern Hand's Needed

The new English riding crops carry on in those popular woods—malacca, partridge, and whanges. Some are woven leather, with strap handles.

4.50 to **10.00**

Sixth Floor

London Boys' Caps

English caps look like the caps one may see on well-dressed boys anywhere. But they are made from that sturdy and beautiful fabric—gray or plaid cheviot . . . **2.00**

Second Floor

English Gloves

One turns to England for sportsmenlike gloves that stand wear. Dark gray suede gauntlets of degrained leather. **2.95**

Street Floor

Imported Purses

A fashionable new purse they are carrying in London (and here) is of beaver-skin calf, in the new Pauline shape.

With sterling silver gold-plated tips and chain. Silk lined. **19.50**

Street Floor

Never Was There Such A Vogue For

Tweed and Homespun Suits

FOR WOMEN

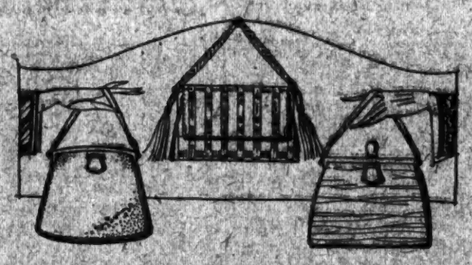
—small wonder when one can get them as smart as these

At **39.50**

One button—two buttons—three buttons! It almost sounds as though they were playing a game, but no! these are just the ways of fastening the new suits. The models are of imported and domestic fabrics, box coated or semi-fitted, perhaps boasting a trig pique vest. The pockets are slit or flap—but the important thing is the buttons—from the mannish single button to the high English cut-affair that takes three to hold it together.

Hats to match **7.50**

Fourth Floor



For Thursday We Have Reduced a Number of

Hand Bags

Formerly 5.00 to 6.50

All marked for prompt disposal

At **2.95**

Rare values are these hand bags, presented in a wonderful assortment of leathers and moire silk, beautifully made, and *perfectly* equipped with fittings. A moire vanity edged with 1-10 gold corners and a pin seal vanity trimmed with twelve 14-kt. gold clips are among the styles offered. *Street Floor*

SPRING INVESTS

New Crepe de Chine Frocks for Women

with an air of grace and a grace of line incomparably lovely.

Specially priced

At **35.00**

One, fashioned on long waisted lines, projects its way to the pinnacle of fashion by acquiring an uneven hem with two pleated panels—and secures it by a sleeve revealing a Paisley pattern facing.

Another model brightens the season with a brilliant silk facing which turns up as the lining of both panels and sleeves. In navy, black and henna. Sizes 36 to 44.

Chiffon Velvet Frocks Reduced

Including our entire remaining stock of higher cost chiffon velvet frocks.

Gowns, *formerly* 75.00 . . . . . now **39.50**
Gowns, *formerly* 89.50 . . . . . now **49.50**
Gowns, *formerly* 100.00 and 125.00 . . . . . now **69.50**
Gowns, *formerly* 150.00 and 195.00 . . . . . now **98.50**

Fourth Floor

Handsome Fur Coats

GREATLY REDUCED

Beautiful garments from our regular stock, made of choice quality pelts, in the usual Saks very skillful manner. You will never see coats of this character again at such liberal price savings.

Hudson Seal Coats in swagger 36 inch model, effectively trimmed with skunk. Formerly 335.00 . . . . *Reduced to* **275.00**

Hudson Seal Coats in a very modish 45 inch model, with skunk collar and cuffs that add to their beauty. Formerly 425.00. *Reduced to* **375.00**

Stunning Mole Wraps, in full length models that are exceedingly graceful. Formerly 495.00 . . . . *Reduced to* **275.00**

Sporty Raccoon Coats of choice skins, with self collar and cuffs and reversed border. Formerly 295.00 . . . *Reduced to* **225.00**

Caracul Coats in jaunty 36 inch models with long skunk collar and cuffs. Formerly 225.00 . . . . . *Reduced to* **175.00**

Near Seal Coats in good-looking 40 inch models trimmed with collar and cuffs of skunk. Formerly 225.00 . *Reduced to* **165.00**

Natural Muskrat Skins of beautifully blended skins. 40 inch model. Formerly 165.00 . . . . . *Reduced to* **125.00**

Pony Coats in swagger 36 inch belted models with dyed skunk collar and cuffs. Formerly 100.00 . . . . *Reduced to* **79.50**

Sixth Floor

La Vida Corsets

Reduced

Regularly 6.00 to 12.00

Special **3.95**

—in a wide variety of styles for every figure and every occasion in all sizes, but not every size in every model.

: : :

Brassieres and Bandeaux

for the larger woman

Regularly 3.00 to 6.00

Special **1.85**

—comprising an unusual assortment of splendid materials, all daintily trimmed and fastening front or back. Sizes 42 to 50.

Third Floor

The Constant Demand for

White Gold Bracelet Watches

makes a special presentation Thursday of timely interest.

At **29.50**

18-kt. Belais white, gold bracelet watch, 15-jewel lever movement, decorated with an engine-turned rim.

At **32.50**

18-kt. Belais white gold bracelet watch, 17-jewel movement, and in rectangular shape.

At **16.50**

14-kt. white gold bracelet watch, 15-jewel movement, modeled in an engraved tonneau shape.

Street Floor

Flowered Crepe Pajamas for Women and Misses

At **1.50**

—of the well wearing pink Windsor crepe, these one-piece pajamas are a welcome addition to any set of underthings, for they are so easily washable, so uncrushable, and so pert. They are designed of delft blue flowers scattered over a pink background, embellished with a matching stitching and ribbon.

Third Floor

A CLEARANCE SALE OF

Women's Bungalow Aprons

At **75c**

Regularly 1.00

—of excellent quality percale in a wide variety of charming and smartly fitting styles, and to suit every taste in light or dark colorings. An unusual value!

A Friend for the Woman Who Sews—the Wicker Needlebasket

A wicker sewing basket always has everything in readiness for the woman who sews, whether she is replacing a stray button or creating a gown. The imported needle baskets show various sizes and colors.

There's a small but useful basket made of natural and purple wicker, with a purple satin drawstring bag. Outfit, **3.75**

Navy, green or purple topped baskets with English Morocco leather, the baskets moire lined with matching color **7.75**

Or here are leather-topped baskets fully lined, as well, with leather. Outfitted, **8.75**

A different style of wicker basket arrives in semi-octagon shape. It, too, comes with a leather top and moire lining . . . **16.50**

Or, if you prefer, here are wicker baskets of oval shape made with two side compartments, **19.50**

A wicker sewing basket on a stand makes a convenient and decorative bit for one's room, **19.50**

Street Floor

Auto Show News

An Accessory Exhibit, as it were, to that jolly little Automobile Show this week which fills up the Grand Central Palace—and all hotels, and (as usual) us!

Neat Fittings for the Car

After the purchase of one's new car, the first motor accessory to acquire is obviously a *liveried chauffeur.* And here he stands, quite, quite correct in every detail. The very proper French cap . . . **4.00**

The even-more-so herringbone suit . . **45.00**

Sixth Floor

Air-Cooling and a New Idea

It is all very well for the driver to be interested in the pros and cons of the new air-cooling devices. But the habitual occupants of *back seats* are far more intrigued by these novel and effective new leatherette *foot-warmers.*

Glorified puss-in-boots they are (for two feet) and lined with lambs wool . . . **10.00**

Sixth Floor

The new cars, you'll observe, like the new frocks are hung low!

French Motor Mascots

Any right-minded engine will respond to the influence of this hastening maiden, perched upon the hood of a car. An athlete of *endurance* as well as beauty, for she is made of French copper, silver plated, from France **15.00**

Sixth Floor

The Campbells are Coming, Hooray!

The plaid steamer rug (that can be rolled up for any kind of a land or sea voyage) remains the favorite of all motor robes.

The above's plaided in the authentic tartan of the doughty Campbell clan of Scotland . . . **15.00**

Sixth Floor

And the newest sports cars are quite like the newest sports shoes two-toned.

EMPLOYERS OPPOSE | SAYS MOST EDITORS | 1,200 JOBLESS SEEK | OFFERS URUGUAY A LOAN. | DECIDE TO SHIP GRAIN

EMPLOYERS OPPOSE NEW WORKMAN'S ACT

Legislators Warned of Reviving Questions Already Settled by Litigation.

SOME CHANGES DESIRABLE

Danger Seen in General Rewriting of Compensation Law Now on the Books.

Opposition to a general re-writing of the State Workmen's Compensation law was voiced yesterday at a hearing of the Legislative Committee headed by Senator John Knight, of Wyoming County, which has been at work for two years on a revision and codification of that statute. Although many changes in the law were suggested, it was pointed out that frequent changes in verbiage and elimination of words and phrases might tend to a revival of questions already settled by litigation. This view was presented by Richmond L. Moot, counsel for the General Electric Company. Mr. Moot's contention was backed by others who appeared before the committee. It was said that one of the purposes of revising the law was to bring about a cessation of unnecessary litigation. Two drafts of a substitute law, in both of which an effort was made to shorten it by eliminating words and phrases considered unnecessary, were submitted at yesterday's hearing. The session was the last at which tentative drafts were to be considered. The committee now will prepare its own bill for presentation and give the public an opportunity to discuss it in its legislative state before action in Albany. One of the drafts was submitted by Mark A. Daly of Buffalo, general secretary of the Associated Industries of New York State. Another was prepared by Laurce G. McConachie, expert for the committee.

Results Loom Whitney, one of the industrial trial commissioners, opposed a proposal to combine the Compensation act with the general Labor law. Mrs. Whitney said that the Labor law covered conditions in buildings, factories and industries generally, whereas the Compensation law concerned itself solely with the adjustment of compensation to employes injured in the course of their employment. Senator Knight said that he was inclined to think that the assembling of the two laws into one chapter would make for economy, but that he would not insist on this point.

Mr. Daly's draft contemplated making four alphabetical sections covering every phase of employment in which compensation is provided, from the time the raw materials first come into the hands of the employes in any industry. In the present law these subjects are not assembled in any list, but are scattered throughout many sections of the law.

The Associated Industries seeks to have the law amended so that the measure of disability shall be the loss of earning power of the injured employe. Under the present law, it was argued, a man might be able to earn as much as before his injury and be allowed total disability.

CITY COLLEGE CLUB HOME.

Building at 46 East Fiftieth Street Leased for Five Years.

The City College Club yesterday rented the five-story building at 46 East Fiftieth Street for five years. It is the property of Mrs. Henry S. K. Williams.

The building is being equipped with all the features of a metropolitan social club. It will have a restaurant, gymnasium, lounge rooms, library, reception room, billiard room and dormitories. Agitation for a clubhouse by its members has been going on for some time, but it was not until last Dec. 1 at a dinner of the Twentieth Century Graduates Club that a committee was formed to raise a building. Letters are being sent to 5,000 graduates and 2,000 non-graduate alumni to join the club.

SAYS MOST EDITORS FAVOR RACE TIP BAN

Methodist Sheet Declares Proposed Law Fought by 'Gamblers and Journalistic Touts.'

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The current issue of the clip sheet sent out by the Board of Temperance, Prohibition and Public Morals of the Methodist Episcopal Church says it has reason to believe that "the majority of editors who are informed of the matter" approve Section 5 of HR-8078, ostensibly designed to prohibit transmission through the mails of newspapers containing tips on races, but which according to its opponents would virtually prohibit sporting news of any kind.

This last contention is denied by the Methodist clip sheet, which goes on to say that "the fight against the bill is being led by the gamblers, by journalistic touts and by the publishers of fake letters of betting advice."

As a matter of fact, those who appeared against the bill at the hearing yesterday by a Senate subcommittee were Colonel Robert R. McCormick, editor, and S. E. Thomason, general manager, of The Chicago Tribune; Elbert H. Baker, publisher of The Cleveland Plain Dealer; W. F. Wiley, business manager of The Cincinnati Enquirer, and Senator A. O. Stanley of Kentucky.

"Also," the clip sheet adds, "the bill is being actively opposed by a few New York newspapers which by the conduct of their editorial pages, by their cartoon strips and otherwise have made it more difficult for the United States Government to enforce law. They have given aid and comfort to the internal enemies of the United States Government and society. They do not come into court with a record of loyalty to law in their hands, and their opinion should be disregarded in favor of the opinion of the vast mass of editors of large and smaller papers throughout the United States who have loyally stood by the country in its present war against the activities of outlawed criminals."

Rev. Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts, Superintendent of the International Reform Bureau, gave out today a history of his achievements and prospectus of his intentions in honor of his seventy-second birthday, which falls tomorrow. He described himself as "in perfect health, but facing eternity."

His chief interest in future seems to be in what he describes as "the addition of a twentieth amendment to the Constitution, giving Congress power to establish minimum standards of marriage and divorce, below which no State may fall, above which any State may rise," and a Senatorial investigation of the motion picture interests, especially what he calls "their avowed efforts to establish a trust and to control politics, even to the election of Senator and President."

Dr. Crafts adds that "these moral reforms now have a clear track where prohibition measures have had the right of way for twenty-three years."

HYLAN WRITES MISS BOOTH.

Not Yet Ready to Approve Her Better Times Exposition Plan.

Mayor Hylan is not ready to give his approval to the plan suggested on New Year's Day by Evangeline Booth, Commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, for a "better times exposition," but he suggested yesterday that if those interested in such a movement would go ahead the endorsement of his Administration would not be withheld, "should it appear from subsequent developments that the best interests of the public will be subserved."

In a letter to Miss Booth the Mayor said: "Some time ago I publicly expressed approval of any get-together or better times exposition that would inure to the benefit of the people and the business enterprises of the city. However, it is my judgment that the initiation of such a project should find its impetus in circles outside the Mayoralty or City Administration. To this position I still adhere."

1,200 JOBLESS SEEK LODGING FROM CITY

Three Women With Children, Deserted by Husbands, Apply for Municipal Help.

ONE NEGRO ARRIVES ARMED

And Gets Free Bed in Police Station —Unemployment Situation Worse, Says Sullivan.

A big negro went into the Municipal Lodging House last night and asked for shelter. When his clothes were looked over, a loaded automatic pistol was found in a coat pocket and he was given lodging in the East Twenty-second Street Police Station. He said his name was Leo Billings, 24 years old, and that he had lived in New York for five years. He was charged with violating the Sullivan law.

Aside from Billings, it was a quiet and orderly crowd of men and women that sought shelter in the Municipal Lodging House. Nearly 800 persons asked for admission, and all were taken in. Twenty-five were women, three of whom had children. They had been deserted by their husbands.

Both Superintendent MacMahon and his assistant, Mr. Newhouse, said nearly all of the men were young and willing to work. Many were ex-service men, but although a recruiting sergeant went among them he did not get many recruits.

"We had fifty snow workers," said Mr. Newhouse. "They had tickets for the work they had done, but they had not been paid. When men are willing to go to work in shoes that are full of holes, without gloves and overcoats, and come back with their hands and feet frostbitten, it is pretty good evidence that they are willing to work."

The other city lodging house at 507 West Twenty-sixth Street, under the direction of Major Edward Underwood of the Salvation Army, a member of the Mayor's Committee on Relief, was filled to its capacity of 400 beds. There were nearly 150 ex-service men there.

"We have found that in bad storms men do not come to us as much as in clearer and colder weather," said Superintendent MacMahon. "If they have any sort of a shelter they stick to it. We don't have so many of the old heavy drinkers as we used to, although some of them show that they have been drinking. But in this weather we ask no questions and take them all in.

Louis H. Sullivan, director of the City Employment Bureau, said the unemployment situation was becoming worse, and unless something was done soon to alleviate the condition it would prove serious.

"Unemployment has reached a stage where it is actually menacing the welfare of the community," he said. "This morning 230 new applicants crowded into the offices of the bureau, at Worth and Centre Streets. The books now contain thousands of names of men and women. The response of employers has been negligible.

"Today's snowstorm was really a blessing in disguise. Street Cleaning Commissioner Taylor has promised us his co-operation, and all unemployed who are physically able to do the work will be put to work clearing the streets."

Harvey Back in the Council.

CANNES, Jan. 10 (Associated Press).—George Harvey, American Ambassador to Great Britain, attended today's session of the Allied Supreme Council meeting, having almost completely recovered from the shock he suffered in an automobile accident on Monday. The members of the Council heartily congratulated him on his narrow escape.

OFFERS URUGUAY A LOAN.

National City Bank Ready to Lend $8,000,000 to $10,000,000.

MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—A group of American bankers representing the National City Bank of New York has offered the Uruguayan Government a loan of $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 which to buy the British-owned water works company of Montevideo.

The company has offered to sell the plant for $2,000,00, which at the present rate of exchange amounts to more than 12,000,000 Uruguayan pesos. The pound sterling is relatively lower in price than the American dollar, and the Uruguayan Government by negotiating a loan in the United States and paying the purchase price to the British company will gain considerably.

The conditions of the loan are understood to be the same as those of the recent flotation of $7,500,000.

The sale price of the water works is less than the actual value of the properties, according to the appraisal of the National Technical Department.

Officials of the National City Company who have been engaged in negotiations with the Government of Uruguay for a new loan of between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 on behalf of Montevideo said last night that they had not received confirmation of the acceptance of terms from their representatives in Montevideo. Conversations on the proposed loan have been under way for about a month, and several times it has been reported that the contract was about to be signed. It is expected that the bonds to be sold in this market will be a 7 to 7½ per cent. security.

SCHOOLBOY FIGHTER FREED

Justice Dismisses Boy Whose Chum Died After He Struck Him.

Theodore C. Friedemann, the Erasmus Hall High School freshman who was accused of causing the death of his chum and schoolmate, Harold Cisney of 27 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, was allowed to go free by Justice Robert J. Wilkin in the Children's Court yesterday. Both boys were 14 years old. They had a fist fight in the basement of the high school Wednesday afternoon. Cisney was felled by a blow and sustained a fractured skull.

Justice Wilkin dismissed the charge against Friedemann, as he was convinced that the death of the Cisney boy was accidental. He was informed that District Attorney John E. Ruston had made an investigation and concluded that he would not prosecute Friedemann. Cisney's father wrote a letter to young Friedemann on Monday forgiving him for causing his son's death.

DECIDE TO SHIP GRAIN TO RUSSIA AT COST

Harding, Hoover and Lasker Plan to Use Shipping Board Vessels If Private Bids Are High.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—An agreement to transport grain to Russia in Shipping Board vessels at cost was reached today at a conference of Secretary Hoover and Chairman Lasker of the Shipping Board with President Harding.

Under the agreement the Shipping Board would undertake to transport at cost grain for Russian relief purchased under the congressional appropriation of $20,000,000, but American private shippers would be given priority in employment over the Shipping Board steamers so long as they were willing to quote fair rates.

"It was considered that $1.50 per ton or so above going rates for foreign shipping," Mr. Hoover said, "represented approximately the difference in costs imposed upon American shipping by American shipping laws and American wages, and that approximately this figure should be used as a criterion in determining fair rates for private American shipping. The co-operation of the majority of American ship owners has been assured."

TUMULTY LECTURES BY RADIOPHONE

Thousands of Amateurs Had an Opportunity to Hear Him Tell of Woodrow Wilson.

From the Westinghouse Company's broadcasting station in Newark, Joseph P. Tumulty last night told the world what it meant to be Secretary to President Woodrow Wilson.

If the world did not hear it, at least many thousands of amateur radiophone enthusiasts and many professionals as well in this part of the universe did. The station is powerful and the almost nightly broadcasts have come to be listened for with eagerness by devotees of this new diversion.

Reports will not be received until today as to the extent to which Mr. Tumulty's speech was audible. Then it may be found that adverse weather conditions resulted in disappointment to some who wanted to hear him.

Mr. Tumulty's speech was reminiscent of his series of articles on his experiences as President Wilson's aid which were published in this newspaper.

TEMPEST KILLS GIRL, TOPPLES OVER MANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

the pole, suffering from bruises and possible internal injuries for which he is now being treated in the Norwegian Hospital.

Wind capsized the milk wagon driven by Mark Kay, 25 years old, of 84 East 110th Street, while he was driving in Sixty-fifth Street near Fifth Avenue. The wagon started off like a kite, its wheels quit the pavement and the horse was dragged backward until it fell on its side. The wagon also fell on its side, pinning Kay underneath. He was taken to Flower Hospital suffering from injuries to both legs.

Louis Scheibel, 46 years old, of 440 East Seventy-fifth Street, was struck by a piece of cornice as he was walking in front of 1,280 Lexington Avenue.

Stitches were taken in the scalp of Pauline Sabrayant of 433 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn, at the Bread Street Hospital after her scalp had been laid open by whiplash strokes from wires torn from broken poles in Brooklyn. Many others suffered bruises, lacerations and sprained ankles. Windows were blown out by the dozen, scattering glass along the streets. Many small chimneys went down, and a great shower of bricks was shaken from the great 125-foot smokestack on powerhouse No. 17 of the Bush Terminal warehouse at Fortieth Street and Second Avenue, Brooklyn.

Storm Started in Alabama.

The hurricane had started up north from Alabama, which was the storm centre yesterday. Early in the morning it passed the Virginia Capes and made straight north for New York. While the storm centre remained south of New York it was drawing the colder air from the north over New York. When it passed to the north of New York it drew over New York the warmer air from the south and east. This accounted for the curious tricks of the storm yesterday, starting with cold and snow, changing to sleet with a terrific wind, shifting suddenly again to a warmer temperature with heavy rain, which reduced the snow in the sidewalks abruptly to thick slush and the gutters to water knee depth.

At about 1 o'clock a "hole" in the storm passed over parts of Manhattan. Snow which had been coming down in great flakes, like small paper bags, suddenly became transparent and appeared as huge drops of rain. The wind suddenly lost its velocity. A sort of skylight or shaft opened through the black dome of cloud and the sun shone through a sheaf of bright beams. For a while it was like an April shower. The rift in the sky was soon soldered up with more clouds, but the rain continued instead of snow.

Cold After Respite.

The sidewalks of New York were probably never wetter than they were yesterday afternoon. Enough snow remained to act as a sponge and hold the water on the sidewalk, instead of letting it run off. Everywhere it was of about the consistency of a half-melted lemon ice. Much water still remained on the sidewalks late last night, when a sudden twist in the storm brought freezing temperature again, glazing the sidewalks and pavements and insuring a night of many falls for pedestrians and horses.

The sudden lull in the course of the storm in New York yesterday afternoon may have been due to New York's being in a position near the centre of lowest pressure, or what the weather observers call "the eye of the storm." In "the eye of the storm," or storm centre, the swirling arms of the gale meet and "balance" or neutralize one another, so that the land under the "eye" is for the time in a calm. An invasion of heavy seas on the coast was caused by the gale's acting in concert with the "full moon" tide, or tide due to which the sun and moon join their forces of gravity to swell the ocean waters along the shore.

The great surf thundering off Seabright, N. J., threatened again to burst into the village, which is always the first point along the Jersey coast to be besieged by a wrathful ocean. A tremendous surf pounded the shore at Long Branch in the morning, threatening there also to break over the bulkheads into the town. Just as the danger appeared imminent, however, the storm took a swing and the dangerous northeast wind was replaced by a reassuring southerly breeze.

Boats Driven Ashore.

All along the coast barges and small boats were blown ashore. Many small boats at anchor were capsized. Few ventured to sea during the heavy wind and no small boats were reported in distress. Many incoming steamers were held up or forced to anchor in the bay, because their masters dared not take the risk of injury to their boats from collision with other boats or jams at the piers.

It was not cold enough for the snow to impede traffic during the brief spell of sleet and hard freeze snow in the morning. The Street Cleaning Department and the transit lines called together their snow-fighters and put them to work. Snowsweepers were put in action on surface car lines, but the sudden change to warmth and rain made the snow easy to deal with. Train service out of New York was also running near schedule, because the snow had not been cold enough to freeze to the rails and make a real impediment to train operation.

Telephone and telegraph wires were blown down in great numbers, interfering greatly with those services. The bad weather drove twenty-four women and more than 500 men to the Municipal Lodging House for shelter. Three little children, accompanied by their parents, were among those who took refuge there.

At the United States Army enlistment station at 30 Whitehall Street the snow was credited with helping to break all records for recruiting. There were several hundred applicants for enlistment, of whom fifty-one were accepted during the day.

The storm interfered seriously with business in Wall Street, because so many brokerage houses were cut off from wire communication with their connections in New England, Pennsylvania and Middle Western States.

Four Women Hurt.

A sign fell at 51 Hudson Street, injuring four women—Rebecca Grill, 18 years old, of 101 Avenue B; Clara Malborough, 20 years old, of 209 St. Nicholas Avenue; Rose Uhr, 24 years old, of 27 Gansevoort Street, and Annie Hagel, 33 years old, of 43 Beachwood Avenue, Bogota, N. J.

The high wind caused a plank to fall from a new building at 24 East Forty-fifth Street, causing injury to three persons—Ella Durgin, 35 years old, of 962 St. Nicholas Avenue, contusions of the leg; Joseph Ledda, 30 years old, of 336 East Sixty-third Street, lacerations of the ear, and Loretto Scammell, 27 years old, of 271 East 197th Street, lacerations of the leg.

The northeast snowstorm swept over Staten Island with violent force yesterday, bringing high tides and seas along the shore from Clifton to New Brighton, and along the south shore from Fort Wadsworth to Tottenville. The high tides inundated several bungalows, but did not throw them over.

Due to the high winds the ferryboats had considerable difficulty in landing. Captain Charles Lockwood of the ferryboat President Roosevelt said that it was the worst storm he had experienced since 1898. The trips of the ferryboats were made with little delay between Manhattan and Staten Island, but delay was experienced in making slips.

A branch of a tree blew down during the afternoon and broke the feed cable over the Richmond Light and Railroad Company, carrying down wires used for supplying current for trolleys and electric lights for commercial use. The break interfered with trolley service between New Brighton and Howland's Hook for more than an hour. It also caused a suspension of the city lines used by the trackless trolley between East View Hospital and Linoleumville and the one-man car system between St. George and Silver Lake.

The distinguishing feature of the streets last night was the deep water holes which, appearing black between small snow mounds, presented a surface like asphalt. Hundreds of New Yorkers were betrayed into stepping into small lakes which looked like the pavement. Later a thin film of ice over gutters in which the water was backed up formed a new set of traps, in which the pedestrian stepped ankle deep in water or fell full length, when what seemed solid to the eye proved liquid to the foot.

DROWNED IN HURRICANE.

Cape Cod Fisherman Lost—One Dead in Springfield, Mass.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—The storm which rushed up the Atlantic Coast today brought the heaviest gale of the Winter to New England, accompanied by rain, sleet and snow. In its course it smashed into the Provincetown fishing fleet and piled up two fishing schooners on the shores of Cape Cod, besides sinking two power dories. One man was drowned.

North and west of Boston a heavy snowfall was reported, and in Maine and New Hampshire trolley service was interrupted at several points and trains were delayed. In Boston the storm started with snow which changed to sleet and then to heavy rain, making streets and sidewalks a mass of slush and water for several hours. Shipping had been warned in advance and kept close to port.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 11.—The snowstorm which struck Springfield this morning caused one death. The body of an unidentified man, about 60 years old, was discovered in Bay Road early tonight. Death was the result of exposure, according to the Medical Examiner.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Approximately eight inches of snow had fallen here early tonight, but a strong wind had caused it to pile into drifts, in many localities many feet deep. Street-car service was maintained with difficulty.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Jan. 11.—For the first time in several years snow in sufficient quantity to seriously interfere with interurban railway traffic descended upon the Chemung Valley today. Tonight a long section of the southern tier is practically isolated. Country roads are badly drifted. Eighteen inches of snow fell, according to measurements made on the level.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Merchants here were forced to halt business today because of a heavy fall of snow driven by a fifty-mile gale. Ferry service on the St. Lawrence River between here and Prescott, Ontario, was seriously interfered with. Early tonight the storm showed no signs of abating.

9 REPUBLICANS NOW AGAINST NEWBERRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

with a colleague, is said to have remarked that if he was up for election in his State tomorrow he would be defeated by 200,000 votes. This Senator is known to be most reluctant to vote for the Michigan Senator, but has about made up his mind to do so.

All of the speeches today were against Newberry. Senator Underwood, after the disarmament conference long enough to deliver an address, in which he emerged that the election of Newberry had been deliberately purchased, and that it was not Newberry personally, but the Republican Party, that was on trial before the country. Other Senators who voiced their opposition, besides Jones and Norris, Republicans, were Hitchcock, Trammell, Owen, Caraway and Reed from the Democratic side. Senators Borah and Kenyon, it is said, will probably fire a final broadside tomorrow afternoon.

Substitute Resolution Offered.

The original Walsh resolution, which declared the Newberry seat vacant, and which was so worded as to amount to expulsion, if it were carried, was withdrawn this afternoon and a substitute offered in its place. A vote of expulsion requires a two-thirds majority, while a majority vote controls when the motion is to declare the seat vacant. It will be the substitute Walsh resolution on which the test vote will come. This substitute, as introduced by Mr. Walsh, just before adjournment, reads:

"Resolved, that Henry Ford, contesting the election of Truman H. Newberry as United States Senator from the State of Michigan for the term commencing March 4, 1919, not having received a majority of the votes cast at the election, is not entitled to a seat in this body.

"Resolved, further, considering that it is against a sound public policy that huge sums of money should be spent for the nomination or election of a candidate for the United States Senate, and that such excessive sums were spent to secure for Truman H. Newberry the Republican nomination as such candidate for the State of Michigan at the primary election in that State for the term mentioned, and considering that the campaign for his nomination was conducted in gross and flagrant violation of the laws of the State of Michigan and in contravention of the statutes of the United States, he is not entitled to a seat in this body."

An amendment was offered by Senator Owen of Oklahoma which, if adopted, would declare it to be the view of the Senate that it is against sound public policy for the "relatives and friends" of a candidate to expend huge sums in that candidate's campaign, and that, as this "confessedly" happened in the Newberry campaign, to seat that Senator would establish a precedent that would be harmful to the honor and dignity of the Senate of the United States and contrary to the best interests of the United States Government."

Business Newberry Evades.

The day's debate was opened by Senator Caraway of Arkansas, who denounced the Newberry statement before the Senate as an evasion. When Mr. Caraway concluded, Senator Owen of Oklahoma took the floor to make his first speech since the Newberry case became the unfinished business before the Senate.

Senator Owen said, it being confessed that Newberry's friends had expended a minimum of $200,000 used in hiring public officials, District Attorneys and office workers all over Michigan, with money paid to every newspaper in the State for Newberry propaganda which was in violation of the laws of Michigan and of the laws of the United States, the question before the Senate was whether or not a seat could be secured by such corrupt and unlawful practices.

It no longer was, Mr. Owen declared, a question merely of Mr. Newberry's guilt or innocence; it was a question of the honor and decency of the Senate and the safety of the legislative branch of the Government from being controlled by corrupt processes. He said that Newberry, as a matter of public policy, should not be permitted to retain a seat, that every disputed point could be waved and the question simply left: Shall the friends of a man be allowed to spend $200,000 or $2,000,000 to control a seat in the Senate? If this precedent were set and not repealed by the people, Mr. Owen said, this country would cease to be a democracy and become a thoroughly corrupt plutocracy. It would be ruled by corrupt wealth and not by honor and righteousness.

Underwood Arraigns Majority Party.

Senator Underwood, who followed Mr. Owen, contended that the prohibition of the Michigan statutes against the expenditure of more than $3,750 by a Senatorial candidate applied also to the expenditures by the candidate's committee. He declared that Newberry's seat was obtained by corruption and warned the Republicans that if they voted to seat him the Democrats would carry the issue to the people in the next election.

"This case is not one of whether a Senator is entitled to his seat," Senator Underwood said. "It does not confine itself to the question of the seat or the person involved. The issue involved is whether the Republican Party intends to obey the law of the land. It is seldom you find a contested election case in which so closely connected with a party organization as this is. I am not saying this with any desire to stir up political animosity, but because it is a fact growing out of the conditions in the case, a fact which every man in this chamber must recognize.

"We all know that during the war the question arose of which party should remain in control of this Senate. I do not criticise the other party because it desired to gain control; it was a perfectly natural and proper desire. But that was the condition and one seat in the Senate would affect the result and would determine which party would organize the Senate, and that one seat was the seat occupied by the sitting member from Michigan."

Senator Underwood reviewed the Michigan Senatorial contest and said that after Ford became an aspirant for the nomination the Republican leaders, not only in the Senate, but in the party as a whole, decided that they could not accept Ford as their candidate, because if he got into the Senate "they would not be able to control him or his vote." It was therefore decided by the party leaders, he continued, to obtain a candidate whom they could support, and Newberry himself, in his statement to the Senate, asserted that he had been "drafted" for the race.

Charges Decision to Buy Seat.

"Then when the issue became doubtful," Senator Underwood continued, "and it became apparent that the drafted candidate could not win, it was determined to buy the seat. It was deliberately determined to buy the seat," the Senator reiterated. "That is the plain truth about it. I do not know exactly how much was spent. Mr. Newberry in his statement before the Senate two days ago admitted that $190,000 was expended, and I believe it was more than that.

"That constitutes corruption in politics. It doesn't make any difference whether the Senator who occupies the seat participated in the actual expenditures or not. The fact remains that Mr. Newberry could not have been elected except by the corrupt use of money in his campaign.

"I am not charging that this money was spent to buy votes. I believe it is just as corrupt to spend such an amount to pay for propaganda for advertising or other forms of publicity as it is to buy votes for the candidate, who would not be otherwise elected if the votes were not swayed, by the use of money, from their natural channel. Do you think the Republican Party is justified in giving a seat in this body to a man the law of whose State prohibits him from spending more than $3,750 and who permits a committee organized with his sanction to expend $195,000?

"If you confirm Mr. Newberry's title to a seat in the Senate," said Senator Underwood, "you confirm all that was done in the Michigan election. If you do this, we, as the minority party, are entitled to carry the issue to the American people and condemn you for your action."

Senator Hitchcock, who was the next speaker, declared that if Newberry were seated the Senate would have proclaimed to the country that seats in it were "for sale to the highest bidder."

"'We expect the people,' he added, "to respect the laws that we enact, but how can we expect them to respect those laws if we permit seats in this body to be sold? Public opinion will be that over $200,000 for a seat in the Senate constitutes a national scandal. What happened in Michigan is that $200,000 was elected to the Senate, and that is the way the people of the country are going to regard it."

Norris Raises Many Laughs.

The speech of Senator Norris, Mr. Hitchcock's colleague from Nebraska, was replete with irony. He kept the galleries and the Senators, who, like himself, will vote to unseat Newberry, laughing almost from the moment he began until he concluded.

"They had an auction in Michigan," Senator Norris said, "and the thing they put on the block was a seat in the Senate of the United States. The seat was knocked down to the highest bidder and the question now before the Senate is whether or not we shall confirm that sale. The price was adequate. No question about that. As a matter of fact, I think that the price that was paid was more than the darned thing was worth.

"Why, it is even said that if we seat the sitting member we will establish a precedent by which poor men will be prevented from running for the Senate. Suppose it does? What business has a poor man here anyway? Then, if further, it will establish a precedent by which Senate seats will be sold like seats on an exchange. What of it? If a poor man hasn't the ante necessary in a Senatorial poker game let him go into a back alley and shoot craps. If he can't run for the Senate he can at least run for constable.

"If we do not confirm this sale the first thing we know we will have a lot of poor men in the chamber. We may have a farmer, one with long whiskers, whiskers that will put in the shade the foliage that adorns the face of our distinguished leader, Mr. Lodge."

Senators who would vote to seat Newberry had no occasion to worry as to the future, said Senator Norris. If they were defeated at the polls, he added, they would be "looked after" and would land "in soft berths with bigger salaries" than they receive as Senators.

Reed Ridicules Argument.

Senator Reed was also sarcastic.

"This precedent which we are asked to establish," he said, "has at least one virtue and that is it will put a lot of money in circulation, and if the common people are unable to get the offices they will at least have the satisfaction of getting the coin."

He argued that to say that Newberry did not know that the money was being spent for him was equivalent to maintaining that he was "without sufficient mentality to get to his hotel."

The debate will be resumed at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

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Full length splendid skins

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Odd Neckpieces & Muffs - - - - - - $25
Formerly up to $75

Evening Gowns

MODELS THAT FLATTER THE WEARER IN A VARIETY OF STUNNING MATERIALS, CHIFFON AND METALLIC BROCADES, FRENCH TAFFETA, THE NEW CREPES, LACES, PAILLETTES, ETC. $50 up
Formerly $125 to $285

Daytime Wraps

ELEGANT MODELS FORMED OF MARVELLA CLOTH, CASHMERE, — DUVETYN, PANNEVELAINE, MANY HANDSOMELY FUR TRIMMED, SOME WITHOUT FUR. MODELS SUITABLE FOR PROMENADE, MOTOR, SPORT AND EARLY SPRING. $50 up
Formerly $125 to $235

Afternoon Frocks

LOVELY GOWNS IN THE NEW CREPES,—SOME SMART ONE AND TWO PIECE TAILLEURS AND SPORT FROCKS SUITABLE FOR SOUTHERN WEAR. $35 up
Formerly $75 to $195

For the South

A Collection of

DAY WRAPS AND COATS

SUITABLE FOR THE WINTER RESORTS AND EARLY SPRING, FOR MOTOR, STREET AND SPORT, MADE OF FINE SILKS AND CLOTHS.

$35 $45 $75

Sale of Chauffeurs' Fur-Lined COATS!

Lined with genuine kangaroo, muskrat, wallaby, marmot, and selected sheepskin.

The shell or outside cloth is in black, blue or gray. In kersey and melton cloth. Collars are selected full piece Persian lamb. These are all exclusive models formerly $175 and $145. Now specially priced at

$95

Fur Robes—Lined with muskrat, black wallaby and natural kangaroo. Formerly $145. Reduced to **$95.00**

Caps—Raccoon and beaver fur caps. Were $25 and $20. Now specially priced at . . . **$15.00**

Brill Brothers

Broadway, at 49th Street

CITIZENSHIP STATUS OF OUR FOREIGN BORN

Census Bureau Figures Show a Total of 13,712,754 in 1920. Half of Them Naturalized.

GERMAN IMMIGRANTS LEAD

With Ireland, Russia, Italy and Poland Following in That Order. —Mexican Percentage Lowest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Department of Commerce, through the Bureau of the Census, today issued a statement showing the citizenship status of the foreign-born white population twenty-one years of age and over, by country of birth.

The total foreign-born white population of the United States, which numbered 13,712,754 in 1920, included 12,498,720 persons twenty-one years of age and over, of whom 6,208,697, or practically half, were naturalized. Wide differences in citizenship status appear among the natives of the various foreign countries, the proportions naturalized among those twenty-one years of age and over ranging from 74.4 per cent. for the Welsh to 5.5 per cent. for the Mexicans. For the five countries which contributed the largest numbers of immigrants the percentages naturalized were as follows: Natives of Germany, 73.6; of Ireland, 66.1; of Russia, 42.1; of Italy, 29.8; and of Poland, 28.9.

The natives of these five countries formed more than half the total foreign-born white population of the United States in 1920. Limiting the comparison to persons twenty-one years of age and over, the natives of Germany numbered 1,648,894; of Italy, 1,408,833; of Russia, 1,211,837; of Poland, 1,048,850; and of Ireland, 1,021,677.

Of the total white population 21 years of age and over, 22.7 per cent. were immigrants and 11.3 per cent. were naturalized immigrants. Thus in the white population of voting age there were 146 naturalized immigrants to every 1,000 natives.

The foreign-born white population comprised 7,328,322 males and 6,184,432 females, of whom 5,923,462 males and 5,670,265 females were 21 years of age and over. Among the men who had reached the age, of 21, 47.6 per cent. were naturalized, and among the women above the same age limit, 52 per cent. Under the provisions of the naturalization laws at the time the fourteenth census was taken the citizenship status of a married woman is the same as that of her husband (although if the husband had taken out his first naturalization papers only, his wife was classified in the census returns as an alien); for an unmarried woman the process of naturalization is the same as for a man; a foreign-born widow or foreign-born divorced wife of a citizen of the United States retains the citizenship status of her former husband so long as she continues to reside in this country, and a foreign-born widow or foreign-born divorced wife of an alien may become naturalized in the same manner as a man.

The following table shows the number of foreign-born white persons 21 years of age and over, with their citizenship status by country of birth:

Country.	Total.	—Naturalized— Number.	P.C.	Having First Papers.
All countries.	12,498,720	6,208,697	49.7	1,194,276
—Northwestern Europe—				
England	745,398	487,639	65.4	54,838
Scotland	231,534	145,672	62.9	19,749
Wales	64,225	47,760	74.4	2,199
Ireland	1,021,677	674,921	66.1	53,264
Norway	346,985	226,038	65.2	31,907
Sweden	606,549	422,662	70.0	52,226
Denmark	180,796	127,539	70.5	16,552
Netherlands	117,177	69,521	59.7	13,062
Belgium	54,545	27,996	51.5	5,626
Luxemburg	12,181	8,945	73.4	968
Switzerland	114,392	75,508	66.0	8,650
France	140,896	82,730	58.7	10,912
—Central Europe—				
Germany	1,648,894	1,218,451	73.6	115,196
Poland	1,048,850	302,635	28.9	146,004
Czech'slovakia	338,230	163,335	47.2	46,952
Austria	528,161	204,660	38.7	68,758
Hungary	353,792	106,163	30.0	52,860
Jugoslavia	155,956	38,816	24.9	29,523
—Eastern Europe—				
Russia	1,211,837	509,561	42.1	134,536
Lithuania	127,643	33,283	26.0	16,730
Finland	140,015	58,873	42.0	18,513
Rumania	66,117	28,690	43.3	12,336
Bulgaria	9,964	1,107	11.1	1,607
Turkey in Europe	4,601	969	21.0	655
—Southern Europe—				
Greece	161,515	28,129	17.4	21,044
Albania	5,000	370	7.3	497
Italy	1,408,833	419,715	29.8	189,586
Spain	41,436	4,450	10.7	2,747
Portugal	86,576	10,085	17.9	2,304
Oth. Europe.	2,841	1,066	37.5	280
—Asia—				
Armenia	33,526	10,012	29.9	4,562
Asia Minor	2,140	726	34.4	196
Palestine	2,839	978	34.3	945
Syria	40,575	14,037	30.3	5,372
Turkey in Asia	7,622	1,732	22.7	634
Other Asia.	6,546	2,515	38.4	610
—America—				
Can.-French.	274,176	132,881	48.5	23,176
Can.-Other.	727,340	446,548	61.7	47,718
Newfoundl'd	13,299	6,074	49.5	1,215
Mexico	219,697	17,624	8.8	2,749
West Indies (exc. Porto Rico)	21,829	8,681	30.8	1,180
Cent. & So. America	14,546	4,050	27.8	1,132
Other countries—				
Africa	3,898	1,746	48.5	577
Australia	9,722	4,999	51.4	998
All Islands.	33,557	7,731	23.0	1,271
All other	10,715	5,696	53.6	946

URGES GERMAN TARIFF PLAN

Woolen Manufacturer Would Base It on Cost of Converting Raw Materials

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A plan of assessing tariff duties on the basis of the difference in the costs of converting the raw material into the finished products in the United States and foreign countries was outlined today to Republican members of the Senate Finance Committee by Julius Forstmann, a woolen manufacturer of Passaic, N. J.

Mr. Forstmann told the committee it would not be possible to write the pending bill on this basis because of the time necessary to gather the facts as to the difference in the conversion costs. He urged, however, that a provision authorizing the gathering of this information be inserted in the pending measure.

The witness said this plan had been used by Germany in writing its last prewar tariff measure and that the gathering of the necessary data occupied a commission and 1,000 experts over a long period of time.

Preliminary reports on the investigation made by James H. Reynolds and Treasury experts as to a comparison of American valuations and the selling prices of imported goods in the United States also were received today by majority committeemen. The complete report is expected to be ready within a week and the information will be used as the basis for determining the tariff policy and writing the rates of the new bill.

MEXICAN PARLEYS STILL ON.

Reports of Friction in Banking Negotiations Are Denied.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 11.—Reports of friction between the group of bankers and the Mexican Government are unfounded. The negotiations are still running smoothly and Government officials say there is no reason for uneasiness. The policy of secrecy adopted by Government officials indicates that telegrams are still being exchanged.

The attitude here is one of confidence that an arrangement will be reached before Jan. 25.

It is known that Secretary de la Huerta has not changed his plans to leave for New York before February.

ARRESTS ARE PENDING IN 'POISON PEN' CASE

Tulle Examining Magistrate Ready to Lodge Charges Against Three Persons.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—While M. Richard, the Examining Magistrate of Tulle, who invoked the aid of a hypnotist in his effort to discover the authors of the "poison pen" campaign in his town, spent the day at Limoges explaining the séance, the prosecuting attorney of the Court of Appeals and his friends in Tulle upheld his actions on the ground that he was acquainted with the identity of the criminals and had simply endeavored to establish the case against them.

In his examination before the prosecuting attorney the Magistrate laid stress on the fact that the subjects at the séance were volunteers who, having been suspected as authors of the letters, desired not only to clear themselves but to hasten justice in discovering the real authors. The séance was not official, he explained, but simply a parochial experiment.

Dr. Locard, the handwriting expert of the Prefecture of Lyons, has received, since beginning his investigation of the Tulle cases, twenty anonymous communications denouncing as many persons as writers of the poisoned missives. One letter, purporting to come from the "Tiger's Eye," warns him not to come to Tulle, as he plans to do Sunday.

On the return late today of M. Richard from Limoges it became known that he was ready to order the arrest of three persons—a woman, her brother, who is an official of the Prefecture, and their mother. This is not only in keeping with the forecast made by a fortune teller from the cards last August, but points strongly toward persons already mentioned.

While the judiciary of Tulle are in accord with the Magistrate's beliefs, they fear he may be disciplined and removed before the arrests can be ordered.

SHIP CAPTAIN HELD FOR DEATH OF TWO

Drowning of Seamen in Storm on Oct. 23 Is Charged to Neglect of Duty.

Parker R. Knowlon, 38 years old, of Seaford, Del., a shipmaster in the employ of the Kerr Steamship Company of New York, was arrested yesterday by Edward Dowoder, United States Deputy Marshal, on the order of United States District Attorney Rupert Greene and arraigned before United States Commissioner John H. McCabe in Brooklyn on the charge of having caused the death of two men by drowning through neglect of duty when he was in charge of the steamship Westbrook on Oct. 23, 1920.

The affidavit in the complaint was made by Nathan Newman of Brooklyn, who said that his son, Herbert Newman, 24 years old, had been an able seaman on the Westbrook and was washed overboard from the after-deck when he was sent there to lash down ammonia tanks with another seaman, T. Norbold, who was also drowned.

The affidavit also said the Westbrook left the mouth of the River Elbe during a severe storm, and that other vessels anchored inside the breakwater. The gear about the deck had not been properly lashed down, as it should have been before putting to sea. In addition, there were no lifebuoys or lifebelts available to throw to the two seamen when they were struggling in the water, it was said.

The master of the ship was also accused of not stopping his ship to try to rescue the men. The Westbrook was about five miles offshore at the time, and returned later to anchor until the weather moderated.

OLES NOW BANS 'HE-VAMPS.'

Youngstown Mayor Also Orders Arrests of Fortune Tellers.

Special to The New York Times.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 11.—Mayor George L. Oles clamped on another lid today when he issued an order to his Chief of Police, James Watkins, to arrest all "he-vamps," fortune tellers and clairvoyants. The Mayor was particularly emphatic in dealing with the "he-vamps."

"I want to notify you that 'he-vamps' must discontinue operations," he said. "I want them locked up and given the full extent of the law. This includes well dressed men, with big automobiles, standing along the streets or driving up and down the thoroughfares, who ask young girls and women to ride with them. This order also includes the 'he-vamp' standing on street corners making insulting remarks as the ladies pass by.

"If these men cannot be brought in by uniformed police, I want plain-clothes men on the job, and I want these practices broken up at once. I don't care what the social or business standing of these 'he-vamps' is, they are going to stop the practice or go to jail."

CONFESSES EMBEZZLEMENT.

Prominent Cleveland Man Quickly Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 11.—Several hours after he voluntarily appeared before county officials and made statements which led to his indictment on charges of embezzlement, William E. Patterson, prominent Cleveland attorney and former President and Treasurer of the Forest City Woolen Mills Company, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to from two to twenty years in the Ohio Penitentiary. Patterson's last request was that he be sent to Columbus tomorrow.

The first intimation officials had of the case was last night when two attorneys, friends of Patterson, requested an appointment with County Prosecutor Edward C. Stanton today. The friends, after conferring with Stanton, summoned Patterson, who made a statement involving the embezzlement of more than $75,000 in the last three years.

He said he raised money on Forest City Company bonds without authority and converting the funds to his own use.

Extra Outlets—House Wiring
For the Best in Electricity
McGeady Electric
141 SIXTH AVE. NEW YORK CITY
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"If It's Electrical, We Do It"
ELECTRIC SERVICE ENGINEERING COMPANY
105 West 40th St. New York
Phone: Bryant 2749-6

Macy's
The Annual Clearance of
Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats
Continues to Offer Very Good Clothing At Very Low Prices

Suits and Overcoats
That Were up to $39.75
$27.50

Suits and Overcoats
That Were up to $49.75
$37.50

Sizes to fit men of all figures; fabrics and colors to meet every taste

No Charge for Alterations *Additional Salesclerks*

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK CITY

Extra Outlets for Electrical Christmas Gifts

The sale of electrical household appliances has been greater during the past holiday season than ever before. Many of these appliances such as the radiant heater, the vacuum cleaner, the washing machine, the electric iron, the toaster, or the attractive portable lamp, can be most conveniently used by providing a special outlet in the baseboard or the floor. There are several types of outlets, designed for easy and convenient connection, which can be readily installed by any competent electrical contractor

Skilled workmen, especially trained for home work of this character, are in the service of the Licensed Electrical Contractors of the city. The contractor who has rendered good service in the past, being acquainted with the installation, would probably be the more satisfactory

If no contractor is readily available, we shall be glad to send upon request a copy of The Edison Directory, which contains the names and addresses of the contractors who are recommended for this work

The New York Edison Company
At Your Service
General Offices: Irving Place and 15th Street

Branch Offices where Electrical Appliances are displayed and demonstrated for the convenience of the public

20 Norfolk St.	corner Hester St	15 East 125th St.	near 5th Ave
10 Irving Place	corner 15th St	362 East 149th St.	near Courtlandt Ave
124 West 42d St.	bet B'way & 6th Ave	555 Tremont Ave.	corner Monterey Ave
151 East 86th St.	bet Lexington & 3rd Aves	Night and Emergency Calls Watkins 3000	

All offices (except Irving Place) open evenings

John Wanamaker
Broadway at Ninth New York
Store Hours 9 to 5.30

Plenty of fine Ulsters in the Great Sale for Men

Wanamaker ulsters—every one. Ulsters that *look* well. Ulsters that fit *comfortably*. Ulsters that keep out the cold and the snow and the sleet. All sizes in each of the price groups in the sale.

IN THE BURLINGTON ARCADE STORE

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats

$35.00 grade, $40.00 grade, $45.00 grade — $28
$50.00 grade, $55.00 grade — $38
$60.00 grade, $65.00 grade, $70.00 grade, $75.00 grade — $48

Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

IN THE BROADWAY CORNER STORE

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats

$23.50 grade, $25.00 grade — $18.50
$27.50 grade, $30.00 grade, $33.50 grade, $35.00 grade — $23.50
$37.50 grade, $39.50 grade, $40.00 grade, $42.50 grade, $45.00 grade — $27.50

Broadway, Cor. Eighth Street.

WANAMAKER Clothing—all of it

Every suit and overcoat was made to our specifications.

The choice is still good in all sizes.

No charge for alterations

This morning we open up boxes just arrived, containing 4800 more fine

E & W
EARL & WILSON
Shirts

$4 to $7.50 Shirts
The standard, year 'round grades — $2.95

$2.50 to $3.50 Shirts
The standard, year 'round grades — $1.95

All new, and perfect. In the good fabrics for which E. & W. are famous. The first lot went out quickly. Men bought them by the dozen and half-dozen. And women, too—for their husbands and sons.

These 4,800 are in the regular patterns and colorings—all neglignee with soft French cuffs—some with collars attached; some with collars detached—colors guaranteed fast—sizes 14 to 16½ (mostly 14 to 15½)—and three lengths of sleeves.

Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

W. & J. SLOANE
FIFTH AVENUE *and* FORTY-SEVENTH ST., NEW YORK CITY

CHINESE RUGS
WORTHY OF THE NAME

DEEP, rich, lustrous pile, permanent dyes of best character, wool of fine quality and long staple, hand woven under careful supervision—all combine to make them not alone beautiful and attractive in appearance, but also to assure a life of durability which makes their actual cost even less than the moderate prices would suggest.

Size 8.0x10.0 . . . $295.00
Size 9.0x12.0 . . . $395.00

These prices are no higher than asked for ordinary "market" goods

PORCELAIN BLUES, FRUIT REDS, TAWNY SAND COLORS—FOR THE BEAUTY OF WHICH THE CHINESE ARTISAN HAS BEEN JUSTLY FAMED FOR CENTURIES, ARE TO BE FOUND IN THESE RUGS JUST RECEIVED

Free delivery to all shipping points in the United States.
Store Hours: 9.00 A. M. to 4.00 P. M.

Telesco—the partition that telescopes.

Whenever You Move Telesco Goes With You

Most office partition is nailed together and cannot be moved without breaking or damaging it. Telesco Partition is erected only with screws and can be rearranged and moved without fear of loss.

Whenever you move Telesco goes with you and fits your new layout as though it was made for it. It has given 12 years' service to thousands of owners.

Phone for full information

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Go to BARNEY'S
Every Time
Anything Breaks in Your
Rear End Transmission
Satisfaction Guaranteed
Gears of Quality

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REDUCTION ON ALL
Gears, Axles, Bearings, Clutches and Universals Flywheels Ringgears

BARNEY'S AUTO PARTS CO.,
236 West 50th Street.
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Cuticura Soothes Rashes and Irritations

Hot baths with Cuticura Soap, followed by light applications of Cuticura Ointment, afford relief in most cases of rashes, irritations, eruptions, etc. Cuticura Talcum is also excellent for the skin.

Sample Free by mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 21L, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

See the new-type MARMON Closed Cars Space A-21

Last of the Battleships

U. S. S. Arkansas—Passing under Brooklyn Bridge on her way to join the Atlantic Fleet off the coast of Cuba.

Merchant Vessel A Flagship—The U. S. S. Columbia, formerly the Great Northern, leaving New York for the Southern Drill Grounds.

U. S. Dreadnought Maryland—Newest and most powerful American fighting unit, passing under Manhattan Bridge on her return from official speed test.

The New York Times
Rotogravure-Picture Section
NEXT SUNDAY
Reserve a copy at your news stand

COURT DENIES ORDER TO CHEMIST-SLAYER

Davis Apparently Sane on Money, Insane When Indicted, Says Judge.

SEEKS TO ANSWER SUITS

Alienist Whose Testimony Helped Send Detective's Slayer to Asylum Says He's Competent.

Justice Aspinall in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday refused to sign an order in behalf of Charles T. Davis, wealthy Brooklyn chemist, now in the Matteawan State Hospital for the Insane, who shot and killed Detective Joseph J. Bridgetts on Feb. 17. The order asked permission for Davis to verify answers in his defense in two actions for $100,000 brought by Detective Edward G. McGlone and George W. Horan, an insurance adjuster.

McGlone and Horan were in Davis's office at 221 Duffield Street, when the chemist killed Bridgetts. They were shot in the scuffle between the dead detective and Davis and are now suing him for damages. B. T. Kerfoot, counsel for Davis, tried to obtain the required information from him at Matteawan, but the authorities there refused to allow him to be questioned except on a court order.

Attorney Kerfoot submitted a statement from Dr. William B. Fritchard, an alienist, of 148 West Seventy-second Street, Manhattan, to support the application for the order. Dr. Pritchard said he had observed Davis at Matteawan and believed the slayer of Bridgetts "competent to manage his affairs and conduct his business successfully as in the last twenty years."

Dr. Pritchard was the alienist who decided that Davis was insane when he killed Bridgetts.

"I'll sign no such order," said Justice Aspinall. "Dr. Pritchard last June found the defendant an idiot, an imbecile and incapable of understanding the proceedings or capable of making a defense to his indictment for murder. Now he finds Davis competent mentally to manage his affairs and to conduct his business.

"The defendant is apparently insane when it comes to a question of indictment for murder, but when it comes to a question of taking money out of his pocket he is sane and able to manage his affairs."

Attorney Kerfoot told the Court that Dr. Pritchard in his affidavit "does not say that the defendant is sane. He simply says that the defendant is sufficiently clear in mind to consider business matters." The attorney added that the alienist testified before the commission that Davis was suffering from homicidal mania.

Germany to Raise Price of Potatoes.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—After being alarmed by reports that the price of bread was shortly to be increased, the German people had another shock today in a report of two successive increases in the prices of potatoes soon coming. The present maximum price for potatoes fixed by the State is already 5,000 per cent. above the prewar price.

GIVE DRY LEADER A DRINK.

And Then Chicago Aldermen Again Demand Wine and Beer.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Side-stepping the demands of the drys that "they stand up and be counted," on the question of enforcing the prohibition law, Chicago's aldermen reiterated their demand for wine and beer today after a two-hour debate marked by intense bitterness on both sides, and in which Alderman Lyle, dry leader, unwittingly quaffed liquor for the first time in his life.

Lyle was in the midst of a speech on law enforcement when a council page set a paper cup before him. Pausing for rest and refreshment, Lyle carried the cup to his lips, took a gulp, and then put it down in disgust.

"Some one has fixed me up a drink of liquor," he declared, as cries of "Pass it around" resounded through the chamber.

Lyle's resolution, complimenting the Mayor and the Chief of Police on enforcing the law and pledging the backing of the City Council, did not get to a vote. Alderman Cermak, wet leader, offered a substitute, setting forth the effects of "bootleg moonshine" whisky and resultant crime, and renewing the demand that Congress permit the manufacture and sale of wine and beer.

The substitute was adopted by 52 votes to 4.

SILESIAN TREATY HALTED.

Germany Refuses to Agree to Poles' Liquidation of German Property.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The German-Polish negotiations regarding an economic agreement covering partitioned Upper Silesia has reached a crucial stage, in the view of political circles, because of the reported insistence of Poland on the right to liquidate German property in that part of Upper Silesia awarded to Poland. Germany will never conclude or sign a treaty or convention with Poland giving the latter this liquidation right, according to the view here.

The former Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Simons, who resigned after the London ultimatum, has re-entered the Government's service as chief of the twelfth sub-commission of the German delegation negotiating the Upper Silesian economic treaty with Poland. Dr. Simons is chiefly concerned with questions of international law.

Border Liquor Flood Halted.

MONTREAL, Jan. 11.—Cancellation by the Federal authorities of bonded warehouse privileges in four border counties of the province, which are under the Scott Temperance act, has effectively closed the source through which thousands of gallons of liquor found its way into the United States, L. Giguere, Secretary of the Quebec Liquor Commission, said today.

The counties affected are Brome, Stanstead, Compton and Missisquoi, bordering on the States of Vermont and New Hampshire.

Chicago Transit Pay Cut $4,500,000

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—A wage cut of all Chicago surface line officials, office employes, trainmen, laborers and other workers, which will be the equivalent of 15 per cent., or $4,500,000 a year, will be attempted by the Illinois Commerce Commission, according to an announcement tonight by Chairman Frank L. Smith.

TENANTS CAN'T GET JURY FEE DEPOSITS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

single verdict, but they had not been able to get the surplus $9 returned by the court. At the Seventh District Court she said she was referred to Controller Craig and at the Controller's office they sent her back to the court, "so we don't know where to go."

Mrs. Lillian Damm, living in the same house, said she had four unlighted rooms and her rent had been raised a dollar or two at a time in four years from $28 to $50 and she was now fighting an increase to $75.

"The lady above me is paying $75 already and the landlord says he is going to get it out of me or make me move," she said. "I am there five years and the owner has done no cleaning. I brought in an inspector to look at the dirty walls, the cracks, the electric fixture holes that weren't filled up. The inspector said it was 'unsightly but not insanitary,' and, Mr. Untermyer, you well know that the inspector doesn't have to live there.

"I've looked for another place until I'm tired. There is no place to go for less than $50 that a decent woman can keep her children in, and I can't keep on paying $50."

Mrs. Harriet M. Reynolds said she moved into 5 West 177th Street last September and had to pay $50 for five rooms "without a ray of sunlight," that used to rent for $25 in 1918.

"It is absolutely in rotten condition and has not been papered, cleaned or anything since the last tenant occupied it," she said.

The landlord, Max Werner, was now demanding $70, she said, and refused to have the walls or floors cleaned or to rid the place of its filth.

"Why did you get into it?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Because I could not find another place," Mrs. Reynolds replied. "That is a foolish question."

"That is just what I wanted you to say," said Mr. Untermyer. "That is not a foolish question. Did you make a complete search for a place?"

"I went all over Washington Heights," testified the witness. "That is the condition in Washington Heights and I can speak for thousands. One woman says she has to get into bed with an infant to keep it warm, and she is paying $38 a month rent."

"Are the conditions as shocking all over the district?"

"Certainly. They are absolutely ridiculous."

When Chief Clerk Burns of the Seventh District Court was called, he said that in cases where a group of tenants each pay for a jury trial and one test case is tried the remainder of the jury fee is sent to the city because "of the law."

"Who gave you that kind of law?" he was asked.

"Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield," said Burns.

"Have you a written opinion from that legal lumbrary?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

Burns said he had no written opinion and then testified that Mr. Hirshfield's examiner, Mr. Amos, had advised as to the disposition of the money. He said that Justices Davies, Crane and Friedlander had also instructed him to send the money to the Controller. He promised to refrain from continuing this practice until the committee obtained an opinion from the Corporation Counsel.

It was brought out that instead of depositing the money received from tenants in banks where a 3 or 4 per cent. interest prevailed Burns deposited the money in a bank paying 2 per cent. interest. It also appeared that the interest on the deposits was being permitted to remain in the bank.

Burns was asked what he was going to do with the interest money. He said he had "all idea" on that subject, and he thought it belonged to the landlords. He planned to return the money to the landlords when the rent litigation was over.

It was here that Burns said that nearly all the litigation was caused by ten landlords, and that they were paid about 75 per cent. of the $1,900,000 deposited into courts by tenants.

Assemblyman McWhinney demanded to know the names of the landlords who made up the list. Burns promised to supply the names as well as other data requested by Mr. Untermyer.

"The people are entitled to their jury fees back when one case is taken to decide a large number," said Mr. Untermyer to the committee. "I don't think the people ought to be cheated out of this money."

Chairman Lockwood said the Justices who ordered the jury fees in such cases to go to the Controller's account would be asked to appear before the committee.

Mr. Untermyer said he intended to call the attention of the Public Service Commission to another grievance against the New York Telephone Company in the matter of telephone extensions. If the Public Service Commission failed to act he said the Lockwood committee should take up the matter. Instead of selling the instruments used on extensions, they were rented, he said, and the company received "an enormous and undeserved tribute from the people of this city."

"They charge, I am told, more for the rental of the extension than the instrument costs them," he said. "They have nothing to do with it because, as you know, it is worked from the main telephone of the subscriber. It does not give the company more work but more revenue."

Mr. Untermyer read a letter from Dr. W. W. Talley of 113 West Seventy-eighth Street. Dr. Talley said he had had an extension in his bedroom for twenty years and paid at the rate of $6 a year.

"It is a convenience that is worth the price," he said, "but it seems to me that I might own that little instrument which is certainly costing the company nothing to maintain."

Mr. Untermyer said he could not understand why the Public Service Commission gave no relief to subscribers against these extortions and why they do not insist that a man may buy for his own use an extension of his own house telephone. Take a large apartment house in which they have a switchboard and these extensions all through the house. The charge upon the tenants of that house is enormous when you take it in its entirety and it adds very much to the cost of housing."

The Associated Builders of Kings County sent the committee a letter favoring the "Untermyer plan" for stabilizing the building industry, but asked that the unions be requested to guarantee efficiency of labor.

Mr. Untermyer questioned witnesses on the methods of the General Electric Company in selling electric light bulbs in a further attempt to prove that the company's practices in dealing with independent manufacturers and licensees smacked of monopoly. By witnesses the committee endeavored to show that it was the practice of the General Electric to frighten or cajole independents into accepting licenses from it to manufacture a certain quota of lamps, the quantity being fixed by the General Electric. If the independent showed a disposition to fight when the General Electric threatened a suit for patent infringement, the case was taken to court, but it got no further in the Appleate Courts, as the independent was offered a handsome price to sell out if he showed a determination to carry the case to the highest courts.

H. A. Liebman, a former independent lamp manufacturer and part owner of the Independent Lamp and Wire Company, who sold out to the General Electric while his case was in the higher courts on appeal, admitted that the validity of the Coolidge patent which the General Electric claims to control had never been carried to the highest courts in this country, although the English court had declared the patent invalid. Although C. C. Billings, the patent lawyer for his company, had advised that there was a chance of winning the appeal from the adverse decision of the lower courts, the appeal was not pushed, but his company sold out to the General Electric while the case was on the calendar.

Lambert Schmidt of the General Illuminating Company told of the penalties imposed by the General Electric on licensees who violated its rules.

"I have a license to do a business of $75,000 in bulbs a year," he said, "and I can hardly make a living at that. But if I exceed my quota I must pay 50 per cent. royalties instead of 4 per cent. on the excess, and the total excess will be deducted from my next year's quota."

He said the General Electric had never allowed one of its infringement suits to go to the Supreme Court on appeal, but had always bought out the alleged offender.

The only glass works in the country making bulbs outside the General Electric was the Corning Glass Company, he said. When he failed to get his orders filled by the Corning Glass Company he asked the General Electric to sell him bulbs. The first time the General Electric filled his order for bulbs he was billed by that concern, but the second time he was billed by the Corning Glass Company. Mr. Untermyer has been trying to learn whether the General Electric owns or controls the Corning Glass Company, the only company outside the General Electric that is said to make glass bulbs.

Mr. Untermyer again lost patience half a dozen times with former State Senator Edgar T. Brackett, counsel for the General Electric Company, who interrupted the proceedings several times yesterday and the day before. Finally Mr. Untermyer said he would ask for a summary adjournment of the committee if Mr. Brackett did not maintain order.

The committee will meet at the City Hall at 10.30 this morning.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

FOR MADEMOISELLE *(14 to 20 yrs.)*

New Spring Tweeds Take the Winter Mode by Storm . . .

COAT COSTUMES OF GENUINE TRELAINE

A straightline one piece dress with a trimly tailored matching coat. Colors—Copenhagen blue, jade, tan or tangerine softly flecked with a contrasting shade.

49.50

MANNISH TAILORED TWEED SUITS

Man-tailored smart one button box coat model with new length coat, in the youthful high colors of the season—rose, blue, orchid or tan. Interlined for immediate wear.

45.00

MISSES' SUIT SHOP—*Second Floor*

MID SEASON CLEARANCE

$7.50

AN ASSEMBLAGE OF TWO HUNDRED HATS OF CUSTOMARY AVEDON CHARM. FORMERLY PRICED UP TO $20. MADE OF TAFFETAS, GROS DE LONDRES, FAILLE SILKS AND SATINS. FOR DAY-TIME, SEMI-DRESS AND EVENING.

AVEDON
448 Fifth Ave. at Fortieth St.

Jay-Thorpe Inc.
24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST

SALE OF HOSIERY

Placing on sale a number of sheer silk hose, full fashioned, in the newest Spring shades

3.95

Also English Sport Hose, of brush wool in heather and light colors

1.50

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES

What *"Attractive Prices"* Mean In This Store

Most of the patrons of this business are women who *know value*, regardless of the price mark.

When you see a garment or a bit of fur or a blouse, your mind instantly sets a tentative price on it. If the actual price be higher than that you have in mind, it seems *high*, if lower, it seems *low*.

And you are usually right.

When we say "attractive prices," we mean prices which are so moderate they are almost always *less than you think they are going to be.*

Here are some examples.

When you see these beautiful things, you may be quite certain that, measured by the usual prices of similar goods, you will find these prices extremely attractive.

Handsome Evening Gowns

for dinner, dance and the various formal functions of the Mid-Winter and Pre-Lenten Social Season at $95, $125, $145.

Youthful Dance Frocks

for Debutante Parties and Social Affairs of the Junior-Senior Smart Set at $65, $85, $125.

Fur-trimmed Evening Wraps

of soft, rich velvets and metallic brocades with combinations of fashionable furs at $125, $165, $225.

Gidding
FIFTH AVENUE
56th Street—57th Street
Paris London New York

JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
Baritone

In a Farewell Engagement at the WINTER GARDEN, Week of January Ninth, Prior to His Departure for Europe

With his individual charm of voice and personality, Mr. Thomas is singing many of the songs he has recorded exclusively for

VOCALION RECORDS
Playable on All Phonographs

The following recordings by JOHN CHARLES THOMAS will be Played for you at any Aeolian Store

Abide With Me	30118	$1.25
Danny Deever	52010	1.75
In the Gloaming	30110	1.25
Little Girls, Good Bye—From *"Apple-Blossoms"*	20003	1.00
Little Mother of Mine	30131	1.25
On the Road to Mandalay	30135	1.25
Pagliacci—Prologue	52024	1.75
Tommy Lad	30133	1.25
Canzonetta—From *"The Love Letter"*	30145	1.25

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MORE OFFICERS DENY WATSON'S CHARGES

Symonds Says the Only Gievres Execution in His Time Was Legal and Secret.

CORROBORATED BY OTHERS

Captain Hahn, Accused of Directing Lynching, Denies It, Other Witnesses Backing Him.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Testimony contradicting that of ex-service men was given today by army officers before a Senate committee investigating charges that American soldiers had been hanged without trial in France.

Colonel Charles J. Symonds of Camp Sherman, thirty-six years in the army, who was in command at Gièvres, at which place soldiers had told of hearing reports of numerous executions, declared that only one man was hanged there, and that the hanging, by his order, was secret.

The fact of the execution was made public later, the Colonel explaining that the murder for which the soldier was put to death had not been committed in his area, and he did not want a big crowd on hand to witness it. The picture of the gallows, supposed to be at Gièvres, which had been filed with the committee by a former soldier, was identified by Colonel Symonds as the structure built there, "or one closely resembling it."

Captain Joseph D. Hahn, now stationed at Camp Benning, Ga., declared that there was not a word of truth in the charges by Harry W. Segal, a soldier, that he, Hahn, had taken part in the unlawful execution of two negro soldiers. Other witnesses said they never had heard of a lynching in the Sixteenth Infantry, as witnesses appearing heretofore before the committee had asserted.

Dr. H. E. Ross of Danville, Ill., a battalion surgeon with the Sixteenth Infantry, testified that he had heard of no lynchings at Gondrecourt, and that he had never heard of any hangings in that locality. Robert Harrison of Wilmington, N. C., had testified that he saw a Mexican lynched near Gondrecourt, and that the body was taken to a hospital with rope marks around the neck.

"If a man in the Sixteenth Infantry had been hanged as charged, would you have heard of it?" Chairman Brandegee asked.

"Unquestionably," Dr. Ross replied.

"Was a body with a rope stub around the neck ever sent to your hospital?"

"No, sir."

Senator Watson presented to the committee an affidavit by J. A. McDonald of Youngstown, Ohio, setting forth that he was at the Bassens Prison in France when Private Fitzgerald was shot and killed "by a Sergeant Cooper or Kuippa of New Castle, Pa."

McDonald said he was ready to testify in support of recent testimony to that effect by Edward Duner of San Francisco.

In describing the execution of a soldier at Gièvres on June 20, 1919, Colonel Symonds said the gallows was erected the night of June 19; that the execution was secret, and was not known generally until the next day.

"I saw no reason for making it public, because the crime was not committed at Gièvres," he added. "I directed that nobody should attend but a certain number of witnesses."

"Was there any other gallows at Gièvres?" Chairman Brandegee asked.

"Not while I was there, from February, 1918, to July, 1919."

Some witnesses heretofore have testified that guards had told them of the hanging of upward of a dozen soldiers at Gièvres.

"If other hangings had occurred there would you have known of it?"

"I most certainly would."

Questioned regarding testimony that two negroes were lynched near Gièvres, Colonel Symonds said he could not conceive of anything of the kind happening without a report of it reaching him.

Senator Watson sharply cross-examined Colonel Symonds concerning the "secrecy surrounding the execution at Gièvres."

"Was the soldier hanged in a uniform?" Senator Watson asked.

"Yes. The body was taken down and buried in the regular way. The grave was in a separate part of the cemetery."

"Did the soldier make any statement prior to the hanging?"

"On the gallows he asked that his family be notified, but that they be not told as to how he died. He also asked that they shoot, and not hang him," Colonel Symonds said.

J. P. Fyffe, a manufacturer of Chattanooga, Tenn., who was executive officer to Colonel Symonds at Gièvres from August, 1918, to August, 1919, testified that there was only one execution there in that period.

While efforts were being made to keep the hanging at daylight secret, Mr. Fyffe said, "the news got around by noon."

"I never heard of a lynching and I certainly would have heard of it had it occurred," he added.

After Captain Hahn had made his denial of the charge that he had directed the illegal execution of two negroes at Gièvres, the provost officer at Gièvres—Oscar P. Cole of Berlin, N. H., who was stationed there from April, 1918, to June, 1919—testified that he had never heard of the alleged lynching there.

"I don't believe it could have happened without my knowledge," Mr. Cole declared.

Luther Churchill of East Bridgewater, Mass., testified that he never had heard of the hanging of a soldier in the Sixteenth Infantry in December, 1917. As recording officer at the regimental hospital, Mr. Churchill said, he was positive no body of a soldier with rope marks around the neck was sent there.

As senior soldier attached to the hospital service of the Sixteenth Infantry, Sergeant William T. Hanlon of Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., corroborated the testimony of Mr. Churchill as to absence of rope marks.

"No such body was ever sent to any of the station hospitals under my care," Hanlon said.

Marvin J. Menifee of Luray, Va., declared that he was with Major Hieronie Va. Opie of Staunton, Va., commander of the Third Battalion, 116th Infantry, in the Argonne and never heard of charges in France that the Major had shot any of his men.

The hearing was adjourned until tomorrow, when other army officers will testify.

ROCKEFELLER PAYS TAXES.

Sends $391,697 Check in Settlement of Income Judgment.

John D. Rockefeller paid the Government yesterday $391,697.83, the amount of the judgment, plus interest, claimed as income taxes for 1915 for dividends paid to Mr. Rockefeller for his holdings of stock of the Illinois and Prairie Pipe Line Companies, distributed by the Ohio Oil Company and the Prairie Oil and Gas Company. Suit against Mr. Rockefeller was brought in December, 1920, by Assistant United States District Attorney Richard S. Holmes.

The complaint said the tax paid on the stock represented the par value of the stock, which was $11,728,033.84, but that a tax due was on its market value of $18,009,013. It was the tax on this difference which was sued for. The Government won in the lower courts and the decision was sustained recently by the United States Supreme Court.

The check was drawn on the Equitable Trust Company and was certified. Mr. Rockefeller's name was printed on the check, which was guaranteed by an illegible name. Government clerks who saw the check thought Mr. Rockefeller's method indicated great carelessness.

NEW ITALIAN LINER TO BE HERE FEB. 24

Conte Rosso to Have Steam Laundry for Passengers and Open-Air Restaurant.

The agents of the Lloyd Sabaudo Line said yesterday they had received word from Genoa that the new liner, Conte Rosso, named after the famous "Red Count" of Savoy, would arrive in New York Feb. 24 and depart on her east-bound trip March 4. She has been built in Scotland and, according to the engineers who have seen her, is the last word in scientific ship construction.

The Conte Rosso is 590 feet long, has a 71-foot beam, and is of 18,500 gross tonnage. She is equipped with geared turbines of 18,500 horsepower which will develop an average speed of 19 knots. The liner has a double skin throughout and is equipped with every modern appliance for safety and comfort, including motor lifeboats. The wheelhouse will have one of Sperry's compasses. The wireless plant will be noiseless and non-vibrating and will be equipped with a long distance wireless telephone.

Among the innovations for passengers will be a steam laundry. Each cabin will have hot and cold running water, electric fans, low pressure steam heat and wardrobes, and the forward part of the main promenade deck will be transformed into an open-air restaurant to seat all the passengers during the hot weather.

CUNARD DENIES CHARGES.

Officers of Line Declare Immigrants on Aquitania Were Admissable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Investigation was declared today by the Cunard Steamship Company to have disclosed an error in the accusations of Secretary Davis, as transmitted recently in letters to Secretary Hughes and Attorney General Daugherty, that the company had brought in Hungarian immigrants in excess of quota.

The Cunard Company, through Thomas J. Stead, wrote to Chairman Johnson of the House Immigration Committee that the steamship Aquitania, declared by Mr. Davis to have sailed with immigrants at a time when it was known that the Hungarian quota had been quite exhausted, actually carried a fewer number of immigrants than then admissible.

The Aquitania, the letter declared, left Cherbourg Dec. 8 with approximately 300 Hungarians aboard, while figures issued by the Immigration Bureau showed "that 390 Hungarians were still admissible on Dec. 5, 250 on Dec. 21 and 78 on Dec. 31, in spite of the fact that a blanket order was issued admitting excess quota cases Dec. 24."

"From the above figures," the letter asserted, "only one conclusion can be drawn, and that is that every Hungarian who arrived on the Aquitania and was denied admission as being in excess of quota was eligible for admission at the time of the arrival of this steamer."

3 HELD IN HASHISH RAID.

Dr. Simon Says Use of Drug Is Becoming a Menace.

Hashish, a baneful narcotic, is being brought into the United States and consumed in such quantities that it represents a genuine menace, Dr. Carlton Simon, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, said last night after he and members of his Narcotic Division had arrested three men charged with possession and sale of the drug in the Red Hook section of Brooklyn. The prisoners, the first to be charged with violating Section 183, included last year in the new Sanitary Code, were locked up in the Hamilton Street Station, where they said they were Vernando Portale, a Cuban, who lives with his wife at 29 Carroll Street; Juan Soya, an Argentinian, who runs the Internacionale Café at 32 Carroll Street, and Augusto Zappelo, an Italian, clerk in a drug store at 54 Union Street.

After hearing that hashish was being dispensed generally in the Red Hook district in the form of cigarettes, Dr. Simon, with Lieutenant Mooney and Detective Quigley and Patorino, made a tour of that section. They arrested Portale and Soya in the Internacionale Café and then went to the drug store, where they say they bought the drug from Zappelo for 25 cents. The three prisoners will be arraigned this morning.

150 FAMILIES IN STREET.

Fire in Molding Plant Empties Adjoining Houses.

Fire gutted the plant of the Empire Molding Company at Richardson and Leonard Streets, Brooklyn, early this morning. Despite the efforts of firemen responding to four alarms, the wind spread the blaze to the S. Weinstein estate's molding plant, two blocks away, before the flames were controlled.

About 150 families were driven to the street from tenements adjoining the plants. No one was hurt, but it was believed that a police dog in the Empire place was burned to death.

LORENZ TO OPERATE TODAY.

Will Treat Two Congenital Hip Dislocations at a Clinic.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz will hold an operative clinic in Gouverneur Hospital this morning, when two cases of congenital dislocation of the hip will be treated. The clinic is open to members of the medical profession.

These preliminary clinics were announced by Dr. Jacob Sobel, Assistant Director of the Bureau of Child Hygiene of the Health Department: Wednesday, Jan. 18, at 840 Fulton Street, Jamaica; Friday, Jan. 20, at 430 East 138d Street, the Bronx; Monday, Jan. 23, at 514 Bay Street, Stapleton, S. I. In Queens a preliminary clinic will be held this morning at 138 Hunter Avenue, Long Island City, and at 874 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

MEXICAN LEADER ATTACKED.

Political Feuds Continue to Disturb the Capital.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 11.—The capital has been stirred by the reports of attacks on Señor Morones, leader of the Social Democratic Party. Congressman Luis Leon also was attacked last night. Three shots were fired at the Congressman, who escaped without injury.

These attacks are supposed to be results of the political trouble of the past month when the allied political groups defeated the Liberal Party for control of the permanent Committee of Congress. The control of this committee gave President Obregon control in the coming Congress.

The President will have a strong majority in the new Congress, which will back Government measures.

Two Science Trustees Are Out.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—The resignations of Herbert W. Eustace and Paul Harvey as trustees of the Christian Science Publishing Society were accepted by Judge Crosby of the Supreme Court today. He announced that the question of appointing new trustees would be considered later. At a conference of counsel for the directors of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, with the Court it was agreed that a hearing should begin tomorrow on the allowance of the trustees' accounts.

Stern Brothers

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Coat and Trousers)

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Dress Vests - $6.00 up.

The time to buy a dinner service is now!

IF you are contemplating the purchase of a dinner service of the very first quality, the discounts of the January Sale amount to such a respectable sum that it is the part of wisdom to buy your dinner service now.

Discounts of 10% to 50%

The customary January Sale of China and Crystal includes not dinner services alone but every item of table service which a hostess needs—for nothing in that wide and worthy collection is exempt.

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"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET

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623-625-627 West 23rd Street

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Authorized Parts Distributors of

Continental Motors Corp.
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The Store of Fur Supremacy

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The JANUARY SALE of FURS

AND TO FURTHER EMPHASIZE THE SAVINGS OF

33⅓ to 50%

WE HAVE ADDED MANY NEW VALUES—
THE RESULT OF ADVANTAGEOUS CASH PURCHASES
OF SMART 1922 MODELS FROM FOREMOST MANUFACTURERS

Repriced and Regrouped To Facilitate Selection

Gray Caracul COATEES Gray Caracul CAPELETS Hudson Seal CAPELETS Smart Mole CAPELETS Civet Cat COATS	$95
30 inch Hudson Seal COATS Natural Muskrat COATS 36 inch Raccoon COATS 30 " Hudson Seal COATS (Squirrel Trimmed) 32 " Caracul COATS (Kolinsky Collar & Cuffs)	$175
45 inch Mole WRAPS 45 " Hudson Seal COATS 45 " Hudson Seal CAPES 40 " Persian Lamb COATS (Skunk Collar & Cuffs) 36 " U. S. Gov't Dyed Alaska Seal COATS 40 " Hudson Seal COATS (Skunk Collars) 45 " Black Caracul COATS (Lynx Collar & Cuffs)	$295
36 inch U. S. Gov't Dyed Alaska Seal COATS (Skunk Collar & Cuffs) 45 " Mole CAPES (With Squirrel, Fox or Kolinsky) 45 " Black Caracul CAPES (Fox Collars)	$350
45 inch Hudson Seal WRAPS 45 " Hudson Seal CAPES 45 " Hudson Seal COATS (skunk or squirrel trimmed)	$395
45 inch American Ermine CAPES 36 " Mink COATS 45 " Hudson Seal CAPES (superior skins)	$450
45 inch Kolinsky CAPES 45 " Kolinsky WRAPS 45 " Kolinsky COATS 45 " Squirrel WRAPS	$495
45 inch Mink WRAPS, COATS & CAPES 45 " Russian Ermine CAPES 45 " Plat. Grey Caracul CAPES	$695
45 inch Luxurious Mink CAPES & COATS 45 " Broadtail WRAPS (with mink collar & cuffs)	$995
45 inch Broadtail WRAPS (with chinchilla collars) 45 " Broadtail WRAPS (with sable collar and cuffs)	$1295
45 inch Broadtail WRAPS (with chinchilla collar) 45 " Fine Eastern Mink COATS	$1595
45 inch Broadtail WRAPS (with chinchilla collar & cuffs) Hudson Bay Sable WRAPS & CAPES Dark Eastern Mink COATS & WRAPS	$1995

PROPORTIONATE REDUCTIONS ON EVERY FUR GARMENT IN STOCK NOT LISTED ABOVE

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:15

AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS

At The American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York

VALUABLE PEARLS

Diamond and Other Jewelry, Cabinet Gems, FINE OLD LACES AND EXPENSIVE FUR GARMENTS

The Sale Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and his assistants, Mr. OTTO BERNET and Mr. H. E. PARKE

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Advertising Supremacy

The New York Times yesterday printed 231 columns of advertisements, the largest volume ever printed in a week-day issue of The Times. This exceeded by 102 columns the next morning newspaper and was almost equal to the combined volume of advertising in any two other morning newspapers.

ADVERTISEMENT.

HOTEL BELLECLAIRE NEW YORK

Broadway at 77th St.

Specializes in courtesy, service and home-cooking.

LITTLE THINGS

The good housewife is always studying what she can do to make the home more inviting—more home-like.

Little Things done here and there often bring about wonderfully attractive changes.

The hotel owner, who is fortunate in having a home hotel, like the *Belleclaire*, whose reputation was built on its steadfastness in maintaining a home atmosphere, should do all in his power to keep his hotel looking spick and span and home-like.

The *Belleclaire* is a small hotel by comparison with the downtown giants. It has 304 rooms only, which are distributed over nine floors, but they are larger than the average hotel rooms. It is a quiet hotel, and therefore lends itself beautifully to home touches. I am giving it more and more home touches all the time.

The hallways on each floor seemed to me to be too dark and uninviting, even though electrically lighted in up-to-date style. The floors seemed too cold, for they are of concrete. The mahogany finish was too dark.

I decided to paint the walls a cream-white—to polish the doors to a higher and better mahogany finish—and to cover the hallways with a bright, cheerful carpet.

This work was started a few days ago.

It is going to cost a great deal of money before every floor is completed. The carpet bill alone will exceed $10,000. But the investment is worth while—if only because of the favorable appreciation of guests. It is worth while, also, because it is another of many Little Things constantly being done to make the *Belleclaire* more and more home-like and attractive.

Supplementing all the improvements being made to enhance the internal appearance of the hotel, all of us are zealously engaged in making our service to guests more and more complete and satisfactory.

Courtesy, Convenience, Comfort, Cleanliness, Cooking, are the big five watchwords in *Belleclaire* operations.

I will be glad to have you visit us at any time.

Walter Fitzgerald

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Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

SAY COURT CLERK STOLE RUM FINES

Jesse C. Berdeau, Deputy in Federal Court, Held in $7,000 Bail.

BOOTLEGGERS DOWN ON DAY

Dissatisfied Because of Restricted Withdrawals—Director Denies He Will Quit.

Jesse C. Berdeau, for several years a Deputy Clerk of the Federal Court, was held in $7,000 bail yesterday by Federal Judge John C. Knox to answer a charge of stealing money paid as fines by violators of the Volstead act. It was stated that the total amount of the money taken by the accused was about $4,000, but the complaint cites only two sums of $50 and $150 paid as fines by Peter Reilly and Pasquale Romano. Berdeau fled and was brought back from Los Angeles, Cal. Assistant United States District Attorney John E. Joyce suggested the amount of bail. The Court refused to reduce it despite a plea made by James W. Osborne, Berdeau's counsel. Judge Knox said that the accused was unworthy of clemency, because he had abused the confidence placed in him by his superiors.

The small quantity of alcohol and liquors which Director Day has permitted to be withdrawn has caused much dissatisfaction in bootleg circles, and they have been doing everything possible to oust him. A prohibition agent was told by bootleggers recently that Director Day would soon resign and that he would be succeeded by John S. Parsons, now chief prohibition enforcement agent. Chief Parsons has denied several times that he was slated for the position of Director. His present duties, he said, were sufficient for him. Director Day also denied again yesterday that he intended to quit the job.

When asked yesterday his reasons for requesting the resignation of Colonel Herbert G. Catrow, Assistant Director, who quit his office last week, Director Day referred questioners to the United States District Attorney. Efforts to get in communication with Colonel Catrow, who is Treasurer of the National Republican Club, 56 West Fortieth Street, proved unavailing.

Denial was again made yesterday by Director Day that he was being attended by a bodyguard. "No, I have no bodyguard. I don't need one. I'm not afraid of any one," he said. The report was given color because of the presence at Prohibition Headquarters for some time yesterday of an army Lieutenant.

The American Lutheran Publicity Bureau, 105 East Twenty-second Street, gave out a statement of Professor Theodore Graebner, editor of Lutheran Witness, embodying a pessimistic view of prohibition and its enforcement. "The authorities in many places," he said, "are in collusion with the lawbreakers or are helpless over against the magnitude of the evil. The situation is fast growing intolerable."

Sheriff George Werher of Westchester County received a court order yesterday for the commitment of John F. McCarthy, owner of McCarthy's Inn at Port Chester, to serve the balance of a ten-day sentence in the county penitentiary, following his plea of guilty to a charge of violating the State liquor laws. Through an error in the commitment papers, McCarthy served one day in his sentence in the county jail.

Joseph Finan, who came here from Rochester, N. Y., was sentenced to sixty days in the workhouse on a charge of vagrancy yesterday by Magistrate Max S. Levine in Essex Market Court. Finan explained to the Magistrate that he was a bootlegger out of work. He exhibited to the patrolman who arrested him the inside of his overcoat, which was equipped with seven bottle pockets.

Two men who described themselves as Thomas Malone of the Hotel Claridge and John Bonofore of the Lafayette Baths were sentenced by Federal Judge Knox yesterday to four months each in Essex County Jail for interfering with letters in the mail addressed to the Federal Prohibition Director of New York last June and containing requests for withdrawal permits from Pennsylvania distilleries.

A bill has been drawn at the instance of the Taxpayers' Association of Paterson, N. J., to wipe out the Board of Aldermen of that city. It is contended that since prohibition there is nothing for the Board of Aldermen to do, as for several years before prohibition the principal duties were the licensing of saloons.

Green Miller, special prohibition agent, under indictment on charges of shooting two men in West Orange a few weeks ago, returned to Newark last night from Washington to resume enforcement work in New Jersey. He was accompanied by John Burgoyne, former Department of Justice agent, who will assist him. Dr. R. O. Matthews, personal representative of Commissioner Haynes, is also expected to arrive in Newark today and it was said that he will co-operate with the agents in the campaign that is to be started to clean up New Jersey.

'RUM RUNNING' VESSELS LISTED BY GOVERNMENT

Score of American and Foreign Ships Engaged in Violating Prohibition Law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A list of liquor-smuggling vessels operating in American waters has been compiled by Federal authorities for use in combating rum runners, it was said today at prohibition headquarters. The list now comprises about twenty American and foreign ships.

Names of vessels suspected of whisky smuggling operations, officials said, are reported to headquarters by field agents and a list of the suspected craft is forwarded at intervals to prohibition directors of the States bordering on the Atlantic, Pacific and Gulf coasts to aid them in their activities against the illegal entry of liquor into this country.

One of the chief difficulties met by the bureau was said to be the facility with which these craft change their names.

The British schooner Messenger of Pence, seized with a cargo of liquor on the North Carolina coast last week, is among the suspected smuggling craft listed by the department, officials said.

"The favorite plan of these smugglers is to have two sets of clearance papers, one for Nova Scotia with a cargo of liquors and the other to come to some American port in ballast. The liquors are disposed of off-shore in some remote place and the vessel puts into port in ballast and clears from there."

Japanese rum runners, who are smuggling imitation Scotch whisky into Oregon ports, are aided by wireless instructions from shore, according to a report from Federal Prohibition Director Joseph A. Linville, at Portland, Ore.

"Steamship agencies," the report said, "have promised their co-operation in enforcing the prohibition laws on ships coming into Oregon ports. Agents of Japanese steamship companies, on the contrary, are sending wireless messages to sea for the protection of ships carrying imitation Scotch whisky into this port."

Liquor conditions in five cities will be inspected personally by Prohibiton Commissioner Haynes during January and February. Next Sunday Commissioner Haynes will lvisit Baltimore, on Jan. 20 and 21 he will be in New York, on Jan. 29 and 30 in Bristol, Tenn.; on Feb. 7 and 8 in Indianapolis, and later he will go to Des Moines, Iowa.

FOUR MORE DEATHS FROM WOOD ALCOHOL

Source of Poisonous Liquor in Hoboken Traced to a South American Steamship.

THREE ARRESTS ARE MADE

Another Case Reported From Tuckahoe — One Victim Picked Up Unconscious on East Side.

Three more deaths from wood alcohol poisoning were reported yesterday from Hoboken, making a total of ten in New Jersey since Saturday, all supposed to have obtained the deadly poison from the same source, which, the Hoboken police assert, was the steamer Sarcoxie of the Cosmopolitan Line, which sailed from Hoboken Saturday for South American ports.

In addition, a death from wood alcohol poisoning was reported from Tuckahoe, N. Y., and a man was picked up on the street here last night and sent to Bellevue Hospital for treatment for wood alcohol poisoning.

Two of the additional deaths in Hoboken were Carl Freund, 45 years old, a native of Germany, and Frank Sandhop, 54, also a native of Germany, both longshoremen. The police were called at noon yesterday to 716 First Street, Hoboken, where Freund lived. An ambulance hurried the man to St. Mary's Hospital, where he died at 1:25 o'clock. Dr. Stites said that death was due to alcoholic poisoning, probably wood alcohol.

Sandhop was found dead at his home at 220 Park Avenue, Hoboken, by George Cassazza of 259 Third Street, a fellow-longshoreman. Dr. Goss of St. Mary's Hospital said Sandhop had been dead from ten to twelve hours. He thought his death was due to alcoholic poisoning.

Henry Hoffman, 42, married, living at 119 Park Avenue, Hoboken, was taken ill at his home yesterday and Dr. Goff of St. Mary's Hospital was summoned. Hoffman died while the doctor was at his home. Dr. Goff pronounced death due to alcoholic poisoning. Hoffman was janitor of the Star of Israel Synagogue. His wife said she did not know where he got the liquor.

Late last night the Hoboken police arrested Mike Yokir, 31, of 816 Willow Avenue, who conducts a saloon at 300 Park Avenue, Hoboken, on a charge of manslaughter. It was alleged that Sandhop, one of the poison alcohol victims, had bought the stuff from Yokir. The police also raided the second floor of a house at 510 Park Avenue, where they said they found a large still and a quantity of mash. They arrested Willie Drankheit, 25, of 510 Park Avenue, and Baldo Orebicich, 27, of 223 Trenton Street, Hobgken, charged with violating the Van Ness law. It is alleged that Yokir bought liquor from the two men.

Chief of Police Hayes of Hoboken said that investigation showed that the wood alcohol, which caused the deaths, had been put on board the steamer Sarcoxie from a West Shore Railroad lighter on Friday.

James Sheehy of 513 Jersey Avenue, Jersey City, who died Saturday from wood alcohol poisoning, was employed on the steamer Sarcoxie on Friday as a longshoreman. The police say that Eugene Lange, nephew of Emile Lange, the saloonkeeper who died Tuesday from wood alcohol poisoning, told them that his uncle bought the alcohol from Sheehy, who delivered it in a water bottle. The bottle was filled up aboard the steamer, it was said, and then brought ashore and emptied in containers in the saloon. Persons at work on the river front told the police that the drums containing the liquor were plainly marked "wood alcohol."

According to the nephew, Lange paid $2 for the alcohol and filled two bottles with it mixed with distilled water. On Sunday his uncle told his nephew he was sick and that the liquor had made him ill. Eugene Lange has identified a photograph of James Sheehy as being the man who sold his uncle the alcohol.

The Hoboken police have definitely decided that the stills seized in Hoboken Tuesday and the persons taken into custody had nothing to do with the fatalities.

C. M. Moretta, 45 years old, was found dead in a barn at Tuckahoe yesterday. Coroner Edward Fitzgerald of Westchester County said that the victim had evidently taken wood alcohol.

James Regan, 50 years old, a laborer of 156 Eighth Avenue, was taken to Bellevue Hospital last night, suffering from wood alcohol poisoning. Regan was found unconscious in front of 68 New Bowery by Sergeant Martin Cahill of the Oak Street station.

Peter Hehyt and Mrs. Marie DeWaelle were held in $3,500 bail each yesterday on a charge of manufacturing liquor at 207 Second Street.

"Prohibition," an enforcement propaganda film, was exhibited yesterday afternoon in Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland's office by the Federation of Women's Clubs, headed by Mrs. Woodallen Chaplin, Chairman of the Motion Picture Committee of that organization. Commissioner Copeland said that the film showed the changes undergone by the heart and liver and other organs after alcohol was taken into the system. However, the Commissioner remarked that he would not sponsor a campaign to be conducted by the women for stricter enforcement of the prohibition law.

AMENDMENT TO DISBAR HYPOCRITICAL 'DRYS'

Virginia Governor Would Require Officeseekers to Swear to Prohibition Law Observance.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 11.—Denouncing "hypocrites" and "law evaders," Governor Westmoreland Davis, in his farewell message to the General Assembly which began its biennial session here today, proposed a Constitutional amendment to bar from public office all persons who are "politically dry" and "personally wet."

The amendment would require each aspirant for public office to swear that he had not violated the prohibition laws since enactment of the Eighteenth Amendment and that he would not break those laws in the future.

Governor Davis also recommended that the entire administrative division of the State Government be centralized in the office of the Governor, giving the Executive full power to appoint or remove from office all department heads and other such officials.

HASTINGS RECTOR RESIGNS.

His Action Is Laid to Opposition to His Fight on Bootlegging.

HASTINGS-ON-HUDSON, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The Rev. Horace E. Clute, rector of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, has resigned because of opposition to his activities in fighting bootlegging in Westchester County. The Vestry accepted his resignation last night. Mr. Clute gave no reasons for his resignation in his letter and refused to comment on it, except to say: "I am not sorry that I have not kept silent about conditions in Hastings."

For some time Mr. Clute has been active in investigating conditions in Westchester County. It is said that he frequently dressed in poor clothing and went about places where liquor was sold, observing conditions and then taking steps to have complaints made against places which he believed were violating the law. During the war he was one of the most indefatigable workers in war loan and Red Cross work. He was recently elected a Director of the National Church Temperance Society, a Protestant Episcopal organization.

Grace Church was built with the prize money given to Admiral Farragut by the United States for his services in the Civil War in the battle of Mobile Bay, which the Admiral donated for the church. The first church visit made by Bishop Manning after his consecration was to Grace Church, where he was received by a crowd that filled the church and overflowed on to the lawn.

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SHOES and oxfords of the finest sort, built especially for Winter wear. All are made in the most painstaking manner, and each pair is finished with that care which at once stamps them as footwear of the better kind.

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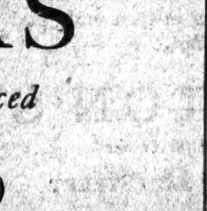

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12,500 Wrinkle and Pin Proof

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Street Floor

Financial Information for the Layman

Completing the Financial Circle

Let The Tribune help you with disinterested advice on your investment problems. There is no charge for the service.

To help laymen buy securities intelligently and safely The Tribune started an Investor's Information Service in 1919. With the addition of this department The Tribune's financial circle was completed—the professional has his tables, charts, financial and business news. The layman has the Investor's Information Column for answering specific questions.

The following inquiry is typical of the 11,815 requests for investment information received in 1921 from investors with $50 to $400,000 to invest or reinvest.

Bonds and Preferred Stock

Question—I thank you for the advice given to me, and am now writing for my aunt, a woman over fifty, with one son. She is earning about a thousand a year and has $1,800 in the bank, which she feels should be bringing in more than 4½ per cent. From the advice you have given others she has picked out the following: $500 N. Y. Telephone 6s, due 1941; $500 Rochester Gas and Electric 7s; $500 State of Queensland 7s; 1 share United States Steel preferred. Will you kindly tell her what these can be bought for and if in $500 bonds, and if she can have the interest sent to her, as you state, "Queensland payable principal and interest in N. Y."? She will buy them (if approved by you) at her national bank up here, I guess. Are these bonds, principal and interest, safe? As she has deprived herself of necessities to save this amount, I want to feel that she is acting wisely. She wants to build up a sum for her old age. She will not need the interest. Also she is determined, with all that she can save from now on, to put it into United States Steel. Is the preferred or common the better? Do you approve of this plan? In place of the Queensland, do you think the St. Louis-San Francisco prior lien series A bond, selling at a discount, would be all right for her? In all of those mentioned is her principal safe? And should she need the money could she sell them through the bank and obtain what she put into them? If she will have any money over after buying three of the four bonds suggested, will it be enough and will it be wise to buy any more Steel?—Mrs. G. A. C.—Reprinted from Dec. 19, 1921, New York Tribune.

Tribune Readers have *Registered* their interest in Investment Securities

For Complete Financial News Read The New York Tribune

SAY CRAIG CHARTER CENTRALIZES POWER

Mayor, Controller, Aldermanic President Supreme, Borough Heads Complain.

AGAINST ELECTIVE COUNSEL

Hirshfield and LaGuardia Argue That Corporation Counsel Should Be Appointed.

Opposition to the tentative city charter which Controller Charles L. Craig submitted to the Charter Revision Commission on Tuesday developed yesterday among members of the present city Administration. The Borough Presidents accused the Controller of trying to set up a "benevolent autocracy" by centralizing power in the Mayor, the Controller and the President of the Board of Aldermen.

Borough President Riegelmann of Brooklyn declared that one of the provisions of the proposed charter was merely "camouflaged centralization," and as a member of the Charter Revision Commission he would fight the proposed charter on behalf of the other Borough Presidents, all of whom were equally opposed to it. The Borough Presidents object particularly to Article L, Section 5, which reads:

"The Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall consist of the Mayor, Controller, President of the Board of Aldermen and the Presidents of each of the several boroughs. Except as otherwise specifically provided, every act of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall be by a majority of the whole number of votes authorized by this section to be cast by said board, of which majority must be the votes of members authorized to cast three votes each."

The opponents of the charter say that under this arrangement any measure proposed by a Borough President can be killed, as the Mayor, the Controller and the President of the Board of Aldermen cast three votes each and the majority vote must include six votes cast by two of these officials. In the present board there are sixteen votes. The Borough Presidents have seven votes.

"This provision is camouflaged centralization for the purpose of giving power to a few," said President Riegelmann, "and taking away from the Borough Presidents an appropriate voice in the Board of Estimate. It is a very unwise provision. It would not give the Borough Presidents appropriate representation in the governing body of the city as expected by the voters when they elect their borough head. I shall fight it to the end and I believe every other Borough President will be with me."

Major H. F. LaGuardia, former President of the Board of Aldermen, did not think that the Corporation Counsel should be an elected officer. "What we need," he said, "is more co-operation in the city government. The law department and the executive should at least be in accord and therefore it is well that the Corporation Counsel be appointed by the Mayor.

"Of course, it is natural," he added, "for the Controller to suggest increasing the powers of the Controller. The Controller's powers, in many instances, should be reduced. For instance, the Controller's under present conditions, is the only department which audits its own expenditures. It is the only department which receives and disburses money. The Controller should be what the word implies, a Controller of city finances, but he should not have control or jurisdiction over the reception of city funds. A glaring instance of administration of public funds vested in one department is presented in the recent Court House scandal. This can all be avoided by separating the reception and the disbursement of city finances. The idea of a city legislature, of course, is not novel and should be favorably considered."

Corporations Might Elect Man.

The provision in Controller Craig's charter for an elective Corporation Counsel was also objected to yesterday by David Hirshfield, Mayor Hylan's Commissioner of Accounts. "I think it would be entirely wrong to make the Corporation Counsel an elective official," said Commissioner Hirshfield. "He should be kept an appointive office, responsible to the Mayor and removable by him when he refuses to follow the policy laid down by the administrative head of our city government. Where an administration, like the present one, has the interests of the people at heart, think of the calamity if the Corporation Counsel should represent the corporations?"

The Commissioner felt that the system prescribed in the State Constitution for the election of an Attorney General did not work out to the best advantage. He said that he suspected at times that Governor Smith found it hard to be boss of his Republican Attorney General.

UNIONS ASK HARDING FOR LOWER POST AL RATE

Printing Trades Are Seriously Affected, Delegation Says, by High Second Class Charges.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Headed by George L. Berry, President of the International Pressmen's Union, a group of presidents of International labor bodies were presented to President Harding today by Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, and urged upon the President a reduction in the second class postal rates as a measure to aid the unemployment situation.

Spokesmen for the delegation pointed out that the present second class postal rate was 378 per cent. greater than that of 1918 and that as a result many magazines and periodicals were being placed in jeopardy and some had been forced to discontinue publication. Thousands of members of the printing trade and associated workers had been rendered jobless as a result, they said, and they urged the President's support of measures to reduce the postal rate.

The delegation said the President had evidenced sympathy with their proposal.

FOR ST. LAWRENCE BONDS.

Bill in House Proposes Sharing Canal Cost With Canada.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Recommendation that the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence deep waterway and the new Welland Canal project be financed through a bond issue guaranteed by the United States and Canada is made in a bill introduced in the House today by Representative W. W. Chalmers of Ohio.

Representative Chalmers disapproves the suggestion that the expense of deepening the waterway be borne by the taxpayers of the two countries as, he asserts, the International Joint Commission has recommended in a report now in the State Department and soon to be submitted to Congress. Under his bill, Mr. Chalmers would have the expenses divided between this country and Canada and the bond issue reimbursed through sale of hydro-electric power.

NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ENDORSE FORESTRY BILL.

Elbert H. Baker of Cleveland Plain Dealer Appears Before the House Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Provisions of the Snell-McCormick Forestry bill were endorsed today by Elbert H. Baker, publisher of The Cleveland Plain Dealer, who appeared at a hearing before the House Agriculture Committee as a representative of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

Mr. Baker said he favored "every portion" of the bill which provides for co-operation by the Federal Government with States and owners of timber lands in the conservation of forests and development of new timber tracts.

Passage of the measure was also advocated by W. L. Hall, representing the Union League Club of Chicago, who presented resolutions from the club endorsing the bill.

Mr. Baker stated that of approximately 7,000,000 tons of paper produced annually in the United States about 2,100,000 tons were newsprint. An unfailing supply of paper is vitally necessary to newspapers, he declared, adding that publishers also realized the importance of fire prevention as a means of safeguarding forest lands.

"It is a problem of co-operation between the Federal Government, States and private owners of forests which we must solve," he asserted, "if we are to have a continuing supply of paper."

Mr. Hall, urging that the present Government program of gradual acquisition of land for forests be continued, declared there was need for national forests in all forest regions. The newly purchased national forests in Eastern States have been better than a 6 per cent. investment for the Government, according to Mr. Hall.

Philip W. Ayres, Boston, representing the Society for the Protection of New Hampshire Forests, also advocated a more comprehensive Federal policy of forest conservation.

CITIES' FOOD PRICES DOWN 12 TO 18 PER CENT.

Fall in 1921 Was Least in New York and Greatest in the South and West.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Retail food prices during the last year have decreased between 12 and 18 per cent. in eighteen large cities, according to a report from the Bureau of Labor statistics to the Department of Labor.

The bureau's survey shows that New York City had the smallest falling off in food prices during the year, while in the South and Middle West the greatest decrease occurred.

For the year period Dec. 15, 1920, to Dec. 15, 1921, there was a decrease of 18 per cent. in Mobile and Savannah, 17 per cent. in Indianapolis and Salt Lake City, 16 per cent. in Detroit, Louisville, Milwaukee, Minneapolis and Washington, D. C., 15 per cent. in Omaha, 14 per cent. in Bridgeport, Dallas and Philadelphia, 13 per cent. in Chicago and Manchester, and 12 per cent. in New York.

During the month from Nov. 15 to Dec. 15, 1921, there was a decrease in twelve of these cities and an increase in two. In Indianapolis and Salt Lake City there was a decrease of 3 per cent., in Washington, D. C., a decrease of 2 per cent., in Bridgeport, Louisville, Mobile, Omaha, Philadelphia and Savannah, a decrease of 1 per cent. In Detroit, Milwaukee and New York there was a decrease of less than half of 1 per cent. In Chicago and Dallas there was an increase of less than half of 1 per cent. In Manchester and Minneapolis there was no change during the month.

As compared with the average cost in the year 1913, the retail cost of food on Dec. 15, 1921, showed an increase of 59 per cent. in New York, 57 per cent. in Manchester and Washington, D. C.; 52 per cent. in Chicago and Detroit, 50 per cent. in Philadelphia, 49 per cent. in Milwaukee, 48 per cent. in Dallas, 47 per cent. in Omaha, 46 per cent. in Minneapolis, 40 per cent. in Indianapolis, 39 per cent. in Louisville, and 35 per cent. in Salt Lake City. Prices were not obtained from Bridgeport, Mobile and Savannah in 1913, hence no comparison for the eight-year period can be given for these cities.

TWO ADMIRALS RETIRED.

Smith and Stickney With Captain J. F. Carter Relieved From Duty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Rear Admiral William Strother Smith, who was Chairman of the Naval Advisory Board during the World War, was relieved of active duty today, after forty-five years of continuous service. He was born in 1857 at Richmond, Va., and was appointed a cadet engineer from Virginia in 1875.

Rear Admiral Herman O. Stickney of Pepperell, Mass., and Captain James F. Carter of St. Claire, Pa., were also relieved of active duty and placed upon the retired list on account of disability incurred in the line of duty.

Admiral Stickney was a member of the Board of Inspection and Survey and has been in command of the training of the Pacific Fleet. Captain Carter commanded the battleships Alabama and Connecticut during the war. Both were decorated with the Navy Cross.

TO AID BLIND VETERANS.

Mrs. Cora Parsons Kessler Contributes to English and Rumanians.

In memory of the late Sir Arthur Pearson and of her husband, George A. Kessler, founder, with herself, of the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund of this City, Mrs. Cora Parsons Kessler, now in Paris, has sent to Lady Pearson a substantial donation for the blinded ex-soldiers at St. Dunstan's, London.

Mrs. Kessler also sent a donation for the blinded soldiers of Rumania, in who Mr. Kessler was greatly interested and, says a cablegram from Paris, has received a message of thanks from the Queen of Rumania, who is patron of the institution for the war blinded established by the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund at Bucharest, and to which she devotes her personal care.

$25 FINE FOR BLINDING BULL

Verdict Is Appealed on Ground Son Saved Father From Animal.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Jan. 11.—A valuable prize champion Guernsey bull, a year and a half old, which has taken many prizes in the West and is owned by Mrs. E. Trowbridge Lord, a breeder of stock, may lose the eight of one eye. He attacked Ernest Luther, superintendent of the estate, pinning him in the corner of the barn with his horns locked around him. Luther was rescued by his son, who punctured the bull's eye with a pitchfork.

As a result, the younger Luther was in court today charged with cruelty to animals and was fined $25 and costs by Judge Mead. Judge Hubbard, former Deputy Judge of the court, as counsel for the defendant, appealed the case to the Superior Court, Bridgeport, the bond being fixed at $100. Luther and his son had recently been told by the Lords that their wages were to be reduced and had given notice of quitting. Prosecutor Henry E. White endeavored to show that it was a malicious act on the part of Luther and his son to do injury to the bull, but Judge Hubbard contended that no jury would find the defendant guilty, as he undoubtedly saved the life of his father and was fully justified in the act.

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Books Reviewed Next Sunday
The New York Times
Book Review and Magazine

TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLISHER
Winnie O'Wynn and the Wolves	Bertram Atkey	Little, Brown & Co.
Scathaven Keep	J. S. Fletcher	Alfred A. Knopf
Jugoslav Stories	Translated by Pavle Popovic	Duffield & Co.
Travel in the Last Two Centuries of Three Generations.	Edited by S. R. Roget	D. Appleton & Co.
To the Last Man	Zane Grey	Harper & Brothers
The Crystal Heart	Phyllis Bottome	Century Co.
Topless Towers	Margaret Ashmun	The Macmillan Co.
The Fog	William Dudley Pelley	Little, Brown & Co.
A Third of Life	Perriton Maxwell	Small, Maynard & Co.
The Whistler Journal	E. R. and J. Pennell	J. B. Lippincott Co.
Fir Flower Tablets	Poems Translated from the Chinese by Florence Ayscough. English Versions by Amy Lowell	Houghton Mifflin Co.
Envy: A Tale	Ernst von Wildenbruch. Translated by Elise Traut	The Four Seas Co.
The Dauphin (Louis XVII.): The Riddle of the Temple	G. Lenotre. Translated by Frederic Lees	Doubleday, Page & Co.
The Edward MacDowell Association, Inc.	Reports for the Year 1920 and 1921	Klebold Press
A Daughter of the Middle Border	Hamlin Garland	The Macmillan Co.
The George Sand-Gustave Flaubert Letters	Translated by Aimee L. McKenzie	Boni & Liveright
A Study	Aimee Dostoevsky	Yale University Press
Within the Atom	John Mills	D. Van Nostrand Co.

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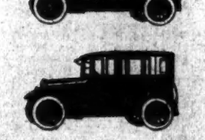
3		22-Six-45 The Five Pass. Six Cylinder Touring . . . $1395
4		22-Six-46 The Three Pass. Six Cylinder Coupe $1885
5		22-Six-47 The Five Pass. Six Cylinder Sedan . . . $2165
6		22-Six-48 The Four Pass. Six Cylinder Coupe . . . $2075
7		22-Six-49 The Seven Pass. Six Cylinder Touring . . $1585
8		22-Six-50 The Seven Pass. Six Cylinder Sedan . . . $2375
9		22-Four-34 The Two Pass. Four Cylinder Roadster . . $895
10		22-Four-35 The Five Pass. Four Cylinder Touring . . $935
11		22-Four-36 The Three Pass. Four Cylinder Coupe . $1295
12		22-Four-37 The Five Pass. Four Cylinder Sedan . . . $1395

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BALFOUR HEARTENS ZIONIST LEADERS

British Statesman Assures Them of His Continued Support of the Palestine Movement.

PRAISED FOR HIS HELP

Speakers Say There Are Many Difficulties Ahead, but That They Will Succeed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Arthur James Balfour, head of the British delegation at the Washington conference, said tonight that his belief in the success of the Zionist ideal was undiminished, and declared his sentiments in favor of a Jewish Palestine were the same as in November, 1917, when he made the famous "Balfour Declaration," pledging the support of the British Government to the establishment of a Jewish national homeland in Palestine.

Mr. Balfour's statement was made in a speech at the British Embassy which he received a delegation representing the Zionist Organization of America, and other Jewish organizations. Nahum Sokolow, President of the Executive Committee of the World Zionist Organization, introduced the delegation and expressed a greeting, as did also Morris Rothenberg of New York on behalf of the Zionist Organization of America. Nathan Straus was present as Honorary Chairman of the American Jewish Congress.

Introducing the guests Mr. Sokolow voiced regret that the Jews of the country had been deprived of the opportunity of meeting Mr. Balfour at a great public gathering in New York. Turning to Mr. Balfour, Mr. Sokolow declared that "the name Balfour has become a symbol which unites two worlds, the Jewish world and the Christian world."

Speaking in Hebrew, Rabbi B. L. Levinthal of Philadelphia, President of the Federation of Orthodox Rabbis, pronounced a benediction, wishing the venerable British statesman long life that he might "behold the restoration of Israel to its ancient land."

"I cannot but be deeply moved," said Mr. Balfour, responding to the addresses and to the Rabbinical benediction, "by what has just been said by the rabbi, and by the speech which has just been delivered.

"I could not, unfortunately, understand the address given in that language, through which so much wisdom has come to mankind, for I am not of those who had the opportunity or capacity to make myself a Hebrew scholar, but I gather the general purport of what the rabbi said. I can assure him I feel most deeply the address which he delivered, that it went straight to my heart, and I want to thank him for all he said and all who agreed with him in what he said about the work in which I have humbly co-operated.

"As for the speech which has just been delivered, what can I say about it? It explained in admirable terms the ideal which all of us in this room have at heart, but it did not minimize the difficulties which attend it.

"It was delivered and spoken in no mood of foolish and unthinking optimism, but while it recognized all the difficulties which this great task must throw upon those who are going to bring it to fruition, the speaker showed from the beginning to the end of his speech not one hesitation or doubt of the ultimate success of the great enterprise in which we are engaged.

"Gentlemen, this is a great and important gathering because it consists not merely of men of character and ability but men who are eminently representative of the Jews, in various great centres, throughout the United States. As such it is an honor and privilege to meet them.

"I confess it is a great disappointment to me that I was not able to go to New York, as I had hoped, and address, or at all events make the acquaintance, not merely of the heads of the various Jewish organizations but of large numbers of their members. It would have been a very great pleasure to me to have seen, face to face, those who, in a land of freedom and equal laws, where they are prospering among their fellow-citizens, have not forgotten that there is a great work to be done far away from the shores of the United States, and the conditions, very different and much more difficult conditions which it is not easy for anybody living on the Western side of the Atlantic Ocean fully to realize or understand, but which I suspect are better understood among the Jewish population in America than any other section of human society, so far removed from the historic scenes with which Jewish memories are connected. I see that no separation from the Eastern homes of your forefathers, no length of time, no sufferings in the past, no prosperity in the present, has cooled the ardor or patriotism which desires to see Palestine restored as a home of Jewish people.

"You must do your work here. The British Government is doing its work in Palestine. The two must co-operate: they must show diplomacy; consideration; they must show no undue haste, and there must be no moments of slackening in the endeavor they are making to complete the work, which, after all we must frankly agree is only just begun.

"It would be unfitting, it would perhaps be impossible, that I should in any detail discuss the Palestinian question, for reasons which you will all sympathise with. I have not for some time past been able to keep myself abreast of the details that have been going on, but I can assure you that my interest in the cause, my belief in its final success, my intense desire to see the ideal of the Jewish home really rising in happy success before our eyes has not diminished or suffered any cooling during the years that have elapsed since the original declaration was made.

"Where I stood then, I stand now.

"The hope I then entertained I entertain still; the ideals for which I have striven are my ideals at this moment, and it is a great happiness for me to think that in the work in which I feel so great an interest there are those like yourselves, able and willing to make some sacrifices, always with the highest hopes, and belief in success: to cooperate in the work, and make the first quarter of the twentieth century memorable in the history of the world."

SAYS SLAYER FIRED FROM HOEY'S SHACK

Witness to Policeman Neville's Death Declares He Heard Hoey's Voice There.

How Policeman Daniel J. Neville of the West Thirtieth Street Station was trapped and shot by gangsters in the storage yard between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues and Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets on the night of Aug. 27, 1921, was related by several witnesses yesterday in the criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, where William F. Hoey, former night watchman in the yard, is on trial, charged with murder.

Thomas Kane, 16, testified that he was in the yard talking to an acquaintance named John Gallagher when he saw Neville, gun in hand, enter one of the gates. When Neville was close to the watchman's booth, Kane said, he heard three shots, the flashes of the weapon showin gthe shots had come from the shack. Kane did not see Hoey, but testified to having heard Hoey's voice from within the shack.

Gallagher said he heard Neville order "Hands up" immediately before the firing. Both he and Kane then fled.

John Grogan of 522 West Thirty-ninth Street, said he heard the shots and saw three acquaintances leap the fence. Grogan said Hoey was not one of the fleeing men.

Joseph S. Rosalsky, attorney for Hoey, got admissions from several witnesses to the effect that Hoey and Neville had appeared to be on frinedly terms several months before the shooting.

Timothy W. McEnerny of 408 Eleventh Avenue, whose brother, a policeman, was slot by gangsters some years ago, denied that his brother's death had prejudiced him against Hoey or any one else in the yard. The defense will begin today.

Acquitted of Manslaughter.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 11.—After being out fifty minutes a jury here today found the Central Railroad of New Jersey not guilty of manslaughter for which it had been indicted in connection with the death of nine volunteer firemen who were killed in a grade crossing accident at Perth Amboy on June 15 last. Prosecutor Joseph E. Strickler immediately had indictments against Andrew Thomas, the flagman, and the foreman, Stonaker, who hired him, nolle prossed.

GARMENT WORKERS WIN LEGAL BATTLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

mass of affidavits submitted by both sides, with denials and some conflict of facts, there survives clearly a preponderance of evidence in favor of plaintiff, establishing its right to the extraordinary relief sought.

"Precedent is not our only guide in deciding these disputes," he continued, "for many are worn out by time and made useless by the more enlightened and humane conception of social justice. That progressive sentiment of advanced civilization which has compelled legislative action to correct and improve conditions which a proper regard for humanity would no longer tolerate, cannot be ignored by the courts. Our decisions should be in harmony with that modern conception and not in defiance of it. Some nisi prius adjudications rendered in these disputes, disputes in which the public is as much interested as the contending parties, have in my judgment reflected a somewhat imperfect understanding of the trials and hardships experienced by the workers in their just struggle for better living conditions.

"Being persuaded by the proof adduced that the contract with its modifications was in force on Oct. 25, 1921, the resolution adopted by the defendant association on said date contemplated a material breach of said contract. Further, such contemplated breach was carried out, for on the appointed day (Nov. 14, 1921) the members of the association re-established the piece-work system in their factories.

"Since the members of defendant association were by the by-laws bound to and did carry out the directions of the association to repudiate its legal obligations, the act constituted a conspiracy. A combination to procure a concerted breach of contract by the members constitutes a violation of plaintiffs' legal rights."

Citing several cases as precedent for his decision, Justice Wagner continued asserting that the damages resulting to the union as a result of the employers' action in violating the contract were irremediable at law.

Justice Wagner's Order.

The order of Justice Wagner fully explaining the issues involved enjoining the defendant association follows:

"The motion is granted enjoining pendente lite defendants herein, their and each of their agents, servants and attorneys, and each and all of their several members, and every officer, director and representative of every corporate member thereof, and all persons acting in aid of or in conjunction with them, or any of them, including members of the said The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, from combining and conspiring in any way, to order, direct, instigate, counsel, advise or encourage the members of The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, or any of them, to cease performing or to violate the agreements of May 29, 1919, and June 3, 1921, made between the said The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association and the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Joint Board of Cloakmakers' Union of the City of New York, and from doing or sanctioning any act in furtherance or support of such conspiracy; from ordering, directing, instigating, counseling, advising or encouraging such members of the said The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, or any of them, to abrogate and discontinue the provisions of said agreement for the system of week work in their establishments prior to June 1, 1922, or to increase the hours of labor in their establishments above 44 hours per week until the said 1st day of June, 1922; from supporting, aiding or assisting members of The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, or any of them, in any effort to abrogate the existing contract as to the week-work system or increase the labor hours in their establishments by money, contributions or in any other manner whatsoever; from expelling from membership in the said The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, fining or otherwise punishing, disciplining or discriminating against such members of the said association as may agree with the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Joint Board of Cloakmakers' Union of the City of New York, or either of them, to resume work in their establishments upon the terms as to the system of work, hours of labor or otherwise, of the agreements between the parties of May 29, 1919; from doing or continuing any act in furtherance of the conspiracy above set forth by means of speech, writing, meeting or any other method, and from taking any steps whatsoever to put into execution or to retain in force and effect the aforesaid resolution of the said The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, adopted on the 25th day of October, 1921.

"And from taking further action for the carrying out of said resolution or any of the purposes thereof, and they are required to abrogate the same and to cease acting thereunder or under any similar resolution, or from taking or continuing in any concerted action involving the violation or repudiation of said agreement of May 29, 1919, or of any of the terms thereof."

Piece-Work System Criticised.

Justice Wagner in his decision referred to the contract made between the union and employers on May 29, 1919, to continue operative up to June 1, 1922, and reviewed working conditions in the industry, deploring the employers' abrogation of the agreement.

"This agreement," he said, "was the culmination of a long-continued economic struggle between the parties, and for the first time recognized in a collective bargaining contract the week-work system in place and stead of the so-called piece-work system formerly prevailing in the garment industry, and provided also a reduction in the hours of labor from 49 to 44 hours per week. This innovation the workers regarded as a great stride forward in their struggle to raise their standard of life. Under the piece-work system there was no uniform or fixed scale of wages. Besides the constant disputes that arose as to what the employe should receive for a particular garment, the workers contend that the piece-work system was an incentive to work with an intensity injurious to their health, principally in view of the fact that the industry is seasonal, the periods of work therefore rare, and the worker in his anxiety to make up for the slack time would strain himself beyond his physical endurance and thus fall into ill health, in many cases hopeless."

The decision of Justice Wagner marks the climax of the signing of a temporary restraining order against the employers upon application of the union before Justice Charles L. Guy early in December. The application of a permanent injunction was then argued before Justice Wagner by Max D. Steuer and William Kline for the defendants and Mr. Untermyer and Mr. Hillquit for the cloakmakers' union. Pending the court's decision the strike has been continued, but many shops settled with the union and more than 25,000 cloakmakers have returned to work.

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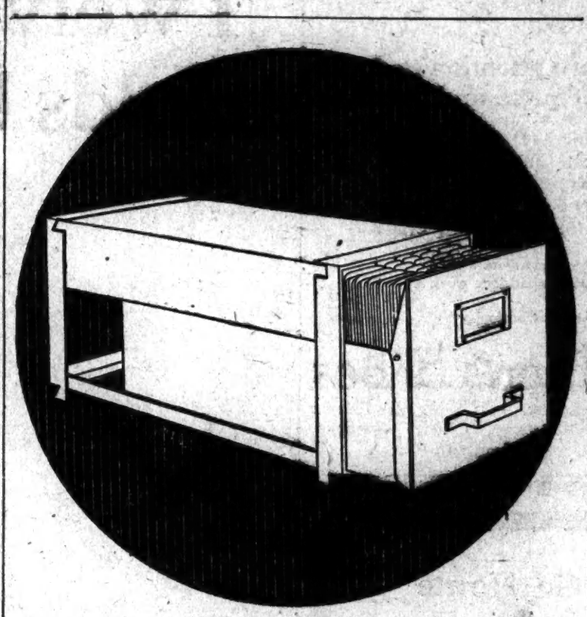

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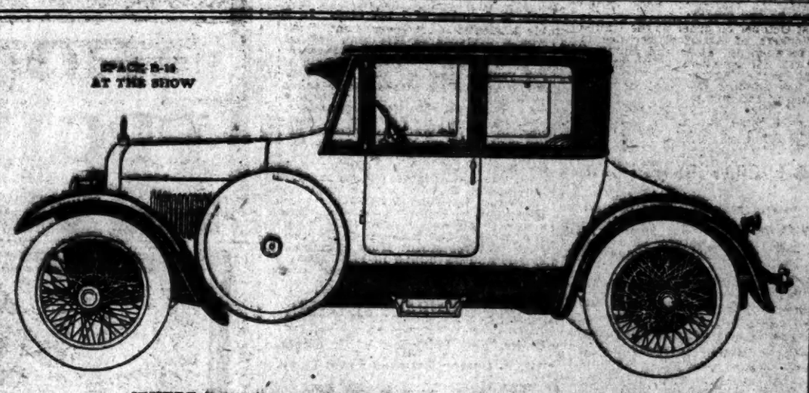

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The familiar tin-foil package with the yellow label is the only form in which Fleischmann's Yeast is sold

Doctors are now agreed that proper elimination of waste matter should be brought about by food. One doctor comes right out and states plainly that the indiscriminate use of cathartics is one of the causes of constipation.

Physicians all over the country are recommending Fleischmann's fresh yeast because it is a fresh food, rich in those elements which keep the intestines healthy.

Try it out for yourself. Begin today by adding 2 or 3 cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast to your everyday diet. Keep it up and see how normally and regularly your intestines act. You can get Fleischmann's Yeast fresh daily from your grocer.

Information is welcomed by The New York Times from readers who have doubts regarding any announcement appearing in the Automobile Exchange columns.

IDLE COAL MINERS SUFFER FROM WANT

Destitution Prevails Among Thousands in the Pittsburgh Bituminous District.

FEAR STARVATION IN OHIO

Illinois Mines Heretofore Kept Open Now Closing Down Because of "No Business."

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 11.—Depression in the coal trade has brought about privation and destitution among miners in many places in the Pittsburgh bituminous district, according to officials of District No. 5, United Mine Workers of America. In a statement today Robert R. Gibbons, President of the district union, said that of approximately 45,000 miners in the region, at a rough estimate 28,000 had worked either full time or part time. Many miners who are employed on a tonnage basis, Mr. Gibbons stated, have worked for the past year only a day or two a week, and often only for a half day a week. Their earnings in these cases, he said, would not enable them to meet the bare necessities of life.

Illustrative of the condition, which he said had brought about one of the worst periods ever known in the Pittsburgh coal trade, Mr. Gibbons pointed out that the mines in the region on Dec. 9, 1921, were not operating better than 20 per cent. normal.

The mines that are operating steadily or a day or two a week are overcrowded, according to William Hargest, Secretary-Treasurer of District No. 5. "There are only too many men for a one-man job," he stated. "The season and the circumstances of the depression have brought mining in the region to practically a standstill."

Destitution among the miners exists in the fields, Mr. Hargest also declared, and pointed out that at Castle Shannon, within a few miles of Pittsburgh proper, miners and their families were in actual want. Some Castle Shannon mines, he said, had been closed for more than a year.

POMEROY, Ohio, Jan. 11.—Reports were received here today that the families of more than 200 miners are destitute and facing starvation in the Dark Hollow disecrict at Forest Run, a mining town near here. The distress is attributed to the lack of work in the coal mines, which have been shut down for some time.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 11.—Some coal mines in Illinois that have withstood all previous slumps in business are closing down, according to reports received here today, with no other explanation than that of "no business."

Among the latest to close in this vicinity was the Springfield District Mine at Riverton, which had operated fifteen years without a stop. Its 400 men are now looking elsewhere for work. The management announced the closing was for an indefinite period.

Other reports today were that mines in Mount Olive, Staunton and Gillespie had closed.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 11.—Asserting that their families are starving, 700 coal miners, employes of seven mines owned by the Clinton Coal Company, met in Clinton today to consider a resolution to return to work immediately. The men have been on strike since last October on order of the United Mine Workers of America, because of trouble between operators and pumpers. Local 4,311, all members of which are employed by the Clinton Coal Company, already has adopted the resolution and will return to the mines.

Some of the miners claimed they worked only three months in 1921 and that they have received only $10 in strike benefits since quitting work.

PHOTO-ENGRAVERS RETURN.

Union Votes to Accept Old Wage Agreement for This Year.

The 1,500 photo-engravers in commercial shops who have ben idle for the last week because of the wage dispute with their employers returned to work yesterday under the terms of the old wage agreement, which will be extended, with modifications, for another year. About seventy shops were reopened for business.

The union at a mass meting last night in the Central Opera House in East Sixty-seventh Street ratified the settlement made by the contract committee but voted down a proposal made by the Photo-Engravers' Board of Trade that the minimum weekly wage be reduced from $50 to $45. The employers had asked that this proposal be submitted to the membership and agreed to abide by the decision of the meeting.

Union leaders said that practically the only concessions made by the workers in the new agreement, which continues the 1921 working conditions and hours until Jan. 31, 1923, was the elimination of several shop practices objected to by the employers.

NEW HARBOR MEN'S UNION.

Formation Planned for Tonight Result of Split Over Wage Cut.

An organization of harbor workers to be known as the Associated Marine Workers is to be formed tonight. Captain William A. Maher, of the United Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots, Inc., which last week declared a strike on the tugboats, said that 1,800 harbor men had been invited to the organization meeting, which would take place at 12 St. Marks Place.

The formation of the new organization, it was said, would not result in the disbanding of the United Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots or the New York Harbor Boatmen's Union, whose members have been asked to join. Harbor engineers also have been invited to become members of the Associated Marine Workers. The Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, of which most of the harbor engineers are members, has accepted the recent wage cut and the formation of the new organization is regarded as an attempt to organize the men dissatisfied with that action.

The strike situation was virtually unchanged yesterday. The owners said that only thirty boats were idle; the strikers said 112 were laid up.

D., L. & W. Shops Resume Work.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 11.—Approximately three thousand men employed in shops of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company in this city, Kingston and East Buffalo, N. Y., resumed work today after an idleness of three weeks.

Smith & Wesson Plant to Reopen.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 11.—The employes of Smith & Wesson, pistol manufacturers, were notified today to report for work Monday, when a wage reduction of 20 per cent. will be put into effect. The plant has been closed since last July owing to business conditions.

Bryan to Head Evangelical Program

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—William Jennings Bryan is to become President of the National Federal Evangelistic Committee and speak in mass meetings in the interest of evangelism in all the large cities. The plan includes a five-year program. Twenty denominations have representatives on the board, headquarters of which are in Chicago.

GOV. ALLEN UPHOLDS THE RIGHT TO WORK

Says Slacking on the Job Is Ruinous Alike to Employer and Employed.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—The right to work is as sacred as the right to loaf, Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas said tonight in an address before the National Shoe Retailers' Exposition in which he defended the Kansas Court of Industrial Relations. The court, he asserted, did not prevent persons from ceasing to work if they chose, but it would not permit them to prevent others from working.

"We must go back to the old doctrine, 'An honest day's work for an honest day's pay,'" Governor Allen said. "Slacking does not go in this country and the principle of business men also should be an honest profit for an honest article and no more."

"Slacking on the job is not an American doctrine," he asserted. "It does not fit a land of achievement where we are behind with our constructive activities. It is ruinous equally to the man who labors and the man who employs."

Referring to the annulling of a Chicago plumbers' contract which provided that a plumber should draw pay from the time he left home and which also provided that he should walk to work, Governor Allen asserted that as a result of the attempt to increase the demand for plumbers by decreasing the output more plumbers are out of work in Chicago than at any time for fifteen years.

"Much of the trouble is due to such poisonous doctrine as that enunciated in talks by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor," Governor Allen said. "Mr. Gompers said: 'The fight of labor in the United States is to keep what it won during the war.' And James Larkin, radical labor leader, said to his followers in New York: 'Do as little as you can for as much as you can get.'"

Larkin's advice was accepted in the garment industry in New York, Governor Allen said, and the result was that "the public quit buying garments and today more garment workers are out of employment in the industrial centres than before for a quarter of a century in the United States."

COOLIDGE COMMENDS HARDING AS LEADER

Says 'Old American Spirit' Lives in Him—Tribute to Hamilton in Chicago Address.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Alexander Hamilton bequeathed to his country a great heritage when he said "the aggregate prosperity of manufactures and the aggregate prosperity of agriculture are intimately connected," Vice President Calvin Coolidge told the Hamilton Club of this city in an address here tonight in celebration of the anniversary of Hamilton's birth.

"The products of agriculture are consumed by the industrial population," Mr. Coolidge said. "They are the customers of the farmer. If they be prosperous, his markets will grow. On the other hand, the great outlet for manufactured products is on the farm. A prosperous state of agriculture is the foundation of all national prosperity. The manfacturer must look to the farmer, not only for his supply of food, but for the sale of his commodities."

The Vice President paid high tribute to Hamilton as a statesman, soldier and patriot.

"We may not know the source of greatness," Mr. Coolidge said, "but when once it is revealed, we disregard it at our peril. The great man is he who can express the unuttered opinions of his time, direct energies along profitable channels, divine the spirit of the people and unify action under just and stable institutions of Government. Such a man was Alexander Hamilton. When America ceases to remember his greatness America will no longer be great.

"The party now in power in this country through its present declaration of principles, through the traditions which it inherited from its predecessors, the Federalists and the Whigs, through their achievements and through its own, is representative of those policies which were adopted under the lead of Alexander Hamilton."

In speaking of President Harding, the Vice President said:

"The ancient power of leadership has not left the republic. The wisdom and statesmanship which contributed to its beginnings and supported its continuation are with us yet. The old American spirit lives again in President Harding. Conscious of the burdens which are borne by his countrymen, solicitous for their prompt and effective relief, meeting new occasions with new remedies, rising to new heights as he advances, he is administering the affairs of our country with courage, with resource, with decision and with a patriotic devotion that is fine and true."

$5,000 BAIL FOR $15 THEFT.

Small Woman Detective Arrests Big Man in Street Struggle.

Lucile Sheenan, a department store detective, 23 years old, tried to arrest Joseph Kohn, 45, of 49 New York Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sixth Avenue, near Thirty-third Street, yesterday afternoon. Miss Sheenan is a small woman. Kohn is a large man and strong. When Miss Sheenan grasped him by the coat collar he tried to break away. The young woman hung on, shouting for help, and several men went to her assistance. Kohn was overpowered and taken to the Thirtieth Street police station, charged with stealing small articles from Gimbel Brothers' store.

Kohn, according to the police, has served sentences in several Western penitentiaries. Due to his alleged criminal record and at the request of the police, Magistrate Peter A. Hatting held him in $5,000 bail, though the value of the articles he is alleged to have stolen amounts to only $14.65. Bail for such a theft is usually $300.

FLOGGED BY MASKED MEN.

Second Affair of the Kind at Birmingham in a Month.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 11.—Lester Hagood of Woodlawn, a suburb, reported to the police late today that he had been severely flogged last night by five men, who represented themselves as officers and enticed him from his home. They took him to Roebuck Springs, he said, blindfolded him, and beat him with straps. Hagood, according to the police, said his assailants accused him of irregularity in a real estate transaction with his mother.

The Hagood affair is the second flogging by a mob here within a month. W. E. Tumlin, a lawyer, having been whipped recently and ordered to leave town. The police said today that Tumlin had obeyed the order to depart.

Free Rides for Railway Union Agents

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Railway employes to whom leave of absence is granted to do organization work for labor unions are entitled to free transportation on the roads until the leave is officially cancelled, it was held by a decision of the Railroad Labor Board today. The decision was handed down in the case of E. Reilly, General Chairman of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employes for the Pere Marquette railway, to whom transportation was refused by the company.

Cohan Song in Harvard Library.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—George M. Cohan has found his way into the select Widener library collection at Harvard. The original of his "Over There," a song composed during the war, is on exhibition in the treasure room of the library. Cohan's work is alongside manuscripts of Maurice Masterlinck, Henry Van Dyke, Coningsby Dawson and Edith Wharton. There is also a pen and ink sketch by Caruso.

Globe-Wernicke

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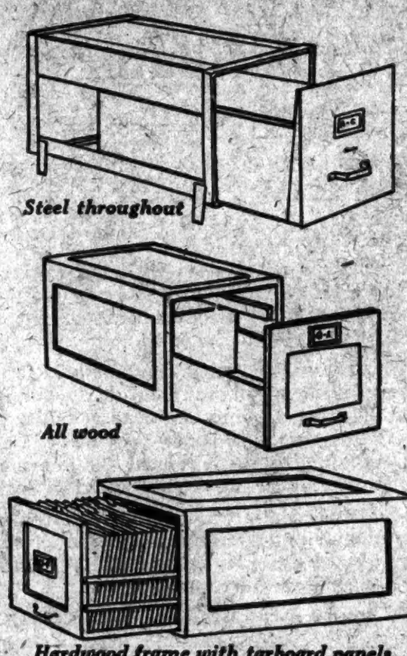
Vertical Transfer Cases



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Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Page 28.

THINKS AUTO PRICE CUTS HURT TRADE

C. W. Nash Tells His Company's Convention Increase of $100 Would Sell More.

A NEW FRANKLIN CAR SOON

Chassis Displayed at Annual Meeting of Dealers in Connection With Big Show.

H. H. Franklin, President of the Franklin Automobile Company, made one of the interesting announcements of the show week yesterday, when, at the annual convention and luncheon of the Eastern Franklin dealers at the Hotel Commodore, he announced that a four-cylinder Franklin car had been designed which would be sold for $1,000. Like the popular six-cylinder Franklin, this more economical sister will be air cooled. The chief mechanical features which have made the present car so acceptable to thousands of owners will be retained. The four-cylinder Franklin, however, will not be on the market until early in 1923. A complete chassis of the new car was exhibited yesterday for the first time at the meeting.

S. E. Ackerman, sales manager of the Franklin force, presided at the luncheon. He said the four-cylinder car was to have been placed on the market in 1920, but the business depression caused the postponement. Besides the open models for the four-cylinder chassis, there will be a sedan at a reasonable price.

Another dealers' meeting of more than ordinary interest was the convention of Eastern Nash car distributers at the Yale Club. C. W. Nash, President of the Nash Company, said that no salaries had been reduced by his factory and that, as a Christmas present, a bonus of $185,000 was distributed, none of it going to the executives. Mr. Nash was applauded when he said he believed the system of periodical reductions in prices had unsettled the motor business of the country. In this connection he said: "Price conditions are practically rock bottom now and I firmly believe more cars would be sold if the manufacturers by May 1 would raise prices by $100 or so."

The new Nash cars on exhibition at the show, Mr. Nash said, contain thirty-nine refinements introduced during the year, making both the four and six-cylinder models more durable and reliable than ever. Other speakers were Samuel S. Campbell, Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank; James J. Storrow, Chairman of the Nash Board of Directors, and C. B. Voorhis, Vice President of the company.

The latest Velie six-cylinder model, on exhibition in Grand Central Palace, is mounted on a 115-inch wheelbase chassis, a convenient size for use under heavy traffic conditions. Special attention has been paid to lubrication. The heavy crankshaft is held in four bronze-backed bearings. The cylinders are cast en bloc and a silencer is used on the front gears, eliminating noises. The standard body colors are blue, gray and maroon.

C. Harold Wills, who was elected at the dinner of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce to its more or less hall of humorous fame, believes so firmly in the steel alloy known as molybdenum that he prefers to call his Wills Sainte Claire car, exhibited for the first time this year, by that metallurgical term. The car is in the eight-cylinder class, and makes a fine appearance. On exhibition are a touring car in blue, a speedy roadster in green, a coupe and a sedan. New prices on the Wills Sainte Claire were announced late in the day, the reduction being $400 on the open models and $225 on the sedan. The new touring car price is $2,475 and for the sedan $3,475.

The new Kelsey car, with its friction drive system, is arousing considerable interest because of its mechanical simplicity.

The Stutz cars, which appear for the first time with the left-hand drive, although the right-hand drive may still be had, are represented by three attractive models in the show.

The eight-cylinder Lafayette cars make a distinguished showing. The highly polished chassis is one of the finest pieces of work of that character ever seen at a national exhibition.

More than 1,000 members of the Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association attended the annual dinner last night at the Hotel Commodore. The Oldsmobile dealers also had their annual dinner at the same place. The annual carnival of the Society of Automotive Engineers was given at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

BARRED AMERICAN SCENES.

Munich Playgoers Stopped a Production With Action Passing Here.

BERLIN, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—Munich theatregoers are still touchy on the subject of America, it appears from an incident just reported here.

The Neue Berliner Zeitung tells how an audience in the Bavarian capital fairly raised the roof in objecting to the American background and American names which were used in a new theatrical production. They hooted and hissed and stamped, and finally the performance was brought to a stop.

The authorities, when the manager was brought before them, forbade him to produce the play unless the scenes were laid in some country other than the United States. The versatile producer readily complied and laid his scenes in the Caucasus. The name of one character was changed from "Smith" to "Smirski," and that of "Gladys Chicago, Dollar Princess," to "Marsha Petrograd, millionaire's daughter."

The metamorphosed play was a tremendous success.

WILL SEND GOBELINS HERE.

Austria Will Use Them as Pledge for a Loan of £3,000,000.

VIENNA, Jan. 10 (Associated Press).—The famous Gobelin tapestry collection will be sent to America immediately as a pledge for a loan of £3,000,000 to the Austrian Government, according to an official announcement made today.

Replying to a protest presented by representatives of Austrian art societies, Alfred Guertler, Minister of Finance, was quoted by the Wiener Mittag today as saying that if further agitation should defeat otherwise impossible credit, then the rage of a needy populace would be turned against art institutes. In this case, he declared, art would be destroyed to a value of more than that of the Gobelin collection.

ATTACK WIRTH'S TAX POLICY

German Unions Accuse Him of Undue Leniency to Property Owners.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The General Federation of Trades Unions has issued a manifesto expressing dissatisfaction with the Government's taxation policy, especially its remissness regarding levies on property. The organization declares that, in conjunction with the Socialist Federation, it intends to take a stronger attitude on the taxation issue.

A commission composed of trades union and Socialist representatives has been formed to examine the question of property taxes.

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SECRET minutes of the Paris Peace Conference show how Clemenceau, supported by Orlando of Italy, fought bitterly the American plan for limiting armaments and armies.

EXTRACTS from these minutes, brought home by Woodrow Wilson in his Steel Box and never before published, will be contained in the

Third Instalment *of*
America and the World Peace
By Ray Stannard Baker
The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY

Warning! Newsdealers cannot return unsold copies of The New York Times, so their supply is limited strictly to demand. To get Ray Stannard Baker's story, written from the secret records of Woodrow Wilson, it is necessary to order in advance.

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LELAND-BUILT

ASKS CHURCH TO AID IN UPLIFTING STAGE

Dr. Clarence Knight Miller, Brooklyn Methodist, Takes Issue With Dr. Straton.

ENDORSES WORTHY DRAMAS

Baptist Clergyman's View Criticised as "Decadent and Dying"—Calls Methodism Progressive.

The Rev. Dr. Clarence Knight Miller, pastor of the Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, made a sharp retort to the attack made on him by the Rev. John Roach Straton, pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church of Manhattan, in an address to the members of the Flatbush 12:45 Lunch Club at Oetjen's, Church and Flatbush Avenues, yesterday afternoon. The speech grew out of a verbal controversy due to the stand taken by the Brooklyn minister in defense of the stage and his statement that the Methodist Church had no ban on proper amusements and that no real Christian should deny himself the pleasures if he so desired.

"The theatre is not the enemy of the church," said Dr. Miller, "excepting when the church through inane and unreasoning attacks has placed the stage on the defensive. With the persecution which the stage has endured for generations, the unjust slander, the contempt hurled at actors, condemned as a class for the delinquencies of a few, we only wonder that the stage is not more antagonistic. I have never heard a slur at the church from the lips of any actor.

Stage and Church Co-operation.

"The better producers and actors would rejoice to join hands with the Church in a general movement for more sympathetic co-operation. We have much in common. No more eloquent sermons were ever preached than 'The Passing of the Third Floor Back,' 'The Sergeant in the House,' 'Turn to the Right,' and many others that might be mentioned.

"If the stage, through the sympathetic co-operation of the Church, could become dedicated to the task of using its art for the enrichment and ennobling of life and could be gradually turned against the plays which make vice public glory, degrade womanhood and debauch manhood, then the stage might rank as one of the most beneficent factors of our day.

"But how can clean plays succeed unless the decent people support and encourage them? It is because we see the potential possibilities of the drama, if saved from the deliberate prostitution of its art which has characterized much of the trash which recently has been produced, that I refused to agree with those who stand like the ostrich hiding their heads in the sand and ignore the fact that the drama is influencing millions of people for good or ill.

"The duty of the Church is not to stand in selfish isolation trying to save its own soul and conserve its own membership, but to recognize good wherever it finds it and join hands with every constructive force which is seeking to develop human life to its more ideal and ultimate form.

"I have no unkind word to hurl back at the Baptist Minister who has so far overstepped the bounds of propriety as to inject himself uninvited into a debate which Methodism is perfectly well qualified to settle for itself.

Criticises Dr. Straton.

"We respect him as a sincere and zealous brother, but he represents a decadent and dying religious viewpoint which belongs to the past rather than the present. It is an unhealthy otherworldly type of individualistic religiosity which has been a parasite of fruit commensurate with the investment of personality involved. If there are blind leaders of the blind they are not to be found in progressive Methodism. We have seen the light of a new and brighter day and are marching ahead with our faces to the light to hasten the dawn.

"We do not believe that the world is bankrupt and mortgaged to the Devil, who is about to foreclose. This is God's world. We do not believe that all of life is bad and will grow worse until God through some divine flat ushers in the Millennium. The world grows better with the dawning of each new day. We believe that all of life is our field and that the task of the Church is to bring all life—industrial, political and social—into conformity with the will of God and the spirit of Jesus Christ.

"We question the religion of any person who cannot be as religious in business and social life as while performing the technical acts of devotion. If you cannot go to the theatre or dance and be religious, it may not be a mark of superior spirituality but of some deficiency of religious type. We need to guard against religious asceticism and a strained 'other worldliness.' The purpose of religion is not to save a soul from Hell but to redeem a world and make it beautiful and wholesome in every aspect of its life. This is the positive task of the Church, and to this task I stand committed."

JERITZA FILLS OPERA HOUSE

Great Blizzard Audience Hears New Star in "Die Tote Stadt."

Mme. Jeritza, latest opera star to become the toast of Broadway, as all the ticket speculators' windows testify, faced her first blizzard audience at the opera last evening, when the Viennese artist might have fancied herself singing to a furry company of polar bears instead of the Golden Horseshoe. Americans, at any rate, take their pleasures in defiance of weather; not only was the vast theatre again sold out, but practically every chair purchased was occupied, and even the late-comers standees lined up three deep around the walls. It was a new test, and a triumph, for Jeritza as a housewarmer.

The opera, "Die Tote Stadt," on this occasion completed the round of all five subscription performances; with the season not half over, and will henceforth be available for an "extra" at best. Harrold again sang the fanciful widower of Bruges who saw his dead wife in a dancer. All else was as before, including Bodanzky's adroit hand over Korngold's varied orchestra, and the nocturne of a mimic theatrical troupe's mad pranks by the canal bank gave a timely mid-Winter atmosphere of carnival.

Harold Morris's Recital.

Harold Morris, a young New York pianist who is not unknown also as a composer, gave a recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall. He began with Bach's Chromatic Fantasy and Fugue; he played the fugue not very eloquently but cleverly and solidly, and better than the fantasy, his performance of which was dry, unmoved and unwarmed by the romantic spirit of the music. He, too, like romantic spirit of Schumann's fiery sonata in G minor escaped him, though he was not baffled by the technical difficulties of the work.

After a group of Glinka, Weber and Chopin, Mr. Morris arrived at an interesting series of American compositions: the minuet from Powells "Sonata Noble," Albert Stoessel's "Bagatelle," Marion Bauer's Prelude in B minor, Leo Sowerby's "Irish Washerwoman" and Mr. Morris's own "Adagio Elegiaco" from a sonata, and "Dolly's Ballet." There was an audience more numerous than might have been expected to brave the weather.

Yale Has a New Dramatic Society.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—To bring out latest dramatic talent among undergraduates an organization, "The Playmakers," was formed in Yale University today. From this it is expected members of casts for plays produced by the University Dramatic Association will be drawn. Heretofore volunteers have been called for when the association began rehearsals of its plays.

THE SCREEN

FOOLISH WIVES, directed and written by Erich von Stroheim, with Mr. von Stroheim, Miss Dupont, Christiane, Maude George, Miss Busch, Miss Dupont, Cia Fisher, Cesare Gravina and others in the cast. At the Central Theatre.

Erich von Stroheim's "Foolish Wives," which has been on the way for more than a year, and is said to be one of the most costly motion pictures ever made, finally arrived at the Central Theatre last night. More than is the case with most other photoplays attributed to an individual, this production is the work of Mr. von Stroheim, for he not only wrote and directed it, but is by far the most conspicuous figure in its cast. So to him, therefore, must go the bulk of whatever approval and disapproval the picture wins. And, from different people, with varying ideas—and powers of endurance—he is likely to receive much of both.

"Foolish Wives," first of all, but not most importantly, is an expensive picture. It is said to have cost exactly $1,000,000.58, and although a good deal of this sum was probably due to delays and other misfortunes that beset the production of the film, no inconsiderable sum was actually spent in the things that show on the screen, especially the settings. The action takes place in Monte Carlo, and Mr. von Stroheim seems to have reproduced the chief city of Monaco on the coast of California. The settings cannot be even mentioned in detail. But they are as rich and splendid as one who thinks of Monte Carlo can imagine, though in some instances it must be confessed photographic effects that might have been obtained with them have been missed, principally because of faulty lighting. This is not generally true. Many of the photographs are strikingly effective, it is only that some are not.

However, splendid settings never made a dramatic photoplay, and "Foolish Wives" could have been made with much less architecture without losing its essential dramatic quality. It does possess this quality, in many separate scenes and in frequent sequences of scenes, because, most importantly, it is largely composed of dynamic, expressive motion pictures. And Mr. von Stroheim is a maker of motion pictures. He has a keen sense of the dramatic and a pictorial point of view, and the result is that "Foolish Wives" teems with scenes that mean something, that throw light on character and action, that strike the spectator fairly between the eyes and make him sit up and read pictures. This is the chief value of the film.

The picture is thus vitalized through Mr. von Stroheim's own cinematographic skill, and through the acting of himself and the others in the cast. His role is that of a human beast of prey, an unbelievably contemptible animal whose vocation and avocation is preying on women—without scruple and indiscriminately. He takes their money and their honor, whether they are serving maids, half-witted girls or the wives of men in high station. And Mr. von Stroheim makes this character most repellantly realistic. All of the polish of such a villain, all of the cruelty, all of the cowardice, are portrayed in his finished, fiendish acting.

Posing as a Russian Count, he works with two accomplices, a pair of women who pose as Countesses, his cousins, played by Maude George and Mae Busch in his own style of sharp emphasis, only now and then becoming too exaggerated. Miss Dupont has the rôle of the principal "foolish wife," and, without giving it any particular individuality, makes it sufficiently clear to serve the purpose of the story. Her husband, who is a special envoy of the United States to the Principality of Monaco, is programed as Ridolph Christians, although it is reported that when Mr. Christians died during the production of the picture, Robert Edeson was drafted for the part. If both do appear in different scenes of the photoplay as presented, any attempt to identify them separately would become a guessing contest.

The character, Andrew J. Hughes, is consistently presented, and is, as presented by Mr. Christians or Mr. Edeson or both, an adequately forceful figure. Dale Fuller, as a maid and one of the victims of the bogus Count, does telling work, as does also Cesare Gravina, as the father of a half-witted girl whom the beast destroys. It is through this father's vengeance that the monster finally meets a horrible end. The wife of the American envoy narrowly escapes him.

From all of which you may gather the main idea of the story. It is not pleasant. In many places it is decidedly repulsive. It is what is generally called "continental," and as such is exceedingly well done.

But whether you like that kind of a story is a question and whether you like it for fourteen reels of film, or three hours and a half on a stretch, with only five minutes' intermission, is another question. Surely, no matter how well done the picture is, and no matter how absorbing the story may be, the film is too long. It achieves its effects by its illuminating details, but it is too detailed to hold the attention for so long. You don't read a book written on such a subject as "Foolish Wives" in its style, for three hours and a half at a sitting. You couldn't, and it is wearying to sit through the film. Yet it was cut from 320 reels!

As the picture approaches its end it stirs the interest with an exciting fire scene, which comes as if to show that Mr. von Stroheim can be spectacular, too. It is as good as anything of its kind yet seen on the screen, except that the flames sometime appear white and sometimes red, with disconcerting effect.

PLAYHOUSE FAILS TO REOPEN

Florence Reed, Who Was to Take Alice Brady's Role, Quits Rehearsals

The Playhouse failed to reopen with "Drifting" yesterday afternoon, following a sudden refusal of Florence Reed to go on with rehearsals. "Drifting" opened last week with Alice Brady in the leading rôle, but Miss Brady's sudden illness necessitated the closing of the play. Miss Reed, who was then sent for, agreed to learn the rôle in two days, but gave up the part on Tuesday when she learned that she had been given an outdated copy of the manuscript, and that all of her preparation had been in vain.

No immediate plans have as yet been made for the Playhouse, but it is probable that "The Law Breaker," by Jules Eckert Goodman, which William A. Brady produced in Atlantic City on Monday night, will be presented there in the near future.

"Pins and Needles" Coming Soon.

"Pins and Needles," an English revue brought to this country by Albert de Courville, will open at the Shubert Theatre a week from Monday night. The production and cast will arrive in New York tomorrow on the Mauretania. Edith Kelly Gould will head the company, which will also include Harry Pilcer, Maisie Gay, Tommy Mostel, Rupert Hazell and many others. After "Pins and Needles" Mr. de Courville will make a number of other productions here.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Intimate Stranger" will end its engagement at Henry Miller's Theatre next week.

"The Little French Doll" will be the name of the French farce in which Irene Bordoni will appear.

There will be a professional matinee at "Sunbeam Drummond" at the Knickerbocker on Friday of next week.

Frits Leiber will offer the following program at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre next week: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights, "Macbeth"; Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights, "Julius Caesar"; Thursday and Saturday matinees, "Romeo and Juliet."

Maurice and Leonore Hughes, who have been appearing in "Good Morning, Dearie," will leave for Los Angeles today.

The program at the Manhattan Opera House next Sunday night, in honor of Jacob P. Adler, will include Al Jolson, Bertram Peacock, Sofia Baker, Louis Mann, Richard Bennett, Joe Weber and Barney Bernard.

The Silver Fern, which William Faversham recently acted here, will be sent on tour in a few weeks. The cast will include Percy Marmont, Rosa Wrenter, Lawrence Scanlon and Violet Kemble Cooper.

Members of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts will act "Kitty Mookaya" at the Lyceum tomorrow afternoon.

Irene Castle will again head the bill at the Palace next week.

Harold Gwynne and Kitty Flynn have been engaged for "A Regular Girl," in which Cecil Lean and Clee Mayfield will be seen.

HAIL COHAN'S DECISION AS EQUITY VICTORY

Secretary Gillmore Says His Rejoining Managers Makes 'Shop Policy' 100% Effective.

George M. Cohan's decision to resume production here as a member of the Producing Managers' Association was hailed by the Actors' Equity Association yesterday as a victory for that organization. A statement on Mr. Cohan's action, issued by Frank Gillmore, Secretary of the Equity, was in part as follows:

"Now that George M. Cohan has joined the Producing Managers' Association, let us hope his perturbed spirit will rest. His periodic shrieks and wails must have started gooseflesh on the uninformed public. His present belated move is the one which was suggested to him in the press by the Actors' Equity Association nearly twelve months ago. If he had taken our advice then, it would have saved him many an attack of hysteria; but better late than never. The fact that Mr. Cohan is now in the Producing Managers' Association is a cause of much satisfaction to us and makes our Equity shop policy 100 per cent. effective, since Mr. Cohan's play, 'The O'Brien Girl,' was the only company owned outside the ranks of the P. M. A. which was playing a mixed cast. A careful and definite canvass, just completed by our representatives all over the country, there is not a single company in any point covered in the United States in which mixed casts are playing except this one.

"If Mr. Cohan is so unalterably opposed to the 'closed shop,' why not take a tilt at a managerial 'closed shop' which has been flourishing for years? I mean the Vaudeville Managers' 'closed shop,' which prevents actors, even those in actual need, from playing with outside firms."

Leon Sametini, Violinist, in Debut.

Leon Sametini had the time-honored benediction of "Kneisel weather," as it once was called in musical New York, on his début here at the Town Hall last night. A sad, bad night for fiddles, the Dutch violinist found, when his strings played him false in his early Kreisler arrangements; but not such as to daunt him in Paganini's D-major concerto, Chausson's "Poeme," a Vieuxtemps rondo and lesser pieces by Leaye, Rubay, Thibaud and Sametini himself. A native of Rotterdam, he had played as a boy of 12 with Mengelberg's orchestra, and at 16 had been sent by Queen Wilhelmina to study at Prague. He has appeared hitherto in America with the Chicago, Cincinnati and Minneapolis orchestras, and will doubtless find welcome by more New Yorkers than scantily filled the little hall last night. Harry Kaufman assisted at the piano.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

SHUBERT VAUDEVILLE $1.00 WINTER GARDEN $1.00 — WORLD'S GREATEST SHOWS AT — JOHN CHARLES THOMAS — JAMES BARTON—MABEL WITHEE & CO.—in "SALLY, IRENE & MARY"—EDDIE DOWLING and Other Star Acts.

44TH ST. THEATRE — MASON & KEELER—WELLS & STORY; CARL McCULLOUGH—6 Others—Great Acts. Daily Mats. 25c. to 50c. Eves. 25c. to $1.

FULTON — THE SELWYNS PRESENT — JOHN DREW — THE CIRCLE — MRS. LESLIE CARTER — ESTELLE WINWOOD, ERNEST LAWFORD, JOHN HALLIDAY, ROBERT RENDEL

COMEDY — MME. PETROVA will hold a reception on stage after Today's Matinee.

MME. PETROVA IN PERSON — "THE WHITE PEACOCK" — By MME. PETROVA. "EVER AND ALWAYS A GORGEOUS SPECTACLE."—Alexander Woollcott, Times.

SELWYN THEATRE — BEGINNING TOMORROW NIGHT AT 8:20 SHARP — JOSEPH CAWTHORNE & LORRAINE IN The Blue Kitten — THE POUSSE CAFE OF MUSICAL SHOWS — FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY

BIJOU THEA. — THE DOVER ROAD — By A. A. MILNE with Dir'n of Guthrie McClintic

LYRIC — UP in the CLOUDS — "ROARING GOOD FUN—HERE IS REAL MUSICAL COMEDY."—World.

BOOTH — GEORGE ARLISS in THE GREEN GODDESS — A PLAY OF ADVENTURE.

Jolson's 59th St. Theatre — AL JOLSON "BOMBO"

49TH ST. THEA. — MR. DITRICHSTEIN in "FACE VALUE"

Ambassador — Greatest Musical Hit of Ages! — BLOSSOM TIME

MOROSCO — 50TH TIME MONDAY NIGHT — THE BAT — Keeps Standees on Top of Their Toes. SEATS NOW SELLING 8 WEEKS AHEAD.

NORA BAYES THEA. — JUST MARRIED — With VIVIAN MARTIN—LYNNE OVERMAN.

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THE MADRAS HOUSE — The Neighborhood Playhouse Co. in — LAST WEEK

NATIONAL — ENTIRE ORCH. $3. ENTIRE BALC. $1.

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Greenwich Village Follies — 23D ANNUAL PRODUCTION — SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.

REPUBLIC THEA. — "LAWFUL LARCENY"

Yiddish Art THEA., 27th St. & Madison Av. — MAURICE SWARTZ in "RAGS" — Every Fri. Eve., Sat. & Sun. Mat. & Eve. $2.20-$.50

CENTURY — "Nothing in town to compare with Ouida Sterne's sumptuous score."—Times. — THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER — With DONALD BRIAN—TESSA KOSTA AND A TRULY GREAT CAST.

ASTOR — Wm. FAVERSHAM

RITZ THEATRE, West 48 St. Mats. Thurs. & Wed. — INA CLAIRE IN THE GAY FARCE — BLUEBEARD'S 8TH WIFE

PRINCESS — NORMAN TREVOR in "THE MARRIED WOMAN"

HIP — FIRST MATINEE TODAY — WHO GETS SLAPPED — "It will leave the starry deep in his love of American stage."—Tele. — GARRICK

BELMONT — "THE R. S. V. P. TENACITY," preceded by "THE CRITICS," by St. John Ervine.

48TH ST. — LOUIS MANN — NEXT WEEK — FRITZ LEIBER in Plays of Shakespeare.

Shubert-Riviera — MAIN STREET with Alma Tell & Henry Hull. 2D WK: "LILIOM"—Schildkraut, Le Gallienne.

39TH ST. — H. B. WARNER in "DANGER!" — TIMELY SEX PROBLEM — Best Seats $2.50.

CASINO — A CARLTON PRODUCTION — JULIA SANDERSON in A Musical Comedy Setting. — TANGERINE

Arthur Hopkins Presents — Pauline Lord in "Anna Christie" — Vanderbilt Thea., 48th St. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Today and Sat., 2:30. LAST TWO WEEKS — Lionel Barrymore in "The Claw," with Irene Fenwick. Broadhurst Thea., W. 44th. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Today and Sat., 2:30. LAST TWO WEEKS

FRANCES HODGSON BURNETT says: "Seeing SIDNEY BLACKMER in 'THE MOUNTAIN MAN' (by Clare Kummer) has revived my faith in the Theatre." Maxine Elliott's Theatre. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30. Evenings 8:30.

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND ATTRACTIONS

EMPIRE — "GET A THIEF TO CATCH A THIEF" — IN HIS NEW SUCCESS — William Gillette — The Dream Maker

KNICKERBOCKER — "IT'S MORE FUN THAN THE NAVY." — New Alexander Woollcott Thrills. — CHARLES DILLINGHAM presents "Bulldog Drummond" — A Real Melodrama by "SAPPER" with A. E. MATTHEWS

GAIETY — Otto Kruger, Emmett Corrigan, Elsie MacKay, Mary Boland — "Alias JIMMY VALENTINE" from O. HENRY'S Story "A Retrieved Reformation" — First Night MONDAY NEXT — SEAT SALE TODAY — ELSIE JANIS and HER GANG IN A NEW SHOW — "GANG GANG"—"NEW STUFF."

FRAZEE — "THE GAYEST COMEDY I EVER SAW."—Woollcott, Tribune. — DULCY — By George S. Kaufman and Connelly, with LYNN FONTANNE.

Good Morning Dearie — Musical Comedy Sensation of the Year — GLOBE

Lexington — Mats. Wed., Sat. Bal'con'e Irish Comedy — ROSA MACHREE — With JULIA ADLER

PARK — "THE WILD CAT" — "IT THRILLS."—N. Y. Times

SAM H. HARRIS' ATTRACTIONS

CORT — "NEW YORK and LONDON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS" — WALLACE EDDINGER and MARY NASH in "CAPTAIN APPLEJACK" — A new comedy by Walter Hackett

HUDSON — "MISS FERGUSON HERE IS AT HER LOVELIEST."—Tribune. — ELSIE FERGUSON in SOME AKKING "VARYING SHORE."

MUSIC BOX — IRVING BERLIN'S "MUSIC BOX REVIEW" — Sam Bernard, William Collier, Florence Moore, Wilda Bennett, James Santley, Ivy Sawyer, many others. Staged by Hassard Short. — "BEST MUSIC SHOW EVER MADE IN AMERICA."—Globe.

HARRIS — "A HUGE SUCCESS" "SIX CYLINDER LOVE" with ERNEST TRUEX

NEW AMSTERDAM — Mats. Wed. & Sat. 50c-$2.50 — ZIEGFELD TRIUMPH — MARILYNN MILLER — LEON ERROL — "Sally" — IN NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF. — ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

HENRY MILLER'S — BILLIE BURKE — In BOOTH TARKINGTON'S Gracious Comedy "THE INTIMATE STRANGERS."

BELASCO — MAT. TODAY. — ULRIC as KIKI

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METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE — TODAY, MAT. at 2 (1st to 45th). No War Tax. CARMEN. Farrar, Bori, Galli; Martinelli, Scotti, Mason, Meader, Martino, Wolff. TONIGHT, 8. BORIS GODUNOFF. Matzenauer, Chaliapin, Portia, Rothier, Bada, Papi. FRI. at 8. ERNANI. Ponsella, Galli; Martinelli, Danise, Mardones, Bada, Papi. SAT. at 1:30. LOHENGRIN. Jeritza, Matzenauer; Sembach, Whitehill, Blass, Bodanzky. SAT. at 8 (Pop. Prices). AIDA. Eaton, Gordon; Grimi, De Luca, Didur, Gustafson, Moranzoni. SUN. Eve. Concert (75c to $3.) WEGNER Violinist. Ponsella; Harrold. Orch. Bamboschek. NEXT MON., 3. WALKURE. Matzenauer, Jeritza, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Gustafson, Bodanzky.

WED., Jan. 18, Sp'l Mat. at 2, $1.50 to $6 (No War Tax) "entire net proceeds for the benefit of the FLORENCE CRITTENTON LEAGUE." TOSCA Jeritza; Gigli, Scotti, Malatesta. D'Angelo, Bada, Mardones.

WED. at 8. DON CARLOS. Ponsella, Gordon, Galli; Martinelli, De Luca, Malatesta, Papi. THURS. at 8. BARBER OF SEVILLE. Chase, Bori, Chamlee, Ruffo, Didur, Malatesta, Papi.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC TUES., Jan. 17, at 8. LOUISE. Farrar, Bori; Partin, Rothier, Diaz, Wolff. Tickets at ACADEMY and METROPOLITAN. HARDMAN PIANO USED

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE SPEC'L — THIS AFTERNOON at 2 — Auspices of Neighborhood Music School. CARMEN Farrar, Bori, Galli; Martinelli, De Luca. Seats $1 to $5. No War Tax.

PAUL KOCHANSKI — Violinist — Concerts Internationaux — Organized by Foldowski (Lady Dean Paul) — PROGRAM — Vivaldi—Nachez — Bach and Szymanowski — SATURDAY, January 21, at 11:45 A. M. — HOTEL AMBASSADOR — Louis XV. Ball Room — Seats $3.30, on Sale at Ambassador, Park Ave. at 51st St. — Series Tickets, Seven Concerts, $20.10, Incl. war tax. — Knabe Piano Used.

TOWN HALL — Friday Aft., Jan. 20, at 3, and Sat. Eve., Jan. 21, at 8:15 — JOHN ALDEN CARPENTER, POLDOWSKI, SZYMANOWSKI, ADOLPH BOLM, ALICE MIRIAM, POVLA FRIJSH, GEORGE BARRERE, LITTLE SYMPHONY — in a Concert and Ballet Programme, including "KRAZY KAT" PROKOFIEFF BALLET and Others. — Full Programme and Tickets Now at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

TOWN HALL, Sun. Aft., Jan. 15, at 3:30 — THE SOCIETY OF THE — Friends of Music — Under the direction of ARTUR BODANZKY — Assisting Artists: — Miss ESTELLE LIEBLING — SALZEDO—MAQUARRE — Tickets at Box Office and of Miss Helen Love, 1 W. 34

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Carnegie Hall, Wed. Eve., Jan. 18, 8:15 — Recital by JOSEF — LHEVINNE — with MME. ROSINA LHEVINNE — 55c to $3.30; Boxes $13.20, $16.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. (Steinway Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Eve., Jan. 19, at 8:15 — FLONZALEY — Quartet with OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH — Prices 55c to $2.20. Boxes $16.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, Friday Aft., Jan 20, at 3 — Recital Intime by Mme. EMMA — CALVE — Arranged for Students and connoisseurs. 55c-$2.20 (Steinway Piano.) Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1922.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH TREATY.

Though English feelings were temporarily ruffled by the attitude of the French delegation at the Washington conference, a full and lasting agreement with France remains the fixed policy of Great Britain. This is shown once more by the welcome given in England to the proposed defensive treaty with France. The British Cabinet promptly sent its approval of the treaty to LLOYD GEORGE. Public opinion is reported to be heartily in favor of it.

Viscount GREY, speaking for the party in opposition to the Government, declared that a breach with France would be unthinkable, and that Great Britain must make every exertion to co-operate with her in the work of rebuilding Europe.

How is the outcry against the treaty in Paris to be explained? BRIAND has distinctly a "bad press." His Cabinet is hesitating. There are mutterings of revolt in the Chamber. The Premier's political opponents are girding at him and exulting as if they thought his fall from power certain. Perhaps it is, but BRIAND has faced what appeared to be assured defeat several times before, and snatched a victory by boldly challenging his enemies. That course he is to follow again, returning to Paris from Cannes to explain exactly what is aimed at by the treaty with England, and to demand a vote of confidence. If he does not get it, he will not, of course, go back to Cannes. The Chamber may well hesitate before disrupting or unhappily delaying the negotiations while a new French Ministry is being constituted. The situation is not unlike that early in November when M. BRIAND called upon the Parliament to send him to Washington or to send him to his home—he was ready to go to either place. He may now say: "The Riviera or Britany, decide which it shall be; it's all one to me."

For a long time the French Premier has been attacked relentlessly by ex-President POINCARÉ, ANDRÉ TARDIEU and CLEMENCEAU. Whatever BRIAND has done has been wrong in their eyes. All last Summer they assailed him for being too lenient to Germany, too yielding to England. They asserted that his course was imperiling the security of France. But now that he is planning to guarantee that security by a treaty with England, what will they say? Being politicians, and acting from partisan motives, they will unquestionably find something abusive to say. But BRIAND is a formidable debater in the Chamber, and is not ignorant himself of the ways of taking political advantage of a crisis, so that he may go back to Cannes with renewed authority.

Whatever his immediate fortune or the next turn of French politics, it is not to be believed that France will miss the chance of striking hands with England in an agreement which would mean so great a benefit to Europe and all the world.

THE POSTAL TUBES.

Some years ago, the use of pneumatic tubes for the transmission of mails in several cities was discontinued because the postal administration of that time said they would not be accepted or operated as a gift, being worthless and unserviceable. Now it is announced that the tube service is to be revived on a ten years' contract for this city at a rental of $18,500 a mile for 27 miles. For the period of the lease the tubes will earn $780,000 more for their owners than under the old lease. That is a pretty high price to pay for the loss of the service during the period of discontinuance.

However, the economies and advantages seem to justify the cost. First, there is the saving of the expensive motor service, which congests the streets and too often kills or maims unwary walkers. Secondly, there is the saving of the armed guards which recently it has been found necessary to place on the vans to stop highway robberies. As the tubes cannot be robbed, there is a third benefit. The quickening of the mails is well worth consideration and rests upon a series of reports to Congress. There is a prospect of similar benefits in the several other cities where also the abandoned tubes still exist, but the plans for this city are further advanced and the tubes can be started up more quickly, in a few weeks it is hoped.

The postal tubes of this city are of continental rather than local interest in the proportion that the city's mails are larger outside city limits than within them. The postal buildings of this city are like the tubes in that respect. Everybody who sends letters into the city or out of it is interested in having the Post Office business housed in a manner promoting efficiency, now lamentably handicapped. It is good news, therefore, that the Joint Postal Commission has authorized contracts with the New York Central and Pennsylvania Railroads for the larger part of the million and a quarter feet of housing needed to hasten communications between the city and the world. The Pennsylvania building will cost ten millions, mostly to be in wages paid, for there is no need of real estate.

DIARIES OF THE HOME.

Rummaging among useless Government publications, the House Committee on Printing came upon the "Diary of Home-Making Activities." The cost of it is not staggering, but its purpose is sufficiently so. Issued by the Federal Board of Vocational Education, 5,000 copies of this little book have been placed in the hands of wives of workingmen and of farmers. They are requested to read the "sample" diaries therein given, and on that model to stop every half hour of their day's work and write in the blank pages an exact account of what they had been doing for the previous thirty minutes. Then the whole is to be returned to Washington for the edification of the Vocational Board. It will doubtless thereafter proceed to construct new educational courses, and to publish additional bulletins and questionnaires and monographs, on the basis of the priceless information thus received.

The sample diaries offered for the guidance of untutored home-makers contain such profoundly illuminating entries as the following: "Combed Alice's hair"; "mended husband's shirt"; "punished Billy for hurting Alice." There is also a special diary for college women. They are expected to set down both what they did and the reason why they did it. Thus: "9:30, lay flat on my back and read the paper." And why? Because she was tired and wanted to find out what was the news!

The enthusiastic vocationalists at Washington hope to get back as many as 1,000 of these diaries of the home. That will enable them to demonstrate how much time is wasted and motion lost in the farmhouses of the land, and to draw up, as they gravely say, "a curriculum for educating young girls along the line of what most women have to do, according to these reports." Unless, however, we mistake the native vigor of the housewives of Kansas and Montana, some of them will send back their diaries with the single record: "10:30, got a copy of the Diary of Home-Making Activities, and spent half an hour wondering where those idiots in Washington will break out next."

NEITHER MORAL NOR DESIRABLE.

The guardians of public morals who appeared at the final hearing of the Senate Judiciary Committee on the House bill to exclude from the mails advertisements of lottery paraphernalia and of fraudulent devices did not commend their cause to liberal opinion when they argued for the retention of Section 5, the incongruous eleventh-hour amendment. It would punish with a fine of $5,000 or imprisonment for five years, or both (the maximum), "any person" who sends to or deposits in the mails a newspaper, postcard or letter which prints or states the betting odds on horse races, prizefights, "or other contests of speed, strength or skill." As this provision of the bill, if enacted, would expose to the penalties prescribed the owners of newspapers that print sporting news, particularly desired by many of their readers, although they, the newspaper owners, have no interest in promoting or encouraging betting and gambling, they naturally object to Section 5.

On contests of "speed, strength or skill," a description that includes all the amateur games and sports, betting for the fun of the thing is very common, shared in by the wisest and the best of men, and even by women. It is obvious that Section 5 would blacklist and penalize anything printed or written about the odds on these "events," past or to come, if put into the mails. What an opportunity for the zealot! As to betting on the big prizes of the turf and on championship boxing matches, thousands are interested in the odds who do not or have not bet themselves. It is news that almost everybody wants to read about. Where is the harm of it? Are the American people to be denied this news because there are individuals foolish enough to bet on the races and lose their money, an unprofitable and, in cases, an immoral practice?

But the question is broader. It affects freedom of the press and personal liberty. "This," said Senator STANLEY of Section 5 at the hearing, "is the worst phase of the legislative itch with which the country is afflicted, this passion for regulating all details of life and morals." He went on to say: "Under this act the papers published in Berlin and Budapest could not be sold on the streets of Washington." He added: "There isn't a State in the Union which cannot stop betting on race tracks ten minutes after its Legislature meets." Obviously, Section 5 could not do it in any State, but it could punish, and hold up to the scorn of the pharisees, newspaper proprietors who printed harmless news and let it go through the mails; and it could put in prison a boy who wrote to his father about the odds on a Harvard-Yale football game. Senator BORAH, foe of all humbug and illiberal legislation, thunders against Section 5. As was pointed out by one of its opponents, it would forbid the mailing of news in the public interest; for instance, that a notorious embezzler had made heavy winnings by backing horses at the Latonia race track. A score of variations might be cited.

And what did the watchmen of virtue, the teachers and preachers of morals, have to say about Section 5? That "commercialized gambling has almost a death strangle grip on the newspapers of the country," which is nonsense; that "the liberties of the people" are in danger—they are, but not in the sense the speaker had in mind; that many chiefs of police support the purpose of Section 5—they know human nature too well, they have too much intelligence. The preposterous amendment should be lopped off the bill altogether. It cannot be changed and made rational and workable.

END OF THE MILK STRIKE.

It was a moving indictment which the milk wagon drivers brought against their leader, BRIGGS, when they deposed him:

> We, in meeting assembled, have concluded that our interests have been jeopardized, our affairs mismanaged, under the arbitrary rule of GEORGE W. BRIGGS and his puppet officers, who have permitted him to attempt to suspend our by-laws and constitution and who have suffered him to make no accounting to us in his task of managing the affairs of 9,000 of us with a fund of something in excess of $129,000.

Much more than that might have been said. Though the pay of the drivers was still at its wartime peak, they were persuaded to strike for a heavy increase, and they arrogantly refused to confer with the "milk barons," though they knew that they were facing violence and bloodshed and were depriving mothers and children of food. The strike has dragged on for eleven weeks and 5,500 of the 9,000 drivers are still "out," many of them having been idle all that time. Meanwhile the milk companies have filled 95 per cent. of the vacancies and have introduced the open shop where they formerly had to deal with a powerfully organized union. "We have been duped," the strikers now say; "all we want is to get our old jobs back."

The situation is truly moving, yet it calls for more than sympathy. By what means are radical leaders enabled to surround themselves with "puppet officers," suspend constitution and by-laws, gain control of rich treasuries and jeopardize everything by mismanagement? Only through the fact that the great mass of union members do not attend meetings and perform the other offices of self-government. W. Z. FOSTER lately declared at a meeting of fellow-radicals that not more than 5 to 10 per cent. of union men vote at elections. Therefore, he urged, it is a very simple thing for a group of revolutionists to gain control and work their will. It is the well-known process of "boring from within." Something more than that, however, is necessary. The great majority of workmen are not radicals but more or less sensible Americans. To justify radical leadership it is necessary to win strikes and thus increase wages. Said The American Federationist in a recent article proclaiming the progressive spirit of the Federation: "Be it known as a nugget of supreme importance that there is more in an increase of a dollar in the pay envelope than is dreamed of in all thy philosophy, my dear Horatio." So long as radical dictatorship is successful financially it is accepted, loyally supported. Only when it signally fails do the rank and file denounce it and search their own souls.

Strong forces are now at work to persuade the public of the sacredness of the right to strike. During our recent municipal campaign, Health Commissioner COPELAND exhorted the strikers "to go fishing and leave it to Mayor HYLAN to settle the strike." They did; but now they reflect, as one of them said, that there are as many suckers on land as in the sea. Mr. GOMPERS is never weary of denouncing the Industrial Court as "an effort to crush the labor movement," and thus "to reduce the American workman to slavery." But in simple truth could anything be more fatal to the labor movement than the dominance of leaders such as BRIGGS and BARNDELL, who seek power for the love of revolution or of graft?

So long as the effects of industrial strife were mainly limited to employer and employed, the public was satisfied with the hope that eventually union members would realize the necessity of attending meetings and insisting upon a sane and honorable conduct of their affairs. Today Brindellism huddles the poor in squalid, outlawed tenements, while Briggsism deprives nursing mothers and young children of their only nourishing food. The modern demand that industrial warfare be brought within the law arises from no class, but from the long-suffering public.

THE BONUS FOLLY.

"Bonus" is too coarse a word for the chaste ears of statesmen at Washington eager to swap the taxpayers' money for votes. "Adjusted compensation" is the official phrase. By whatever name called, it is a gift, a grant, a political bribe. At least a bit of the humbug with which the weak-kneed brethren have tried to surround it has been dispelled. The deceptive plan to tie it up with the settlement of the allied debt, to base it upon contingencies and uncertainties, has to be given up. Mr. HARDING waves that deception away. The loosely reckoned billions it will cost can be raised only by the issue of bonds or by direct taxation. As the Administration properly declines to be driven by Congress into accepting the former alternative, the Republicans must "redeem" once more their promises of economy and the relief of the burdened taxpayers by the imposition of new burdens.

Whatever taxes are laid, the inevitable consequences of this shameless game of give-away will be what Secretary MELLON called them in July:

> However financed, no sum could be taken out of the public Treasury without throwing a corresponding load upon the whole people in the form of increased interest charges, increased taxes and increased cost of living. This burden, moreover, would be in addition to that already imposed in most of the States, which have provided bonuses in varying degrees of liberality to veterans of the late war.

Mr. MELLON tried to impress upon Congress the "grave complications" which the heavy payments necessary for the bonus would bring into the refunding operations of the next few years. He said that the Bonus bill, aside from its direct evil consequences, "would also involve grave dangers of renewed inflation, increased commodity prices and unsettled business conditions." In November the Bonus bill was recommitted in the Senate, mainly on account of Mr. HARDING's insistence. What marvelous change in industrial, financial and economic conditions justifies its revival? What but political reasons founded on the fears of politicians, the most cowardly of all the tribes of men, induces Mr. HARDING to consent to "adjusted compensation" and to wish that this Congress should pass a bill for that purpose?

The proposed bonus is another fat instalment of class legislation of which the country has already had too much; and it is called for only by a part of the class it affects, by a noisy and determined minority skilled to play upon the notorious cowardice of politicians. Aside from the general and permanent interest of the country blithely neglected in the hope of votes, the Republican Party in Congress, if committed to this measure, will mark thereby the last stage of its incapacity and its faithlessness. Having left substantially unfulfilled its promises of economy and relief from taxation; having bogged and dawdled and quarreled for months; having disappointed and disgusted thrift and business, does it hope to retrieve itself by pouring out a dole of billions? Does it expect to reconcile disgruntled Republican voters to its sins by the commission of a new and enormous one?

DISRAELI said that courage was the rarest quality in a public man, yet it is the one that the people appreciate the most. It would be vain to expect it of Congress. Mr. CLEVELAND and Mr. WILSON had it to spare and used it fruitfully. Again we commend their example to Mr. HARDING.

NEW JERSEY FOR A BETTER PORT

New Jersey once thought that its interests would be best served by the development of the New Jersey side of the port by New Jersey separately and alone. Yesterday's news gives both engineering and political reasons for the abandonment of that position. Governor EDWARDS frankly admits his original opposition to the creation of the Port Authority. With equal candor he now says in his message that it would be unfortunate if the Port Authority plan should fail. He urges its adoption because he believes that the plan deals justly with New Jersey's interest and that the plan should be approved.

Two engineers of authority gave their reasons yesterday for preferring the Port Authority plan to the city plan. NELSON P. LEWIS, known as engineer of the Board of Estimate, remarks that the city plan is useless unless built as a whole forthwith. The outer belt line and one or more costly bridges high over navigable streams must be provided before the New Jersey railways can reach the city's piers on Staten Island. The city's eagerness for this is easily understood. A freight tunnel between the two boroughs on opposite sides of the Narrows would not make the city's piers and warehouses even self-sustaining, to say nothing of profit-earning.

The city covets for its costly and ill-advised adventure on Staten Island the 22,000,000 tons of freight outbound, but which would not have railway accommodation after it got across, or under, the Narrows. The railways on the New Jersey side could get neither to nor from the city's piers and warehouses unless the city plan is operative as a whole.

That is too large an order for immediate execution, and compares unfavorably with the Port Authority plan, which contemplates evolutionary development by and through self-supporting units in succession as opportunity favors. Engineer Lewis adds that Staten Island would be dissatisfied with the city plan if it were built. The authorising statute provides only for freight and commuter traffic, and could not possibly provide the rapid transit service which the Staten Islanders want. That can come only by connection with existing rapid transit accommodation. It is unthinkable that New York City can build two subway systems and compete against the Port Authority and the railways in affiliation with them. The engineer of the Port Authority, B. F. CASSON Jr., strengthens these local considerations against the city plan by outlining the superiority of the Port Authority plan for continental commerce. In normal times New Jersey railways carry 58,400,000 tons of New York freight, while New York railways carry 4,700,000 tons. Eighty per cent. of the land freight business is done on the New Jersey side. A little larger proportion of the ocean carriage is done on the New York side of the harbor. Only a negligible portion of the total trade is done directly between railways and steamships. There is nothing like unity of operation between either land or ocean links in the chain between exporters and importers. Each railway has its own terminal, and all freight has to be rehandled by manual transfer to and from floats or lighters or trucks. Piers must be placed where the railways can reach them, and the railways must have access to piers now accommodating ships. Otherwise the city must see its commerce seeking such accommodations elsewhere. Already the grain, cotton, fruit, meat trades and others are shrinking, attracted by differential rates to other ports which offer advantages such as the city plan lacks. But why argue? There is only one side to the question, if city politics is left out. If city politics is included, then State politics must be included. The city position is then weaker still.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Charge on a Relief.

As his single excuse or explanation for shooting the two detectives who were taking him to a police station, LUTHER BOOST offers the statement that on arriving there he would have been "kicked around for an hour or two" and otherwise maltreated, as he often had been before in like circumstances. That, according to him, is what made his temper "flare up" and made him do his terribly effective shooting.

Of course, nothing that BOOST says is in any way trustworthy, and his accusation cannot be taken seriously, even as evidence of his own state of mind before his crime was committed. Indeed, he himself has admitted that at previous compulsory visits to the police station to which MILLER and BUCKLEY were taking him he had not been ill-treated. In all probability, what he feared was not kicking or beating, but identification as implicated in another murder. Still, his assertions bring up anew the old and much discussed question of the "third degree" as a police expedient for getting confessions and evidence.

There is more or less foundation for the belief, universally held in criminal circles and widespread out of them, that there lingers among police and prosecuting officials something of the old confidence in the utility of pain and fear of pain as a means of eliciting truth from reluctant witnesses. A recent inquiry addressed to such officials in many States brought varying answers. Many of them indignantly denied any use of physical coercion, even in its mitigated forms; others gave rather vague replies, while not a few frankly declared that the infliction of pain in a reasonable amount sometimes was the only way by which the conviction of the guilty could be attained, and that therefore it should not be forbidden.

That was practically a confession that in some places there is occasional resort to the "third degree," and no more is required to account for the general impression of its existence as a habitual police measure.

Torture Is Never Justified.

While it would be impossible to deny that the infliction of pain on suspects—more or less of torture, in a word—sometimes does produce results in themselves, and abstractly, desirable, the defense of it is inadequate. For torture brings out whatever will end the suffering imposed. The product may be the truth, but it is just as likely not to be, and therefore modern courts are wise in rejecting it and condemning the process without qualification, regardless of the fact that without it, in a few cases, the conviction of the guilty is impossible.

BOOST may or may not have been put through the "third degree" once or oftener in his short but well filled career as an all-round criminal, but the only significance of his declaration as to his experience lies in his making it—that it was the first thing that came to his mind as an explanation of why he shot the detectives. In a way that puts our police on the defensive, and it is to be hoped that they can and will offer, at once, denials so explicit and authoritative of indulgence in the evil practice that no other criminal can repeat BOOST's charge, with even a trace of plausibility.

He Should Make the Journey.

One of Mr. DURANTY's dispatches from Moscow discloses the existence there of a fear that it would not be safe for LENIN to attend the Genoa conference. Whether the fear was that the representative, in a new form, of Russian tyranny would be subjected to assault by some avenger of his crimes, or whether it was that his strength, already overtaxed by colossal tolls, would not carry him through the difficulties of prolonged discussion with the hated minions of capitalistic Governments, the dispatch left an unsettled question.

Possibly enough the apprehensions among the Communists are of both kinds, and mingled with them may be some anxiety as to LENIN's ability to make at Genoa a defense of his régime that would be heard with patience by the other delegates. Failure to convince to get tolerable terms of recognition for Soviet rule—would be worse if made by him than if smaller men did it.

Doubtless there are in Western Europe not a few persons who, if opportunity offered, would be capable of violating the physical immunity which LENIN, if formally invited to Genoa, ought to enjoy. He would be carefully protected, however, and his peril would not be appreciably greater than the one he incurs daily in Moscow. He would be heard, too, with interest, if not with patience, and for many reasons it is to be hoped—if anybody is to represent Soviet Russia at Genoa—that he accepts his responsibilities and heads the Russian delegation if there is to be one.

The best of the reasons, perhaps, is that at Genoa he would hear many things which nobody dares to tell him at home, and so he might acquire some accurate and much needed information on which to exercise the intelligence credited to him by his admirers.

Our Love Is Not Returned!

Does the Central West feel a strong antagonism — something like hatred—for the East? It seems absurd that any such feeling should exist, but of course more than that is required to prove that it doesn't, and JOHN BARRETT, who has been traveling around out there, says that there is no doubt about it.

The Central West, he explains, has two grievances—first, its farmers are unhappy and hold this part of the country responsible for their woes; and, second, New York, or some eminent New Yorkers, is against the deep-water canal from the Great Lakes through the St. Lawrence to the sea on which the Central West thinks the restoration of its prosperity depends.

That indictment, viewed from this region, does not seem to be a very serious one, and if the Central Westerners only knew how fond of them we are—how far we are from wanting to hurt them or to deprive them of anything they want—perhaps they would cease to scowl at us.

Somebody should tell them. Why didn't Mr. BARRETT do it? He is a good speaker and possessed of much knowledge of things as they are.

Mercy Above Justice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This young negro who, paroled, killed two detectives seems to have been arrested for serious crimes six times since January, 1918.

The papers tell us one of the detectives leaves a widow and six or seven children. I have just been wondering about their future, whether there is any hope for their provision by the State that provided the law that liberated the criminal that made one a widow, the others orphans. I suppose the official or officials executing this law in behalf of the murderer feel no compunctions of conscience, since they are quite free to hide behind a law that puts maudlin mercy above justice.

In the name of Heaven, where is the sense of law at all if it is to be set aside in the interest of one who commits six crimes in four years? I wish the official or officials who paroled this young devil could be made to support the families he deprived of fathers and husbands. And yet these officials are only the representatives of the people who permit the existence and abuse of such laws. L. D. McMICHELS.

New York, Jan. 7, 1922.

Changing Telephone Numbers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the section of the Greater City where I live—Flatbush—the telephone company has just notified us that all our numbers—some of them listed for more than twenty years—are to be changed—and not the numbers alone, but the exchanges as well. The inconvenience of this is great; it is, in many cases, expensive. Most persons nowadays have stationery printed or engraved with the telephone no less than the house number. If a new die must be ordered to suit the telephone directory, it is no small matter.

Then, too, so much business enterprise is, today, carried on by telephone, often in one's own home, a change of number may result in serious commercial loss.

The etiquette and ethics of the telephone have never yet been fully defined. But, sooner or later, somebody whose number has been changed because it was "good business" for the telephone company, but "bad business" for him, will take his case into court. And in this commercial age he's likely to get a sympathetic verdict. JOAN BENEDICT.

Brooklyn, Jan. 4, 1922.

Free Speech.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I quote from the last sentence of some remarks made by a certain Mr. Wright, an officer of the Naval Reserve, in making a plea for the taking over by the Government of Jacob Riis Park for use as a naval station: "Any one now opposing the grant of land now occupied by the station is, in my judgment, committing the gravest crime of the age."

Is it any wonder that private citizens of this country feel, especially in the presence of the military authorities in peace time, like thanking God that we are not always at war! For all one has to do to commit the gravest crime of the age is to express an opinion. The trouble with this naval gentleman is not in what he says, for it does not amount to a row of pins, but in his mistake to let this idea of his loose in peace times, when the power to punish the "gravest crime" is fortunately removed from him and his crowd. DONALD S. GATES.

Baltimore, Jan. 7, 1922.

PROGRESS ON WHEELS.

When man was in his infancy he hit
upon the notion
Of harnessing the four-legged folk and
putting them in motion,
And doubtless thus careered about
throughout the land of Goshen.

Then, later on, some city sport struck
luck and promptly blew him
To clumsy cart with rough-hewn wheels
and beasties paired that drew him
Around the countryside so fast the
yokels hardly knew him.

I cannot follow in these lines the manifold inventions
Which all this time have helped man
move with various intentions—
Just noting low-back cars for fun and
chariots for contentions.

When I was young—a few years since—
the Bailey Buggy speeded
The younger set about my town, when
they had milked and weeded,
And with the girls, as they were then,
'twas all a fellow heeded.

Today I saw the Motor Show and felt
that poet endeavor
Was nothing much in man's young life,
though he had thought it clever—
Had fancied that his makeshift traps
would wabble on forever.

But now perfection is attained, and
simple truth compels me
To say a wonder car I saw to larceny
impels me—
The ——— Six Sedan—man's masterpiece—or so the salesman tells me.

O. O. A. CHILD.

NEW YORK'S PARK PROBLEMS.

IV. EFFICIENT ORGANIZATION SUGGESTED.

By CHARLES DOWNING LAY.

There are, it seems, two functions to be performed by some authority—one the maintenance, restoration and construction of existing park lands, the other planning parks and parkways for the underparked or undeveloped regions of the city. Whether these two functions should be combined in one commission or be handled by separate commissions is an open question. Much can be said on each side, but I am inclined to think that park maintenance, restoration and construction should be done by a city department which can with singleness of purpose devote itself to this work, leaving the planning and acquisition of new parks to a larger commission with broader powers and point of view.

This leaves us, then, with the task of devising the apparatus for the maintenance, reconstruction and building of parks.

Many schemes have been suggested, besides the present organization of the Park Department, which leaves so much to be desired because of its division into four more or less separate departments, with different standards, capacities and interests.

I believe the best organization, under the conditions, to be one similar to the present commission, but not separated into boroughs. The five Commissioners should be appointed by the Mayor and chosen, by courtesy, one from each borough and from a list of fifteen candidates submitted by the Chamber of Commerce. The Commissioners need not have any special knowledge of park affairs, for their duties will be purely administrative. They should receive the same salary as at present, but be required only to attend weekly meetings of the board. They will select the general superintendent and possibly the heads of bureaus and will authorize the expenditure of park funds. All matters of policy, but few matters of routine or detail, should be determined by them.

Nothing can be gained, I think, by having a larger and unpaid commission. It is a pleasing theory that a large commission with overlapping terms might insure a continuity of policy and more careful expenditure, but such a scheme is so foreign to our feeling in New York and so revolutionary in a government that has centred great responsibility in the Mayor that it should be forgotten at once.

The Park Commissioners will select an executive officer, who, with five deputies, will be directly responsible for all park work.

In the general office of this executive there should be established a bureau of soils, employing a chemist, an ecologist and an agriculturist. Such a bureau, with its laboratory, might well be run in connection with one of our educational institutions and would afford opportunity for advanced study and research. This bureau could do the work which no one now can do: keep all the parks in the highest state of fertility.

A bureau of entomology and plant pathology, with an entomologist, plant pathologist, botanist and chemist, might save thousands of dollars in preventing damage and in reducing the cost of the war against bugs and disease.

A bureau of horticulture with a suitable personnel (as of aboriculturists, horticulturists, floriculturists, &c.) might, with the help of the first two bureaus, do much to increase the beauty of the parks by planting what would endure. It might even tell us how to grow trees (and succeed in doing it) in front of the library.

We need particularly accurate data on the growth of trees under city conditions. We must know how deep the soil should be, when it must be renewed, how watered, and how large the trees will grow under given conditions.

Instead of the present impossible situation in which the landscape architect of the Park Department finds himself, he should be in charge of a bureau of design and construction, with all the help he needs, such as engineers, topographers, draftsmen and planters.

A bureau of maintenance would consist of the superintendents and foremen of the labor force, which should, so far as possible, be kept strictly to necessary maintenance and never do new work. For us to the present considerable of our appropriation for maintenance is spent on new work of one kind or another, and should be a capital charge.

A bureau of cost accounting and statistics is badly needed. We should know what work costs now, and why, and how it compares with previous costs, and we should know how long it should last and has lasted. A count of park attendance is badly needed. No one knows how many persons visit the parks on an average day, how long they stay or what the cost is per capita for each hour per person in the park. It seems ridiculous that a city which spends $2,450,198.04 in a year for park maintenance should not have the benefit of all possible scientific help. We should be making scientific park history and furnishing the rest of the world with accurate knowledge of park work in cities.

We need also a bureau of recreation, to care for all such activities, and this should take over the operation of all park privileges, such as boating, skating, &c. The profiteering of concessionaires, however it may be controlled, is always objectionable.

A commissary department to manage all eating places, making them attractive and not expensive, is imperative. No private concern should occupy public property, no matter what the conditions.

A police bureau has always seemed desirable to people who have studied the management of our parks, and some effort should be made to secure this change from the present system. What advantages, political or other, come from having city police in the parks I cannot imagine. To have a special park police means more intelligent oversight of park affairs and protection of park property.

The consolidation of the departments means a higher paid personnel and greater opportunities to those who enter the service.

The office should return to the old arsenal in Central Park, which is now the most convenient location for all boroughs. To be out of the parks and in the Municipal Building is as foolish as for a factory manager to have his office out of the factory.

But in the matter of parks, let us get out of our American way of trusting to the magic of a piece of political machinery to accomplish our purpose, and let us realize that if there is an insistent public demand for more parks or better parks we shall have them, no matter how the Park Department is organized. A strong public backing is worth more to the park idea than any bill that can be passed at Albany.

ART NOTES.

American Portraits on View at the Union League Club.

At the Union League Club is another collection of American portraits, this time examples painted in Europe by artists who spent part of their working period there. Gilbert Stuart is represented by twelve pictures, a number dating from the period when he was in West's studio. The sitters are notable: King George III. and Queen Charlotte, his consort; Sir Joshua Reynolds, Sir John Dick. Sir Joshua's portrait was done in 1784, eight years before his death, and shows a man already somewhat pinched and shrivelled in spite of his moderate age. The face meets the wig with a sharp line, the mouth is querulous, the eyes are sick, but the rosy reds of the color scheme give a cheerful air to an otherwise pathetic aspect. Another interesting Stuart belongs to a somewhat later period, when the painter was in Ireland, before returning to the United States. It is a portrait of Dr. William Hartigan, the Irish surgeon who saved Stuart's arm for him, and has much more of the Raeburnesque sharpness and fluency than any of the other portraits given to this early time. It will be interesting when the later exhibition of his portraits painted in America is held to bear these in mind for comparison and note how much more of a man and a painter he was on his native ground.

There is Benjamin West's portrait of himself, a justifiably self-satisfied version of a singularly handsome person; there is the much-discussed "Henry Laurens," by John Singleton Copley, a full-length figure in an elaborate chair, a table covered with a rug and littered with important papers, the delicate writing on which, together with the costume beautifully painted, with none of the "tin" folds of the early American examples, the pose and expression alert; and there are three paintings by Mather Brown, one of which is a bright star in the exhibition, so far as character goes, a portrait of William Vans Murray, who was Minister of the United States to the Netherlands in 1797, and whose thin, eager face burns with a fire of genius which is sympathetically translated by the artist.

A majority of these works have not been on public view in this country before, and some never have been shown publicly. As a group they belong to the general scheme of showing at the club this Winter early American portraiture in its various phases. A line or two of gratitude in the catalogue recognizes "a former Chairman," whose name is not far to seek, as the collaborator by whose efforts the exhibition has been made possible, and who also is responsible for the catalogue.

CUT OUT AIR MAIL FUNDS.

House Committee Then Reports Post Office Bill for $554,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—With provisions for the air mail service eliminated, the annual Post Office Appropriation bill, carrying approximately $554,000,000, was favorably reported today by the House Appropriations Committee.

As drafted by a subcommittee the measure provided $1,000,000 for the air mail service during the fiscal year beginning next July 1. The full committee, however, in approving the bill struck out this section. The total carried in the measure is $24,107,070 less than the appropriations for the current fiscal year, and $28,755,691 less than the amount requested by the Budget Bureau.

In explaining the elimination of the air mail service item, Chairman Madden said that opposition developed among members of the committee to the appropriation on the ground that transportation of mails by air had proved expensive and not particularly efficient.

For the current fiscal year a total of $1,423,000 was appropriated for the air mail service, the only route now in operation being that between New York and San Francisco.

FUTURES TRADING ACT UP.

Supreme Court Hears Arguments in Attack on Law's Validity.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Counsel for eight members of the Chicago Board of Trade presented final arguments in the Supreme Court today in their suit which challenges the constitutionality of the Futures Trading act. The contention advanced was that the tax was punitive and in the form of a penalty to enforce regulatory provisions of transactions over which the Federal Government had no control. The Government also opened its argument today and will conclude tomorrow.

Solicitor General Beck declared that while "orgies" on grain exchanges caused Congress to impose an excise tax which carried certain exemptions under which the tax would not be imposed or collected, should the court hold unconstitutional the features of the law in issue those who brought the appeal would be subject to a tax of 20 cents a bushel upon all future trading in grain, without ability to relieve themselves from that tax by admitting agricultural co-operative associations to membership and otherwise qualifying as a contract market. He contended that there could be question of the power of Congress to place any tax it pleased on any transaction on grain or other exchanges.

Grain traded in on the Chicago Board of Trade had ceased to be an article of interstate commerce, counsel for the eight members claimed, before such transactions were made.

The rules of the exchange prohibiting rebating of commissions were pointed out in connection with that provision of the law which permits co-operative associations to share exchange profits among themselves and brought from Justice Brandeis the suggestion that corporations represented now on the exchange distribute among their members dividends representing profit derived in part from commissions on trade on the exchange.

Henry S. Robins, for those opposing the law, insisted it was the taking of property without the process of law. He cited Supreme Court decisions in support of his contention that exchanges are an aid to and not a part of interstate commerce, and asserted that the tax was not proposed for the purpose of raising revenue.

Justice Day asked if the same could not be said about the tax on oleomargarine, and Justice Brandeis inquired whether it was not also true with regard to the tax on narcotics.

Congress, Mr. Robins said, used the taxing power to enforce a regulation which it could not do by imposing a penalty in the way of fines and imprisonment.

"It is a subterfuge," he declared. "How can we expect laymen of the country to have much respect for the Constitution if such laws as this receive the sanction of this court?"

MAMMOTH CAVE SUIT.

Former Manager Claims Damages for Alleged Loss of Property.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Mammoth Cave Estate, located in Edmonson County, Kentucky, owner of the famous caves, and Albert C. Janin, Trustee of the estate, were sued today in the District of Columbia Supreme Court by James H. Chandler, former manager of the estate, to recover $44,659 for alleged loss of personal property.

Mr. Chandler, who resides in Virginia, alleges that he shipped from Cleveland, Ohio, certain books and records purporting to show the abstracts and titles to valuable land in and out of Kansas City, Mo., which he claims were his personal property, to Glasgow Junction, Ky., before leaving the employ of the estate. This property, which the owner claims would cost $100,000 to reproduce, fell, he alleges, into the hands of Mr. Janin and the estate, and their delivery to him as demanded, it is averred, was refused. Now, it is alleged, the property has been partially or wholly destroyed, and the plaintiff sues for what he declares to be its present market value of $44,659.

DANCE IN UNIQUE COSTUMES AT RITZ

Koslоff and Ballet a Feature of Benefit for Soldiers' and Sailors' Club.

ALLEGORICAL PROCESSION

Maryland Society Gives a Reception at the Plaza for Captain Preston of the Maryland.

The costume ball, held last night at the Ritz-Carlton for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Club, was largely attended, and many of the dancers appeared in unique costumes. A feature of the ball was an entertainment presented during the intermission by Miss Mabel R. Beardsley.

The program consisted mostly of dancing specialties, headed by Ted Shawn's new Siamese ballet. Alexis Kosloff and a ballet of sixteen presented a dance especially arranged by Mr. Kosloff for the occasion. Broadway musical comedy stars also contributed to the success of the entertainment.

One of the costumed groups was headed by Francis Markoe and Claggett Wilson, an allegorical procession, in which appeared the Misses Sylvia Gough, Lillian Cotton, Blythe Daly, Lawrence Butler, Beal Davis, Roosevelt Thompson, Robert Gray, J. Kelly Robinson Sd, Allyn Cox and Diego de Scarez.

Mrs. Malcolm D. Sloane appeared as a Balkan gypsy, and Mrs. John Lee was dressed as Kismet. Miss Louisa Wilson wore a Spanish costume, coming with the guests from the dinner which her mother, Mrs. Richard T. Wilson, gave preceding the ball.

Among the patronesses were Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Henry H. Rogers, Mrs. Henry White, Mrs. Kilaen Van Rensselaer, Mrs. John Aspegren, Mrs. Samuel Wagstaff, Mrs. Harold Mathews, Mrs. Warner Leeds and Mrs. Frank V. Storrs.

The Maryland Society of New York held a reception, with dancing, last evening in the new ballroom of the Plaza in honor of Captain Charles W. Preston, U. S. N., commanding the U. S. S. Maryland, the largest battleship now afloat. The other officers of the ship, some fifty in number, were also guests and all came in full dress uniforms, and whenever possible they were accompanied by their wives.

A number of dinners preceded the reception; the hostesses including Mrs. Herbert Noble, wife of Herbert Noble, President of the Maryland Society, of which Adrian Iselin is Vice President; Mrs. Charles A. Boston and Mrs. H. Snowden Marshall, the latter taking her guests to the play before going to the reception.

The guests were received by Captain Preston and Mrs. Preston, assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Noble. The Maryland Ship Band furnished the music.

Among those who took guests to the reception were Mrs. P. A. S. Franklin, Mrs. William Woodward, Mrs. Allen McLane Jr., Mrs. J. Nelson Steele, Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. Frank B. Keech and Mrs. William Vinton King. The new restaurant was reserved for the midnight supper.

Mrs. Frances K. Pendleton, Mrs. Arthur W. Penniman, Mrs. John S. McMaster, Mrs. James M. Brown, Mrs. Ryder Henry, Mrs. Clarence Hodges, Mrs. Frank Supplee, Mrs. Robert Mcgruderm Jr. and Mrs. John T. G. Harrison were others interested in the affair.

MISS NINA GORE MARRIES.

Former Senator's Daughter Weds Lieut. Eugene L. Vidal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The marriage of Miss Nina Gore, daughter of former Senator and Mrs. Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma, to Lieutenant Eugene Luther Vidal, U. S. A., took place this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at St. Margaret's Episcopal Church. The Rev. Herbert Scott Smith, rector, officiated. The bride was attended by Miss Margaret Young of Oklahoma, Miss Dorothy Mondell, Miss Hendrick, Miss Esther McVann and Miss Marjorie Little of Philadelphia.

Owing to the illness of Mr. Gore, who was unable to be present, Representative William A. Rodenberg of Missouri escorted the bride. Captain Tupper Cole was best man. The ushers were Captain Louis B. Montford, Major Harmon, Major Jack Harris, Captain Porter Lowry, Lieutenant Donald Sawtell and Paul Sanborn. The ceremony was followed by a reception at the Congressional Club.

On the conclusion of their honeymoon Lieutenant and Mrs. Vidal will reside at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, where the bridegroom is stationed.

OLD COURTSHIP RENEWED.

Couple Married After Estrangement Forty Years Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, Jan. 11.—A romance that began forty years ago, was broken off and again renewed a few month ago, resulted in the marriage this noon of Mrs. Anna L. Elston of Goshen and Samuel N. Puff, a merchant of Middletown, N. Y.

They were married in the Episcopal church in Goshen by the Rev. Charles Pike. The couple were sweethearts in the early '80s, but became estranged. Each married another admirer. Mrs. Elston's husband died twenty years ago and a few years ago Puff's wife died. The old courtship was renewed awhile ago. After the ceremony there was a wedding celebration at the bride's home, which was attended by the relatives of each.

Wed After Broken Troth 38 Years Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Jan. 11.—In St. James's Episcopal Church, Goshen, at noon today Mary Anna Laura Elliot of that village and Samuel Newton Puff of this city were married. The ceremony was performed by the rector of the church, the Rev. Dr. C. T. A. Pise.

Thirty-eight years ago the couple were engaged to wed, but the engagement was broken, and each selected another mate. Recently, however, the two met for the first time since their early days, and, their companions having died, became re-engaged, and the wedding today is the result.

Yturbide Guest of Schiff.

Eduardo Yturbide, Finance Minister of Mexico, who is in New York for discussions of the affairs of Mexico with New York bankers, was the guest at a luncheon given at the Recess Club yesterday by Mortimer L. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Bankers who attended the luncheon said that it was a social gathering in respect to the visitor and that financial affairs in Mexico were mentioned only in a general way.

An Acknowledgment.

The New York Times acknowledges the receipt of $2.50 from Frederick G. Vosburgh for the Russian Relief Fund. This money has been forwarded to the Bankers Headquarters, 42 Broadway, New York City.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Henry Watson Taft of 34 West Forty-eighth Street will open her house this afternoon for an entertainment in aid of the Catholic Young Women's Club, Inc. Tickets may be obtained at the door. Mrs. De Lancey Kane, Mrs. Lyttleton Fox, Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman and Mrs. John G. Agar are among the patronesses.

Mrs. Henry White of 2 West Fifty-second Street will entertain at dinner this evening.

Mrs. William Post of 777 Madison Avenue is giving a dinner tonight for the Countess of Annesley.

Prince and Princess Andrea Boncompagni have gone to Washington, D. C., for a visit, and will return to the Ritz-Carlton next week.

Lloyd Warren is Chairman of the Ball of Fine Arts, to be given this year on Feb. 16, at the Astor, by the Society of Beaux Arts Architects.

Elmendorf L. Carr has returned from a visit with friends in Quebec.

Mrs. Vincent Astor is entertaining at dinner, also Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt, preceding the dance which Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d is to give on the night of Jan. 19.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo D. Armstrong of Riverside, Conn., are at the Ambassador for a visit.

Mrs. Hastings Arnold of Smithtown, L. I., is at the Lorraine.

Col. Clarence F. Wadsworth and Mrs. Wadsworth are at the St. Regis for the remainder of the Winter. Mrs. George C. Drexel of Bryn Mawr, Pa., has arrived at the hotel and has as her guests Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Biddle.

Mrs. Frederic Nellson will give a luncheon today for fifteen guests at the Plaza.

SAMUEL INSULL NOW HEADS CHICAGO OPERA

Trustees Elect Him to Succeed H. F. McCormick and Retain Mary Garden as Director.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Samuel Insull, head of several large public utilities in Chicago, tonight supplanted Harold F. McCormick, President of the International Harvester Company, as President of the Chicago Opera Association at a meeting of the Board of Trustees in which the name of the association was changed to that of "Civic Opera Association of Chicago."

Miss Mary Garden was retained as Director-General and plans were completed for placing the association on a firm financial basis.

In a statement issued tonight by Mr. Insull, it is declared that the first purpose of the association is to complete the five-year guarantee fund of $500,000 a year and make grand opera permanent in Chicago.

COLOR ORGAN EXHIBITION.

"Clavilux" Provides Novel Entertainment of Colors at Neighborhood.

A new program at the Neighborhood Playhouse, offered for the first time on Tuesday night, derives its chief novelty from the first public exhibition of Thomas Wilfred's "Clavilux," or color organ. Despite its name, it is concerned in no way with music, but provides an entire entertainment with colors alone. These move upon a ground-glass screen, and constitute a novelty which held its opening audience for three-quarters of an hour.

Of the remaining portions of the new Neighborhood bill, Yvette Guilbert is the most conspicuous. This program will be offered at the Neighborhood from Tuesday nights until Saturday afternoons, inclusive.

MAY MODEL THE IDEAL GIRL.

Getting College Types Will Be Difficult, Dr. McKenzie Says.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—R. Tait McKenzie, Director of Physical Education at the University of Pennsylvania, is considering modeling the ideal American college girl. In his office today several officials of the Department of Physical Education were bantering him about his recent experience with the dimpled but not knock-kneed chorus girls. It was then that Dr. McKenzie announced his desire to model an ideal American girl.

Dr. McKenzie's figure of the ideal American college man already has attracted widespread attention, and critics over the country have been unstinting in their praise of the work.

"But," said Dr. McKenzie today, "there are many obstacles to making a similar work of the American girl. In the first place it would require months of valuable time in making a preliminary survey. A thorough canvass of all the leading girls' colleges would have to be made and 400 of the best types selected from Bryn Mawr, Vassar, Mount Holyoke, Wellesley, Goucher, Smith, Wheaton and other well-known institutions. Measurements of these 400 picked girls would then have to be taken and studied carefully. From these measurements could be obtained a set which would represent the most perfect type.

"Then it would be the task of sculptors to find a girl in some college that would most nearly fit that type. Even there would be other difficulties. It might prove very hard to prevail upon the girl selected to pose for the statue on account of the publicity that such a work is sure to arouse."

JAPAN SOCIETY ELECTION.

H. W. Taft Named President—Howard Elliott on Executive Committee.

Henry W. Taft was elected President of the Japan Society, Incorporated, at the annual meeting held yesterday in the society's office, 25 West Forty-third Street. Howard W. Elliott, Chairman of the Directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad, was elected to the Executive Committee for a three years' term, with Gerhard M. Dahl, Thomas W. Lamont, Guy E. Tripp, Mortimer L. Schiff and Lindsay Russell.

Other officers elected for one year were Baron K. Shidehara, Honorary President; Roland S. Morris, Vice President; U. N. Bethell, Treasurer; Francis L. Hine, Honorary Treasurer; Eugene C. Worden, Secretary, and Dr. Henry van Dyke, Honorary Secretary. The Secretary reported that the membership of the society now totals about 1,400.

New York Trust Club Election.

An organization meeting of the New York Trust Club, composed of the 900 employes of the New York Trust Company, and successor to the Liberty Bank Club, was held Tuesday night at the bank. Four officers of the company and seven employes were elected to the Board of Governors for one year. Albert L. Earl, the retiring President, reported that savings accounts in the club's thrift fund were more than $63,000.

Gives Workers $250,000 Bonus.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Jan. 11.—The Farr Alpaca Company announced today the distribution Friday of a total of approximately $250,000 as a bonus to its 2,000 factory employees. This is an annual distribution.

JOHNSON ACCLAIMS WILSON AS LEADER

Ex-Ambassador Says Washington Conference Seeks War President's Goal.

TRUSTS NATION'S GRATITUDE

In Springfield Speech He Calls Wilson "Prophet and Apostle of the Better Day."

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 11.—Robert Underwood Johnson, recently Ambassador to Italy, in a speech here tonight at a dinner of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation, paid a high tribute to Wilson's leadership in war and said that the Washington armament conference was proceeding toward a goal that he had set.

Mr. Johnson also read the poem that follows, written at the time of the declaration of war with Germany:

THE LEADER.

April 6, 1917.

This is the man they deemed of languid blood,
A schoolman versed in books, who, Hamlet-like,
Showed but heat-flashes powerless to strike—
His resolution blighted in the bud.

They knew him not—nor we, who trusted him.
See! how his brooding purpose, taking form,
Falls like swift lightning from long-gathered storm,
While fateful thunder shakes the round world's rim.

His country, stirred by him to lofty strife,
Sharing his vision, with high passion thrills;
It climbs, renouncing minor goods and ills,
And stands beside him at the crown of life.

To a new knighthood he ordains the brave,
To be soul-worthy of a freeman's birth—
Not for our wrongs alone, but that on earth
None shall be master, none shall be a slave.

But yesterday a secret of his heart,
His welcome message floods the globe like light;
It throws the farthest darkness by its might;
Its boldness makes the undisceptred start.

Where it has spread, by sea or mountainside,
Or by the bivouac of the caravan,
The lowliest feels a part of Heaven's plan,
And stands erect with newly-weakened pride.

Beleaguered Liberty takes heart again.
Hearing afar the rescuing bugles blow;
And even in the strongholds of the foe
His name becomes the whispered hope of men.

Trusts Posterity's Verdict

"We are here not as Republicans or Democrats or Independents, but as Americans," said Mr. Johnson, "and it would be the height of partisanship either to exalt to the plane of perfection the man whom we are met to honor, or to deny the sincerity, the disinterestedness, the patriotism or the greatness of his career. There is at New York University a corridor of classic beauty called the Hall of Fame for Great Americans, in which are inscribed and to be inscribed, for the inspiration of our people, names of those who, in the judgment of a hundred distinguished men and women, should be cherished for the breadth and altitude of their achievement. Its justification as a national Pantheon is that it shall reflect the well-considered opinion of the country.

"Among the great names of our day there is one that to the imagination is already there and needs only to be revealed to the eyes of us mortals after many years—as a writing in invisible ink is revealed by heat; the name of a man of vision, a lover of his kind, whose chivalry for weaker nations reminds us of a Knight of the Round Table, organizer of the most significant treaty of history, a dethroner of malignant dynasties, the man who first called his country from her comfortable fireside to the grandeur of the world mission, the voice of the noblest aspirations of his people at the highest point they ever reached, a man whose chief glory is that he is an idealist and an optimist, a prophet and apostle of the better day—Woodrow Wilson."

"At the risk of stating the obvious, let us go back for a moment beyond the armistice to the time when there was little, if any, criticism of President Wilson's part in the conduct of the war. As he would rightly have been blamed if we had failed, is he not entitled to credit for our success?

Compared With Civil War Trials.

"In the Civil War, through how many years did our great President seek for the right commander in the field, trying in succession Halleck, McClellan, Pope, McClellan again, Hooker and Meade, until he finally found the man of destiny in the person of General Grant. Who was it that chose our valiant and eloquent Pershing, and those great civilians, Hoover, and Schwab, and Baruch, and Davison, and many others?—choices, let us not forget, that lasted through the war, while those first selected for similar positions by other governments, for various reasons not necessarily uncomplimentary, were superseded—Joffre, French, Cadorna, to name but a few. More than this, who was it that selected Foch himself—hand of the hand of God'? And, again, who was it that at a time of uncertainty confided to the French authority to act for us in arranging the terms of the Armistice?

"Had the Commander-in-Chief of our Army and Navy no responsibility—however it may have been delegated—for the organization and provisioning of our war forces? Was the masterly transport to France of two million men achievements to which Marshal Foch himself has paid the ultimate tribute?

Have We Forgotten Our Own Glory?

"We are accused of being fickle in our attitude toward our heroes, Dewey, Sampson, Hobson and others, but I believe the American heart beats true to the man who has done such things for his country, and who, stricken down through his devotion to the arduous duties of his high office, is as much a hero and a victim of the war as if he had been wounded for life in the jungle of some barbed wire entrenchment of the Argonne Forest.

Wilson's Work for World Peace.

"President Wilson was not merely occupied with the conquest of the enemy, but with the problem of how to keep him conquered. In declining, for conscientious reasons, to give his approval to the desire of France for a defensible frontier, such as would have been afforded by the Rhine, and the Rhine alone, he realized that logically the Allies were under obligations to undertake by agreement the defense of France. This he believed could be accomplished through the general application of Article X, which since it might be denounced by us on two years' notice, remained within itself the power of correction of any inequity to us that might have developed. More than this, he evidently felt that our special obligations to France demanded the tripartite agreement which he called an 'anticipation of Article X.' His simple and solemn purpose was that such a crisis in the world should never occur again, and this over and over again has been proclaimed in the frankest terms as the sole policy of France.

"Mr. Chairman, I rejoice at every forward move of the Washington conference toward the assured peace of the world, and it is no derogation of the great good already accomplished by it to say that it follows Mr. Wilson toward

that far-off, divine event

To which the whole creation moves.

"But no point can be called gained that does not have the approval—the sentimental approval—not merely of the Five Great Powers, but of the fifty-one that are now enlisted in the League of Nations. Whatever forms may be employed to bring about the crying need and the burning aspiration of mankind, the result will never cease to show a supreme obligation to the leadership, under the most trying circumstances, of Woodrow Wilson."

Woman to Aid Wilson Foundation.

Mrs. William G. Willcox of 115 Davis Avenue, West New Brighton, Staten Island, has been appointed woman Chairman of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation for Richmond, according to an announcement made last night by Thomas W. Churchill, Chairman for New York. She will have charge of the work of women in that borough in raising money toward the $1,000,000 fund to endow Wilson awards for distinguished public service.

RUSSIAN CUBISTS SHOW THEIR PUZZLE ART HERE

Mme. Goncharova and M. Larionov Exhibit 122 Pictures in Woodrous Colors.

New in New York, which has become fairly well acquainted with cubist art of France and America, is that of the two Russian artists, Natalia Sergeyevna Goncharova and Mikhail Fyodorovich Larionov, which is being shown for the first time in this country in the Goncharova-Larionov exhibition which opened to the public at the Kingore Galleries, 668 Fifth Avenue, yesterday.

These two artists, who were students together in Russia and who have since been citizens of the world, living in Paris, Madrid, Rome—where fancy called them—are showing 122 numbers, oils and water-colors, with a few drawings and pastels, under the auspices of Miss Mary Hoyt Wiborg, artistic director; Dr. Christian Brinton, business director, who has prepared the catalogue, in red cover with Russian decorations, and Grant Kingore.

There are many Russian costume designs, non-cubistic, included in the exhibition for the Russian Ballet, with stage settings and curtains. Spanish paintings and examples of cubism and rayonnism. The latter Dr. Brinton describes as being "one of the characteristic extensions of Larionov's restless artistic consciousness." This less known method of painting seems to consist of "lashes, subtle rays of color, and is less comprehensible to the public more familiar with the work of realistic painters than the cubistic.

The cubist work of the Russian artists shows a use of colors and combinations of colors distinctly their own. There is an ever present interest in the work of the cubists. It is composed of puzzle designs in wondrous colors. Comparatively subdued, however, are the tones of one of the most interesting of these works, No. 1, entitled "Portrait of Goncharova. It is a portrait undoubtedly. One discovers the eyes immediately, not only two, but three eyes. This does not infer, necessarily, that the lady of the portrait is a Lady Three-Eyes of a fairy tale. The third eye may indicate that she was at some time looking in a different direction from that in which the two eyes seem to be directed, or it may represent three different directions in which the lady is looking.

She is wearing a hat, indicated by three lovely feathers. There are numerals in the portrait. Set in an ordinary portrait they would be haphazard, but in cubistic work, where all form is apparently haphazard, they may be quite significant. What's the date? What's the street number of the lady's house, some one suggests. Why not? Her telephone number? Perhaps! A bar of music in the upper part of the portrait represents, undoubtedly, the notes of the lady's voice. The colors are soft—pink, yellow and brown.

To Larionov belong the rayonnist paintings, both in oil and water-color. His cubist paintings are difficult for the inexpert to "get," which is a "Theatrical Mask," painted in Paris in 1917, seems to have no different characteristics from No. 122, which is an "Architectural Ornament," painted in Moscow in 1911.

$60,957 FOR CHINESE ART.

Imperial Rug, Ch'ien Lung, Sold for $675 as Bahr Sale Ends.

The A. W. Bahr sale of Chinese antiquities, which was concluded at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, brought returns of $19,728, making a grand total for the 597 numbers of $60,957. A pair of Ch'ien Lung porcelain dogs, the fur edged with coral red glaze, brilliant turquoise blue collars around the necks, with gilt ornaments, No. 423, were among the interesting pieces of the afternoon's sale, going to Bernet, agent, for $320.

Maurice Geodman paid $440 for No. 430, a pair of K'ang Hsi famille verte jars; Roland N. Moore paid $650 for No. 438, an imperial famille verte vase, K'ang Hsi, 18¾ inches high, the same price for No. 439, a Ming hard porcelain incense burner, rare black ground with dragon and flower designs in color. A beautiful little 8¾-inch Ming bottle, double-gourd shape, with apple-green enamel and reserve decoration in relief, carved red, No. 439, went to Moore for $260.

A Ming pottery jardiniere, coated with greenish-turquoise glaze, No. 467, with decorations in relief, rocks, lotus flowers, small kingfisher birds flying and on large teakwood stand, sold to F. C. Jaehne for $650. It was twenty-seven inches in height and thirty-five in diameter. Mrs. William Burden paid $220 for No. 500, a pair of imperial mirror paintings, K'ang Hsi, $675 for No. 506, an imperial Chinese rug, Ch'ien Lung, and No. 590, a very fine Kuan Yin, sixteenth century, of white jade-like marble, forty inches high, the less severe sculpture of Southern China, sold to L. J. O'Reilly for $660.

TRANSVAAL STRIKE PARLEY.

Smuts Calls It at the Suggestion of the Miners' Federation.

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa, Jan. 10.—An unexpected overture for settlement of the strike in the Transvaal gold and coal mines was made today by the Miners' Federation after the arrival here of Premier Smuts.

Acting on the men's suggestion, the Premier called a joint meeting of the employers and men, at which the federation submitted as a basis for discussion the withdrawal of all notices, under the stipulation that wages be not further reduced until the margin between the assumed increase in the cost of living and the actual increase had disappeared.

The Chamber of Mines announced today that as many native workers as possible would be retained until Jan. 16, after which they would be repatriated, and all other workmen whose work was unessential would be discharged.

SCOTTISH VISITORS DINED.

Woolen Men Guests of British Empire Chamber of Commerce.

The British Empire Chamber of Commerce was host for a delegation of Scottish woolen goods manufacturers visiting this country at a luncheon in the Bankers Club yesterday. W. Thow Munro, head of the delegation, described the objects of the trip, and said that the first was the cementing of Anglo-American friendship. "Six months ago when I was here," he went on, "the anti-British feeling in New York was interesting, but now that the cause has been removed I hope that it will disappear."

The delegation represents the Scottish Woolen Trade Mark Association and about 80 per cent. of Scotland's output of woolens.

Miss Hanan Left All to Mother.

Miss Mildred E. Hanan, who was shot by Mrsh. Grace Lawes and died on Sept. 25 last, left her entire estate to her mother, Mrs. Clara M. Hanan of the Hotel Ambassador. The will, filed yesterday, does not state the value of her property.

MISS HAY HITS MEN AT WOMEN'S DINNER

Tells State Voters' League They Have Worked for Office and Self Gain.

GOVERNOR NOT ON HAND

Mrs. Vanderlip Explains Consideration of Reprieve for Murderers Keeps Him From Gathering.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—"Men have never worked for the sole good of their country—they have worked for office and for self-gain and glory," said Mary Garrett Hay this afternoon in addressing the convention of the New York State League of Women Voters. "Women, on the contrary, work for the best good of their country," she continued, "and with that object the League of Women Voters will continue to be a strong political organization, no matter what any one says of it. The sole aim of this organization is to make politicians efficient and elect only the best fitted persons to office.

"Despite the fact that some people, including the politicians, think the league is not needed because it is a non-partisan organization, they fail to realize the real service it does in the betterment of politics. The league, contrary to some people's opinion that it does not urge women to join parties, does urge them to join one party or the other after they have studied the ideals and aims of the parties. It then further urges them to join that one which will be for the betterment of the State and its people."

Miss Hay's speech was taken by the delegates as an emphatic answer to the Governor's criticism of a year ago.

Tonight the women rested on this speech of Miss Hay as an answer to criticism of the league and its aims. They listened to Dr. Josephine Baker, Director of Child Hygiene in New York City, and to Representative J. M. Tanner of Iowa. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw.

This afternoon the delegates also heard speeches from Mrs. Frederick Stuart Greene, wife of the former Highway Commissioner; Mrs. Gordon Norrie, Mrs. Willis G. Mitchell and Mrs. Esther E. Lape.

Officers will be elected tomorrow and the league will go on record as backing further legislation to purify the election laws.

Though Governor and Mrs. Miller did not attend the league dinner tonight the relations between members of the league and the Governor are "extremely cordial," according to Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the league.

The Governor and Mrs. Miller were hosts to the women this afternoon at the Executive Mansion and the rancor left by the Governor's plain talk to the women last year was not manifest. Tonight, however, the Governor found it impossible to attend the dinner because of consideration of requests for respites for three convicted murderers awaiting death tomorrow night in Sing Sing prison.

Some time ago Mrs. Vanderlip, on behalf of the league, invited the Governor again to address the women. The Governor pleaded that a rush of official business might prevent his acceptance. He was released from speaking by Mrs. Vanderlip, and she tonight at the dinner explained why Governor Miller was not present.

The newspapers," she said, "have been keen over an expected exciting story about our relations with the Governor, but I am sorry to say that there is no exciting story. The Governor had told us that he would come to the dinner but that he would not speak. This morning I had a note from him saying that he could not come because he was obliged to spend the evening considering the appeals of three murder cases.

"This is a coincidence because, if you remember, last year when the Governor did attend dinner he was pulled away to consider another murder case."

In her speech Mrs. Catt, referring to permanent peace, maintained that all members of Congress should vote on the ratification of treaties. "The Senate's monopoly on such questions is out of date," she said. "If the people want real peace, they must and war themselves. There must be an everlasting agitation against war."

TO SIFT CONSUL'S DEATH.

Medical Examiner Fears Manuel Dieguez Ate Tainted Food.

An autopsy will be performed on the body of Manuel Dieguez, Consul General of Guatemala, who died here yesterday, according to an announcement made at the office of Medical Examiner Charles Morris last night. It was said there that it seemed probable that Señor Dieguez had eaten bad or poisoned food, and for this reason the contents of the stomach would be examined Thursday morning.

It was at first reported that Señor Dieguez had died of acute indigestion. Apparently in good health on arriving at his office, at 50 Broadway, he suddenly became ill. Assisted by friends, he walked to the Broad Street Hospital. He died a few minutes after arriving there.

Señor Miguel Prado, Secretary of the Guatemalan Legation at Washington, arrived here last night, shortly after the body had been taken to the morgue, to claim it. He said that it would be sent to Guatemala.

Señor Dieguez had made his home at 619 West 163d Street. He was born in Guatemala City, the son of a distinguished lawyer and grandson of a signer of Guatemalan Declaration of Independence. He was graduated from Guatemala University and then studied in the United States. The recent revolutions in his country were a serious shock to him. His wife survives.

HARRY SZE IS MISSING.

Montreal Friends of Chinese Minister's Cousin Fear He Was Murdered.

MONTREAL, Jan. 11.—Harry Sze, American-born cousin of Sao-Ke Alfred Sze, Chinese Minister to the United States, has disappeared in Montreal and the police are working on a murder theory advanced by local Chinese merchants.

Sze, 29 years old and a former student at Hongkong University, arrived here from Ottawa on Saturday. He was on the way to New York, planning to enter Harvard or Yale University, and had $4,000 in cash. On Sunday he went with several friends to the Chinese Club and spent several hours there. He has not been seen since.

A delegation of Chinese went to Police Headquarters today to insist that a search be begun. Robbery, they declared, might have supplied a motive for his death.

Another cousin of Harry Sze is A. Sze of New York City, an importer and exporter.

Newark Rector Dies in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 11.—The Rev. Albert W. H. Thompson, rector of St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church, Newark, N. J., died here today of pneumonia at the Union Memorial Hospital.

He came to Baltimore on last Saturday with the intention of preaching Sunday morning in Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, but was taken suddenly ill. Mrs. Thompson was present at his bedside when he died. His body will be taken to Newark tomorrow.

C. B. Miller's Funeral Tomorrow.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 11.—Funeral services will be held here Friday morning for Clarence Benjamin Miller, Secretary of the Republican National Committee, who died here yesterday. It was announced tonight. The services will be under the auspices of a local Masonic lodge.

MRS. PEABODY BURIED ON HILL AT YADDO

Archbishop Germanos Offers Prayer in Arabic—Simple Services at Home and Memorial.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Simple services marked the funeral this morning of Mrs. George Foster Peabody (Katrina Trask), at Yaddo, her estate. At 4 o'clock this afternoon a public memorial service was held at Bethesda Episcopal Church, which, too, was of a simple but impressive nature. At the private service at Yaddo only members of the household and close friends from this city and out of town attended, but all business in the city ceased during the afternoon, and the church was thronged with mourners.

There was no instrumental music nor hymns at the service at 11 o'clock at Yaddo, only the brief prayers of the Episcopalian Church being read by the Rev. Irving G. Rouillard, rector of Bethesda Episcopal Church, and the Rev. John Howard Melish, rector of Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn. When the prayers were concluded the coffin was borne by members of the household to a hill on the estate, selected several years ago for this purpose and consecrated earlier in the day by his Eminence Germanos, Metropolitan of the Syrian Antiochan Church, and Mr. Rouillard. His Eminence said the consecration prayer in Arabic of the Syrian Church.

This last resting place of "the Lady of Yaddo" was selected some years ago by his Eminence Germanos, a personal friend of Mrs. Peabody, and by him was named "Tall Almokaddas," the Arabic for holy hill. Here the mourners gathered at the top of the knoll, encircled by small trees, and Mr. Rouillard said the final prayers amid a heavy snow storm.

The hill is to be marked later by a large stone to be sent by his Eminence Germanos from Jerusalem on his return to the Holy Land.

No eulogy was delivered at the public memorial service, which was conducted by Mr. Rouillard, his Eminence Germanos, Dr. Melish and the Rev. Tertius Van Dyke, son of Dr. Henry Van Dyke. In addition to readings from the Scripture and the Episcopalian service, short and appropriate selections from Mrs. Peabody's writing were read by Dr. Melish. In addition to two lyrics by Mrs. Peabody's were sung, "Courage in Heart," the music for which was written for her play "Christalan," and "Consolation," the music of which was composed and dedicated to Mrs. Peabody by Dudley Buck.

Mrs. Christina Nichols Phelps, the only surviving sister of Mrs. Peabody, was unable to be present because of serious illness.

Among those who attended the services were Mr. and Mrs. Acosta Nichols of New York, brother and sister-in-law of Mrs. Peabody; Mr. and Mrs. George Livingston Nichols of New York, also brother and sister-in-law; Spencer Mitchell, Edwin Knox Mitchell Jr. and Miss Frederika Mitchell, relatives of Dr. Edwin Knox Mitchell of Hartford Theological Seminary, who performed the wedding ceremony of Katrina Trask and George Foster Peabody; I. J. Peabody, Mrs. R. C. Peabody, C. S. Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. C. Everet Bacon, Frank Enos, Alanson T. Enos and Edwin N. Burkley of New York City; Dr. N. J. Barnour of Brooklyn; Mrs. Tertius Van Dyke, Mrs. J. H. Melish of Brooklyn; Dr. and Mrs. John Huston Finley of New York; Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, head of Columbia University, and Mrs. Butler; Mayor George R. Lunn and Mrs. Lunn of Schenectady; former Governor Martin H. Glynn and Mrs. Glynn of Albany.

ANTERO ASPILLAGA DIES.

He Was Twice a Candidate for Presidency of Peru.

ROME, Jan. 11.—The death of Antero Aspillaga, who was twice a candidate for the Presidency of Peru, is reported in dispatches from Trent. He died on a train while proceeding from Berlin to Rome.

Señor Aspillaga, who was born in 1849, was a wealthy planter. He served as Deputy and as Mayor of Lima in 1910 and was also President of the Civil Party.

In the 1919 Presidential campaign he opposed Augusto B. Leguia, and after Leguia's election was arrested with his brother at Lima, charged with conspiracy against the President.

John Macy Gallaway.

John Macy Gallaway, son of the late Robert M. Gallaway, President of the Merchants' National Bank, died yesterday at his residence, 58 East Fifty-fifth Street, of a liver ailment that had compelled his retirement from business some months ago. He had formerly been Secretary and Treasurer of the K. G. Welding and Cutting Company. Born in this city Sept. 30, 1871, he attended Phillips Andover. He married Miss Annie B. Wright of New York, who survives, as do their sons, Robert Wright and John Macy, and a brother, Merrill. Mr. Gallaway's clubs included the Union and the Union League. He was also a member of Holland Lodge, F. and A. M., and a veteran of Squadron A. Services will be held at the home at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Harold Vickers.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 11.—Harold Vickers, musical director of a musical comedy company which played here last week, died today at a hotel here. He was taken ill last week. He was 45 years old and a native of England. He had been associated with the productions of Charles Dillingham, Charles Frohman and Reginald de Koven.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY KEMP BIEFANG, widow of Bernard Biefang, a manufacturer of surgical instruments, died on Tuesday at her home, 976 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARTHA ANN MOTT SEALEY, widow of Sylvester Sealey and a member of an old Long Island family, died of pneumonia yesterday at her home in Hempstead, L. I. She was in her seventieth year and was active in the Presbyterian Church, the Y. W. C. A., the Mercy Hospital League and the Red Cross.

Colonel LOUIS FINKELMEIER, Civil War veteran and retired jeweler, died yesterday at his home, 1,038 Madison Street, Brooklyn, in his eighty-fourth year. Colonel Finkelmeier was born in Germany and had lived in Brooklyn for seventy years. He was a Past Commander of Gurnsin Metzenich Post 122, G. A. R., and was for twenty-four years Treasurer of the Memorial and Executive Committee of the G. A. R. of Kings County. He had long been active in the work of the Western District Democratic Association and the Wyckoff Heights Hospital Society.

ARTHUR SEYMOUR BROWN, Vice President of the Ansonia, Conn., branch of the American Brass Co., died yesterday at his home in Orange, N. J., of heart disease. During the recent war he commanded a company of the home guards of Ansonia.

Born.

HERSON—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Herson of 10 Arlington Road, Cedarhurst, L. I., announce the arrival of a daughter, on Wednesday, Jan. 11.

MacELWEE—Mr. and Mrs. T. A. MacElwee of Babylon, L. I., announce the arrival of a son on Friday, Jan. 6.

STEWART—Mr. and Mrs. Myron Stewart announce the arrival of a daughter, at Flower Hospital, Jan. 10.

Married.

ANDERSON—FLEISCHMANN—On Wednesday, Jan. 11, 1922, Miss Jeanne, daughter of Mrs. Louis Fleischmann and the late Louis Fleischmann, at St. Stephen's Church, to Major Alexander Charles Maurice Anderson of London, England.

BACON—PIERSON—Mr. and Mrs. Paul M. Pierson of Chestnut Hill, Pa., announce the engagement to the marriage of their daughter, Mary Alden, to John Fairchild Bacon Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John Fairchild Bacon of Tarrytown, N. Y., on Saturday, Oct. 22, at Ithaca, N. Y.

Married.

CHAPIN—MATTHEWS—Miss Gwen Matthews, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Matthews of New York and Mr. Warren Winthrop Chapin of Montclair and New York, on Jan. 11, 1922.

WASSERMAN—WERTHEIM—Mr. and Mrs. S. Wertheim of Bella Plaine, Iowa, announce the marriage of their daughter, Genevieve, to Edwin Wasserman, Jan. 10, 1922.

Died.

ARON—Louisa (nee Wyman), widow of the late Marcus Aron, dearly beloved mother of Rachel Goodman, Rose Kahn, Jessie M. Aron, Phillip Koscherak Lazarus, Mabel Aron and Carrie Aul, in her 87th year. Funeral from her late residence, 6 West 122d St., Friday, Jan. 13, 10 o'clock. Interment Cremlin grounds, Cypress Hills.

BARNES—On Jan. 11, 1922, Edwin H. Jr., beloved son of Edwin H. and Alice P. Barker. Interment Milton, Mass. Boston papers please copy.

BAXTER—At Tarrytown, N. Y., Jan. 11, 1922, Philip, beloved husband of Ellen Baxter, in his 67th year. Funeral services will be held at the Harmonie Church on Saturday, 14th inst., at 9 A. M.

BRITTING—Charles A., beloved father of Mrs. P. J. B. Sheridan, at 2,350 Creston Av., Bronx. Funeral services Jan. 12, 11 A. M., at John Graham's Funeral Chapel, 4,231 Park Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

CORCORAN—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y.: With s

Lost and Found

LOST—On Monday, Jan. 9, on Long Island train, Rockaway division, gold mesh bag, containing purse, billfold, card case and sum of money. Liberal reward if returned to Wood, Central Union Trust Co., 15th Av. at 60th St.

LOST—Near phone booth, Staten Island Ferry house, Manhattan, Sunday, 8 P. M., camera in brown leather case, shoulder strap; Ansco; foreign make; loaded Premo film pack, 2 exposures used. Please return F. G. Barraclough, 58 East 88th St.; reward.

LOST—In telephone booth Times Square brocaded change purse containing money and keys; finder may keep money but please return purse, keys and charms, which are valueless except to owner. G. W. Martin, 156 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Jan. 7, Crotona Av., near Tremont Av., about 9 A. M., man's brown wallet containing cash, checks, notes, receipts and citizenship papers; finder can retain cash as reward and return the notes and all the papers. Reiss, 1917 Crotona Av.

LOST—Taken by mistake, one black bag, one tan suitcase, marked J. W. White, from Commodore lobby; contained ladies' and children's clothes; liberal reward. R. S. Hubbell, manager Commodore Hotel.

LOST—Wednesday morning, tortoise shell eyeglasses in case of R. H. Macy, between West 54th and 43d Sts. Return M. Mullaney, 239 West 43d St. Tel. Bryant 1000.

LOST—Gold-trimmed silk cigarette case, initials "M.C.," Monday night, Jan. 9, Ambassador room Waldorf or in the hotel, taxicab, or on Broadway, Columbus 4416.

LOST—Entrance Hudson Theatre, pigskin purse containing money, keys, cufflinks; keep money reward. Return purse, contents Bryn Mawr Club, 270 Lexington Av.

LOST OR STOLEN—Bank book No. 899190, of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return book to bank, 51 Chambers St.

LOST—Lady's brown leather envelope bag, 110th St. and Lenox Av., Wednesday, Jan. 11, 2:30 P. M.; reward. R. R. Lowis, 101 West 110th.

LOST—Jan. 9 shell-rimmed spectacles in brown leather case. Suitable reward if returned to 7 East 60th.

LOST—Eyeglasses, in an aluminum case, West End Av., between 83d and 86th Sts.; reward. L. Zlotol, 267 West 113th.

$2,500 REWARD, NO QUESTIONS ASKED. While reward or a proportionate amount will be paid for the recovery, or information leading to the recovery, of all or any part of the following articles:

7 bed sets, crepe de canton, hand embroidered with 18k. gold; 20 pounds gold used.

4 sets of bed sheets and pillow cases, linen with embroidery and lace.

1 painting table, gold setting.

Jewelry and wearing apparel.

Stolen Jan. 9, private house, Bay Parkway, Brooklyn.

LIBRI INVESTIGATION CO., 16 Exchange Place, N. Y. C.
Telephone Bowling Green 4925.

$500 REWARD for return of goods missing from Room 402, Flatiron Building. They are worth more to us than to anyone else. No questions asked. We mean this.

Jewelry.

LOST—Jan. 9, between 42d and 57th Sts., on Park, neighboring avenues, heavy military signet ring with red intaglio stone. Reward for same if returned to owner. W. F. Setter, Room 706, 17 East 42d St.

LOST—Flexible diamond bracelet, 36 stones, between Plaza Theatre, 59th and Madison and 70th and Madison, Sunday morning, between 11 and 11:30. 44 East 60th. Waterson, Plaza 1041. Reward.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire gold pin with platinum top; diamond-shaped centre, set with sapphires; gift that cannot be replaced; reward. Saks & Co., Broadway at 34th St. (Jewelry office).

LOST—Black enamel locket with pearl in centre, on Jan. 5, between 120 West 57th and 58th Sts. entrance of Plaza Hotel; suitable reward; no questions asked. Telephone Philadelphia 5413.

$140 REWARD
for return of diamond-shaped brooch, containing about 21 diamonds and 16 sapphires, lost Jan. 6 between 57th and 58th Sts. or in the I. R. T. or B. R. T. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

LOST—Sunday night, Jan. 8, Elena Gerhardt recital at Town Hall, or vicinity, square diamond setting from ring. Good reward on return. Address P 471 Times.

LOST—Friday, Jan. 6, a green jade hat pin with pearl and diamond mounting. Liberal reward if returned to Room 705, Hotel Gotham, 55th and 5th Av.

LOST—Monday, Daughter the American Revolution pin, from 94th St., Broadway, to 94th St., West End Av.; reward. Jerome 2000.

LOST—Diamond platinum lavalliere, Sunday night at Broadway Central Hotel. Liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to Julius Finkelstein, 112 Fulton St. John 7007.

LOST—Gold watch, 42d St., Hamilton Shop, Wednesday noon. Reward if returned to Miss Johnson, Room 602, 220 West 42d.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, 21 diamonds, 16 blue stones, Friday; reward. Phone Barnet, Schuyler 5000.

LOST—Gold watch, Howard movement, chain, monogram knife, Sunday evening; reward. Watkins 8005, Lauio, 258 West 22d.

LOST—Tuesday, 5th Av., store, street or bus, blue lapis beads. Return Desk, Waldorf, receive reward.

LOST—Diamond locket, initials G. S., between Brooklyn and Rockville Center, Sunday; reward. 443 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

LOST—3ar pin, platinum top, diamonds and sapphires; reward. J. W. Strauss, Room 15[illegible] at 42d St.

Lost—seven rings in Packard, Broadway, 42d to 18th; reward. Lonergan's.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, in William St. [illegible] B'way Car 181. Miss Ferguson.

LOST—Gold match case, initials A. G.; reward. Arthur Gordon, Lambs Club, city.

LOST—Tuesday, gold wrist watch, Lambert dial face. Liberal reward. Plaza 7737.

$500 REWARD
for return of top of dinner ring, containing 3 large and numerous small diamonds, lost Jan. 9 between Metropolitan Opera House and West 94th St. A. C. Bennett, 15 William St. Broad 2764.

$150 REWARD
for return of platinum diamond barpin, lost Jan. 5, either at Waldorf, 5th Av. bus or neighborhood 72d St. and Broadway. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$200 REWARD.
Lost—Diamond crescent pin, platinum setting, in Plaza Hotel, on New Year's Eve; large reward; no questions. Return Cashier, Hotel Plaza.

$200 REWARD
for return of platinum bar pin, containing 16 diamonds, lost Jan. 6, between 70th-71st Sts. or on 2d Av. surface car. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$175 REWARD
for return of square sapphire flexible bracelet, lost Jan. 2—brown and white taxi or in George M. Cohan Theatre. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Wednesday noon, corner 34th-6th Av., taupe fox neckpiece. Reward. Apt. 10, 830 Park Av.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Airedale dog, vicinity 113th St. and Broadway, answers to name of "Cappy Ricks"; reward will be paid for return or information. Apt. 3, 622 West 113th St. Cathedral 9804.

LOST—Collie, about 6 months old, white breast; answers name Buddy; reward. 546 W. 8t 113th. Phone Cathedral 7489.

LOST—Young male pekingese, black, called Ale-Two; liberal reward. Phone 3309 Kingsbridge.

LOST—White, male, wire-haired fox terrier, with black markings; no collar. Reward. Circle 4765.

LOST—Panama parrot; liberal reward; return to Supt. Ford, 100 West 59th.

Found.

FOUND—Purse, at 120th St. and Broadway. Telephone Morningside 8326.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

COPY OF RESOLUTION OF THE NEW YORK QUEBRACHO EXTRACT COMPANY, INC., ADOPTED AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF SAID CORPORATION HELD AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, NO. 30 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK, ON DECEMBER 21ST, 1921, AT 11:00 O'CLOCK A. M.

Upon motion duly made and seconded it was unanimously

RESOLVED that the present name of the corporation, to wit: NEW YORK QUEBRACHO EXTRACT COMPANY, INC., OF MANHATTAN, be and the same is hereby changed to THE TANNIN CORPORATION.

CARL E. ELY, President.
ARCHIBALD W. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.

KAVANAUGH—INFORMATION WANTED of Patrick or William, sons of James Cavanaugh, County Louth, Ireland; came to America, 1846; shoe business, New York or Boston, 1865. Write James Cavanaugh, Plain, Wis.

VALUABLE AID.
Readers of The New York Times will render valuable aid by supplying information regarding fraudulent or misleading advertisements that may appear despite of careful censorship.—Advt.

SCONTO BANK HERE GETS AID FROM ROME

Government Authorizes the Bank of Naples to Allot It 60,000,000 Lire.

AID FOR OTHER BRANCHES

New York Directors Have Yet to Receive Official Notice of Action Taken.

ROME, Jan. 11. (Associated Press).—Signor Belotti, the Minister of Commerce, today authorized the Bank of Naples to allot 60,000,000 lire for the benefit of the New York branch of the Banca Italiana di Sconto.

The Government's decision to aid the New York branch of the bank was taken after strong unofficial representations by Richard W. Child, the American Ambassador, who urged that the emigrants' savings were among Italy's best assets, and that anything shaking the confidence of the emigrant in credit institutions would seriously discourage them in making remittances to Italy, because they would feel that no safe way to do so existed.

The Bank of Naples is either to supplement the assets of the Sconto bank in the United States, or absorb the bank's holdings so as to re-establish Italy's credit and save emigrants' deposits, according to the Epoca, which adds that the Sconto bank's relations with American financial institutions will induce the latter to come to its aid.

The nomination of C. D. Gidoni as fourth judicial commissioner of the bank's affairs has been ratified by the court. Signor Gidoni is head accountant of the Bank of Italy, which he represented in New York during the war.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Rome correspondent of The London Times says he hears negotiations are on foot to reconstitute the Banca Italiana di Sconto with Italian and foreign capital. It is expected, he adds that Otto H. Kahn and M. Dreyfus of Paris, who were the original founders of the bank, and a London bank will participate in the new concern.

By this plan the current and deposit accounts of the old Banca di Sconto would, if possible, be paid fully, and the shareholders would receive shares in the new bank.

Officials of the State Banking Department, in charge of the affairs of the institution in New York owned by the Banca di Sconto, have received no formal advices from abroad as to aid which may be rendered the institution here. Directors of the New York bank have declared that the local institution is entirely sound, and that if its affairs were to be considered separately it would pay dollar for dollar. A check of the assets and books of the institution has been made by the State Banking Department, but no announcement of the results of the check has been made.

The reports that the Bank of Naples would interest itself in the case of the New York branch of the Banca di Sconto was news to the directors of the closed institution last night. It has been considered in the financial district not unlikely that New York institutions, with interests in Italy, might form a pool to supplement the local institution's assets, but, so far as is known, this has not been done.

FIRE ROUTS 16 FAMILIES.

Two Policemen Rescue Two Boys and Their Parents.

Sixteen families were driven from their homes last night by fire in a five-story tenement at 331 East Twenty-third Street.

Before the firemen arrived Patrolmen Hanley and Behan of the East Twenty-second Street Station brought to safety, through smoke and fire, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Faber and their two sons, Joseph, 11 years old, and Frank, 9 years old.

Hanley carried a boy under each arm; Behan carried Mrs. Faber and led the father, who was bewildered by the smoke.

The firemen confined the fire to the first and second floors.

Whitman Indictments Dismissed.

Indictments against John Fitzpatrick, former head of the Police Automobile Squad, and Policeman William B. O'Connor, charging violation of the law by acceptance of gratuities for the recovery of stolen automobiles, were dismissed by Judge Nott in General Sessions yesterday. The indictments followed a police investigation by Charles S. Whitman. Both Fitzpatrick and O'Connor were indicted on March 24, 1921, and have since been suspended from duty. Their reinstatement now will require payment to them by the city of salaries from that date.

TO FILL PRALL'S PLACE.

Election for President of Board of Education Jan. 25.

It was announced yesterday that an election of President of the Board of Education to succeed Anning S. Prall, who resigned on being appointed Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, would be held on Jan. 25. A resolution offered by Harry B. Chambers was adopted, praising Mr. Prall's services as President and expressing regret at his resignation.

John E. Bowe, appointed to succeed Mr. Prall as a member of the board, was present at the meeting. A resolution offered by Vice President George J. Ryan was adopted congratulating Arthur S. Somers upon the completion of twenty-five years of service with the board.

Secretary Palmer was instructed to send letters of condolence to the father of Harold Cisney, who died from injuries received in a fight in the basement of Erasmus Hall High School on Jan. 4.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ACHES AND PAINS—SLOAN'S GETS 'EM!

AVOID the misery of racking pain. Sloan's gets right down to the aching spot and relieves your pain and you wonder why you did not use Sloan's first. Have a bottle of Sloan's Liniment *handy* and apply when you first feel pain.

Use freely and *don't rub, as it penetrates* and you will be surprised to find how it eases the pain and sends a feeling of warmth through the aching part.

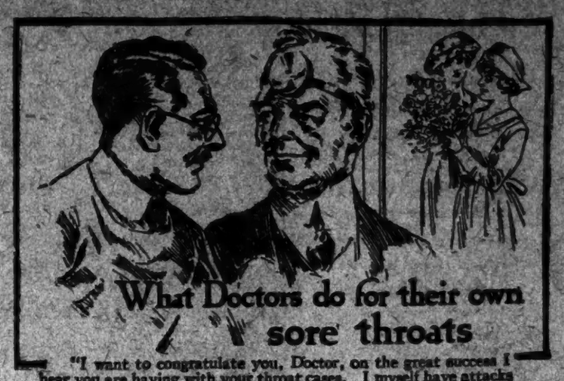
Fine, too, for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, sprains, aches, pains, overworked muscles, lame back.

For forty years Sloan's has been the stand-by as a liniment in thousands of families. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, $1.40.

Sloan's Liniment (Pain's enemy)

ADVERTISEMENT.



What Doctors do for their own sore throats

"I want to congratulate you, Doctor, on the great success I hear you are having with your throat cases. I myself have attacks of inflamed throat every winter, can't seem to get rid of them. Wish you would take a look at mine and tell me what to do.

"I guess, Doctor, I will have to introduce you to Formamint—a real good throat antiseptic wth which you will keep the soft tissues in an almost constant antiseptic bath, because you will find Formamint pleasant and convenient enough to use frequently. I find that the average patient will readily dissolve Formamint in his mouth every hour or so.

"Formamint tablets certainly relieve sore throats and are heading off a lot of tonsillitis for me, but I am even more interested in their prophylactic power, and so I am advising my patients to use them freely during the throat and influenza season to prevent infection."

Recommended by three specialists physicians, dentists and druggists.

Formamint

GERM-FIGHTING THROAT TABLETS

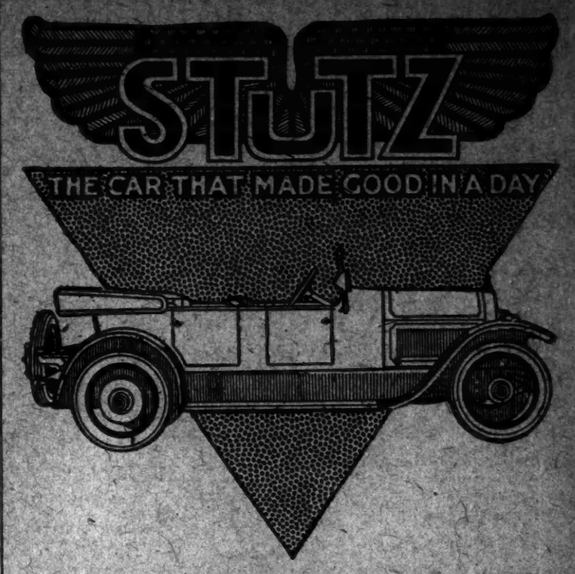
Formamint is our trade mark. It identifies our product. Bauer Chem. Co., Inc., N.Y.

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Page 28.

ADVERTISEMENT.

STUTZ

THE CAR THAT MADE GOOD IN A DAY



Another STUTZ Promise Fulfilled by Performance!

THE great Stutz organization promised an announcement of importance to the industry at the New York Show.

Here it is!

A new standard of price for cars truly fitted to class among the world's best.

No longer must the exacting buyer, who insists upon the quality to be reflected in added years of service, as well as unequalled appearance and performance, pay over $5000 for his car.

The sturdy Stutz first proved the finest of the world's best cars by performance in the gruelling tests of actual comparison on the Speedway.

Today establishes this new standard for value among the best cars of the world—

STUTZ	Bearcat	$2950
STUTZ	Roadster	$2950
STUTZ	Four Passenger	$2990
STUTZ	Six Passenger	$2990
STUTZ	Coupe	$3990

It is only necessary for you to ride in the Stutz of today to realize that it is not only unequalled among other cars, but that *it is the best car that ever bore the Stutz name.*

And in addition to its many improvements and refinements, Stutz buyers now have the option of right or left hand drive.

Now, backing up the first Stutz records for Speedway performance, come new records for comfort and appearance and durability, and finally the world's record for automobile value among high class cars.

Space B-28

Automobile Show

Wm. Parkinson Motor Sales Co.

1796 Broadway, New York City

Brooklyn 1168 Bedford Avenue
Newark 372 Central Avenue

STUTZ MOTOR CAR CO. OF AMERICA, Inc., Indianapolis

Know These Facts
and You Can
Judge Car Values

It is a fact that motor car prices are lower than ever before, yet labor and materials are still far above pre-war levels.

It is a fact that many manufacturers who have always held strictly to high quality standards will continue to do so in spite of this tremendous urge toward cost and quality cutting.

It is also a fact that price pressure will force some manufacturers to cut quality below the danger point.

How is the buyer to choose?

This year the wise plan is to buy the car composed of specialized standard units of known quality — parts with such definite firmly established values that the car must be good regardless of price reductions. The Columbia Six is a car of this type.

Choose such a car and you can measure the actual value of the car for yourself, because you know the value of the separate parts.

Columbia units have as thoroughly proven unvarying values as government currency.

The Columbia Six is the lowest priced six cylinder car on the market today, composed of the following units:

Continental Motor, Timken Axles, Atwater-Kent Ignition, Prest-O-Lite Battery, Stromberg Carburetor, Auto-Lite Starter Motor and Generator, Harrison Radiator with AUTOMATICALLY CONTROLLED RADIATOR SHUTTERS, Borg and Beck Clutch, Durston Transmission, Spicer Universal Joints, Gemmer Steering Gear, Detroit Steel Springs, Genuine Leather Upholstery, Cord Tires.

See the Columbia "Six Shooter" at the Show

Columbia Motors Company, Detroit, U. S. A.

New York Metropolitan Distribution Organization

A. Eugene Hoyt, Woolworth Bldg., New York City.
W. W. Barnes Company, New York City.
James R. Reidy Automobile Company, Brooklyn.
Jones Springfield Garage, Springfield Gardens, Long Island.
Raymond B. Hamilton, Roslyn, L. I.
Lee-Smith Motor Car Company, Newark, N. J.
Palisade Motor Company, Union Hill, N. J.
Gabriel L. Casseneuve, Englewood, N. J.
A. Petrillo, Cliffside Park, N. J.
Gebauer Motor Co., West Hoboken, N. J.
New Durham Garage, No. Bergen, N. J.
Frank Fisher Auto Sales Corp., Paterson, N. J.
Eucker Motor Garage & Repair Company, Ridgefield Park, N. J.
Tri Town Garage, Union Hill, N. J.
F. J. Wortendyke, Hackensack, N. J.
Riverside Motor Co., Union Hill, N. J.
Forsythe & Davis Motor Car Company, Kingston, New York.
John T. Shew, Stamford, N. Y.
Green County Motor Company, Catskill, N. Y.

Columbia Six

Nine open and closed models priced from $1195 to $2350

STUTZ DEALERS NEWS

THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1922

Stutz Sales Plan Is Big Success.

The new dealers' plan of Stutz which was introduced at the New York automobile show met with instant success.

Visiting dealers who received the plan in detail admitted that it was a square, open-handed effort on the part of the manufacturer to co-operate to the fullest extent with the dealers.

The plan was prepared by an ex-dealer and is the fairest proposition you have ever seen.

Dealers Like It.

It has been very gratifying to the Stutz executives to receive so many complimentary calls from dealers handling various makes of cars at Stutz Headquarters, Room 2020, Hotel Commodore.

They were all very much interested in the Stutz sales plan and agreed that it was most satisfactory to dealers.

Abe Martin Says:

"We remember when it used t' take five or six years o' good, hard, consistent drinkin' t' kill a feller."

Likes Sturdy Backing.

"It is very gratifying to know that the factory you represent is permanently financed. It makes for more consistent effort and a building up for the future," said George Hoevejer, Stutz distributor in Pittsburgh.

Just Can't Wait.

Colonel Haynes, in charge of Wm. Parkinson's Brooklyn branch of his Metropolitan dealer organization, sold two cars at the New York show yesterday.

Canada Represented.

George Prime, Stutz distributor in Montreal, has an optimistic word for the 1922 automobile selling season in the Dominion.

Other Dealers Here.

Howard Becker, Boston; H. S. Thomas, Cleveland; F. E. Tucker, Newark, Lowell and Hammond, Binghamton, and W. F. Nuhoff, Baltimore, were among the Stutz distributors at the show Wednesday.

BODDY IN GUN PLAY BEFORE EDWARDS

Moves Toward Pistol in Jersey Trooper's Holster in Train on His Way Here.

CALLS SLEUTHS CARELESS

Lectures Them on How to Search Suspects More Effectively.

ARRAIGNED HERE AND HELD

Trial Likely to Be Set for a Week From Monday and Rushed to a Finish.

Guarded by six detectives, each of them armed with two pistols, Luther Boddy, the negro slayer of Francis J. M. Buckley and William A. Miller, Detective Sergeants, arrived in this city yesterday from Philadelphia, where he was captured. He was arraigned before Justice Wasservogel in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court and remanded to the Tombs without bail for pleading in the same court this morning to two indictments charging him with first degree murder.

Boddy's trip to this city was enlivened by an incident which for a few minutes caused a stir among the detectives and others seated near him on the train. Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey, accompanied by his secretary, J. Harry Foley, had boarded the train at Trenton a few minutes before, and, learning that Boddy was in the rear car, had walked back to view him.

On the way they encountered Sergeant George S. Brown of the New Jersey State Police, and the Governor invited the policeman to accompany them.

Secretary Foley was acquainted with Detective Sergeant Thomas F. Donohue, who occupied a seat directly behind the slayer, and Detective Sergeant Edwin England, to whom the negro was handcuffed. Foley introduced Governor Edwards to Donohue, who, in turn, introduced him to England, and to Detective Sergeants Leech and Kraus, who were in a seat facing England and the murderer.

Boddy Fascinated by Pistol.

After Governor Edwards had shaken hands with each of the detectives, Sergeant Brown moved through the crowd that blocked the aisle and was introduced to the detectives. The trooper stood facing the rear of the car, with the butt of a .45 calibre pistol sticking out of a holster, within arm's length of the murderer.

Brown had started to talk to the Governor when Detective Sergeants Donohue, Martin and Stephen Donaghue noticed the negro's eyes resting intently on the pistol. The weapon seemed to be a magnet to Boddy, for he slowly began to lean toward it, and there was a forward motion of his unshackled left arm.

The three detective sergeants sprang towards the State trooper and violently wheeled him about so that the pistol was in front of Governor Edwards and out of the reach of Boddy.

It was not until the pistol was out of his sight that Boddy lounged back into his seat. Then he smiled disappointedly. Many persons who had crowded around the Governor and the detectives had realized the danger of the situation.

The six detectives were inclined to let the incident pass without comment, but Boddy, seeming to sense this, turned with a broad grin toward Detective Sergeant Donohue and winked.

By that time Sergeant Brown had been informed by an onlooker of the danger to which he had exposed the gathering, and he replied:

"Oh, he couldn't get that pistol out of my holster."

"Well," commented Detective Sergeant Donohue, pleasantly, "it's just as well not to give him the chance."

Governor Unmoved by Incident.

Governor Edwards was unmoved by the incident, however, and immediately resumed his conversation with the State trooper. Then Detective Sergeant Martin thanked the Governor and the troopers for the excellent aid given him and Detective Sergeant Donaghue last Sunday when they were searching for Boddy in the vicinity of Oxford Valley, about twenty-one miles from Philadelphia.

"They did wonderful work," said Martin. "They placed automobiles and motorcycles at our disposal and for more than eighteen hours scoured the entire countryside for Boddy. The sergeant in command of the troopers turned out every one of his men and they performed a complete search of the entire neighborhood. We knew Boddy was in the vicinity because we found three pawnticketa near the spot where he had fled from a taxicab which he had commandeered the night before in Newark. When we get back to New York we are going to ask Inspector Coughlin, head of the Detective Bureau, to send that sergeant a letter thanking him for the aid he so willingly gave us."

"Well, I'm glad the troopers were of such good service to you," replied the Governor, "I'm sorry that they didn't get that fellow that day."

"Do you want to talk to Boddy, Governor?" asked Detective Sergeant Donohue.

"No, I don't want to talk to a fellow like him," announced the Governor, "I'd rather choke him."

Then the Governor shook hands with the detectives and started with Secretary Foley toward the forward end of the train. Boddy had been eyeing him intently, and when Governor Edwards had gone a few feet beyond him he laughingly turned to Detective Sergeant Kraus and said:

"I'd like to meet the Governor, but I'm not dolled up enough."

Lectures Detectives on Carelessness.

The pistol incident seemed to lodge in Boddy's mind, for a few minutes later he warned the detectives about the careless way in which some prisoners and suspects were searched. He talked between puffs of a cigar given to him by Detective Leach, and which he called "the best cigar I ever smoked in my life."

"Let me tell you fellows that I found the New York detectives to be fearless men," said the slayer. "They've got more brains in their little fingers than the out-of-town detective has in his whole body. But New York detectives are careless, and let me give you boys some valuable advice. When you frisk a fellow hereafter for a gun begin at his wrists. Many criminals in New York nowadays carry guns as I carried mine on the night I killed Buckley and Miller.

"A detective makes a mistake in carrying his gun in his hip pocket with his coat buttoned. He should carry it always in his coat pocket or on the side of his chest with the handle sticking out so that he can grab it on the instant.

"I always carried my pistol at the bottom of my right sleeve, with the barrel resting in the palm of my hand. I tied the butt of the pistol to a string, and then sewed the other end of the string on the lining of my overcoat under the armpit.

"I have been stuck up dozens of times in New York detectives, but they never found a gun on me, although I always had it. When they would stick their guns at me and say, 'Throw up your hands,' I'd do so instantly, and the string would pull the pistol back into the sleeve. Then when I dropped my hands after they had frisked my pockets for a gun, my gun would drop back into the palm of my right hand. All I had to do then, if I wanted to use it, was to give the gun a quick jerk and the string would break.

Never Caught With a Pistol.

"That's what I did the night I shot those two detectives. They didn't search me, though. Several times when detectives arrested me I jerked the gun from the string while on the way to the station, and when we were crossing a street I dropped it without them noticing it. I never was caught with a gun on me, although I simply could not go about without one. A gun has a fascination for me.

"There are a lot of criminals in New York who can beat you fellows to the draw, but you do not believe it. How long would it take you to draw your gun?" he suddenly asked Detective Sergeant England.

"Oh, about two seconds," the detective replied.

"Well, England, you'd be a second and a half too late," said Boddy, as he broke into a laugh.

The detectives then tried to get Boddy to reveal a motive for the shooting and killing of Buckley and Miller other than that he was afraid "they were going to beat me up," as stated in his confession.

"The reason I gave is the only one," Boddy declared. "I got angry—something happened up here," he continued, as he pointed to his head. "But I'm awfully sorry for it now."

"Would you do it over again?" he was asked.

A fellow is foolish to do such a thing," the murderer answered.

Boddy seemed to be pleased with the guard of detectives formed about him as he was taken from the City Hall in Philadelphia to the railroad station nearby in a heavy rainfall. As they came out of the prisoners' entrance to the Detective Bureau, Captain Souder, head of the Philadelphia detectives, ordered one of his men to throw an automobile robe about the slayer's shoulders because he was without an overcoat.

Draws Blind Against Crowd.

Just then a photographer trained his camera on the murderer, and Boddy laughingly said to Detective England, who was handcuffed to him: "I'm getting my picture taken for nothing." He had been provided with a brown soft hat and a pair of discarded shoes, but he had on the same brown suit of clothes he wore last Thursday night when he fled after shooting the two detectives.

Despite the bad weather a large crowd had gathered at the entrance to the railroad station, and there was a jam at the train shed when the detectives shoved him through the gate to the train. Boddy walled as Philadelphia and New York detectives made a path for him. When he was seated in the rear car of the train a crowd of railroad employes and passengers gathered on the platform outside to look at him. Boddy pulled down the blind, and then he started to smoke a cigarette.

Soon after a line of passengers and employes began to pass through the aisle of the car, and when one negro porter said he had seen Boddy in Harrisburg, the slayer turned to Detective Leech and said: "Did you hear that? There's a fellow who says he saw me in Harrisburg. They've been seeing me everywhere—in their dreams, too—I never was in Harrisburg in my life."

When the train arrived at the Pennsylvania Terminal the party was met by a force of detectives. Boddy was placed in a police automobile and taken to the West 123d Street Station, where he was questioned by Captain Haupt, head of the Harlem Detective Bureau.

Then he was taken to Police Headquarters, Inspector Coughlin ordered that he be photographed and finger-printed. One of the detectives had brought from Philadelphia the woman's apparel Boddy wore when he entered the commandeered taxicab in Newark Saturday night for the ride to Oxford Valley. The slayer was ordered to don the outfit from the green hat and veil down to the tan French-heel shoes.

500 Gather at Court Building.

After that he was hustled to the Criminal Courts Building, where a crowd of 500 curious persons had gathered. In the meantime Justice Wasservogel, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, had been informed of Boddy's arrival at the Pennsylvania Terminal at 2 P. M. He ordered Chief Assistant District Attorney Pecora to have the slayer produced in court immediately on a bench warrant issued by him last Friday, following Boddy's indictment.

It was not until 4:10 P. M., however, that Boddy, handcuffed to two detectives, and followed by a dozen others, was brought into the crowded court room. The clerk informed him that he was accused of murder in the first degree. In reply to a question Boddy said he was unable to employ counsel, and Justice Wasservogel announced that he would appoint Morris Koenig, formerly a Judge of General Sessions, and Herman Hoffman to defend the negro. Then the Justice signed an order permitting Mr. Koenig and Mr. Hoffman to question their client in the Tombs during the night to facilitate the drawing up of the necessary papers in his defense. Neither lawyer was in court, and Justice Wasservogel ordered one of those present to notify them of their appointment.

Justice Wasservogel had adjourned the trial of William Hoey for the murder of Policeman Daniel P. Neville for the arraignment of Boddy, and Hoey sat within a few feet of the negro during the proceedings.

Trial a Week From Monday.

Boddy then was taken to the Tombs. As he was leaving the court Mr. Pecora announced that the prosecution this morning would notify his counsel that a motion would be made before Justice Wasservogel today for the drawing of a special jury to try Boddy a week from next Monday. He said it would be impossible to bring the slayer to trial before then, because his counsel is entitled to five days in which to prepare the defense, exclusive of Saturday and Sunday.

Boddy was examined by Dr. Perry Lichtenstein, Tombs physician, soon after he was placed in an observation cell by Warden John Hanley, with another negro charged with grand larceny. The physician said he showed no signs of nervousness nor drug addiction, nor were there any marks on his body, the physician said, indicating that he had been recently beaten.

His lawyers appeared at the Tombs later, and Frank Arinow, an associate, said:

"We are going to see that Boddy gets a square deal. We may decide that we can't get it in this county on account of public sentiment being at white heat. We are not going to resort to tactics to delay the case, however. We want a speedy trial, but we are not going to allow him to be rushed to the electric chair."

Assemblyman Male of New York County and McLoughlin of Kings County introduced measures in the Legislature at Albany yesterday to provide pensions for the widows of Detective Sergeants Buckley and Miller.

South Dakota Doctors Aid Dry Law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Out of sixty-four counties in South Dakota, only seven counties have physicians who have asked for permits to prescribe liquor, according to a report to Commissioner Haynes today from Federal Prohibition Director Isaac Pearson of South Dakota. Liquor violations are growing fewer in the State, he added, despite the low price of corn which, he said, would tend to increase illicit distilling.

Former Canadian Submarine Sought as a Whisky Runner

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 11.—Reports that a submarine, built here years ago and later turned over to the Canadian Government, by which it was sold for junk, has brought large shipments of liquor into Seattle from British Columbia ports were being investigated by Federal authorities here today.

According to information reaching officials the submarine has been on several occasions in Puget Sound waters. The liquor, it was charged, was landed near Seattle. It was also charged that the submarine had made at least one trip to Columbia River and California ports.

FORD PLANS TO BUY LINCOLN MOTOR CO.

He Is Willing to Pay as High as $11,000,000 if Competition in Bidding Forces It.

WOULD RETAIN THE LELANDS

Manufacture of Higher-Priced Car and Full-Time Operation in Prospect—Lincoln Stock Up.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 11.—Henry Ford is willing to bid as high as $11,000,000 for the Lincoln Motor Company if competition forces it when the Leland properties are offered at auction on Feb 4. This statement came from an authoritative source today, following announcement that the Ford interests had decided to intervene in the Lincoln's financial predicament.

Should Mr. Ford take over the Lincoln plant, Henry B. Leland will be retained as President and Wilfred C. Leland, his son, as Vice President and General Manager.

What will happen to Lincoln stockholders in the event of a change in ownership of the company is problematical. News of the Fords' proposal reached the Detroit Exchange early today and 20,105 shares of the stock were traded in. The stock was driven up from 7¾ to 9 and closed at 8¾.

Casting Mr. Ford in the role of a Samaritan hurrying to Mr. Leland's assistance for old friendship's sake alone may achieve a shade of human interest but it departs from the facts.

When the Lincoln Company found itself pitted against a bad money market and a national slump in business, the subject of purchasing the company was mentioned to Mr. Ford. He didn't like the proposition. The idea was broached to him several times, but he was not enthusiastic.

The wife of the automobile manufacturer finally took sides against him on the Lincoln matter, it is understood, and expressed her preferences to her son, Edsel Ford. It was Edsel, following talks with his mother, who first won the favorable attention of Henry Ford in the Lincoln matter, it is declared. This circuitous route is not a new one. Plans submitted by engineers and others and rejected by Henry Ford are known to have been espoused later by Edsel Ford, and because of Edsel's interest in them the senior Ford frequently has reversed himself.

Should the Fords acquire the Lincoln property application of the Ford industrial methods probably will insure year-round employment at the Lincoln plant in place of the part-time schedule now in force there, and provide an employment unit of practically the same stability as the Ford plant. The manufacture of higher-priced cars by the Fords also would be expected.

When Federal Judge Arthur Tuttle, in ordering the Detroit Trust Company as receiver to sell the property at public auction on Feb. 4 at $8,000,000, the lowest bid which would be accepted, he stipulated each bidder would have to file a bond of $250,000 as an evidence of good faith. The one and only bond received was filed by Howard C. Simmons, attorney, who told the court he represented the Lelands and other clients whom he did not care to name publicly.

Repeated reports that the General Motors Corporation would bid for the Leland properties to stop competition between the Cadillac and Lincoln cars are still unconfirmed. If W. C. Durant has any intention of bidding for the property he has not come forward either with announcement of his purpose or with the stipulated $250,000 bond.

Landslip Kills Scores in Sicilian Town; San Fratello Wiped Out, Survivors Fleeing

MESSINA, Sicily, Jan. 11 (Associated Press).—Landslides at San Fratello have brought about nearly complete destruction to the little town. The total casualties are not known, but scores of bodies are believed to have been buried in the debris. Two bodies have been found.

The inhabitants have been driven out of the town by the slides, either walking or using ox carts and wagons. They have invaded the adjacent villages in search of shelter and food. The people carried with them such of their belongings as they could. Relief parties have been organized to go into San Fratello to aid persons imprisoned in their dwellings and unable to escape.

Military engineers today were constructing barracks in surrounding villages to house the homeless people from San Fratello. The Government has telegraphed 150,000 lire to Sicily with which to begin the work of feeding and clothing the people.

The landslides resulted from the incessant rainstorms of the past week. The earth moved in great waves as it came down the hillside. Seven churches are a mass of debris. The town is completely devastated. Not a house in it is habitable.

The Commune of San Fratello, which includes the town of the same name, is on the northern coast of Sicily, about half way between Palermo, on the west, and Messina, on the east. It had a population in 1910 of 10,000. Ten miles south of this coast and parallel to it runs the ridge of Nebrodi, with an average altitude of 3,000 feet, from which, caused either by changes of temperature or subterranean convulsions, there are frequent landslides.

ENO KEEN AT RACES, WITNESSES TELL

Maps of Saratoga Track Introduced in Evidence in $13,000,000 Will Fight.

SAVED THE SPRINGS THERE

Complaint Against Private Operation Cited as Proof of Millionaire's Sanity.

At the trial of the contest by heirs at law of Amos F. Eno, who left half of his $13,000,000 estate to public institutions, maps and photographs of his Saratoga home, The Gables, and of the Saratoga race course, which he visited frequently, were introduced in evidence before Surrogate Foley yesterday. The purpose of the exhibits was to familiarize the jury with the scenes concerning which testimony as to the last days of Mr. Eno's life will be offered. It is contended that Mr. Eno was not of sound mind.

William J. Burnham of Ballston Spa, who reported racing events for The Saratoga Sun in 1915, the year Mr. Eno died, said he saw Mr. Eno in his box at the race track daily, and observed him walking from his box to the betting ring without effort. He talked with Mr. Eno daily, and had no doubt of his sanity.

John J. Ahearn, Steward at the track in 1915, now Superintendent of the Saratoga Club, said Mr. Eno was a member of the Saratoga Racing Association that year, and corroborated Mr. Burnham's testimony on Mr. Eno's ability to walk and talk naturally. Leonard B. Fiecher of Saratoga, connected with the State Reservation there, said he heard Mr. Eno telling a friend in 1915 how the springs were being ruined by private companies until the State took charge of the mineral springs. The result was, he said, that injury to the springs had ceased. Mr. Fiecher said Mr. Eno's knowledge of the subject was lucid, correct and truthful, and that he was "perfectly normal and rational." These witnesses were not cross-examined.

Testimony of Charles G. Anthony and Chauncey Olcott, the actor, given at the first trial, that when one negro porter said he could not be present at this trial. Both were convinced that Mr. Eno was rational. Mr. Olcott said he and his wife visited the Saratoga home of Mr. Eno and were interested in a room which was covered with pictures and prints of old New York in which Mr. Eno took keen interest.

The trial will be continued today.

GIRL CLUB LEADERS DIVIDE ON SMOKING

Some Think Homes and Community Houses Should Provide Room for Those Who Indulge.

OTHERS A LITTLE SHOCKED

Liberals Contend Open Use of Cigarettes Is Better Than Smoking Under Cover.

The question whether smoking rooms should be provided in girls' clubs, community houses and other places where young women live, furnished the principal subject of discussion yesterday at a meeting of the directors of thirty clubs, held in the Girls' Community Club, 109 East Thirtieth Street. Women attended representing club homes operated under the direction of such organizations as the Y. W. C. A., the Y. W. H. A., the Ladies' Christian Union, the Community Club and the Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls.

Sentiment was evenly divided among the representatives as to whether women should be permitted to smoke in the homes in which they are interested. Some of those who approved said that women of the present day would smoke and that it was better to permit them to smoke openly instead of having them lock themselves in their rooms and other secret places whenever they wanted to puff a cigarette.

The meeting was the monthly Round Table under the auspices of the League to Promote Proper Housing for Girls, of which Miss Cornelia E. Marshall is President. The subject was "standards," meaning rather the standard of operation of clubs and homes than the moral standards of the guests. Although no formal action was taken on the question of smoking the concensus seemed to be that women should be left to exercise their right of personal liberty, leaving open the question as to whether they should or should not take the management into confidence on smoking.

Speaking on the standards to be maintained, Miss Marshall said that she could recall some years ago how a girl told her that she could not go to a certain theatre because the door of the club at which she lived was locked early. Now, she said, the girls either carried keys or the door was kept open.

The question of smoking came as a climax to this part of the discussion. Mrs. Dunlap Hopkins, head and founder of the Applied Arts School of Applied Design, opened the subject and the question of young women smoking seemed to startle some of the Directors. Mrs. Hopkins said that smoking should be permitted, and, if possible, some place provided for women who could smoke openly. She said that she spoke from the fullness of her experience with some 21,000 women who had passed through the School of Design. She called upon her associates to be honest with their guests and permit them to smoke openly. This attitude was supported by some of those present, and it was pointed out that in the Community Club women were permitted to smoke.

Mrs. Gowan, head of the Ladies' Christian Union and President of the Round Table, opposed smoking, and after the discussion said that if there was smoking it should be done so that it did not come to the attention of the official head of a club. Miss Sommerfield of the Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls also was opposed.

KILLING BILLIONS OF OIL BUGS IN WATER

Copper Sulphate Treatment Clearing City Supply of Highly Flavored Synura.

The Synura are being killed off rapidly, and their flavor will probably be out of the city's drinking water in a week, according to Deputy Chief Engineer W. W. Brush of the Board of Water Supply.

A characteristic of the malignant little micro-organism is that it is particularly obnoxious in making its final exit. Mr. Brush said that the slaughter of billions by copper sulphate has released their oily contents, thus causing the intensification of the taste during the last two or three days. By the end of the present week it was predicted that the crest of the wave of cucumber and fish flavor would pass.

The discovery of more minute fish has been reported in the city water, and this was conjectured to be due to less intensive filtration since the Catskill water was carried around the reservoir and filtering station at Kensico, where the Synura were thickest. Ordinarily New York water is so closely filtered that only a few very minute organisms may be found in it with microscopes.

A Truman reader living in West 120th Street writes to say that several times during the last month backbones, tails and scales of fish have run into her bathtub from the faucets. She is willing, she writes, to accept the Synura theory as explanation of the flavor, but asks scientists to account for the backbones.

CHANGE IN LAW ADVOCATED.

Builders Want to Convert Old Houses Into Multi-Family Homes.

Accommodation for at least 30,000 families can be provided by an amendment to the State tenement house laws legalizing the altering of present old type buildings into multi-family homes, Major Maxwell Whitelaw asserted in a letter sent yesterday to Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Lockwood legislative committee on housing.

Major Whitelaw said that Albert Sternor, I. H. Rodeis, George B. Wills and other builders, would be present at today's session of the committee, ready to "testify as to the facts in their possession, showing the desirability of such proposed enactment of law for the encouragement of additional multi-family building."

"We concur in the beliefs," said Mr. Whitelaw in his letter speaking for the committee of builders, "that a shortage of at least 80,000 apartments still exists in this city. By encouraging the remodeling of present houses into such multi-family homes it will very materially alleviate the overcrowding and the immoral condition resulting therefrom that now exists. It is conservatively estimated that a legalizing of such remodeling will result in at least 5,000 such old buildings of the greater city being altered, and will provide accommodation for at least 30,000 families, with all sanitary provisions within the apartments."

WOULD LIMIT WORK HOURS.

Senator Straus Introduces Eight-Hour Measure.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—A measure designed to limit the hours of labor of women and minors in industry was introduced in the Legislature today by Senator Nathan Straus Jr., Democrat, of New York City. Under the provisions of the proposed act, females over 18 years of age and males between 16 and 18 years of age would not be required to work more than six days a week and eight hours a day. Hours of labor in any one day would be limited to eight, except in cases where a shorter work day or holiday might be preceded or followed by one working day of nine hours.

Two bills intended to carry out recommendations contained in Governor Miller's message were introduced in the Legislature today by Assemblyman Rowe, Republican, of Erie. The measures are designed to empower Attorney General Newton to appoint additional deputies before elections. Provision also is made for the detection of election frauds and the speedy prosecution of offenders.

The appropriation of $186,543 for improvement of the Erie, Oswego and Champlain canals is proposed in a bill introduced in the Legislature today by Assemblyman McGinnies of the Ways and Means Committee. The amount named comprises the miscellaneous canal receipts from Sept. 22, 1920, to Jan. 1, 1922. A bill designed to prohibit pawnbrokers from accepting for loans any military decorations given to World War veterans by the Federal or State Governments was introduced in the Legislature today by Assemblyman Herrigan of Albany. Violation as proposed in the law would be made a misdemeanor. The bill has the support of the American Legion.

"TWENTY-ONE" SUFFICIENT.

Assemblyman Wants It Made a Valid Answer in Registration.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 11.—"I am twenty-one" will be a sufficient answer to the question of age asked by election boards in registering voters, if a bill to be introduced in the Legislature next Monday night by Assemblyman W. W. Campbell, of Schenectady becomes law. The bill will be offered as an amendment to the election law.

Assemblyman Campbell says he has received many letters from men as well as from women, advocating the proposed legislation.

FEW MILLIONS TIE UP DUAL SUBWAY PLANS

$41,500,000 Needed to Complete Tracks and Put System in Working Shape.

ESTIMATE BOARD IS BLAMED

Transit Engineer Says Delay on Appropriations Ties Up Work, Increases Jam and Peril.

Delays and difficulties encountered by the Transit Commission as a result of the attitude of the city administration were described yesterday at the transit hearing by Robert Ridgway, Chief Engineer for the commission.

Mr. Ridgway said that twenty-five miles of single track remained to be completed under the dual contracts. For the construction work and equipment, without which not only this but certain other trackage is useless, he said that $42,500,000 would be required. This fund has been unavailable, he testified, because of delays by the Board of Estimate in acting on contracts and requisitions.

A list of thirty-one items disapproved or awaiting action by the board was admitted to the record after Mr. Ridgway explained that four or five contracts had been approved. The list included a requisition for funds to buy crossties and other railroad timber, without which the Eastern District-Fourteenth Street route cannot be operated. This line, one of the principal routes in the new system, represents an investment of $13,000,000 by the city.

Delay in honoring a requisition for $5,500 needed to remove two old buildings from the site of the Jerome Avenue yards not only has prevented the completion and grading of the yards, but affected the operation of the elevated lines in the vicinity. Delay on a requisition for $626, made last May, was said to have prevented the lengthening of platforms at the Grand Central so that the end doors of ten-car trains could be used.

Mr. Ridgway said that there was a quantity of broken stone on the Jerome Avenue yard site which might have been used for transit construction. A requisition was made for $13,500 to purchase this stone, but the request has been held up, and the city may not be able to dispose of the stone, which has been on the city's property fifteen years.

After Mr. Ridgway outlined what had been spent and must be spent to complete the dual transit system, Colonel Henry W. Hinsburg, counsel for the Commission, read the list of contracts and requisitions remaining without action before the Board. The witness explained that the items were all covered by contracts Nos. 3 and 4, that the money called for by the contracts totalled $5,028,232.64, the remainder being made up of requisitions for equipment needed in the operation of the lines.

McAneny Says Board Could Act.

Chairman George McAneny said that it was important to point out that the Board had been advised by the Corporation Counsel that it might act in these matters without affecting pending litigation, and that a form of reservation was prepared by the Corporation Counsel to be appended to the resolutions of the Board.

"In other words," said Mr. McAneny, "the holding up of these public works of vast public importance, involving delays in relief to the traffic condition, the waste of funds through delay, which waste is always caused by delays in the progress of any work, and discomfort to the traveling public, all occurred without the statement of any reasons whatsoever except the determination of the Board of Estimate to do as it did do, and for that reason I said how."

Among the requisitions still held up, Chairman McAneny cited one for $297,401, made on Mar. 26, 1921, for the inspection shed inclosure at the 180th Street yard of the White Plains Avenue line, which Mr. Ridgway said was badly needed to complete the skeleton structure already begun.

A contract transmitted to the board on May 26 last for the installation of tracks in the Livonia Avenue yards in Brooklyn, and another contract for the installation of a signal tower, transmitted on March 15, 1923, have been held up, and the action of the Board, according to Mr. Ridgway, has had the effect of delaying through operation to the Livonia Avenue line. For the installation of tracks $97,444 was sought and for the signal tower $9,045.

The witness cited another contract sent to the board on March 15, 1921, for the construction of a safety aisle at the junction of Fulton Street and Court Street, Brooklyn, at an estimated cost of $16,852. The aisle was designed to take the place of temporary facilities, including a wooden stairway and a wooden enclosure, and it was said that the delay involved a fire hazard.

$95,000 Holds Up Line.

The tie-up of the Eastern District-Fourteenth Street route and other lines by delay in passing a requisition for $95,000 was indicated in the further testimony of Mr. Ridgway. This requisition was made on May 26, 1921.

An item of $20,500 for the alteration and reconstruction of emergency exits at the Sixtieth Street tunnel in Manhattan has been recalled, according to Mr. Ridgway, and the contract given up by the contractor. The engineer said that the work should go on, because of ice forming in the shafts, and said that it had to be watched carefully to keep it from falling on the tracks. When the Chairman asked the witness if the thought that this was a matter of "protection," he replied that it was a matter of "safety."

A requisition for $57,000 to complete the passageway for the Union Square station was submitted on Aug. 30 last and has been held up, although Mr. Ridgway explained that the additional passageway was designed as a connection for transfer purposes from the Fourteen Street Eastern District crosstown line to the north and south Broadway line of the New York Municipal system, made necessary by the congestion at the Canal Street station of the crosstown line.

The fate of an emergency requisition was described in the following testimony:

Q.—On Nov. 2 a requisition was made for $100,000 for lengthening the Canal Street station, the Centre Street loop. The congestion at that point has become exceedingly severe; has it not? A.—Yes, sir. The idea of that was to lengthen the platforms so that eight-car trains could be accommodated. At present only six-car trains can be accommodated on the middle tracks of the station, and it is a very heavy station. It is a very necessary thing to do, to lengthen the platforms.

Q.—The last contract sent was one of major importance, and that for the construction of the extension of the Queensboro tunnel from Grand Central Station to Eighth Avenue. The requisition is for $4,000,000. As I recall it, the successful bidder for the work immediately contemplated was the Power-Kennedy Corporation, and their bid was $3,000,000 odd, was it not? A.—It was less than $4,000,000.

Q.—That contract has now been held, I figured out a moment ago, fifty days. Is that correct? A.—Approximately.

Q.—Within these fifty days have you had any communication from the Board of Estimate whatever about the Queensboro Tunnel? A.—No, sir.

Q.—And incidentally the contractor would be at liberty to withdraw if he chose, as the forty-five days in his case have elapsed? A.—So I understand it.

The hearing was adjourned until Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock, when the commission probably will make public its plans for new subway construction.

Bill to Compel Steel Cars.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Senator Bernard Downing, Democrat, of New York, introduced in the Legislature today a bill intended to require the use of steel cars on elevated and underground lines in New York. The measure would compel the operating companies to equip their lines with steel cars within one year after the passage of the act.

Westland's Tax on Bachelors Thrown Out by Supreme Court

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 11.—The State Supreme Court declared unconstitutional today the bachelor tax law passed by the last Legislature and the poll tax law which has been in force for more than twenty-one years.

The poll tax included all male persons from 21 to 60 years of age. The bachelors' tax was imposed on all males more than 21 years old who were not heads of families.

WILLARD SAYS ROADS CAN'T CUT RATES NOW

Reductions Will Come Eventually, He Asserts, but Should Not Be Hurried.

STABLE CREDIT FIRST NEED

Other Rail Executives Tell Interstate Commerce Commission of Carriers' Requirements.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, told the Interstate Commerce Commission today that the carriers were not in a position financially to make a general reduction in freight rates at this time. He said that rates eventually would come down, but contended that to hasten the movement would injure rather than promote the larger public interests.

"High as railroad charges are," said Mr. Willard, "they are not higher relatively than other prices are or were, and it is important to remember that railroad charges or prices were the very last to go up and, in the nature of things, cannot be the first to go down. They can and will participate in the downward movement of all other prices."

Mr. Willard said that the financial results as reflected in net operating income reported have been accomplished only by forced economies that are not in the public interest and cannot be continued.

"I suppose," he said, "the real question is this: Are railroad rates declining as rapidly as the public has fairly a right to expect? Are the railroad managers doing all that can be fairly expected of them to reduce the cost of transportation?

"To the first question my answer is 'Yes.' In my opinion, to accelerate the downward movement artificially at this time would injure the roads and would not benefit the public."

Among the recommendations made by Mr. Willard was that not less than 6 per cent. on the value of the property used for transportation purposes be adopted by the commission as a fair return after March 1, when the emergency rates prescribed by the Transportation act automatically expire.

"When Congress specified the rate of return now in the Transportation act," Mr. Willard said, it did so for the purpose of stabilizing railroad credit. Unfortunately, because of conditions which were not foreseen by Congress, the results hoped for in this connection have not yet been realized. It is essential, however, that the credit of the railroads should be stabilized on a proper basis, in order to restore the purchasing power of the railroads and put them in position not only properly to maintain their existing facilities, but to provide the additional facilities necessary in the public interest, and it is much more important to the public as a whole that there should be adequate transportation facilities with which to do than that there should be lower rates."

Several railroad executives testified as to the financial requirements of the carriers during 1922. One statement made was that on the basis of the present volume of business $701,605,811 would be needed by the railroads in 1922 for equipment and maintenance, in order to keep abreast of the transportation needs of the nation. It was estimated that $833,045,344 additional would be required in 1923 adequately to handle the volume of traffic under normal conditions.

The hearing will be resumed tomorrow afternoon with S. M. Felton, President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Great Western Railroad, on the stand.

The commission agreed today, at the request of the United States Chamber of Commerce, to ask Secretary Hoover to appear later and testify as a representative of the country's commercial interests.

HAMBURG TRADE DECLINES.

Down in December After Showing Gain Most of Year.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—Hamburg shipping fell off during December coincident with the passing of the boom in Germany's export and domestic trade. But an analysis of the statistics shows that, while shipping in and out of Hamburg under the British, French, Swedish and Norwegian flags declined more than the total average loss, the American flag held its own. So did German shipping. The Danish alone showed a slight gain.

In December 735 ships of 873,000 tons entered Hamburg, against 836 ships of 881,000 tons in November. In December 790 ships of 877,000 tons left Hamburg, against 968 ships of 890,000 tons in November.

Despite the present retrogression, the figures indicate a remarkable recovery in Hamburg's shipping. Last October the traffic of the port of Hamburg had already attained 80 per cent. of the last pre-war October.

The annual figures are still more striking. Outgoing, 1921, 9,940 ships of 9,500,000 tons; 1920, 5,096 ships of 4,350,000 tons; 1918, 1,402 ships of 820,000 tons; 1913, 16,427 ships of 14,440,000 tons. Incoming, 1921, 8,956 ships of 9,500,000 tons; 1920, 4,868 ships of 4,490,000 tons; 1918, 1,473 ships of 896,000 tons; 1913, 15,087 ships of 14,185,000 tons.

NEGRO THUGS ESCAPE.

Wound Shopkeeper With Revolver Bullet—Scared by Woman.

Three armed negro robbers held up Morris Horowitz, 54 years old, in his delicatessen store at 2,569 Seventh Avenue, last night. Mrs. Horowitz was in the back of the store when the negroes entered. One of them asked for pigs' feet and Horowitz went to the far end of the counter to get them. When he turned around he faced a revolver.

The negro with the revolver demanded Horowitz's money, but Mrs. Horowitz screamed at the sight of the weapon. The man turned, fired a shot which struck Horowitz in the left side, and disappeared with his companions into Seventh Avenue. Horowitz was taken to Harlem Hospital.

NEEDY FUND NOW $124,840.

Additional Contributions Increase the Total $234.80.

Contributions of $234.80 have increased the total for the neediest cases to $124,840.10. The new total is made up as follows:

Previously acknowledged	$124,605.60	Fuller, Marion J.	5
A Friend	5	Johnson, E. B.	5
A Sincere Well Wisher	5	Lee, Mrs. C. S.	125
A Widow's Tribute	10	Morris High Sch.	7.80
Pat and Jane	5	Proctzauer, Richard	5
Lee Can Club	10	Scarboro, Frances J.	10
E. D.	50	Sweet, Miss Ethel	5
Edmundson, Mrs. F.	5	So Forest	10
Evans, Mrs. T. R.	10	Wyant, D. O.	5
Total			$124,840.10

A $25 contribution by Carrie Rice Rubenstein was acknowledged incorrectly in a previous list as $5.

CALLS FOR GREATER SAFETY ON RAILWAYS

Commerce Commission Orders 49 Roads to Install Train Control Devices.

IMPORTANT LINES AFFECTED

Carriers Allowed Until March 15 to Raise Objections to the Order.

DEVICES FOUND PRACTICAL

Commission Declares Automatic Control Has Long Passed the Experimental Stage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Interstate Commerce Commission issued today a sweeping order directing forty-nine railroad systems to equip congested sections of their main lines with automatic train control devices to be operated in connection with all road engines.

The carriers are allowed until March 15 to show cause why the order should not become effective. It is specified that under the Transportation act the installation must be completed by July 1, 1924.

In directing the roads to make the installations, which will entail considerable expense, the Commission states that investigation by a special train council committee has demonstrated that the devices are practicable. It contends that many wrecks would have been averted had automatic train control been installed.

Figures are presented to show the heavy cost to railroads caused by wrecks. One statement is that the wreck on the Philadelphia & Reading a few miles from Philadelphia in December, in which twenty-three persons were killed, "would not have occurred" if there had been adequate automatic control devices.

The recent rear-end collision between two trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad near Manhattan Transfer, in which forty-six persons were injured, is cited as an accident which could "doubtless have been prevented had the automatic train control system connecting the Pennsylvania Terminal, New York City, to the Hackensack River, been extended to the Manhattan Transfer, a distance of some two miles."

"Our investigations have shown that automatic train control has long since passed the experimental stage," the commission reports. "In fact no safety devices such as the automatic coupler, the airbrake and the automatic block signal were perfected to as high a degree as the automatic train control before they were either ordered installed or were voluntarily adopted.

"The fourteen years of investigation and study, the service tests under varying conditions, the successful operation in the actual employment of these devices over periods of years upon some of the roads have clearly demonstrated the practicability of and the necessity for automatic train control and train control. The time has now arrived when the carriers should be required to select and install such devices as will meet our specifications and requirements.

"The railroads which are designated which are required to install upon the designated portions of their roads automatic train-control devices in accordance with our specifications and requirements, unless the order continues, "have been selected with reference to the density of the traffic or accident

COWARD'S BRILLIANT PLAY BEATS PLATT

Overcomes 10 Point Handicap to Reach Semi-Finals in National Squash Tourney.

BAKER SPRINGS SURPRISE

Yale Club Player Downs Princeton Rival by Single Point in Third Game of Keen Struggle.

Thomas R. Coward performed one of the most difficult feats of his remarkable career on the squash tennis courts yesterday afternoon when he conceded 10 points to Livingston Platt, his Yale Club teammate, in the national handicap tournament on the Yale Club courts, and defeated him by two games to one, 15—10, 10—15, 18—16. On their comparative form of the present season Coward could defeat Platt regularly if starting in anything like an even basis, but 10 points are a tremendous handicap for any player in squash tennis to yield to a man who possesses so well-rounded a game as Platt does.

His victory gave Coward a place in the semi-final round, where he is due to meet P. M. Morrison of the Harvard Club tomorrow afternoon. There will be no tournament matches this afternoon, the day being given over to the Class A team matches of the Metropolitan League. In the other semi-final round match tomorrow the players will be Augustus J. Cordier and David S. Baker, both of the Yale Club. Cordier met expectations by winning his fourth-round match in impressive style, overcoming a 9-point handicap to eliminate E. V. Crawford of the Montclair Athletic Club in straight games, 18—11, 18—14. Baker, on the other hand, sprang one of the greatest surprises of the tournament when he defeated John Taylor, the Princeton Club champion, in three games. Morrison obtained his semi-final bracket at the expense of W. A. Kimbel of the Columbia Club. These two had a long, hard battle, before Morrison won by 15—17, 15—10, 15—9.

The gallery was standing up six deep when Coward and Platt took the court for their contest. Opinion seemed to be equally divided as to whether the young Yale Club star would be able to triumph over the long odds which Platt's 10-point handicap represented. Coward needed about a dozen hands to cancel his handicap and draw even with Platt in the opening game. To accomplish this he had to win an average of two points to Platt's one.

Plays Brilliantly.

Coward came within reaching distance at 4—5, but failed to equalize the count for a considerable period thereafter, Platt leading at 8—4 and 9—7. Coward did some great getting from mid-court to pull up finally at 9—all. Platt then missed connection on a hard shot off the wall, and Coward went into the lead for the first time. Platt equalized at 10—all, but succeeded in getting no further. Coward then put out the game without the loss of another point, doing some wonderful getting and some equally brilliant placing.

Platt is the possessor of a forehand drive shot that is almost as dangerous as Coward's and he proceeded to put this to good use in the second game. Whenever anything like a set-up presented itself, Platt smashed the ball in such manner that it was of no further benefit to his opponent. Coward was continually on his guard against allowing such openings, but they crept in often enough and were mingled with sufficient errors to enable Platt to win by the same score as that of the first game. Coward showed a trifle of nervousness and hard going of the opener. He never quite drew level in this game. When he had made ten points and was able to start from scratch, Platt was nine points ahead. Coward drew up to 8—11 and 10—14, but that was as close as he could get. Platt won the game on a beautiful placement to the rear wall.

The third game was a whirlwind battle. Coward realizing the grim seriousness of the task that confronted him, put every ounce of skill and power he could command into every rally. He seemed to get his second wind and was able to maintain the fast pace better than Platt, who showed occasional signs of tiredness. Yet it was a battle royal all the way. After half a dozen hands Coward had canceled half his handicap. He trailed Platt at 1—4, and then, on his opponent's out and two placements, evened the count at 4—all.

Stamina Decides Issue.

At that stage, with the count even, it looked as though Coward would have no trouble in running through the remaining points to victory. But Platt was by no means through fighting. In fact, he broke the tie to take the lead at 6—4 and 7—5. Coward equalized at 7—all and then went definitely to the front for the first time in the game on a tell-tale. Brilliant around-the-court placements enabled Coward to make his advantage 12—8 and 13—11, but Platt took a turn at walloping the ball for close placements and set the game at 13—all. A tell-tale drive shot by Platt made it 15—13 for Coward. Then Platt made one on a terrific smash straight down the court. Coward defeated the same sort of a shot for game of 16—14. Again Platt came back strongly and by a placement and an out sealed the count for the last time at 15—all.

It was desperately hard fighting right to the finish. Platt dropped the next point by over-shooting the mark on the rear wall. The match point produced a short, sharp rally, Coward angling the ball cleverly in mid-court for a placement, with Platt out of position in the rear. In all but insurmountable obstacle has been overcome by Coward by his greater speed and activity in covering court and by his possession of the physical condition that enables him to make his strenuous game effective.

Baker's surprising victory over Taylor by the margin of a single point in the third game. The scores in his three matches were 15—17, 15—10, 15—9. Baker is always a dangerous performer, but it was not expected, even with his 6-point advantage, that he would be able to top off the Princeton champion. Their match consumed an hour and a half of the closest sort of play.

A Battle Royal.

The whole result depended upon which could produce the finishing shot with the score at 17-all in the third game. Hands were changed no less than six times at this point, each turning the other back and staving off defeat repeatedly in long rallies. Finally Baker, with a beautiful around-the-court shot to the rear wall which Taylor was unable to touch, and the match was over.

Be excellent have been the performances of Coward and Cordier through the tournament that they are expected to come through the semi-finals without discovery, and each will be obliged to concede long handicaps to excellent players, however, in order to get past Morrison and Baker.

The summaries:

National Handicap Tournament—Fourth Round—Thomas R. Coward, Yale Club (scratch), defeated Livingston Platt, Yale Club (ten), 15—10, 10—15, 18—16; A. J. Cordier, Harvard Club (nine), defeated E. V. Crawford, Montclair Athletic Club (nine), 18—11, 18—14; David S. Baker, Yale Club (nine), defeated J. C. Taylor, Princeton Club (nine), 15—17, 15—10, 15—9; Augustus J. Cordier, Yale Club (nine), defeated E. V. Crawford, Montclair A. C. (nine), 18—11, 18—14.

Maryland U. Nine Has 16 Games.

COLLEGE PARK, Md., Jan. 11.—The University of Maryland baseball team has announced its schedule as follows: West Virginia, at Morgantown, May 15 and 16; Pittsburgh, at Pittsburgh, May 17; Ohio State, at Columbus, May 18; Purdue, at Lafayette, May 19; Illinois, at Urbana, May 20; Notre Dame, at South Bend, May 22 and 23; Michigan, at Lansing, May 24; Michigan, at Ann Arbor, May 25; Western Reserve, at Cleveland, May 27.

Bill Would Allow Sunday Football and Basketball

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Legalizing of Sunday games of football and basketball is sought in a bill introduced in the Legislature today by Assemblyman Joseph H. S. Thomas, Democrat, of Queens.

The introduction of a bill to legalize football and basketball games on Sunday in New York State recalls the fact that Sunday baseball has only been legal in this State since April 18, 1918. Since the passage of the bill Sunday baseball has grown enormously in popularity, and there has never been any organized agitation against it. In New York City alone many thousands look on at the games on pleasant Sunday afternoons during the Summer months and there would be tremendous opposition to any movement which looked toward its being abolished.

U. S. L. T. A. TO HELP YOUNGER PLAYERS

Committee Named to Improve Tournament Management—Annual Meeting Today.

Better and more systematic management of tennis tournaments throughout the country will be the object of a special committee of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, appointed by its President, Julian S. Myrick. Announcement of the personnel of the committee was made yesterday. It includes Gladel Haddon Iving of the Hoboken Tennis Club, as Chairman; S. W. Merrihew and R. Clifford Black, both of this city, and Charles Garland of Pittsburgh. The suggestion for the formation of a committee with this purpose in view was made at the recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the U. S. L. T. A. by Mr. Garland, who is the Secretary of the National Association.

Among the matters to receive attention will be the presentation of a uniform tournament circular, designed to contain all the information which players ought to have at their disposal. Particular attention will be paid to the methods of making entries and paying entrance fees. The committee will also investigate the method now employed by the National Association in collecting the summaries of the results in sanctioned tournaments and is expected to propose changes. It is expected that the committee will receive numerous suggestions as to its work at tonight's annual meeting of the Metropolitan Lawn Tennis Association at the Hotel Vanderbilt.

The increase in tournament play, in Secretary Garland's belief, creates the need for the work of a committee such as that mentioned. "The rapid growth of tennis in schools, colleges and on municipal courts," says Mr. Garland, "is bringing forward many youngsters whose ideas of the sport will be formed by the conditions under which they compete. Consequently, it is important that these conditions be the best attainable. A committee should study this matter to see what plans it would recommend to the association."

The idea of encouraging uniform methods in the conduct of tournaments was tried out last season by the Metropolitan Association with gratifying results. Players and club officials both found their activities made smoother and were enthusiastic in praise of the new order. Mr. Irving was especially active in this work, so that it was natural that the national body in approaching the problem, should seek to utilize the experience of the man who helped to accomplish excellent results locally. Secretary Garland is familiar with tennis conditions throughout the country, as also is S. Wallis Merrihew, editor of American Lawn Tennis, and Mr. Black, Chairman of the Tennis Umpires' Association.

RATIFIES CRIMSON DATES.

Harvard Athletic Board Approves Four Schedules.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 11.—The Harvard Athletic Committee has approved a number of athletic schedules, including the varsity baseball, rowing, track and fencing dates, as well as a number of freshmen bookings.

The schedules follow, all contests being booked at Cambridge unless designated otherwise:

BASEBALL.

April 8, Providence College; 10, Northeastern College; 12, Middlebury College; 15, Boston University; 19, Georgia Tech, at Atlanta; 20, Georgia Tech, at Atlanta; 24, Colby; 26, Maine; 29, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

May 1, Seton Hall; 3, Bowdoin; 5, Catholic University; 6, Bates; 10, Holy Cross; 13, Amherst; 15, Springfield; 17, Cornell; 20, Princeton; 22, Colgate; 24, Williams; 27, Princeton at Princeton; 30, Brown at Providence.

June 1, Brown; 3, Pennsylvania; 7, Princeton at Boston (in case of tie) or Rhode Island State; 10, Holy Cross at Worcester; 14, Dartmouth; 17, Tufts at Medford; 20, Yale at New Haven; 21, Yale; 24, Yale at New York (in case of tie).

FENCING.

Jan. 28, M. I. T. at Technology.

March 4, Bowdoin; 11, New York Military Academy; 18, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 25, Dartmouth.

May 4, Columbia; 11, open; 18, Yale; 25, B. A. A. (tentative); 30 and 31, Intercollegiates at New York.

TRACK.

Feb. 1, Millrose A. A. games, New York; 4, B. A. A. games, Boston; 11, Winter Carnival; 22, American Legion games, Boston; 25, Harvard-Dartmouth-Cornell triangular meet, Boston.

March 4, Knights of Columbus meet, Boston; 11, Indoor Intercollegiates, New York.

April 1, Virginia at Charlottesville, Va.; 8, Virginia and Naval Academy at Annapolis; 29, Penn relays, Philadelphia.

May 6, Technology, 18, Yale; 20, Princeton at Princeton; 26 and 27, Intercollegiates.

ROWING.

May 4, Princeton and Annapolis at Carnbridge; 13, Yale at Princeton; 20, Harvard and Yale championship class crews at New Haven; 27, Cornell at Ithaca (first varsity crew); 27, American Henley at Philadelphia. (Entries not decided.)

WILDFORSTER WINS SWIMMING TITLE

Beats Nelligan in Close Finish in 50-Yard Metropolitan A. A. U. Race at Garden.

The closest finish in the Metropolitan A. A. U. swimming and diving championships last night at Madison Square Garden occurred in the 50-yard free style senior swim for men. E. Wildforster of the New York A. C. won the title by the margin of a touch from T. H. Nelligan, also of the N. Y. A. C. Wildforster led all the way, but Nelligan was gaining rapidly at the finish and was so close to his rival when the goal was reached that the spectators were unable to tell which was winner until the judges had announced their decision.

Some idea of how well matched Wildforster, Nelligan and Smith were may be gleaned from a comparison of the times in the two preliminary and the final heats. Nelligan made the best time of the evening in the opening heat, when he covered the half-century in 0:26 1-5. Wildforster and Smith tied in the second heat and this time the distance was covered in 0:26 4-5, while Wildforster's time in the final was 0:27. Smith finished third among the six starters.

Another exciting finish occurred in the junior 150-yard backstroke for men, J. J. Newman, Jr., of the N. Y. A. C. and Victor H. Kitts of the Central Y. M. C. A. of Brooklyn to the finish by less than a yard. These two youngsters fought a great battle from the start and were side by side over the entire distance. Joseph W. Kreutzner, unattached and the only other starter, was out of the race almost from the beginning. The time was 2:02 2-5.

The first, second and third relay teams of the New York Women's Metropolitan Swimming Association finished as named in the senior 440-yard relay for women. The team composed of Mrs. Charlotte Boyle Clune and the Misses Aileen Riggin, Helen Wainwright and Gertrude Ederle nearly outclassed the other teams from their own club and registered a handy victory.

The summaries:

50-Yard Free Style, Men, Senior—Won by E. Wildforster, N. Y. A. C.; T. H. Nelligan, N. Y. A. C., second; J. W. Smith, N. Y. A. C., third. Time—0:27.

150-Yard Backstroke, Men, Junior—Won by J. J. Newman, Jr., N. Y. A. C.; V. H. Kitts, Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn, second; J. W. Kreutzner, unattached, third. Time—2:02 2-5.

440-Yard Relay, Women, Senior—Won by New York Women's Swimming Association first team; New York Women's Swimming Association second team, second; New York Women's Swimming Association third team, third. Time—6:53 3-5.

Fancy Diving Championship for Women, Senior—Won by Miss Helen Wainwright, Women's Swimming Association, with 32.3 points; Miss Aileen Riggin, Women's Swimming Association, 118, points, second; Miss Florence Briscoe, Women's Swimming Association, 102.7 points, third.

Water Polo.

NEW YORK A.C. (7) BOYS' CLUB (0).

Cann	F.	Brucker
S. Ruddy	F.	Herschel
Vollmer	C.F.	Florence
Hill	B.	Keating
Curren	H.B.	Auerbach
Cattus	G.	Herschatt

Goals—Hill (3), Ritter, Curren, Vollmer, Ruddy, Cann.

Referee—Frank Currier, Atlantic Yacht Club. Time of halves—7 minutes.

CENT. Y.M.C.A. (7). BOYS' CLUB (1).

Hedwig	F.	Brucker
Nedlos	F.	Herschel
Wilmet	C.F.	Florence
Sedgwick	B.	Mara
Mack	B.	Keating
Sherman	H.B.	Auerbach
Marsans	G.	Herschatt

Goals—Kitts (3), Nedlos, Wilmet, Gonsalves, Hedwig (2), Mara.

Substitutions—Central Y. M. C. A.: Kitts for Wilmet, Gonsalves for Sedgwick.

Referee—Frank Currier, Atlantic Yacht Club. Time of halves—7 minutes.

ELECT DOYLE ONCE MORE.

Billiard Room Owners Name Him as President Again.

For the ninth successive year John T. Doyle was yesterday elected President of the New York Room Owners' Association at the annual meeting of that body. Doyle has been President of the organization since its formation. Other officers retained were Joseph Thum as Treasurer and Douglas Ingram as Secretary. Other officers elected were William Rosenbaum and Thomas Dunn as First and Second Vice Presidents, respectively, M. F. Heiman as Financial Secretary and A. La Barbara as Sergeant at Arms.

Plans were completed for the city-wide pocket billiard tournament semi-finals, which will begin Jan. 16 at Doyle's Academy. This will bring together some of the best amateur players in New York, and the survivors in the several sections into which the semi-finals will be divided will meet in the final round for the championship.

Arrangements were also made for the annual dinner of the association to be held early in March. It was decided to invite room owners from all the large cities in the East and Middle West, with the idea of forming a national organization for the better promotion of billiards throughout the country. The New York association has proved the value of organization.

The Executive Committee, which will have much to do with the promotion of the billiard tourneys, now consists of Edward Lawler, Phil Hess, M. A. Frank, William O'Donnor, A. Rabinowitz, A. Bergman, F. B. Brooks, W. H. Willis, William Dempson, Frank Osborne and Frank Dwyer.

ALBERT CUTLER IS WINNER.

Defeats Edgar Appleby in Handicap Billiard Exhibition.

After losing the first two blocks of his special 18.2 handicap balkline billiard exhibition with Edgar Appleby at Daly's Academy, Albert Cutler came from behind last night and won the final block and the match. The final score for the three blocks was 500 to 491. Appleby was playing for 750. Cutler had a grand average of 46 against Appleby's 24 11-20.

Cutler played in fine stroke last night and won the deciding block by the one-sided score of 354 to 191. He had a high run of 104, while the best Appleby could muster in a single inning was 28. Cutler averaged 44 2-5 for the block and Appleby 22 7-9.

Beginning tonight and continuing through tomorrow and Saturday evenings Cutler will play an exhibition at the same rooms with Francis Appleby, under the same conditions that he played Edgar.

APPLEBY DEFEATS KLINGER.

Scores Second Victory in Interstate 18.2 Cue Tourney.

Francis S. Appleby scored his second consecutive triumph and Jacob Klinger suffered his second defeat in last night's match between these two in the Interstate Class A 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The score was 200 to 113. Appleby had two runs of 47, one of 31 and one of 20, played a steady and consistent game throughout, and as clearly deserved the victory as the score indicates. Appleby's average was 20 20-23.

Against this Klinger, who was off form, had an average of 4 2-23 and could not get more than 12 in a single inning. Tonight Morris Brown will play Julius Rice.

Westminster Wins at Hockey.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—The Westminster hockey team tonight defeated the Boston A. A., 5 to 1, in a United States Hockey Association series game.

St. Francis Five Wins.

The St. Francis College basketball team last night defeated the Madison Square Institute quintet, 53 to 23. The Brooklyn Collegians outclassed the Manhattanites, and taking an early lead, maintained it to the finish.

SIX GAMES LISTED FOR POLO GROUNDS

Football Schedule for Next Fall Is Announced—Army-Navy Site Uncertain.

New York is assured of some of the best football next Autumn that it has ever experienced. What is undoubtedly the most attractive schedule of games ever arranged for the Polo Grounds was announced at the headquarters of the New York National League Baseball Club yesterday. Six contests have been arranged, and, although the list does not include the annual tussle between the elevens of the United States Military Academy and the United States Naval Academy there is still a strong possibility that this classic will again furnish the climax to Gotham's autumnal pigskin feast.

The four teams that were the only unbeaten elevens in the East last season—Washington and Jefferson, Penn State, Cornell and Lafayette—are included on the list. The fact that the Army and Navy game is not included is no cause for alarm at this time, for it is too early for the authorities at these institutions to decide where the game shall be staged. It is known that Philadelphia is being considered. The announcement has been made that the University of Pennsylvania intends to enlarge greatly the seating capacity of Franklin Field. It is known that the Navy prefers to play at Philadelphia, if possible, and if Franklin Field can be made to accommodate a sufficient number of people, it will not be surprising if this year's game should go to Philadelphia. If the Yankees could assure the authorities at West Point and Annapolis that their new stadium would be completed in time, there is no doubt that it would be given consideration as a possible site for the game, because of the great seating capacity it will have.

Dartmouth will play two games at the Polo Grounds, meeting Cornell and Columbia. Fordham, Georgetown, Syracuse, Rutgers and Louisiana State University are the other teams on the schedule besides those already mentioned. Perhaps the most attractive game to the nonpartisan will be the clash between Lafayette and Washington and Jefferson on Nov. 4. Both of these teams went through last season without tasting defeat.

The season at the Polo Grounds will be opened on Oct. 21 when Fordham and Georgetown will clash. The following Saturday will find the elevens of Penn State and Syracuse enmeshed in struggle. The game between the Lafayette-W. and J. contest, On Nov. 7 Rutgers will entertain Louisiana State University. Last Fall the Southerners gained the distinction of defeating the only team which beat Centre College—the Texas A. and M. eleven. Dartmouth and Cornell will mingle on Henry Fabian's greensward on Nov. 11, and Dartmouth will figure in the game of the succeeding week when the Green will engage Columbia. That is the last game that has been scheduled thus far. On the whole, it is a list that New Yorkers may well be thankful for.

The schedule follows:

Oct. 21, Fordham vs. Georgetown; 28, Penn State vs. Syracuse.

Nov. 4, Lafayette vs. Washington and Jefferson; 7, Rutgers vs. Louisiana State University; 11, Dartmouth vs. Cornell; 18, Columbia vs. Dartmouth.

To Consider Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—Secretary of the Navy Denby has stated the Navy Department will consider playing the Army-Navy football game at Franklin Field this year. The information was contained in a letter received by Mayor Moore today. Secretary Denby also said he had called to the attention of the Commander-in-Chief of the Marine Corps the invitation to stage the annual United States Army-Marine Corps service championship game at Franklin Field.

Plans to increase the seating capacity of the field, from about 30,000 to 60,000 have been approved, and work will begin soon. The new stands will be ready by Autumn.

The last time the Army-Navy game was played here was in 1914. Since then the annual battles have been held in New York. The Army and Navy alternate in the choice of playing fields each year, and, while the Army favors New York, the Navy is partial to Franklin Field. Demand for seats, however, has caused the Navy to select New York in recent years.

YALE DEFEATS PENN.

Blue Sextet Wins at Hockey by 8 to 3 Score—Griscom Stars.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—Yale defeated Pennsylvania tonight at hockey 8 to 3, outskating and outplaying the Quakers in every department of play. The visitors were crippled by the absence through recent injury to their star, Percy Wanamaker, whose brilliant game was a large factor in defeating the Elis in Philadelphia during the Christmas holidays. Griscom's attack was the most valuable individual play contributed by the visitors, while Captain Griscom's all-around game was perhaps the most brilliant of his Yale career.

The line-up:

YALE (8.)		PENNSYLVANIA (3.)
Read	C.	Pringle
Shiras	L.W.	Kearns
Chisholm	R.W.	Dial
Griscom	L.D.	Murray
Speiden	R.D.	Smith
Bell	G.	Pindrey

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Yale	2	4	2—8
Pennsylvania	1	1	1—3

Goals—First period: Speiden 10:40, Kearns 10:53, Foster 12:01. Second period: Griscom 1:10, Speiden 5:18, Norris 11:05, Pringle 12:15. Foster 12:37. Third period: Read 2:45, Shiras 6:48, Pringle 13:00.

Substitutions—Yale: Farnsworth for Shiras, Murray for Farnsworth, Norris for Griscom, Leman for Speiden, Vogt for Bell. Pennsylvania: Fortier for Smith, O'Reilly for Dial, Dial for O'Reilly.

Referee—McKinnon. Time of game—Three 15-minute periods.

REIN IS WINNER ON ICE.

Stuyvesant High Skater Defeats Harmon in Half-Mile Final.

S. Rein of Stuyvesant H. S. scored a close victory over M. Harmon, DeWitt Clinton H. S., yesterday in the final series of scholastic ice skating races under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League at the 181st Street Ice Skating Palace. The races closed the P. S. A. L. elimination series to determine the members of New York's schoolboy team which will engage Chicago in an intercity clash on the ice in March.

The summaries:

Seven-Lap Race for Elementary Schoolboys (Intermediate)—Won by M. Dolz, Public School 139, Manhattan; G. Brown, Public School 46, Bronx, second; O. Halgrand, Public School 96, Bronx, third. Time—Not taken.

Seven-Lap Race for Junior High School Students—Won by G. Lee, George Washington H. S.; M. Weiss, H. S. of Commerce, second; C. Patrick, Townsend Harris Hall H. S., third. Time—Not taken.

880-Yard Race for Senior High School Students—Won by S. Rein, Stuyvesant H. S.; M. Harmon, De Witt Clinton H. S., second; R. Carlson, Stuyvesant H. S., third. Time—Not taken.

PENN'S TRACK SCHEDULE.

Tentative Dates for Quaker Athletes Are Announced.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11. — Twelve meets are included on the tentative track schedule of the University of Pennsylvania announced tonight. Changes, it was explained, might be made necessary by the plans to erect a stadium on Franklin Field. The tentative schedule follows:

Jan. 28, Brooklyn College games, Brooklyn; Feb. 18, Melrose games, New York; 3 and 4, Boston A. A. games; 11, A. A. U. indoor championships, Buffalo; March 11, intercollegiates, New York; April 8, relay games, London, England; 15, Harvard, at Philadelphia; 22, Princeton, at Princeton; May 6, Dartmouth, at Hanover; 13, Cornell, at Philadelphia; 20, Intercollegiates, Philadelphia; 26 and 27, intercollegiates, Philadelphia.

Griffith States 'Positively' Peck Will Not Be Manager

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Roger Peckinpaugh "positively will not be made manager" of the Senators in 1922, Clark Griffith, President of the Washington club of the American League, declared tonight. Peckinpaugh, former Yankee shortstop, became a member of the local team yesterday through the three-cornered deal between Washington, Philadelphia and Boston. Selection of a manager for the club, made necessary by the resignation of George McBride, it was intimated tonight, probably will be announced late this week.

I. S. C. MEMBERS ARE URGED TO PAY DUES

Borglum Says Only Quick Action, Financial and Otherwise, Will Save Club.

Members of the International Sporting Club have been notified that dues amounting to more than $120,000 must be collected immediately, complete reorganization must be definitely outlined and fixed, and the annual meeting must be called within thirty or sixty days at the most to ratify the re-drawn constitution and by-laws and elect a new board of officers if the club is to survive its present difficulties. The imperative need for this action was submitted to the members in a circular letter sent out by Gutzon Borglum, the sculptor who is President of the I. S. C. and the leading force in the struggle of the organization for continued existence.

The annual dues of the club were supposed to be paid on Oct. 1 last. President Borglum points out. Over 800 members have paid their dues, but the money has been used for meeting current expenses and discharging accounts which were found pressing upon the administration when President Borglum took over the reins following the retirement of William A. Gavin. In referring to the immediate necessity for payment of dues not yet collected, President Borglum also calls attention of the members to the fact that co-operation is required not only to avert the pecuniary crisis now confronting the club, but to save boxing itself. The total liabilities of the club amount to $34,000, which includes small accounts. Federal taxes due and the cost of leasing of Ebbets Field. This financial responsibility, the statement says, should be assumed.

Thinks Speedy Action Needed.

"Only by immediate action on the part of the members," Mr. Borglum says, "can the club develop its own life, find its own field of activities and create and maintain its own relations to the sport it returned to the statute books and will keep there, to credit to all concerned." President Borglum closes with the information that no further statements will be issued until the Advisory Committee, now in continuous session, completes its work.

Mr. Borglum's statement, in part, follows:

The club is now face to face with its own life and its own untrammeled future; and it has decided to continue as a club, free, solvent, separated and independent from meddling corporations, maintaining probably the most remarkable membership it can be assembled in America, and tendering service as leaven and guide to sports in the East, without which neither the Boxing bill nor any other control related to sport, as gentlemen understand and enjoy sport, can be maintained within the law.

This letter is written to you by no means as an appeal, but rather as a challenge to the sportsman in you to see this through. On Oct. 1 the annual dues for 1922 fell due. Over 300 members have paid their dues, answering and affirming this course; and the money has been used for the purpose of meeting current expenses and discharging accounts that are found pressing upon the administration. The dues still owing the club amount to something over $120,000, which should be paid with all possible promptness. Every man who is able to pay his dues should do so immediately.

For the Sake of the Sport.

The reasons for forming the International Sporting Club, which is our sole concern now, are more imperative than ever. Boxing has been degraded even under the splendid law which should control it, and if it continues as it has been handled, the repeal of the law is inevitable. No State Administration coming before the people for an election will dare to resist the certain attack that will be made upon boxing as it is today developing. For my part, I do not consider that professional prize-fighting of itself, with the purse as the sole reward, can long be defended; but unless it is preserved corrected, a better spirit introduced and laws maintained upon the statute books to regulate it, and those laws supported by a body of real men—all sports will suffer more or less by the attack upon boxing.

Boxing has been introduced in the Army and Navy as a regular part of their training, and it will be maintained by the Federal Government regardless of New York City's misuse of the sport.

The greatest asset the International Sporting Club ever had was its purpose of clean, law-governed sports under the guardianship of as fine a membership as ever associated for that purpose. That asset was incorporated, and that corporation is today a part of the State machinery governing the sport of boxing. Its continuance is dependent entirely upon the character of its members, its charter, the club's right in law to govern the rules of boxing, is an asset no new organization can ever hope to secure. The membership itself cannot hope in a generation to even assemble again under similar prospects or secure a similar opportunity.

ARMY DATES ANNOUNCED.

Cadets' Swimming and Wrestling Schedules Given Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, Jan. 11.—The Army's swimming and wrestling schedules for this season were announced today by Captain M. B. Ridgeway, executive for athletics.

The schedules follow:

SWIMMING.

Jan. 14, Lehigh; 21, Brown; 28, Princeton.

Feb. 4, Massachusetts Tech.; 11, Columbia; 18, Springfield.

March 11, University of Pennsylvania.

WRESTLING.

Jan. 14, Columbia; 21, Princeton.

Feb. 4, University of Pennsylvania; 11, Springfield; 25, Penn State.

Mar. 4, Yale; 11, Lehigh.

VICTORY FOR CITY A. C.

Wins All Five of Its Handball Matches With Lone Star Club.

The City Athletic Club's handball team last night made a clean sweep of five matches played with the Lone Star Boat Club on the C. A. C. court. There were two singles and three doubles matches, the latter furnishing the most exciting and closest contests. The match between A. Waldmann and H. Rose of the C. A. C. team, and W. Schwab and L. Chock of the Boat Club was particularly hard fought, the scores being 21—7, 20—21, 21—9. Another close doubles match resulted from the Goldberg-Rissin, Weiss-Berger clash, the former team won, 21—20, 17—18 and 30—21.

Roger Outpoints O'Dowd.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 11.—Bob Roger of Chicago won the referee's decision over Dan O'Dowd in the main bout of ten rounds at Marieville tonight. Roger maintained the lead from the start.

JOE O'BRIEN SEVERS GIANT CONNECTIONS

Completion of Polo Ground Grid Schedule Is Final Task of Former Secretary.

Joseph D. O'Brien, Secretary of the Giants during the seasons of 1920 and 1921, and who held the same post for two years about a decade ago, severed his connection with the National Exhibition Company yesterday with the completion of the football schedule to be run off at the Polo Grounds next Autumn, which has been in his hands. He gave up his post as Secretary of the world's champions nearly a month ago, James A. Tierney succeeding him in the position on Dec. 15.

Mr. O'Brien has been conspicuous in baseball circles for twenty years. In 1903 he became President of the American Association, and continued in that capacity from that year until 1910, making his headquarters in Chicago during the first portion of his incumbency and moving later to Milwaukee. In 1910 he engaged in the insurance business in the city alleged to have been made famous by a certain brand of beer, but joined the official force of the Giants early in 1911, the engagement of O'Brien or some one of equal capability and experience being necessitated by the illness of John T. Brush. For two seasons O'Brien assisted McGraw in the solving of baseball problems. In 1912 he once more took up the insurance business in Milwaukee, and was engaged therein for nine years, to the Fall of 1919, he rejoined the New York National Leaguers as Secretary, a connection which was terminated, as said above, about a month ago.

In addition to his baseball duties Mr. O'Brien has handled, with his customary skill in the manipulation of details, the mass of work attached to the recent campaigns of football games played under the supervision of the Giants at the Polo Grounds. Aside from the Army and Navy tussle staged there in the past few Autumns other gridiron battles of interest and importance have been put on with such frequency as to give Father Knickerbocker a genuine football feast. It was the planning and arranging of next season's encounters that kept O'Brien glued to his desk on Forty-fourth Street for three or four weeks after he gave up his baseball work there.

Mr. O'Brien has no particular business plans at present nor any position in view. It is his design to take a prolonged and much needed rest before gathering up the reins of any new task.

The Giants, who, under the terms of the major league rules, are entitled, as champions of the world, to receive not only the pennant emblematic of that proud post and the ample purses that go with it, but also an appropriate memento, to be selected by the commissioner, for each player, decided that a watch charm would about fill the bill. Judge Landis went over a lot of designs submitted by competing jewelers, and submitted yesterday to the officials of the Giants what he considered the five best of the lot. A choice was made promptly, a design submitted by Dieges & Clust of this city being the successful one.

The charms, which will soon be completed and bestowed upon their lucky recipients, are to be diamond set. Hereafter when the approach of an individual is signaled by a flash from somewhere about his equator it will be pretty safe to go up and congratulate him on the outcome of that eighth game.

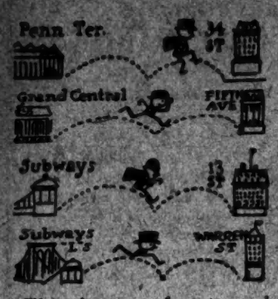
OGDEN IS LEADER OF I. L. TWIRLERS

Allows Only 2.01 Earned Runs Per Game, According to Official League Records.

Although Reddy of Buffalo had the lowest average of earned runs per nine-inning game pitched in the new International League during the past season, the real leader was Ogden of the Baltimore Orioles, according to the official averages released for publication today. The Bison hurler had a low average of 1.95 runs allowed per game, but inasmuch as he took part in only nineteen games, the real leadership honors went to the Oriole twirler, whose mark was 2.01. Enzmann of Toronto was third in the standing with 2.32, followed by Bentley of Baltimore with 2.35.

The record of the International League pitchers, who pitched at least ten complete games, based on lowest percentage of earned runs per nine-inning game:

	G.	IP.	W.	L.	ER.	SO.	PC.
Reddy, Buffalo	19	75	4	10	24	41	2.88
Ogden, Baltimore	43	318	31	8	103	161	2.01
Enzmann, Toronto	25	178	10	10	79	73	2.39
Bentley, Baltimore	18	119	12	3	33	71	2.50
Knight, Rochester	15	97	7	5	30	31	2.48
McCabe, Buffalo	41	283	17	17	84	114	2.67
Groves, Baltimore	47	313	25	10	173	256	2.66
Bigbee, Newark	21	121	7	8	77	74	2.86
Myers, Buffalo	32	201	11	9	80	112	2.87
Fullerton, Toronto	39	217	14	16	87	85	2.78
Thomas, Baltimore	40	301	24	10	132	170	2.78
Keenan, Rochester	18	73	9	-	34	53	2.84
Lee Brown, Jersey City	41	271	17	12	94	97	2.90
Winters, Toronto	31	191	11	9	74	70	2.91
Singleton, Newark	43	275	13	20	96	119	2.92
Frank, Baltimore	34	176	15	7	85	58	2.91
Cooney, Buffalo	29	189	11	8	80	112	2.91
Schmeller, Jer. City	44	245	11	20	143	109	2.90
Heitman, Buffalo	41	291	17	12	94	97	2.91
Lauer, Jersey City	40	281	17	12	94	97	2.91
Hilsie, Rochester	41	277	17	11	94	129	2.94
Berryman, Newark	14	82	5	7	30	14	2.95
Wisner, Rochester	41	283	22	11	90	140	2.96
Tomlin, Buffalo	32	211	8	14	84	87	2.98
Hardy, Baltimore	20	119	8	3	54	37	2.98
Thompson, Toronto	31	220	15	7	85	65	2.82
Gordonier, Buffalo	17	122	10	5	120	115	2.86
Snyder, Toronto	34	218	15	11	112	83	2.92
Fortune, Toronto	36	244	16	12	124	120	2.94
Barnes, Newark	46	349	19	19	98	100	2.73
Murray, Rochester	30	169	13	7	77	60	2.73
Finneran, Newark	28	163	10	9	73	92	2.82
Keesling, Toronto	31	220	15	11	118	98	2.89
Conkwright, Roch.	21	80	5	6	30	33	4.30
Kircher, Syracuse	45	256	13	21	90	88	4.21
Morgan, Rochester	25	164	9	12	80	53	4.04
Mahaffey, Syracuse	40	216	13	18	98	83	4.08
St. Brown, Reading	42	256	17	14	101	114	4.36
Crandall, Buffalo	19	94	8	3	48	30	4.51
Grant, Reading	16	89	6	3	46	27	4.55
Osborn, Newark	32



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BETTER THAN A MUSTARD PLASTER

MUSTEROLE WILL NOT BLISTER Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

PROPOSITIONS

will be received by the Yankee Polo Club at its office, 226 West 42nd Street, New York City, until Wednesday, January 25th, for the construction of proposed stadium.

Bids will be taken as a whole and also by trade subdivisions. Plans and specifications can be secured from the Osborn Engineering Company, 2248 Prospect Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, upon payment of $15.00 for blue printing. They may be inspected at the office of the Yankee Polo Club.

The owners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Crowds surround MARMON Miniatures Space A 21

LANG PILOTS FOUR WINNERS IN A DAY

Keeps Up Sensational Riding With Quartet of Victories and One Second Place.

SIMPLICITY HOME IN FRONT

Bauer Filly Scores Handily in Parkview Purse at New Orleans—Veto Takes the Lakeview.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 11.—Jockey Chick Lang, premier rider of North America during 1921, bids fair to break all records if he maintains the clip at which he has been traveling since the Fair Grounds meeting opened. In fact, the Canadian boy has already given the others riders something to shoot at by scoring eighteen victories in the first nine days of the meeting. This means that he has averaged two winning mounts a day, and he rounded out this enviable performance by piloting four winners in the five races in which he took part today. In the other contest, the second race, he came in second.

Contrary to his custom he started his triumphs in the early races this afternoon, scoring his initial victory of the day on Simplicity in the Parkview Purse, third on the card and one of the two features. Lang kept the Bauer filly in the best going throughout the entire six furlongs and, sending her into the lead with a rush at the stretch turn, won as he saw fit.

Ashland, which came in second among the eight starters, was taken in hand by McCoy soon after the start and ran part of the way in the heaviest of the going. McCoy got him on to firmer footing near the end, however, and from there on he showed fine speed and finished gamely, the lengths in front of Cap Rook. Comic Song, the favorite, also began in the deep mud and was exhausted after the first three furlongs.

Veto Takes Lakeview Purse.

The second feature of the day was the Lakeview Purse, a mile and seventy yards contest, which came next on the card. Again Lang was aboard the winner. This time it was Veto, third choice among four, which benefited by Lang's cunning riding. He saved ground with the son of Ballot and Rosanna until the stretch was reached and then, giving him his head, he was in the lead in a flash and maintained the advantage without great difficulty.

Genie W. probably was the best of the field, but was forced to go fifty yards further than the winner and was much used up after the early running. Nevertheless, she captured the place, with Pastoral Swain third. Genie W. was the choice in the speculation.

Lang hung up his third triumph, and equalled his own record for a day in the Winter racing in doing it in the fifth race, a claiming affair at a mile. It was a hollow victory. The rider got his mount, Petie, away well and, rushing into an early lead, held away over the entire trip and was eight lengths in front of his nearest rival, Kirtie, at the finish. Kirtie won the place by a neck from Lucky Girl. The favorite, Bill Block, was handled by Gantner and got home last among the eight.

Verity and Lang together repeated their victory of the previous day in the seventh race. The finish was the closest of the afternoon. Verity was always in the best going and just outgamed Serbian in the stretch drive to win by a neck. Verity was one of the three favorites to reward their backers during the afternoon. Johnny Overton was the other horse to get inside the money. The distance was a mile and an eighth.

Brings Miss Rankin Home Second.

Lang had just one other mount in the day's racing, Miss Rankin in the second contest. She finished in the place position, two lengths behind Greenland. Concentrate was third.

Novena was favored in the three furlong dash, which opened the competition, and she led twelve two-year-old maidens to the wire.

Summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old maidens; claiming; purse $1,000; three furlongs. Novata 109 pounds (Scobie), 7 to 2, 7 to 5 and 7 to 14 first; Rosie H. 107 (Romaselli), 3 to 1 and even, second; Majorie Wood, 111 (Burke), even, third. Time—0.36 4-5. Lady Brettenham, Pinaquana, Athlete, Laura Gaffney, Arum, Lady Monmouth, Bob McCray, Margaret Loretta and Stonega also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Greenland, 113 pounds (Garner), 18 to 5, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, first; Miss Rankin, 103 (Lang), 7 to 5 and 7 to 10, second; Concentrate, 108 (Roach) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:18. Back Pay, Sacajawea, Corkey W. Farewell Tape, Jackville, Dare, Mary Fonso, Alvarido and Midnight Stories also ran.

THIRD RACE—The Parkway Purse; for three-year-olds; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Simplicity, 102 pounds (Lang), 18 to 5, 4 to 5 and 1 to 4, first; Ashaland, 110 (McCoy), 7 to 5 and 2 to 5, second; Cap Rook, 107 (Scobie), 6 to 5, third. Time—1:15 3-5. Comic Song, Image, The Vengeance, Eager Eyes and Delhi Maid also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Lakeview Purse; for five-year-olds and up; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Veto, 104 pounds (Lang), 5 to 2, 3 to 5 and out, first; Genie W., 108 (Turner), 2 to 5 and out, second; Pastoral Swain, 106 (Sabin), out, third. Time—1:48 1-5. Translate also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile. Petie, 99 pounds (Lang), 11 to 5, 4 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Kirtie, 101 (Wilson), 6 to 5 and 6 to 5, second; Lucky Girl, 106½ (Zeller), even, third. Time—1:46 3-5. Mg. Hermia Kemble, Trice, Plunella and Bill Block also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $1,000; one and one-eighth miles. Richellen, 112 pounds (Mooney), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 4, first; Pickwick, 112 (Burton), 7 to 10 and 1 to 5, second; Young Adam, 112 (Garner), 8 to 5, third. Time—2.00 1-5. Great Gull, Black Watch, Car and Shillelagh also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $1,000; one and one-eighth miles. Verity, 106 pounds (Lang), 7 to 5, 1 to 2 and 1 to 5, first; Serbian, 107 (Wilson), 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, second; Johnny Overton, 107 (Scobie), 2 to 1, third. Time—2.01 4-5. King Trojan, Jack Reeves and Dahobian 2d also ran.

Weather clear; track heavy.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; for maiden two-year-old fillies; three furlongs. Buster, Stylish Miss, Blue Bird, St. Angeline, Dearie, Anita Hampton, Kewpie S., Rejection, Boogaboo, Illusionist, Certs, Milfoil, 114 pounds each. Also eligible, Lady Boss, Lilac Time, Betty Wood, Mascotte, 114 pounds each.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Old Dave, 107 pounds; *Promising Toni 105, *Van Sylvia 105, Bond 109, *Marjorie 103, Car 115, Betsinda 107, *Philanderer 108, *Chief Bathel 107, *Nordeck 104, Flying Orb 109, Pretender 115. Also eligible, The Decision 112, Serbian 115, May Decline 108, Ethabe 115.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Sandy H. 110 pounds, Cacambo 112, Ray 107, Anticipate 112, *Actress 103, *Fleer 106, *Sporting Chance 108, Alexander Hamilton 110, Charlie A. Byrne 107, *Plain Bill 110, Jago 106, *Courila 110. Also eligible, *The Nephew 118, *Bristow 102, *First Pullet 112, Mark West 109.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,000; three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. *Birdie G. 103 pounds, *Mabel Curtiss 105, Devonite 119, Daddy Wolf 105, *Veiled Colleen 95, *Hillsdale 96, Galeta 107, Rob 113, Strigindale 113, *Knott Grass 111, Cape Pillar 112, Mabel A. 96. Also eligible, Gammer Gurton 106, *Bobbed Hair 102.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,500; for three-year-olds and upward; The Tulane Handicap; one mile and a sixteenth. Thimble 108 pounds, Bygone Days 116, Sands of Pleasure 113, United Verde 118, Duke John 94.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. *Oaklawn Belle 103 pounds, *Genoa Star 101, *St. Isadore 110, Little Ed 110, *Roto 101, *Dermay 106, *Tulsa 100, *Midnight Sun 103, Waukegan 103, Favis 101.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Hello Pardner 112 pounds, Lazy Lou 100, Homeward Bound 112, *Star of Phoenix 104, *Machiavelli 95, Pte 107, *John Arbor 110, Harvest King 114, Marie Rappold 97, *She Devil 104, King Trojan 115, Alex Jr. 112. Also eligible, *Lorena Mom 99.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

Weather clear; track heavy.

Paris Odds Are 6 to 1 Carpentier Will Beat Cook

PARIS, Jan. 11. (By the Associated Press.)—The French press generally expresses regret that Georges Carpentier has agreed to meet George Cook, the Australian, in a boxing contest in London tomorrow evening. The newspapers are showing very little interest in the fight beyond pointing out that it will be a possible means of ascertaining whether the beating administered last Summer by Jack Dempsey has slowed up the Frenchman. Close followers of boxing here say that unless Carpentier wins inside of six rounds, the fight in London will be considered a virtual defeat for the French fighter. Carpentier is the favorite in the betting in Paris by 5 or 6 to 1. There is practically no Cook money in evidence, except a few small bets at even money, that the Australian will last six rounds.

BILL WOULD KILL MARYLAND BETTING

Race Track Measure Referred to Finance Committee—Outlook Is Gloomy.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 11.—The bill to kill race track betting in Maryland, introduced today in the Senate, was referred by President Norris to the Finance Committee, which may stand 8 to 3, or even 9 to 2, against race track gambling. Track devotees and proponents of the sport first were surprised, then shocked, when they realized the significance of the move. They had confidently expected the bill to be referred to the Committee on Judicial Proceedings, which is understood to favor licensing the tracks to permit betting. Maryland's annual revenue from the four tracks at Pimlico, Havre De Grace, Laurel and Bowie is approximately $700,000 under the Burke law, enacted by the last Legislature. Under this law the State takes $6,000 a day for each day of racing in the State. Last year there were ninety days.

The law also provides for a 15 per cent. tax on the net profits of the tracks, which, it is estimated, will bring the gross revenue up to close to $1,500,000 in the next two fiscal years. On the theory that the bill went to the very root of the budget question, because of the revenue which would be lost to the State, President Norris referred it to the Finance Committee, which passes on all questions of State revenue and expenditures. But that fact does not alter the view of track supporters that something had been put over on them.

Friends and foes of the measure had been sizing up the Committee on Judicial Proceedings, confident that the bill would go to it. President Norris's announcement of the Reference Committee drew the first sharp attention to the Finance Committee. Immediately there was talk of it having been "packed," while those interested in the betting legislation had watched instead, the personnel of the Committee on Judicial Proceedings. The latter committee is composed of lawyers, chosen apparently on that basis alone and without regard to race track sentiments.

Whatever committee the bill might have been referred to, there are believed to be in the Senate now enough votes to uphold the measure and kill betting. This fact is important in view of the possibility of the Senate sitting as a committee in itself and by a majority vote taking the bill from the Finance Committee and passing upon it. This is the only way by which the bill could be taken out of the Finance Committee over the objection of the President of the Senate.

Present indications are that President Norris will permit the Finance Committee to have complete consideration of the bill, accepting its report in the Senate, and will not attempt to pass it along to the judiciary.

Senator Frick of Baltimore City, Chairman of the Judicial Proceedings Committee, is said to feel that the bill ought to be taken out of the Finance Committee and referred to his committee. He is known to favor the sport, and leaders of track sentiment had looked to him to pilot through an unfavorable report on the bill.

Barnes and Hutchison Held Even.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 11.—Jock Hutchison and Jim Barnes played two golf matches with Californians today. Erwin S. Armstrong and Norman Mac-Beth were the first couple to play an even round with the champions. Eddie Loos and Hutton Martin held the two champions even in the second round.

HAVANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $700; three furlongs. Lank, 115 pounds (Kelsay), 2 to 1, 3 to 5 and out, first; Gonwithim, 115 (Fields), 4 to 1 and out, second; Carlos Enrique, 118 (O'Brien), out, third. Time—0:37 4-5. Paladium, Pandine, Baby Alice and Frank S. Carboneil also ran.

SECOND RACE—For maiden three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Carrie Baker, 102 pounds (Schettel), 6 to 5, 2 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Alesa, 100 (Pribble), 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; King B., 107 (Burns), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:17. Keitol, Hyeres, Miss Hope, Margaret, Nash, Naomi K. and San Stefano also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Black Baby, 101 pounds (Pribble), 7 to 2, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; Money, 115 (Fields), 2 to 5 and 1 to 5, second; Discussion, 110 (Maiben), 4 to 1, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Two Eyes, Norfolk Belle, Jacobean, Luimeme and Tarascon also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. Marysville, 100 pounds (Perman), 7 to 2, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; Consul, 107 (Maiben), 8 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Cork, 106 (Frost), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:44 1-5. Bibbler, Misericorde, La Balafre, Chimera, Sir Adsum, Raven Sea and Silex II. also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. *Molly Puff 88 pounds, Ruhp 108, Lullabye 103, *Kayman 107, *Toy Along 110, Win or Quit 110, *Mr. Kruter 110, Cortes 112, Betterton 113, Our Nephew 112, Berserly Jaimes 115, Drapory 115.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. *Ellas O 96 pounds, Navisco 99, Mad Nell 98, *Mr. Jiggs 105, Winds of Chance 107, Thoroughbree Beauty 107, *Bygone 107, *L. Gentry 110, Millmore 110, Smite 113, Hansen 115, Douglas Fairbanks 115.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; four-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Wimpering 106 pounds, Pincastle 108, Luckman 109, Randel 105, Caesar 108, Lagthorn 112, Guckingham 112.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; one mile. Sear Plank 100 pounds, Navaho 109, *Automatic Red 104, *Fair M. 107, *Sea Urchin 100, Headgrowth 105, *Dragoon 108, Incinerator 109, *Bulger 109, Fairy 110, Don Thrush 110, Jose de Valey 114, Ellicott 116.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; selling handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Hutchison 90 pounds, Fords Ahead 92, Inquiry 97, Bermont 100, The Leopard 100, Eleanor S. 103, Melvin 105, Hardlock 106, The Pirate 107, Frank W. 111.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; one mile and fifty yards. Yellow Blossom 101 pounds, *Baby Faust 101, *Johnny O'Connell 101, Mary Jane Baths 103, Mildred 108, *McAdoo 109, Tokalon March 111, Alf Venius 111, *Harry M. Stevens 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

HOLY CROSS SENDS YALE TO DEFEAT

Wins New Haven Basketball Contest by 31 to 24—Tenth Setback for the Blue.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—Holy Cross tumbled Yale into a 31-24 basketball defeat tonight, the Ells leading but once during the game. After five minutes of the opening half had been played, Yale had a temporary lead of a single point. As the second half opened, with Holy Cross leading 15 to 12, Yale tied the score, but the Worcester Collegians then made their strongest rally of the game, scoring 12 points while Yale was accumulating one. Yale's rally in the final five minutes of play netted 9 points, but the visitors' lead was never in danger.

Holy Cross excelled at all stages. The quick low passes of Horan and McLaughlin, the six-footers of the visitors, kept Yale in distress throughout. Carroll's goal-shooting and Horan's long runs from the guard position, supplementing his rugged defense and long goal tosses, were features. Kernan's all-around game was Yale's best exhibition.

Tonight's defeat was Yale's tenth straight upset since the season opened. The Ells have still to win a game.

The line-up:

HOLY CROSS (31).		YALE (24).
Walsh	L. F.	Schoonmaker
Carroll	R. F.	Conklin
McLaughlin	C.	Cooper
Horan	L. G.	Haas
Reopel	R. G.	Kernan

Goals from field—Yale: Cooper (4), Conklin, Haas (2), Kernan, Schoonmaker. Holy Cross: Walsh, Carroll (5), Horan (4), Reopel. Goals from foul—Kernan 6, Carroll 9.

Substitutions—Yale: Caswell for Conklin. Holy Cross: Voorhees for Walsh.

Referee—O'Shea. Umpire—Mooney. Time of halves—20 minutes.

WEST POINT BEATS N. Y. U.

Cadet Five Comes From Rear to Down Violet, 34 to 27.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 11—Sensational shooting from scrimmage, high class blocking and excellent floor work and passing featured this evening one of the most exciting basketball games ever staged on the West Point court when the Army beat Ed Thorpe's New York University five by 34 to 27.

Excitement ran high thoughout the contest, which was hard but cleanly fought from start to finish. The Violet players took an early lead and maintained their advantage for almost three-quarters of the distance, and at half time New York University was out in front by a score of 16 to 12.

Clever work by Dabesies and Forbes from the field gave the cadets the lead in the second half, and, though the collegians thrice tied the score, the Army's fire was well directed and the West Pointers finally assumed the lead for good and increased it during the final moments of play.

Each team scored an even dozen field goals, the Army doing its best work in the second half when the cadets caged eight goals from scrimmage. It was New York University's first defeat of the season and came after four straight victories.

The line-up:

ARMY (34).		N. Y. UNIV. (27).
Vichules	L. F.	Hatterer
Daniel	R. F.	Goeller
Dabesies	C.	Bierce
Forbes	L. G.	Torock
Wood	R. G.	Dortf

Goals from field—Vichules (3), Roosma (4), Dabesies (2), Forbes (6), French, Hatterer (2), Goeller (6), Bierce (2), Torock. Goals from foul—Roosma 10 out of 14, Hatterer 3 out of 7.

Substitutions—Army: Smythe for Forbes, Forbes for Smythe, French for Forbes. New York University: Molines for Torock.

Referee—Mr. Doering. Umpire—Mr. Cook. Time of halves—20 minutes.

NAVY KEEPS SLATE CLEAN.

Middies Thrash Moravian Quintet by 46 to 14.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 11.—Winning their sixth straight victory this season, the Navy basketball players defeated Moravian College here this afternoon by 46 to 14. The visitors played with spirit and skill, but were overcome by the fine team play of the midshipmen.

The line-up:

NAVAL ACAD. (46).		MORAVIAN C. (14).
Hirst	F.	McCormick
McKee	R. F.	Helmich
Ault	C.	Hughes
Farris	L. G.	Horne
Parr	R. G.	Stockes

Field goals—Navy: Hirst (4), Barnes (4), Harris (3), Lyon (3), McKee (2), Parr (2). Moravian: Hughes, Horne, Stockes. Foul goals—McKee 9 in 11, Barnes 1 in 3, Helmich 8 in 12.

Substitutions—Navy: Barnes for Hirst, Harris for McKee, Smith for Ault, Garrigues for Lyon, Lyon for Carrigues, Cooper for Parr.

Referee—Mr. Holz, U. S. Army. Umpire—Mr. Holley, Baltimore Polytechnic. Time of halves—20 minutes.

COLUMBIA CUBS WIN GAME.

Take Close Basketball Contest From De Witt Clinton.

Columbia University's undefeated freshman basketball team continued its winning streak yesterday afternoon when it downed the De Witt Clinton High School five, 23-21, for its third straight victory of the season. As the game progressed it developed into one of the most thrilling battles seen on the Columbia gymnasium floor this year. The lead alternated between the two quintets and it was not until the final whistle blew that the Cubs were sure of victory.

The line-up:

COL. FRESH. (23).		DE WITT C. (21).
Strom	L. F.	Cohen
Barber	R. F.	Laub
Donaldson	C.	Marx
Dockerill	L. G.	Vogel
Wilson	R. G.	Shriebman

Field goals—Columbia: Strom (5), Barber (3), Wilson (2), Donaldson. De Witt Clinton: Laub (3), Vogel (3), Cohen, Marx. Foul goals—Cohen 9 out of 8, Strom 1 out of 4.

Substitutions—De Witt Clinton: Mason for Marx, McNulty for Shriebman, Marx for Mason, Shriebman for McNulty, McNulty for Shriebman, Mason for Marx.

Referee—Parmele, Princeton. Time of Halves—20 minutes.

F. AND M. DEFEATS LEHIGH.

Wins Close Decision in Basketball by Score of 30 to 28.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 11.—Franklin and Marshall nosed out Lehigh in a fast basketball game here tonight, the final score being 30 to 28. Fouls were numerous and the ability of Rhoades to turn them into points accounted for the F. and M. win. Rhoades also starred from the field, scoring four baskets.

Barnard School Five Wins.

Barnard School yesterday scored its fifth straight basketball victory, defeating the Adelphi Academy five 31 to 15. The game, which was played on the loser's court, was fast and close during the first half, and the period ended with Barnard leading by a single goal. The winners came back with a rush in the second half, and soon had a safe margin. Sampers of Barnard starred with a five field goals and eight goals from foul.

Vermont to Play Detroit.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Jan. 11.—The University of Vermont football team will play the University of Detroit at Detroit on Nov. 23 for the final game of its 1922 schedule. Two-year contracts have been signed with Holy Cross, Springfield and Maine and a three-year agreement with Dartmouth.

Gives Cup for Third Varsity Crews in American Henley

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—A cup for a new event at the annual American Henley on the Schuylkill River on May 27—a race for a third varsity crew—has been offered by Charles L. Borie, a Trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. Heretofore only the varsity, junior varsity, a 150-pound crew and the freshman shells have figured in the regatta. Coach Joe Wright of the Pennsylvania crews said today he planned to enter five crews, including three varsity eights instead of two.

ELECT OF CATDOM VIE ON ASTOR ROOF

Atlantic Cat Club and Silver Society Show Opens With 140 Felines Exhibited.

The combined show of the Atlantic Cat Club and the Silver Society was opened yesterday in the roof garden atop the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria, with 140 or more of the Persian and Siamese feline elect on exhibition.

Persian cats enjoy a variety of coloring, and every Persian color has its representatives at the show. Any one who, by reason of recent legislative acts has been deprived of his visions of pink and azure elephants, has only to hurry at once to the corner of Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue to recover his lost zoological thrills. The cat enthusiast will hurry there without being told.

Just how many hues the Persians affect would take too long to enumerate, but all are on hand. To mention a few: There is the smoke (a favorite in Pittsburgh, whence several ribbon winners came), the blue, the orange, the frankly red, the brown and the silver.

As the Silver Society confines itself to this variety, the Bryan ratio of 16 to 1 is maintained at the show.

The Siamese breed, of which there is Mimi, born in Shanghai, a recent immigrant to this country, and five kittens from the Wicky-Wicky kennels, is something else again, and must be seen to be believed.

The winners of the blue ribbon among the Siamese entrants was Wicky-Wee, a male, owned by Mme. Blanche Arral; and, for females, Ming Sing, also owned by Mme. Arral. Mimi, which is the property of Frank Hasen, ran second to Ming Sing.

Both clubs completed a large share of their judging. The Silver Society also got through its "beats." The Atlantic Club did not get to its "beats" except in the kitten class, where this award was taken by Some Vamp of San Dawn, owned by Mrs. A. W. Mackey. The Silver Society "beats" were: Cat—Silver Echo, a shaded silver, belonging to Miss Carroll Macy, with the silver Wintargo Silver Sandals, the property of Mrs. Arthur H. Churchill, second; female—the shaded silver Mimi, owned by Miss H. E. Brown; novice—the silver female Wintargo Perenette, Mrs. Arthur H. Churchill; kittens—Wintargo Moy-Mel, Mrs. Clara H. Richards, and Wintargo Arlimont, Mrs. Churchill; neuter—the Shaded Wintargo Biggoty, Mrs. Churchill.

Today, the closing session of the show, the "beats" of the combined exhibition will be selected and the special prizes awarded.

The summaries of yesterday's principal classes:

Atlantic Cat Club.

White, Female, Blue Eyes, Open—Kilravock Mirage, Miss Elsie Bailey, first.

White, Female, Yellow Eyes, Open—Runada, Miss Ruth Gormley, first; Cedar Cliff White Gold, Miss Mildred Sheridan, second.

White, Female, Yellow Eyes, Novice—Runada, first and winner.

Black, Male, Open—Kaye's Biffil, Mrs. B. F. Keasy, first and winner; Erebus Americus, Miss H. J. McCoun, second.

Black, Female, Open—Belle Haven, Mrs. W. Olsey, first.

Blue, Male, Open—Dennison of Cedarbrook, Mrs. M. Bailey, first.

Blue, Female, Open—Glorious Sapphire, the Misses Campion, first and winner; Lady Bluelight, Miss Ruth Gormley, second; Delview Betsy Lavender, Mrs. H. W. Bailey, third.

Silver, Male, Open—Wintargo El Furado, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, first and winner; The Viking, Miss Carroll Macy, second; Sir Holden of Wahoo, Mrs. Olive E. Gilbert, third.

Silver, Female, Open—Winter Sweetheart, Mrs. Clara Richards, first; Wintargo Perenea, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, second; Holden Mystery of Wahoo, Mrs. Churchill, third.

Shaded Silver, Male, Open—Silver Echo, Miss Carroll Macy, first and winner.

Shaded Silver, Female, Open—Fallulah Bettina, Mrs. H. B. Nichols, first and winner; Mimi, Mrs. H. E. Brown, second; Wintargo Dawn of Liberty, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, third.

Silver Tabby, Female, Open—The Lark, Mrs. L. B. Sturgis, first and winner; Princess Zilla, Mrs. Sturgis, second.

Red, Male, Open—Caliph Dandelion, Miss Phyllis Street, first.

Red, Male, Novice—Nowata Sunset Laddie, Mrs. M. E. Harby, first and winner.

Cream, Male, Open—Sunset Invincible, the Misses Campion, first and winner; Sunset Top Notch, the Misses Campion, second.

Cream, Female, Open—Sunset Peachbloom, the Misses Campion, first and winner.

Tortoiseshell, Male or Female—Princess Kito Koo, Mrs. Neafie, first.

Siamese Cat, Male—Wicky-Wee, Madame Blanche Arral, first; Co-Co, Madame Arral, second; Ah Sin, Madame Arral, third.

Siamese Cat, Female—Wing Sing, Madame Arral, first; Mimi, Frank Hasen, second.

Long-Haired Neuter—Lavender Lord, Mrs. M. E. Brooks, first; Sapo, Mrs. Anna Sewald, second.

Silver Neuters—Wintargo Biggoty, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, first; Trixie, Mrs. H. M. Young, second; Bunny Moo, Mrs. C. H. Coles, third.

Australian Cat (female)—Greenwich Phoebe Snow, Mrs. F. Y. Mathis, first.

Additional (shaded female), Open—Mimi, Miss H. E. Brown, first; Fallulah Bettina, Mrs. Nicholas, second; Queen Frances, Miss Brown, third.

Silver Society.

Silver, Male, Open—Wintargo El Furado, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, first; The Viking, Miss Carroll Macy, second; Sir Holden of Wahoo, Mrs. O. E. Gilbert, third.

Silver, Neuter—Thornyfoot of Essex, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, first; Mandalay Winter, Mrs. Darrance Blake, second; Hartridge Philippe, Mrs. H. R. Robertson, third.

Silver, Female, Open—Holden Mystery of Wahoo, Mrs. O. E. Gilbert, first; Wintargo Perenea, Mrs. Arthur Churchill, second; Winter Sweetheart, Mrs. Clara Richards, third.

Shaded Silver, Male, Open—Silver Echo, Miss Carroll Macy, first; Glencairn, Mrs. C. A. Daur, second.

Short-haired Neuter—Tibbles, Ride-a-Wee Home first.

PANTHERS LOSE TO PENN.

Quakers Are Victorious in Basketball Game by 23 to 22.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—The Pittsburgh basketball team was defeated here tonight by Pennsylvania 23 to 22. It was the eighth consecutive victory for the Red and Blue this season. Voegelin's sensational goal in the closing seconds of the game turned defeat into victory for Pennsylvania.

The line-up:

PENNSYLVANIA (23).		PITTSBURGH (22).
Rossman	F.	Jordan
Hunsinger	F.	Levinson
Grave	C.	Funk
Miller	G.	Young
Voegelin	G.	Byers

Field goals—Rossman, Hunsinger (3), Voegin (3), Jordan (3), Levinson, Funk (2), Byers (3). Foul goals—Grave 11 out of 14, Levinson 6 out of 13.

Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia. Umpire—Geiger, Swarthmore. Time of halves—20 minutes.

Williams to Lead Lafayette.

EASTON, Pa., Jan. 11.—Joseph Williams of New York was today elected captain of the Lafayette College football team for the 1922 season. Williams has played at tackle for the last three years.

KAMMER NEW HEAD OF GOLF COMMITTEE

Succeeds Cassebeer as Chairman of Handicap Board for Local Association.

The new Executive Committee of the Metropolitan Golf Association held its first meeting in the office of C. V. Benton, Vice President of the M. G. A., yesterday afternoon, the appointment of new chairmen to head the handicap and tournament committees and a discussion of plans for the coming season occupying the members.

A. F. Kammer of Baltusrol, long a member of the Handicap Committee and one of the amateur stars of the district, was named as Chairman of that committee, succeeding Theodore Cassebeer, who has held the post for several seasons and who was compelled to resign this year on account of pressure of business. David H. McAlpin, one of the members of the Executive Committee, was named as Chairman of the Tournament Committee, which will select the courses for the three events to be held under the association's auspices this season, the amateur, open and junior championships.

It was thought that the committee would probably announce its decision regarding the championship tournament courses for the year, but action was deferred until a later date. Three courses put in a bid for the amateur event, the Knickerbocker, Hollywood and Lakewood Clubs. It is expected that the selection will be made within a short time.

The other members of the two committees will probably not be announced until President Findlay S. Douglas of the G. M. A. returns from the annual meeting of the United States Golf Association, which will be held at Chicago on Saturday.

The members of the committee attending yesterday's meeting were: President Douglas, Vice President Benton and Secretary C. W. O'Connor of the M. G. A., and Messrs. McAlpin, Gardiner W. White, Reginald Lewis, Oswald Kirby and Louis Livingston. Alfred S. Zourne, the Treasurer of the M. G. A., is in the South.

MRS. WRIGHT IN FINAL.

To Meet Mrs. Stearns, St. Alban's Clubmate, in Pinehurst Tourney.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 11.—The semi-final round in the women's department of the Advertising golfers' tournament was played at Pinehurst today and resulted in the survival of Mrs. J. H. Wright and Mrs. G. W. Stearns, both members of the St. Alban's Golf Club, Long Island.

Mrs. Wright concedes seven strokes to Mrs. H. V. H. Proskey of North Hempstead, but won her match easily enough by 3 and 2.

The semi-final made between Mrs. Stearns, handicap 20, and Miss C. P. Speakman of Siwanoy, handicap 29, went thirty-five holes for a final decision in favor of Mrs. Stearns. The players were all even at the eighteenth and again all even at the twenty-seventh.

Play in the men's division of the tournament was brought down to the semi-final stage. R. M. Purves of Woodland, the medalist, went out in 37, against J. S. Higgins of St. Andrew's in his third round of the match and won by 7 and 6.

M. C. Meigs of Chicago defeated Ernest T. Manson of Framingham by the same broad margin and is generally expected to come through to the finals in company with Purves. Meigs will be opposed in the semi-finals by H. Bradford Lewis of North Andover. Purves's opponent will be Gene Conklin of Dunwoodie.

COLGATE DOWNS HAMILTON.

Wins Easy Basketball Victory by Score of 41 to 26.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The Hamilton College basketball team journeyed here tonight to open its basketball season and went down to defeat before the Colgate University five by the score of 41 to 26. Garner, the visitors' colore dcentre, outjumped Meafer, the Colgate 6 foot 5 star and accounted for four baskets. O'Connor and Barnes led in the Maroon scoring together accounting for twelve goals from the field.

Xavier High Swamps Rivals.

A basketball game between Xavier High School and Staten Island Academy yesterday resulted in a 47 to 31 victory for the former. It was Xavier's seventh consecutive triumph of the season and Staten Islands first defeat. The game was played on the defeated team's home court.

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The directors of Fleming, Ltd., of London, have decided to discontinue the sale of "ready-for-service" sack suits, and in future will concentrate on Custom-Made Suits and ready to wear Sport Clothes and Overcoats.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Bonds Advance, Led by War Loans—Stocks Recover on Inactive Business.

Further recovery in prices for investment bonds was again the notable incident of yesterday's market. The extraordinarily heavy buying of United States war bonds continued; yesterday it carried the "Fourth 4¼s"—representing the loan of October, 1918, by far the largest of all the war borrowings—above the highest price ever heretofore reached by it on the open market. The Victory 4¾s went to a higher premium above par. As a whole, the day's transactions in United States bonds were less than Tuesday's, but the business done in other investment securities rose from $9,000,000 to nearly $11,000,000, which exceeds even the huge trading which occurred at the end of 1920. Fractional advances in price, some of them of substantial size, occurred in all quarters of the market.

There was no further decline in discount rates to which this might have been response. The reduction of Reserve bank rates, which Wall Street had more than half expected for yesterday, did not occur. But the money market gave no sign of recovery and the rate for acceptances, which sometimes foreshadows a coming change in the Reserve bank rate, showed unmistakable downward tendency.

Business done in stocks was smaller even than that of Tuesday and prices recovered pretty much throughout the list. It was not without significance, as a sidelight on the market's character, that Wall Street should have ascribed this recovery to the storm which cut off the pessimistic West from contact with the New York Stock Exchange.

The apathy of the stock market reflects at least one phase of the situation; the absence as yet of anything in the way of reviving trade. There was no reason to expect a change for the better at just this time of year; but even men of affairs insist on predicting it at the approach of every new year, with the same defiance of experience as marks the traditional good resolutions on the 1st of January. The truth is that, even in a normal period, reaction is the rule in trade for the first two months of any year. There is therefore no occasion for surprise at today's estimate of the Iron Age that output of the steel mills since New Year's Day has averaged only 28 per cent. of capacity for the independent producers, as against 31 in December, and for the Steel Corporation 46 or 47, against 49.

Yesterday's full report of Great Britain's exports and imports during 1921 gives opportunity for some interesting comparisons and conclusions. It illustrates two essential facts—the large shrinkage in England's foreign trade, but also the very rapid readjustment of her "foreign trade balances." Last year's export of British products was in value less than that of 1920 by £632,000,000, or 47¼ per cent. This is not a matter of declining prices alone. In some months the Board of Trade figures have shown increase in export tonnage over the previous year. But that was wholly due to coal; other exports, textiles for instance, have fallen off 25 to 50 per cent. in quantity, and the actual quantity loss in foreign trade has undoubtedly been very great.

But last year's reduction in the hugely inflated import trade was far larger than the shrinkage of imports; as a result, the year's surplus of imports over exports is shown to have been smaller than in 1920 by $101,000,000, or 26 per cent., and smaller than in 1919 by £385,000,000, or 55 per cent. This reduction has been conspicuous in trade with the United States, whose surplus of exports to Great Britain, during the eleven months of 1921 for which we have the figures, was in American values $833,000,000 less than in the same months of 1920 and $1,163,000,000 than in 1919. In the net result, Great Britain's £277,000,000 surplus of imports for 1921 compares with £124,000,000 in the pre-war year 1913. But the difference has been steadily narrowed. Last month, for instance, the excess of imports was actually £1,300,000 smaller than in December, 1913. Meantime England sent nearly $200,000,000 gold to us in 1921, against only $2,500,000 in 1913. Here is at least one explanation of the rise in sterling.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1922.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 3½ per cent. all day, unchanged from high and renewal of Tuesday, but ¼ per cent. up from previous low and closing. Time money is quiet but firm, with mixed loans at 4½, and on all industrials borrowers are bidding 4¼, with offerings at 4¾. Commercial paper is discounting unchanged. American Acceptance Council announced general lowering by acceptance dealers of an eighth of 1 per cent. in buyers' and sellers' rates on all bills up to 120 days, to 4 bid, offered at 3¾; these rates being the lowest since early in 1918. Demand for bills is good, with city and country banks principal purchasers.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
3½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days..... 4%
4, 5 and 6 months..... 4%
4, 5 and 6 months..... 4¼@4½
All industrial collaterals, 60-90 days. 4½@4¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months..... 5
Other names, 4 to 6 months..... 5@5½

Discount Rates Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4%; 16 to 90 days..... 4%
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates or indebtedness, 15 days, 4%; 16 to 90 days..... 4%

Open Market Rates.

Call loans against acceptances..... 3½
Prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4	3¾
60 days	4	3¾
90 days	4	3¾
4 months	4	3¾
5 months	4¼	4¼

Non-members and private bankers, 60-90 days..... 4¼ 4¼

London Market.

Money on the London market up ¼ at 2¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2¾ per cent.; three months up 1-16 to ¼ at 3 7-16@3¼ per cent.

Gold bullion on the London market up 2d at 92s 5d. Taking the British Mint's standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 114⅝ for gold at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year 1921 was 116, on Jan. 3; the lowest of the period, 143¾, on Feb. 6, 1920.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $741,000,000; balances, $77,500,000; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $64,000,000; clearing this day a year ago, $107,000,000.

TWITCHELL RESIGNS AS CHEMICAL'S CHAIRMAN

To Remain as a Director of the Bank—R. W. Scott Elected a Vice President.

Herbert R. Twitchell, for the past two years Chairman of the Board of the Chemical National Bank, tendered his resignation as such yesterday. He will remain a Director of the institution. Mr. Twitchell became Chairman of the Chemical National Board at the time Percy Pyne resigned was chosen President of the bank. R. W. Scott, manager of the Industrial department, was elected Vice President of the bank yesterday. Other officers were unchanged.

Ten Trustees of the New York Trust Company were re-elected yesterday to their posts for the ensuing three years. They are Otto T. Bannard, Thomas Cochran, Lyman N. Hine, F. M. Hotchkiss, Walter Jennings, Howard W. Maxwell, Ogden L. Mills, Edward R. Moore, Grayson M. P. Murphy and Henry C. Pulpen.

Julian A. Acosta was added yesterday to the Board of the Continental Bank of New York. Other Directors were re-elected.

WESTERN ELECTRIC IN 1921.

Gross Sales Lower, but Financial Condition Was Bettered $19,000,000

Gross sales of the Western Electric Company in 1921 approximated $185,000,000 in comparison with $200,000,000 in 1920, according to a statement issued by Charles G. Du Bois, President of the company. With the exception of 1920, last year's sales were the largest in the history of the company.

"The books have not yet been closed for the year, but it is estimated that some margin was earned above the regular dividends of $10 per share on the common stock," said Mr. Du Bois. "The company's floating debt was reduced during the year by $14,000,000 and its cash on hand increased by over $5,000,000. The outlook for 1922 is that the volume of business will be substantially the same as in 1921."

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Demand for Lire Features, With Rate Higher—Sterling and Francs Firm.

Demand for Italian lire featured dealings in the foreign exchange market yesterday, with checks on Rome closing sharply at 4.54¼ after alternating between 4.53⅝ and 4.50⅛ most of the day. Rumor of Government aid to the large Italian bank which recently closed its doors, and similarly affected its correspondent here, was the chief influence in bringing higher rates.

Rates on London, Paris and other centres showed slight improvement at the close over Tuesday's finals, although sterling at the day's best of $4.33⅝ did not match previous day's high. Francs were strong, closing at 5.14¼ cents. German marks were again in supply, suffering a fractional recession to .57⅛, compared with .51⅝ on Tuesday. In the South Americans, Uruguayan pesos moved up more than a cent to 72.77 cents, with others in that group firm.

Canadian exchange recovered further to 94.9 cents, compared with 94.8 on Tuesday and 94.1 on Monday.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1922

	High.	Low.	Monday's Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	4.33⅝	4.31⅝	4.32⅝	4.32
PARIS	4.54⅛	4.53	4.54½	4.56
BONDS	4.54⅛	4.50⅛	4.54¼	4.51
AMSTERDAM	36.77	36.66	36.70	36.75
BERLIN	.57⅛	.56⅜	.57⅛	.57⅜
MADRID	15.00	14.95	14.98	14.98

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per sovereign.				
Demand	4.33⅝	4.32	4.13⅝	3.73¾
Cables	4.33⅞	4.32⅝	4.14	3.73⅞
Com., 60 days	4.19¾	4.18¾	4.15	3.67
Com., 90 days	4.17⅞	4.17⅛	4.13⅞	3.66
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.14¼	5.13	7.56⅜	9.05¾
Cables	5.15	5.13⅝	7.57	9.05¾
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.54¾	4.51	4.25⅛	3.46
Cables	4.55	4.51½	4.26	3.47
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.02¾	5.01	7.02¼	8.40
Cables	5.03	5.01⅝	7.03	8.43
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.57⅛	.57⅜	.51¼	1.46¾
Cables	.57⅜	.58¼	.51⅝	1.46¾
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.02½	.02½	.01⅞	.31¾
Cables	.02	.04⅛	.04½	.32
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	1.02	1.01	1.00⅛	1.13
Cables	1.03	1.03	1.01¼	1.13
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	19.50	19.50	19.35	17.20
Cables	19.60	19.55	19.50	17.25
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	1.85	1.85	1.50	1.20
Cables	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.20
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	4.40	4.45	5.40	7.40
Cables	4.45	4.57	5.60	7.50
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.75	38.75	38.65	38.75
Cables	38.90	38.80	38.70	38.90
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.01⅝	.01⅝	.01	.01¼
Cables	.01⅞	.01⅞	.01⅝	.01
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.03½	.03	.02¾	.08
Cables	.03½	.04	.02¾	.09
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	15.60	15.55	15.45	17.00
Cables	15.65	15.50	15.50	17.05
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.03⅝	.03⅝	.03¼	.17
Cables	.04¼	.04⅛	.04¼	.17⅛
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.02¾	.02¾	.02	1.36
Cables	.03⅜	.03⅜	.03½	1.38
SERBIA—Belgrade; Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	1.33	1.32	1.40	2.20
Cables	1.34	1.34	1.50	2.25

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per pesata.				
Demand	14.80	14.85	14.25	13.80
Cables	15.00	14.95	14.50	13.87
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	24.60	24.55	24.70	21.30
Cables	24.65	24.60	24.75	21.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	19.30	19.34	19.35	15.60
Cables	19.40	19.34	19.35	15.65

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per Mexican dollar (or Hongkong) per tael for Shanghai and Penang.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	58.125	58.125	57.875	57.00
Cables	58.25	58.25	58.00	57.16
Penang—				
Demand	60.50	61.00	59.50	61.00
Shanghai—				
Demand	73.25	73.25	74.25	75.00
Cables	73.50	73.50	74.75	75.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00
Cables	28.156	28.125	28.18	28.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	47.00	46.90	47.12	46.00
Cables	47.25	47.12	47.50	46.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	37.50	37.50	37.25	34.00
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	47.75	47.875	47.875	49.25
Cables	47.875	47.75	48.00	49.375

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.46 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	33.90	33.90	33.90	35.25
Cables	33.925	33.925	33.925	35.375
BRAZIL—Par 32.4 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	12.875	12.875	12.875	12.375
Cables	12.90	12.90	12.90	12.50
CHILE—Par 36 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	10.17	10.25	10.20	10.37
Cables	10.20	10.25	10.22	10.61
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	72.77	72.72	72.25	70.54
Cables	72.90	72.94	72.66	70.92

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	94.9	94.8	95.8	97.6

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par, 51.49 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.16	.22
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.12	.15¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1921.	Same Period 1920.	Same Period 1919.
454,660	465,729	517,295	839,125	1,215,735	4,839,545	7,820,968	10,524,993	5,126,029

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rates.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net. Chge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
48¾	48	100	Adams Express	48½	48¾	48¼	48¼		48	50
17	16½	600	Ajax Rubber	16¾	16¾	16¼	16¼	-½	16½	16¾
58	55¾	900	Allied C. & D. (4)	57¾	57¾	57¼	57¼	-½	57¾	57¾
104	101	400	Do pf. (7)	102¾	104	102¾	104	+1¾	104	105
39¾	37¾	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. (4)	38¾	39¾	38¾	39¼		39¼	39
89¾	86½	300	Do pf. (7)	88¾	89¾	88¾	89¾		89½	89
36¾	31¾	200	Am. Beet Sugar	34½	34½	34¼	34¾	+ ¼	34	34¼
62	61	100	Am. B. Sug. pf. (6)	61	61	61	61		61	63
54¾	51	800	Am. B. S. & Fy. (4)	52¾	52¾	52¼	52¾	+ 2¾	52¾	53
98¾	96½	100	Do pf. (7)	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾		97½	98¾
33¾	33¼	2,800	Am. Can	33¾	33¾	32¾	32¾	-¼	33¼	33
145	141	300	Am. Car. & Fy. (12)	142¾	142¾	142¾	142¾	-1¼	143	144
21¾	19¾	300	Am. Cotton Oil	19¾	20	19¾	20	+ ¼	20	21
44	41	900	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	41½	41¾	41	41	-½	41	47
4¾	4½	300	Am. Drug Synd	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4½	5
13¾	12¾	100	Am. H. & Leather	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	-¼	12½	13
60	58	100	Am. H. L. pf.	58½	59	58½	58½	-¾	58½	59
41½	39½	400	Am. International	39½	39½	39¼	39½	-¼	39½	39¾
9¾	9¾	100	Am. La F. F. E. (1)	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	9¾
30¾	29¾	600	Am. Linseed	30	30¾	30	30		29	30½
106½	102	1,700	Am. Locomo. (6)	104	104½	104	104½	+1¼	104½	104¾
4¾	4	200	Am. Safety Razor	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	5
7¾	7¼	3,700	Am. Ship & Com.	7¾	7¾	7¼	7¼		7¼	7¾
45¾	43¾	1,100	Am. Sm. & Refining	44	44¾	44	44¾		44¾	44¾
87½	86½	100	Am. S. & R. pf. (7)	87¾	87¾	87¼	87¼	+ ¾	87	87¾
33	31¾	1,100	Am. Steel Fds. (3)	31¾	32¾	31¾	32½	+ ¾	32½	32¾
60¼	54¾	1,100	Am. Sugar Refin.	55	55¾	55	55¾	+ ¾	55¾	56
85¾	84	300	Am. Sug. R. pf. (7)	85	85¾	85	85¾		85½	90
116¾	114½	5,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	115¾	116¾	115¾	116¾	+ ¾	116¾	116¾
134¾	129¾	2,700	Am. Tobacco (12)	131¾	134¾	131¾	133¾		134¾	135¾
126¾	126	2,700	Am. Tob. Cl. B (12)	127¾	128¾	127¾	128¾	+1¾	128¾	129¾
95	95	100	Am. Tob. pf. (6)	95	95	95	95		95	96
97¾	96½	100	Am. Tob. pf. (8)	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾		97	98
20	17¼	100	A. W. W. Managar pf.	20	20	20	20		18½	20
31½	12¾	1,600	Am. Woolen (7)	30¾	31¾	30¾	31¾	+ ¾	30¾	30¾
104	102¾	100	Am. Wool. pf. (7)	103¾	105¾	103¾	102¾	- ¾	103½	103¾
50½	47¾	5,700	Anaconda Copper	49	49¾	48¾	49¾		49¾	49¾
30¾	30	100	Ann Arbor pf.	30	30¾	30	30¾		30	35
46	43	200	Asso. D. G. (4)	45¾	46	45¾	46		46	47
76¾	76	100	As. D. G. 1st pf. (6)	75¾	76¾	75¾	76¾	+ ¾	76	78
93¾	91¾	1,100	Atchi. T. & S. F. (6)	92¾	93¾	92¾	93¾	+ ¾	93¾	94
87	86¾	300	A., T. & S. Fé pf. (5)	87	87	86¾	87	+ ¼	86	87
1	1	100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.						1	3
24¾	24¾	100	Atlantic Fruit	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾		24¾	25
27¾	27¼	1,300	At. Gulf & W. Indies	27¾	28¾	27¾	28¾	+ ¾	28¾	29¾
23¾	20¾	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf.	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	-2¾	20¾	21¾
118	114½	100	Atlantic Ref. (7)	115	115	115	115		115	116
99¾	92¾	9,300	Baldwin Loco. (7)	93¾	96¾	93¾	94¾	+ ¾	94½	94¾
34¾	33¾	800	Baltimore & Ohio	33¾	34	33¾	34	+ ¼	33½	34¼
53¾	52½	200	B. & O. pf. "A"	53¾	53¾	52¾	52¾	- ¾	53	53½
20¾	19¾	100	Barnsdall Class B	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾		19½	20
57¾	55¾	1,400	Beth. Steel Cl. B (5)	56¾	57¾	56¾	56¾	+ ¾	56½	56¾
62	59¾	800	Brk. E. R. 1st pf. (7)	61	62	61	62	+ 1¾	61½	62
22¾	21¾	600	Brklyn Edison, 3d pf.	22½	22½	22½	22½		21½	23
7¾	6¾	800	B'klyn Rapid Tran.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
6	5¾	100	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	5¾
118¾	113¾	1,300	Burns Brothers (10)	114¾	115¾	114¾	115¾	+ ¾	115	115¾
32¾	29¾	3,700	Burns B. Cl. B, w. i.	32¾	32¾	32¼	32¾		32¾	33
88¾	87¾	300	Burr. Bldg. pf. (7)	88	88¾	88	88¾	+ ¼	88	89
5¾	5¾	300	Butte Cop. & Zinc.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	5¾
22¾	20¾	1,300	Butte & Superior	21¾	22¾	21¾	22¾	+ ¾	21¾	22¾
31¾	28¾	800	Buttestick Co.	29	29	29	29		29	30
11	10¾	500	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾		10¾	10¾
69¾	68	500	Cal. Packing (6)	68	69	68	68		67¾	68
47¾	43¾	1,100	Cal. Petroleum	43¾	44¾	43¾	44¾	+ ¾	44¾	44¾
6	5¾	300	Callahan Silver Lead	6	6	6	6		5¾	6
121	119¾	2,300	Canadian Pac. (10)	120¾	121	120	120¾	+ ¾	120½	121
12¾	11	100	Carson Hill Gold	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾		11¾	12½
31½	28¾	400	Central Leather Co.	29¾	32	29¾	30	+ ¾	29¾	30
65¾	63¾	100	Central L. Co. pf.	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾		64¼	64¾
34¾	32¾	400	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	34¾	34¾	34½	34½	-1¼	34½	35
50¾	48¾	1,100	Chandler Motor (8)	50	50¾	49¾	50		50	50¾
55¾	54	500	Chesapeake & O. (2)	54¾	54¾	54¼	54¾	+ ¼	54¼	54¾
5	4½	100	Chicago & Alton	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4	6
14¾	13¾	900	Chi. & East. Ill. new	13¾	14	13¾	14		13¾	14¼
34¾	33¾	600	C. & E. Ill. pf., new	33¾	34¾	33¾	34¼	+ ¾	33¾	34¼
6¾	5¾	300	Chicago Great West.	5¾	6	5¾	6		6	6¼
16¾	14¾	300	Chic. Great West. pf.	15	15	15	15		14¾	15
19¼	16¾	200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾		17¾	17¾
32¾	29	500	C., M. & St. P. pf.	30¾	30¾	30¼	30¾	+ ¼	30¾	30¾
63¾	59	1,800	Chicago & N. W. (5)	62¾	63¾	61¾	62¾		62	62¾
102	100	200	Chi. & N. W. pf. (7)	100¾	101¾	100¾	101¾	+ 1	101	102
32¾	30¾	1,100	C., R. I. & P.	30¾	31¾	30¾	31¾		30¾	31
72	70¾	100	C., R. I. & P. pf. (6)	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾		71½	72
15¾	15¾	7,300	Chile Copper	15¾	16¾	15¾	16¾	+ ¾	16¼	16¾
27¾	26¾	1,400	Chino Copper	27¼	27¾	27	27¾	+ ¼	27½	27¾
47¾	43	100	Cluett-Peabody	43	43	43	43		43½	45
43¾	41	2,600	Coca-Cola (1)	42	43¾	42	43¼	+ ¾	43	43¾
49	49	100	Col. & So. 2d pf. (4)	49	49	49	49		47	50
67	64¾	1,700	Col. Gas & El. (6)	65¾	66¾	65	66¾	+ ¾	65½	67
2¾	2¾	1,700	Columbia Graph.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	2¾
10¾	9¾	200	Columbia Graph. pf.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	10
61	55¾	7,200	Comp.-Tab.-Rec. (4)	57¾	61	57¾	60¾	+ 2¾	60¾	61
30¼	21	100	Cons. Cigar	27	27	27	27		26	27
91½	90	300	Consol. Gas (7)	90¾	91¾	90¾	90¾	- ¼	91	92
14¾	13¾	500	Consol. Textile	14	14	13¾	13¾		13¾	14
97¾	93¾	16,600	Corn Prod. R. (12)	94¾	97¾	94¾	97¾	+ 2¾	97¾	97¾
112¾	111	400	Corn P. R. pf. (7)	111¾	112	111¾	112	+ 1¾	112	112¾
34¾	31¾	1,400	Cosden & Co. (2½)	32	33¾	32	33¾	+ 1¾	32½	33¾
61¾	61	14,100	Crucible Steel (5)	61	62	61	61	- ¼	61	61¾
85¾	85¼	100	Crucible Steel pf. (7)	85	85	85	85		81	85
17¾	14¾	1,500	Cuban-Am. Sugar	15¾	16¾	15¾	16¾	+ ¾	15¾	16¾
9¾	8¾	3,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	8¾	9¾	8¾	9¾		8¾	9¾
17¾	15¾	1,800	Cuba Cane S. pf.	16¾	17¾	16¾	16¾		16¾	17
62¾	48¾	1,500	Davison Chemical	57¾	61¾	57¾	61¼	+ 1¾	61¼	61¾
103¾	100¾	100	Del. & Hudson (8)	102	107	102	107		106	108
119¾	113¾	1,900	Del. L. & W. (7)	113¾	115	113¾	115¾		113¾	114¾
101	100¾	200	Det. Edison Co. (8)	100¾	101	100¾	101	+ ¾	101	104
21¾	18½	800	Dome Mines (1)	21¾	21¾	21	21¼	- ¼	20¾	21¾
78¾	76¾	700	End.-Johnson (5)	78¾	78¾	78¼	78¼	- ¼	77¾	78¼
106½	104	200	End.-John. pf. (7)	106¼	106¾	106¼	106¾		106¾	107
10¾	7	3,500	Erie	9¾	10¾	9¾	10¾	+ ¾	10	10
16	11½	1,200	Erie 1st pf.	13¾	15¾	13¾	15¾	+ 1¾	15½	15¾
11	7¾	600	Erie 2d pf.	8¾	9¾	8¾	9¾	+ ¾	9	9¾
78¾	75¼	5,800	Fam. P.-Lasky (6)	76¾	77¾	76¾	77¾	+ 1¾	77¾	77¾
96	93¾	100	Fam. P.-L. pf. (8)	95	96	95	96		93	95½
81¾	76	100	Fisher Body (10)	78	78	78	78		76	78
100¾	100¾	300	Fisher Body pf. (7)	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	- ¾	100	105
77¾	76¾	100	Do Ohio pf. (8)	77	77	77	77		76	78
12¾	11¾	1,000	Fisk Rubber	12	12¾

A Discount Bond to Yield About 6%

With time money last week at the lowest point since 1917, investors are turning their attention to high-grade Bonds selling at prices below the maturity value.

We are recommending the mortgage Bonds of the International Paper Company, which company is the largest manufacturer in the world of its particular product

Fixed Assets, $61,000,000
Bonded Debt, 19,871,000

This Bond is listed on the N. Y. Stock Exchange

Description on Request

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
Sixty-six Broadway
New York

SLIGHT TRADE DROP IN IRON AND STEEL

First Business Week of Year Shows Average Decline of 2 to 3 Per Cent.

PROSPECTS FOR FURNACES

Depend Largely Upon Extent to Which Freight Rates and Coal Costs Are Reduced.

The quietness of the iron and steel industry is not disappointing to the trade, inasmuch as little new business was expected during the first half of the month, because many companies had not completed their inventories.

"Operations thus far have been slightly less than the average for December," says The Iron Age. "The Steel Corporation's percentage being 46 or 47 per cent., against 49 per cent. last month, while the independent companies today are operating at about 38 per cent., after averaging about 34 per cent. last month."

In casting up the prospects for blast furnaces and mills it is added, manufacturers recognize that much hinges on the extent to which freight rates and coal mining and building labor are brought into line with the drastic deflation in steel. The possibility of a bituminous coal strike in April and the check it would put on iron and steel operations are also restricted as factors of uncertainty.

Railroad demand has been the principal item in the limited market news of the week. At Chicago the Union Pacific placed an order for 4,000 cars and the Illinois Central 1,000. Action by the Great Northern is expected next week.

The order for 80,000 tons of rails placed by the Pennsylvania brings the total placed for 1922 delivery up to nearly 500,000 tons. "But it is to be said that most of the large orders are now out," adds the paper. "Rails and tin plate largely account for the Steel Corporation's increase of 17,873 tons in unfilled orders on Dec. 31."

The automobile industry is again under way with a fair production after the holidays.

"Large size structural steel awards of the week will require 6,000 tons of steel, while fresh projects call for 8,000 tons."

The Iron Trade Review (47):

"The first business week of 1922 has produced some tangible support of the belief that a revival of heavier buying of iron and steel had been waiting upon the year-end settlement. Some important tonnages have been included in the week's turnover, with a resumption of industrial operations generally, and buyers are showing more disposition to open negotiations. The best that the industry expects is a slow expansion."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1922.

	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's sales	$38,990,550	$13,345,800	$15,608,800
Year to date	151,354,960	121,824,850	159,184,450

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
2,701	—Liberty 3½, 1932-'47	98.74	98.00	98.74	97.70	+ .50	97.66	97.70	4.64
6	—Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-'47	97.90	97.90	97.90	97.90	+ .20	97.90	97.96	4.15
21	—Liberty 2d cv. 4s, 1927-'42	97.84	97.84	97.74	97.74	+ .24	97.74	97.80	4.18
156	—Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-'47	98.04	97.96	98.00	98.00	+ .10	97.90	97.96	4.36
2,350	—Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-'42	97.94	98.10	97.90	97.94	+ .20	97.92	97.94	4.30
2	—Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, registered	97.90	97.90	97.90	97.90	+ .20			
6,452	—Liberty 2d 4¼s, 1927-'42	98.20	97.90	97.90	97.90	— .08	97.94	97.96	4.30
4	—Liberty 2d 4¼s, registered	97.90	97.90	97.90	97.90	— .08			
4,186	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	98.20	98.20	97.98	98.04	+ .04	98.00	98.06	4.41
6	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, registered	98.06	98.06	97.94	97.94	+ .02			
1	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-'23	100.12	100.12	100.10	100.10	+ .02	100.10	100.12	3.90
863	—Victory 4¼s, 1922-'23	100.12	100.12	100.12	100.12	+ .10	100.14	100.16	4.60
27	—Victory 4¼s, registered	99.96	100.00	99.96	100.00	+ .04			

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Argentine 6s, 1925, 97¾; Argentine Rep. of Chile, 8 f 8s, 1928, int'm rects, 103; Chinese Ry 8s, 1951, 93; City Bergen 4s, 1921, 98; City Berth 6s, 1955, 101½; City Bordx 6s, 1934, 101½; City Marsln 6s, 1934, 101½; City Rio Jan. temp 6 f 8s, 1953, 101½; City Tokio 5s, 1912, 101½; City Zurich 4s, 1947, 101½; Dan Munic 8 f 6s, A, 1946, 106½; Denia Rail 6s, 1948, 107; Dom of Can 5s, 1926, 101½; Dom of Can 5s, 1952, 100½; Dutch East Ind 6s, ex 1, 94½; French Govt 5½s, 1937, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1939, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1941, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1943, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1945, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1947, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1949, 100½; French Govt 5½s, 1951, 100½; French Govt 5½s,

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WAR BONDS HIGHER THAN FOR A YEAR

Five of the Eight Government Issues Make New Records in a Strong Market.

VICTORIES UP 4½ PER CENT.

Liberty Issues Range 12 Per Cent. Higher Than on Jan. 3, 1921.

Five of the eight issues of United States Government Liberty and Victory bonds yesterday touched new high records for a period covering more than a year and exhibited gains at the close of the day which put them up from 50 cents to a full dollar a hundred. They outsold any other group of bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Total transactions yesterday in listed bonds were $28,990,850, of which $18,292,850 were in Victory and Liberty bonds. For the last three days the turn-over in these issues has been tremendous, huge blocks having been purchased by investors of all kinds—individuals, corporations and institutions—at the advanced prices.

Both of the Victory issues are selling at a premium. The 4¾ per cent. notes sold at 100.18 and the 3¾s at 100.12, at which the former yields 4.60 and the latter 3.00 per cent. The present yields range from this low point of 3.00 and the first 3¾ per cent. yield of 3.64 up to 4.59 per cent. for the third 4¼s and 4.60 for the Victory 4½s, which are, in effect, short-term notes, since their maturity is comparatively near by.

A Gain of $12.

At last night's prices the Government's war issues show an appreciation from the lows of last year of approximately 12 per cent. for the Liberty issues and of about 4¼ per cent. for the Victories. This advance has varied with the issues, in the Liberty bonds it is from $10.20 to $12.90.

The following table shows the 1921 low for the active Liberty and Victory issues, the lows of July and the highs yesterday, which were approximately the closing prices:

Bond.	Low of 1921	July Low.	Yesterday's High.
Liberty 3½s	86.06	86.26	96.00
First 4s	85.24	87.00	97.80
Second 4s	85.34	86.90	97.84
First 4¼s	85.40	87.12	96.04
Second 4¼s	85.30	86.70	96.16
Third 4½s	86.00	90.24	98.20
Fourth 4¼s	85.80	86.76	96.20
Victory 3¾s	95.80	96.24	100.12
Victory 4½s	95.86	96.22	100.18

There have been half a dozen factors back of the advance. The main one, of course, is the easy trend of money. Call funds may be had at 3½ per cent. and time funds at 4½.

Paradoxical as it appears, the slackening of business and industry has been an aid and has brought "almost even" the thousands of investors who put their funds into Liberty bonds and Victory notes during and immediately after the war. This slackening has released a great surplus of funds. Corporation pay rolls are small and the amount of money tied up in raw materials is much less than a year ago.

This money is seeking employment and naturally it flows to money centres.

Bonds of all sorts have advanced with the Liberty issues. The usual reinvestment demand of early January has added another stream of inquiry for securities which provide safety, a moderately high yield, and in most cases a far away maturity.

A Shift in Holdings.

One dealer said yesterday there had been a considerable shifting in holdings. For instance, purchasers of the Victory notes, who now may receive a few cents more than they paid for the securities, are exchanging them for the long term issues. Many who hold the long term issues are going into the tax exempts. In addition, dealers say, a great many people who sold Liberty bonds to establish tax losses and who have written these losses off, now are reinvesting in Liberty bonds. The Government has been a very heavy purchaser of its own paper, particularly in the Victory notes. Then, too, some savings banks, as the head of one institution expressed it yesterday, have commenced to "nibble" at the Liberty bond market.

Dealings in the Liberty and Victory section, running about $18,000,000 a day on the New York Stock Exchange, are said by the dealers to be about one-third to one-quarter of the total daily transactions in all parts of the country.

The future of the Liberty bond market is bright, in the opinion of the leaders in the financial district. The opinion is generally expressed in the financial district that every Liberty bond will touch par before the end of 1922.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	4.50	4.75	4.50	4.75
Quicksilver		52.00		52.00
Aluminum	.17	.18	.17	.18
Iron, No. 2X silicon	22.00	22.50	23.00	23.50

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 13⅝c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s	d.	Tuesday. £	s	d.
Copper, spot	65	15	0	65	7	6
Copper, futures	66	0	0	66	5	0
Tin, spot	165	12	6	165	5	0
Tin, futures	167	7	6	167	0	0
Spelter, spot	26	10	0	26	15	0
Spelter, futures	26	17	6	27	2	6
Lead, spot	24	7	6	24	10	0
Lead, futures	24	5	0	24	5	0

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	53.50	53.00	53.40	+ .30
25 industrials	81.63	80.72	81.33	+ .86
50 stocks	67.56	66.86	67.40	+ .04

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 10	67.09	66.21	66.52	+ .05
Jan. 9	67.44	66.49	66.90	+ .44
Jan. 7	67.44	67.02	67.24	+ .24
Jan. 6	67.42	66.64	67.10	+ .18
Jan. 5	67.57	66.63	66.92	+ .54
Jan. 4	67.52	66.66	66.70	+ .24
Jan. 3	68.61	66.94	67.06	+ 1.44

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922	68.61	Jan. 3	66.21	Jan. 10	67.40
1921	72.33	Jan. 11	67.09	Jan. 3	70.50
1920	92.18	Jan. 5	85.25	Jan. 31	87.57
1919	74.00	Jan. 2	69.75	Jan. 21	71.15
1918	69.09	Jan. 21	64.19	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	84.71	Jan. 31	86.21

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Full Years.					
1921	72.12	May 6	53.25	June 21	68.50
1920	94.67	Apr. 8	62.70	Dec. 22	67.06
1919	99.30	Nov. 5	69.18	Jan. 21	85.69
1918	89.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.88

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

40 issues	70.32	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
		+.21	+.64	+5.52

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Jan. 10	76.01	+.35	Dec. 30	75.07	+.05
Jan. 9	75.46	+.15	Dec. 29	75.06	
Jan. 7	75.28	+.46	Dec. 28	75.00	+.01
Jan. 6	75.55	+.15	Dec. 27	74.99	+.06
Jan. 5	75.07	+.49	Dec. 26	Holiday.	
Jan. 4	75.05	+.42	Dec. 24	74.93	+.12
Jan. 3	75.01	+.56	Dec. 23	74.93	+.08
Jan. 2	Holiday.		Dec. 22	74.96	+.22
Dec. 31	75.27	+.20			

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

Full Years.					
1921	76.31	Nov. 29	67.34	June 30	75.27
1920	78.14	Oct. 21	66.57	May 21	69.66
1919	72.06	June 1	71.05	Dec. 18	72.00
1918	82.86	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.43	Jan. 20	74.94	Dec. 20	76.99

*To date.

EXCHANGE ADMITS 14 ISSUES TO LIST

Toledo, St. Louis & Western to Offer $20,000,000 Common and Preferred.

The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange has admitted to the trading list the following securities:

Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company, Empire Trust Company, Series B certificates of deposit for $10,000,000 preferred and $10,000,000 common stock; Great Northern Railway Company, $115,000,000 general mortgage 7 per cent. gold bonds, Series A, due July 1, 1936; Tobacco Products Corporation, $900,000 additional common stock; Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company, $14,734,500 first and refunding mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, Series A, due Jan. 1, 1961; Pure Oil Company, temporary interchangable certificates for $5,709,000 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, permanent interchangeable certificates for $4,300,000 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and permanent engraved certificates for $1,500,000 common stock.

Burns Brothers, $1,292,100 7 per cent. cumulative prior preference stock, on official notice of issuance in exchange for outstanding preferred stock, share for share; $3,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, on official notice of issuance and distribution to holders of the preferred stock of William Farrell & Son, Inc., share for share; 80,944 shares Class A common stock without nominal or par value on official notice of issuance in exchange for present outstanding common stock of the par value of $100 each, share for share; and 80,940 shares of Class B common stock without nominal or par value, on official notice of issuance and distribution to the holders of the common stock of William Farrell & Son, Inc., in the ratio of five shares of Class B common stock for each eight shares of the outstanding common stock of William Farrell & Son, Inc.

International Paper Company, $701,000 first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund convertible coupon bonds, Series A, due Jan. 1, 1947, and Bush Terminal Company, $168,100 additional common stock.

IDLE CARS INCREASE.

66,302 More Tied Up on Account of the Holidays.

Idle cars on Dec. 31, 1921, numbered 638,675, an increase of 66,302 compared with Dec. 23, 1920, the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association reported yesterday.

Tabulations showed that 470,516 were surplus freight cars, and the remaining 148,159 were in need of repairs. Surplus box cars totaled 191,707, an increase of 34,012 over the total on Dec. 23, surplus coal cars numbered 221,414, an increase of 24,382 compared with the week before.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Ajax Rubber		1⅝	2¼	1⅝
Anaconda Copper	Jan. 23	⅛	⅛	⅛
Chatham and Phenix National Bank		36	39	36
Common'n Edis. Co.	Jan. 14	¾	1	¾
Corn Exchange Bank	Feb. 3	24	20	24

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
American Brass	290	295	290
Amalgamated Leather	8½	10	8½
Amalgamated Leather pf	30	40	30
Atlas Powder	114	119	114
Atlas Powder pf	75	77	75
Babcock & Wilcox	102	104	103
E. W. Bliss	22	25	22
Borden Co., The	98	100	97½
Borden Co., The, pf	91	94	91
Childs Co.	101	103	101
Childs Co., pf	100	102	100
Du Pont pf	88	92	88
Du Pont pf scrip	75	78	75
Gillette Safety Razor	184	185	179
Do fraction shares	18	19	17½
Hercules	150	160	145
Hercules pf	96	97	95
Ingersoll-Rand	140	155	140
Ingersoll-Rand pf	92	100	98
Merck & Co.	80	85	80
New Jersey Zinc	124	126	124
Niles-Bement-Pond	40	42	40
Niles-Bement-Pond pfd	85	90	85
Northern Securities	94	97	94
Royal Baking Powder	90	98	90
Royal Baking Powder pf	91	94	91
Safety C. H. & L.	60	62	60
Scoville Mfg.	240	250	240
Singer Mfg.	90½	92	91
Standard Screw	240	250	240
Van Raalte	32	38	35

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	72	74
Belgian (restor'n)	5	Sep., 1919	94	97
Belgian Fran.	7	1950	73	77
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	343	358
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	320	336
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	428	443
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5½	Oct., 1922	413	446
Brit. Nat. W. B.	6	1929	426	443
French Govt. Vic.	5	Jan., 1931	64	66
French Loan, '71	4	Jan., 1945	50	51½
French Loan	4	May, 1920	73½	75
French Loan	4-5	1920	72½	74
City Copenhagen	4	Apr., 1901	69½	72
Canada	5½	Nov., 1925	95	96½
Canada	5	Mar., 1937	104½	105¾
City of Pelotas	6	June, 1951	60	63
Italy War Loan	5		83	84
Rep. of Costa Rica	8	1911	56½	58½
*Russian ruble bds.	6½	Feb., 1928	4¾	6
*Russian external	5½	Dec., 1921	20	22
Do (Nat. City Bank cfts.)			18	21
*Russian external	6½	June, 1919	20	22
Do (Nat. City Bank cfts.)			18	21
Russian rentes of 1914			7	8
Sweden	5	June, 1939	95	95½
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	96¾	96¾
Uruguay	6	1919	64½	64¾

*Dollar bonds issued in this country.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 29@12 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Previous Close.
Spot			8.30	8.30
Jan.	8.43	8.40	8.53	8.34
Feb.	8.58	8.53	8.57	8.40
March	8.76	8.68	8.75	8.60
April	8.90	8.85	8.84	8.70
May	9.00	8.96	9.00	8.90
June	9.10	9.10	9.12	9.02
July	9.26	9.19	9.23	9.16
Aug.	9.36	9.30	9.30	9.30

Total sales, 19,700.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was steady.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Year. Last.
July	8.37	8.26	8.26	8.37	7.70
Sept.	8.37	8.35	8.37	8.37	8.10

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was firmer, closing 2@8 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Close.	*Prev. Last. Year.
March	2.34	2.23	2.23	2.19	4.75
May	2.42	2.40	2.40	2.37	4.37
July	2.60	2.58	2.59	2.56	5.00
Sept.	2.71	2.68	2.69	2.67	

*Closing price.

I. R. T. PLANS TO MEET MARCH 1 INTEREST

Payment Must Be Made Then on the $38,144,000 Extended 8% Notes.

ADVICE ON MARKET RATES

Hedley Corrects Misapprehension Concerning Basis of Quotations on 7 and 8 Per Cent. Notes.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company is making preparations to meet the interest due March 1 on the $38,144,000 extended 8 per cent. notes, it was learned yesterday at the offices of the company. The company paid the semi-annual interest due Jan. 1 on the $161,504,000 first and refunding 5 per cent. bonds and now is looking forward to the March 1 demands.

As part of this program, Frank Hedley, President of the company, issued a statement yesterday urging holders of the three-year 7 per cent. notes, which were due Sept. 1, 1921, to deposit their notes under the extension agreement. It is estimated that about $3,000,000 of the 1 per cent. notes are still undeposited.

"Many of the holders of the 7 per cent. notes," Mr. Hedley said, "have been deterred from effecting the exchange of their securities into the 8 per cent. notes by reason of a misapprehension as to the basis upon which the two classes of securities have been quoted upon the New York Curb market. The 7 per cent. notes are quoted flat. The quotation for the 8 per cent. notes, on the other hand, does not include accrued interest. Consequently, the 7 per cent. notes are generally quoted a point or two higher than the 8 per cent. notes. This seeming difference in market value is, therefore, apparent, but not real. As a matter of fact, the market value of the two sets of notes is at all times substantially the same. The reason is not generally known to our noteholders, and we believe the facts should be given so that all outstanding 7 per cent. noteholders may have no further hesitancy upon this score in depositing their 7 per cent. notes for extension.

"The last date upon which both the 7 per cent. notes and the extended 8 per cent. notes were traded in upon the New York Curb market was Jan. 7, 1922. The closing quotation upon that date for 7 per cent. notes was 76⅝ and for the 8 per cent. notes 74. These quotations, on their face, would seem to indicate a difference of 2¼ points in market value in favor of the 7 per cent. notes. This difference, however, does not exist, because the 7 per cent. notes are bought and sold flat—that is, without interest from Sept. 1, 1921, while the 8 per cent. notes carry the attached interest coupon and are bought and sold with interest at 8 per cent. from Sept. 1, 1921."

No funds have been advanced yet by the Interborough to the Manhattan Railway Company to meet the quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent., which was due on Jan. 1, according to information yesterday. This dividend is guaranteed by the Interborough, but doubt was heard in certain quarters that the payment would be met.

Before the Interborough could be in default of payment ninety days must elapse. This means that the Manhattan could not throw the Interborough into the hands of the receiver until ninety days after the due date of the dividend.

VOTE MORE CAPITAL STOCK.

Federal Light & Traction Stockholders Approve $10,000,000 Increase.

The plan to increase the capital stock of the Federal Light and Traction Company from $11,000,000 to $21,000,000 was approved at a special meeting of the stockholders yesterday. The additional amount is to be represented by a new 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock. The stockholders also decided to authorize the issue of 55,000 shares of common stock without par value, to be exchanged share for share for the present outstanding common stock, and to increase from 5 to not more than 7½ per cent. the annual interest to be paid on all or any part of the bonds issued under the terms of the thirty-year first lien 5 per cent. sinking fund mortgage securing the issue.

When finally consummated, the plan is expected to provide a medium for paying dividends on the preferred stocks which have not been paid since Sept. 1, 1914, and for resuming regular cash disbursements. In place of a cash dividend it is proposed to distribute to holders of the 6 per cent. preferred stock a stock dividend of the same issue.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate	Bid.	Asked
Atch., T. & S. Fe	1922-35	6	5.80	5.50
Atlantic Coast L.	1922-30	6	5.87	5.60
Do	1922-31	6	5.85	5.60
Balt. & Ohio	1922-27	4½	6.15	5.75
Bethlehem Steel	1922-30	7	6.97	6.25
Buff., R. & Pittsb.	1922-35	4½@5	6	5.87	5.60
Canadian Pacific	1922-35	4½@5	6	5.87	5.50
Cent. R.R. of N. J.	1922-29	6	5.80	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1924-35	6½	5.90	5.60
Chi. Bur. & Qy.	1922-35	6	5.80	5.50
Chi. & N. W.	1922-37	6½	5.90	5.60
Do	1922-35	6	5.87	5.60
Do	1925-36	6½	5.85	5.60
Chi., R. I. & P.	1922-27	4½@5	6	6.50	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1922-24	5	6.00	5.60
C., C., C. & St. L.	1922-39	5	@6	5.85	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1923	4½	6.75	5.25
Do	1922-35	6	5.85	5.60
Erie Railroad	1922-28	4½@5	6	6.70	6.20
Gt. Northern Ry.	1922-36	6	5.87	5.60
Illinois Central	1922-27	4½@5	6.85	5.50
Do	1922-35	6	5.87	5.60
Do	1925-36	6½@7	5.85	5.60
Kanawha & Mich.	1922-34	6	5.90	5.50
Do	1923-42	6	5.90	5.80
Do	1932-35	6	5.90	5.90
Louis. & Nash.	1922-23	5	5.90	5.50
Do	1922-34	6	5.90	5.60
Do	1922-34	6½	5.90	5.60
Michigan Central	1922-35	5	@6	5.85	5.60
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1922-26	4½@5	6.20	5.75
Do	1922-35	6@6½, 7	6.15	5.80
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1922-24	5	6.75	6.00
Nat. Steel Car L.	1922-26	6	5.75	5.50
New York Central	1922-33	4½@6	5.90	5.80
Do	1922-35	6	5.85	5.60
Do	1922-36	7	5.90	5.65
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-29	4½@5, 6	6.75	6.15
Norfolk & West.	1922-34	6½	5.87	5.50
Do	1922-35	6	5.85	5.60
Northern Pacific	1922-30	7	5.85	5.60
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1925-35	7	5.90	5.60
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1922-23	4 @4½	6.50	5.60
Do Railroad	1922-35	6	5.85	5.50
Pitts & L. E.	1922-30	6½	5.85	5.85
Reading Company	1922-27	4½	5.85	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1922-27	4½@5, 6	6.00	6.20
Southern Pacific	1922-30	4½	5.87	5.50
Do	1924-35	7	5.90	5.50
Southern Railway	1922-26	4½@5	6.25	5.65
Union Pacific	1924-35	7	6.75	5.50
Virginian Railway	1922-35	6	6.10	5.75

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
American Cigar	67	71	67
American Tobacco scrip	113½	115¾	113½
George W. Helme	100	100	100
George W. Helme pf	100	105	100
McAndrews & Forbes	102	106	102
McAndrews & Forbes pf	87	93	87
Mengel Co.	24	29	24
J. S. Young	80	90	80
J. S. Young pf	87	95	87
Porto Rico-American	64	70	64
Porto Rico-American scrip	73	85	73
R. J. Reynolds, new A	85	87	85
R. J. Reynolds, pf. B	98	98	98
R. J. Reynolds pf	105	107	105
Tobacco Products 2 p. c.	99	101	99
Tobacco Products 7 p. c.	99	101	99
Universal Leaf	135	145	135
Universal Leaf pf	99	103	99
Weyman-Bruton	147	154	147
Weyman-Bruton pf	100	103	100

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	58	61	58½
Central Aguirre	40	43	40
Fajardo	99	103	99
Federal Sugar	100	118	103
Great Western	97	100	97
Godchaux	10	15	10
Godchaux pf.	53	56	53
Holly	12	15	12
Holly pf.	37	43	37
National	93	98	93
Savannah	15	20	17
Savannah pf.	37	39	39
West India pf.	90	94	90

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values.

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1909	M. & S.	77
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	95½	96
Belgium 7½s, 1945	A. & O.	105¾	106¾
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	105	106
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	103½	104½
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N.	107	107½
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N.	85	88½
King. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	103¾	104
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	95¾	97¼
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926	M. & N.	97¾	98
Dom. of Canada 6s, 1927	A. & O.	95¾	96¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	101¾	102
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1928	A. & O.	93	94
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.	101¼	101¾
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & D.	44½	45
City of Christiania 6s, 1945	A. & O.	100	101
City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1044			96¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1904	J. & J.	86	
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S.	84½	
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	80	
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A.	77	77½
Denmark 8s, 1946	A. & O.	107¾	108¾
Denmark 6s, 1942	M. & N.	97	98¾
Dan. Mun. 5s, Ser. A	F. & A.	106½	107
Dan. Mun. 5s, Ser. B	F. & A.	106½	107
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	102	103¼
French Gov. 5s, 1945	A. & O.	100¾	100¾
Italy 6½s, 1925	M. & S.	92	93½
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	73¾	74¾
Japanese 4½s, 1925	F. & A.	87¾	87¾
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser.	F. & A.	87¾	88¾
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N.	83	83½
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N.	83	83½
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	J. & D.	40¾	41
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	Q. Jan.	54	54½
King. of Norway 5s, 1940	A. & O.	100¾	100
State of Queensland 7s, '41	A. & O.	107	107½
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	101	101½
Rom. Republic 8s, 1958	F. & A.	87	87½
San Paulo 8s, 1936	J. & J.	101¼	102
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939	J. & D.	95	95½
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.	114¾	115
City of Tokio 5s	M. & S.	68	69
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.	104½	105
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O.	105	103¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1922	F. & A.	100¼	100¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A.	99¾	100
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A.	97¾	97¾

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, c. 1930	101¼	102
2s, c. 1930	101¼	101¾
4s, r. 1925	104¾	104¾
4s, c. 1925	104¾	104¾
Pan 2s, r. 1936	100½	
Pan 2s, c. 1936	100½	
Pan 2s, r. 1938	100½	
Pan 2s, c. 1938	100½	
Pan 4s, r. 1961	80	
Pan 4s, c. 1961	80	
Pan 4s, r. '24	80	
Pan 4s, c. '24	80	
Pan 4s, r. '25	80	
Pan 4s, c. '25	80	
Dist of Col 3-65s	95	

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely	10¾	11¾
Do pf	31½	33
Air Red	46	49
Alle & W	06	
Alas G M	⅝	½
Alaska J	⅝	¾
Alb & Sus	153	
All Am C	106½	110
Am S 1st pf	66	
Am Ag Ch	30½	31½
Am Bk N	58½	60
Do pf	50½	54
Am B M	35	36
Am C pf	95	95¾
Am C & F pf	116¼	
Am Chicle	10¾	11
Am Coal	73	
Am Exp	129½	132½
Am Ice	77¾	79½
Do pf	72½	73½
Am Lin pf	85¾	88
Am Lo pf	110	112
Am M & G	15	18
Am Rad	83	84½
Do pf	111	
Am Sm pf A	85	88
De B	87	100
Am Snuff	112	115
Do pf	80	91
Am Sti Fds pf	94	97
Am Sug pf	104	106
Am Tob pf	84	86
Am T & C	52	57
Am W W & El	8	7
Do pf	68¾	70
Am Whl pf	92	94
Am Wr Pa pf	22½	23
Am Zinc	13	13½
Do pf	37½	39
Ann Arbor	10	12
Ark Nat'l	13	15
Do ctfs	10¾	
Assets R	1	1½
Asso D G 2d pf	72¼	77¼
Assoc Oil	99¼	102
Atl C L	83	84
Atl Petrol	21½	23
Atl Refin	990	1,020
Atl Rys pf	25	28
Atl Sm Pdts	37	40
Do pf	100	103
Atlas Tack	22	24
Atlas Tack pf	85	90
Atlas Tack 1st pf	95	98
Atlas Tack 2d pf	80	85
Atlas Tack 3d pf	70	75
Atlas Tack 4th pf	60	65
Atlas Tack 5th pf	50	55
Atlas Tack 6th pf	40	45
Atlas Tack 7th pf	30	35
Atlas Tack 8th pf	20	25
Atlas Tack 9th pf	10	15

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CANCEL WAR DEBTS, BANKER SUGGESTS

England and America Should Give Up Sums Due From Continental Allies, Says Anderson.

BUY EUROPEAN SECURITIES

Higher Taxes and "Rational and Economic" Settlement of German Indemnity.

A suggestion that the Government of Great Britain and the Government of the United States agree to cancel the debts due them from their Continental allies and the bankers of the United States, Great Britain and Japan undertake to use their best efforts to place with American, British and Japanese investors large new blocks of Continental securities, providing new funds for rehabilitation purposes, is made by Benjamin M. Anderson, economist of the Chase National Bank, in the Economic Bulletin issued today by that institution.

"These undertakings," asserts Mr. Anderson, "should be made contingent upon, and conditioned on, the following considerations, without which they would do harm rather than good:

"The Continent of Europe undertakes to accomplish the financial and currency reforms indicated above, accepts a rational settlement of the German indemnity question and introduces the proper degree of freedom of trade.

"The lenders of the new funds retain supervision over the spending of the funds, to make sure that they are used for essential purposes only. The necessity of this last provision is emphasized when we reflect that Europe has already had from the United States since the armistice much more than enough money to have accomplished her rehabilitation had it been effectively used.

"Control over the expenditure of the new funds does not mean that they should be spent only in the country which lends them. The borrowers should be free to buy in the cheapest market, wherever that market is. It is world revival that we are aiming at. Narrow and selfish nationalistic purposes must be rigorously frowned upon. The control should merely make sure that the funds are really used for Europe's rehabilitation.

"No proposal is here made of cancellation of the British Government's debt to the United States Treasury. With the world revival which should come from the carrying out of this comprehensive plan, Britain could pay her debt to us without question."

Mr. Anderson says that any fundamental solution of the foreign exchange problem or the problem of trade with Europe must involve drastic reforms on the Continent of Europe itself. He enumerates these main items:

"Taxes must be greatly increased and public expenditures greatly diminished so that current revenues will not only meet current expenditures, but also suffice to permit some amortization of public debt. Floating debts must be funded into long term issues.

"Drastic currency reform is called for, aimed at an early restoration of actual gold redemption (or of redemption of the local currency in gold exchange). In Great Britain a restoration of the old gold parity should be looked for. Most of the Continental belligerents, however, will do best to establish new, and much lower, gold pars.

"A rational economic settlement of the German indemnity question must replace the political settlement dictated to Germany in the Spring of 1921. Germany should be made to pay what she can, but France, Belgium and Great Britain have nothing to gain by a continuation of the present demoralization of Germany.

"Trade relations within Europe must be made far freer than they now are, and in particular tariff barriers among the small States of Eastern Europe must be moderated very greatly.

"Industry in Europe must revive. It can be made to revive, however, if the reforms above indicated are accomplished, and if outside help in the form of new capital is obtained. If the reforms are accomplished, moreover, the outside help will be readily forthcoming."

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at auction salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street, yesterday:

FOR ACCOUNT OF EXECUTORS.
$300 Essex County Country Club 5 per cent. bond, due 1953; 76.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
50 shares the 342 Fifth Avenue Theatre Company, Inc.: $810 lot.
2,000 shares Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company, Inc.: $40 per share.
40 shares Owen Magnetic Motor Sales Corporation, common: $3 lot.
40 shares Owen Magnetic Motor Sales Corporation, preferred: $6 lot.
200 shares Empire Food Products Company, common: $250 lot.
140 shares Motograph Company of America, common: $100 lot.
150 shares Leander Company, Inc., common: $1,200 lot.
100 shares Myrin Oil Company, common: $100 lot.
500 shares Germproof Cup Corporation, common: $10 lot.
200 shares Fi-Re-Pak Company, Inc., common: $10 lot.
254,000 shares Como Consolidated Mines Company: $21 lot.

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the closing prices bid in the open market yesterday for United States certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Mat.	P. C.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
February	1922	5¼	100⅛	100⅛	3.50
*March	1922	5	100⅛	100⅛	3.35
*March	1922	5¼	100⅛	100⅛	3.60
*March	1922	5¾	100⅛	100⅛	3.85
April	1922	4½	100	100⅛	3.76
*June	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅛	3.90
*June	1922	5¼	100⅛	100⅛	3.87
August	1922	5¼	100⅛	100⅛	4.00
September	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.14
*September	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.13
*December	1924	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.25
*June	1924	5¾	102⅛	102⅛	4.62
*September	1924	5¾	102⅛	102⅛	4.56

*Acceptable in payment of Federal taxes on date of maturity.

BOSTON CURBS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext....	1	2	La Rose.....	23	25
Ariz. Silver..	13	13	Majestic....	1	2
Ariz. Tip Top	2	3	Mac. Metals..		10
Black Hawk..	3	6	Midway Mots		7
Chief Con....	3	3¼	Mut. Div. Tr.	83	87
Calaveras	30c		Monarch.....		13
Crystal, new.	60	62	Nat. L. & Z..		1
Denbigh.....	7	8	Nixon	6	8
Eagle B. B..	2¼	3	Rainier	3	6
Eureka Cre..	22	24	Seven Metals	7	7½
Fortuna	40	43	Silver Reef..	7	8
Gadsden	40	45	Texana		1
Homa	6	9	U. V. Ext....	2¾	2¾
Iron Blossom.	16	21	Yukon	1	1¼
Iron Cap....	6	8			

COMMODITY PRICES.

Lard Firm and Slightly Higher —Eggs Improve and Meats Up.

Increasing firmness in lard, Middle West, with another fractional gain yesterday, and a recovery of 1 cent the dozen in eggs, firsts, after a dip into lowest in more than eight months, featured the wholesale market yesterday. Other changes included a small advance in wheat, with cotton, middling uplands, still continuing weak and lower. Other grains, groceries, provisions and metals were firm and unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday a week before and a year ago:

	Jan. 11, 1922.	Jan. 4, 1922.	Jan. 11, 1921.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.20½	$1.19½	$2.06¾
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.65¾	.65¾	.94
Oats, No. 2 white	.47¾	.47¾	.59
Flour, Minn. patent	7.35	7.25	9.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06½	.06½	.07
Sugar, granulated	.046	.046	.07¾
Butter, cream'y, 92 score	.34½	.40	.54
Eggs, fresh-gathered 1st'y, per dozen	.34	.42	.69
Lard, Mid. W.	8.70	9.40	13.60
Pork, mess	20.00	20.00	29.00
Beef, family	14.00	14.00	26.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	21.75	21.75	33.00
Steel billets, Pittsburgh	29.00	29.00	43.50
Lead	4.75	4.70	5.00
Copper	13.62½	13.62½	13.00
Tin	32.75	32.37½	36.50
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	14.20	14.05	17.50
Print cloths	.05¾	.05¾	.06¾

Highest and lowest prices for the year 1921 are as follows:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat (new)	$1.40¾	July 14	$1.06	Nov. 2
Wheat (old)	1.37	Jan. 12	1.02	July 5
Corn	.59¾	Jan. 3	.51¾	Oct. 14
Oats	.40¾	Jan. 3	.31	Oct. 27
Flour	10.50	Jan. 18	7.10	Dec. 13
Coffee	.09¼	Dec. 9	.06½	Mar. 12
Sugar	.06¾	Mar. 18	.048	Dec. 20
Lard	14.25	Jan. 3	8.40	Dec. 5
Butter	.57	Jan. 3	.33	May 30
Eggs	.70	Jan. 7	.20¾	May 25
Pork	35.50	Dec. 31	20.00	July 19
Beef	29.00	Jan. 24	14.00	July 8
Iron	33.00	Jan. 26	19.75	Aug. 11
Steel	47.00	Jan. 3	29.00	Sept. 9
Lead	5.25	Jan. 10	4.00	Dec. 29
Tin	36.50	Jan. 10	28.25	Aug. 5
Copper	17.00	Dec. 6	11.75	Mar. 11
Cotton	21.55	Sept. 27	10.80	June 20
Print cloths	.06¾	Oct. 1	.04½	June 24

MORE CIGARETTES SMOKED.

Output in 11 Months 16 Per Cent. More Than for All of 1920.

Production of cigarettes in the United States during November aggregated 4,233,283,283, against 3,532,457,916 in the same month last year, the increase amounting to 19 per cent. Cigar production declined 7 per cent, but smoking and chewing tobacco increased 4½ per cent, and snuff was 26 per cent. larger. Figures of production for November compared with 1920 follow:

	1921	1920
Cigarettes	4,233,283,283	3,532,457,916
Cigars	615,761,333	665,060,615
Mfd. tob. (lbs.)	23,747,190	19,825,730
Snuff (lbs.)	5,034,443	1,624,384

The figures for the eleven months ended Nov. 30, follow:

	1921	1920
Cigarettes	48,933,892,940	41,824,545,349
Cigars	8,280,066,000	7,981,868,357
Mfd. tob. (lbs.)	328,647,945	348,231,234
Snuff (lbs.)	32,819,299	33,901,054

Cigarette output for the eleven months was 16 per cent. above the total for 1920, but the total for cigars was 15 per cent. smaller.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Frank F. Kolbe, who has been in charge of the General Motors Corporation's New York office of the treasurer's department, has been appointed an assistant treasurer with headquarters in this city.

Otto H. Kahn will address the Women's Bond Club at the Bankers Club next Tuesday.

A list of high grade municipal bonds, with yields ranging from 5.25 per cent. to 7 per cent. is being distributed by Caldwell & Co.

An eighty-page grain guide, giving comprehensive statistics on wheat, corn, oats, provisions, with deposit requirements and trading rules, has been issued by Rasmussen & Co.

George D. Hauser, manager of the foreign department of the Gotham National Bank, has been elected assistant vice-president of the bank, a newly created office.

The Bankers Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the cumulative participating 6 per cent. preferred stock of Harding Cumming, Inc. The trust company also has been appointed registrar of American shares of Anglo-American Corporation of South Africa, Ltd.

McDonnell & Co. have issued their January offering circular listing municipal, foreign government and corporation bonds, yielding from 4.40 per cent. to 7.45 per cent.

At the annual meeting of the Fifth National Bank F. L. Rossman was elected to the board to succeed W. Flachmann, resigned. M. Yankauer also was elected.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 10,507 packages. Practically no change in the range of prices. Creamery, higher than extras, 92-score, 34@34½c; extras, 93 score, 34@34½c; firsts, 31@33½c; seconds, 28½@30c; lower grades, 27@28c; centralized cars, 90 score, 29½c; 89 score, 31½@32c; 88 score, 30½@31c; 86 to 87 score, 29@30c; unsalted, higher than extras, 36½@37c; extras, 93 score, 35@36c; firsts, 31@34c; seconds, 28½@30c; lower grades, 27@28c; held or storage, high scoring, 32½@33c; extras, 32½@33c; firsts, 30@32c; seconds, 29@30c; State dairy tubs, finest, 33½@34c; good to prime, 31@32c; common to fair, 29@30c; ladles, current make, extras, 30@31c; firsts, 25@27c; seconds, 23@23c; lower grades, 20@21½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 21@22c; No. 2, 19@20c; lower grades, 16@18c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 12,783 cases. Market tone firmer, with a slight recovery. Storage eggs steadier. Whites show little change in the general market. Fresh gathered extras, nearby, 47@48c; extra firsts, 45@46c; firsts, 42@44c; seconds, 40@41c; dirties, regular packed, No. 1, 37@38c; No. 2 and poorer, 34@36c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 34@36c; refrigerator eggs, charges paid to city, firsts, 30@31½c; seconds, 29@30c; storage packed, firsts, 34@35c; seconds, 32@33c; No. 2, 30@31c; checks, 29@30c; white eggs, refrigerator, 29@30c; storage packed whites, 32@33c; brown and mixed colors, 30@32c; fresh, N. J., henmery whites, extra fancy, candled selections, 46c; nearby and nearby Western henmery whites, average extras, 41@42c; extra firsts, 39@40c; firsts, 37@38c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 37@40c; undergrades, 32@36c; mixed colors, fancy, grades, smallest cut, 34@36c; unassorted, 31@33c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 33@37c; nearby and nearby Western henmery browns, extra, 39@40c; nearby brown and mixed colors, gathered extras, 37@38c; firsts to extra firsts, 32@36c.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up ⅛d at 28⅜d. New York price for domestic bar silver was 63¾c per ounce, the Mint price; "foreign" silver ⅜c lower at 56c.

Range of prices for silver bullion for the year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	28¾d	Jan. 9	24⅛d	Jan. 3
New York	63¾c	Jan. 10	54⅜c	Jan. 3

Range for the year 1921:

London	42⅝d	Sept. 27	28⅛d	Mar. 5
New York	77⅛c	Oct. 17	52½c	Mar. 6

COMPLAINS OF PERSIA.

Oil Company Head Calls Government's Acts "Confiscatory."

Terming the action of the Persian Government "ill-advised," and "confiscatory," in its dealings with the Anglo-Persian Oil Company, Ltd., Sir Charles Greenway, Chairman of the company, discusses at length the oil situation in his annual report released yesterday. Sir Charles explained how his company obtained its extensive concessions in Northern Persia, and the subsequent repudiation of the Persian Government's decision, actuated, he supposed, "by financial and other difficulties" of the Government. The Government was negotiating, it was said, with another company for a new concession covering the same areas the Anglo-Persian Company held.

In commenting on the misconceptions which existed regarding the Anglo-Persian Company's oil rights in Mesopotamia, Sir Charles said that the company's relations with the Standard Oil Company were of the friendliest nature, and that there was no ground for rumors of serious disputes between the two companies.

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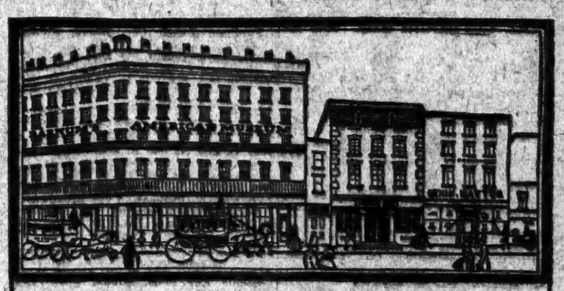

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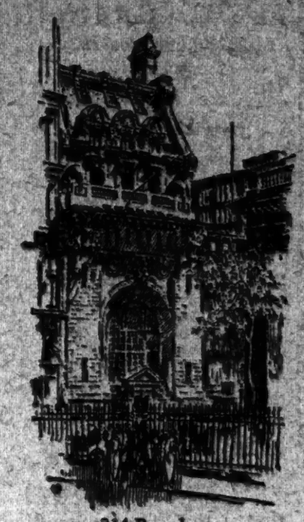

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OF THE
MERCHANTS'
POINT OF VIEW

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK

Safe Deposit Vaults

National Bank of Commerce in New York
ESTABLISHED 1839

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 1921

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and Discounts	$267,788,549.59	Capital Paid up	$25,000,000.00
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness, Victory Notes, and Liberty Bonds	34,566,967.05	Surplus	25,000,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities	7,029,185.27	Undivided Profits	9,763,236.56
U. S. Government Securities Borrowed	2,500,000.00	Deposits	340,536,915.29
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank	1,500,000.00	U. S. Government Securities Borrowed	2,500,000.00
Banking House	4,000,000.00	Reserved for Interest and Taxes Accrued	2,975,912.56
Cash, Exchanges, and due from Federal Reserve Bank	94,817,156.24	Dividends Payable Jan. 3, 1922 (Regular 3% and extra 4%)	1,750,000.00
Due from Banks and Bankers	6,357,690.40	Unearned Discount	1,381,803.83
Interest Accrued	1,253,996.90	Letters of Credit and Acceptances	33,314,553.26
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	32,333,865.25	Other Liabilities	9,925,000.00
	$452,147,410.78		$452,147,410.78

PRESIDENT
JAMES S. ALEXANDER
VICE-PRESIDENTS
HERBERT P. HOWELL
LOUIS A. HEIDEL
DAVID H. G. PENNY
JOHN E. ROVENSKY
SECOND VICE-PRESIDENTS
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ARCHIBALD F. MAXWELL
FRANZ MEYER
CASHIER
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GUY EMERSON
HARRY P. BARRAND
LOUIS F. CHRISTENSON
JAMES L. CLARKE
JAMES S. ALEXANDER
JOHN W. DAVIS
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FARIS R. RUSSELL
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EVERETT E. RISLEY
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COTTON SLUGGISH UNTIL NEAR CLOSE

Supply of Contracts Diminishes in Late Dealings and a Sharp Recovery Results.

Unsettling effects of increased offerings of actual cotton carried prices off 40 points yesterday. A decline of three-quarters of a cent in Liverpool also attributed to offers there from Southern points. New York ruled so close to a delivery basis from nearer Atlantic ports that pressure developed on both January and March positions. After general selling had brought May to a basis of 17¼ cents, trade buying, short covering and better demand from the speculative quarters caused a twenty-point recovery near the close. Final prices showed a loss of 11 to 21 points.

The market came under pressure at the opening. Liverpool grew definitely weak and instead of displaying the slightest tendency toward a recovery, continued to decline after the New York opening. For a time trade calling and demand for May around 17½ cents absorbed contracts. Large blocks changed hands between 17.80 and 17.90 for March. Cotton was supplied by speculative and Southern holders, with more disposition on the part of professional interests to attack prices. Outside of the sale of 6,000 bales at Galveston Tuesday, sales of spot cotton at ports points proved the smallest in weeks. Cotton at Norfolk was offered very close to a tenderable basis, which had pronounced influence on interests holding spot cotton in New York. It costs about eighty points to transfer cotton from Norfolk here, and middling prices in New York were quoted at 90 points over Norfolk. Instead of supporting near positions, pressure appeared on both January and March, supplying new demand and gradually weakening quotations. Some covering of cotton sold cent higher last week, furnished buying power as March approached 17¾ cents.

When the foreign level finally showed a loss of over 80 points of American reckoning, both New York and New Orleans gave way. Several houses with foreign and Southern connections had a quantity of May for sale. After revealing resistance around 17.45, pressure on May became such that stop loss orders were reached and that month broke to 17¼ cents. Brokers had some difficulty in finding a market for contracts during this running break. July had been in demand around 17 cents, but swapping orders for the sale of July against purchases of May caused a loss in July of a quarter of a cent in two minutes. This decline brought March about 100 points from the top, reached on Tuesday. Trade purchases continued with every decline and a cent and a half movement in a week attracted more support. A firmer stock market brought about covering of cotton sold early, creating the first recovery of the day about noon.

Though pressure continued during the afternoon, sufficient to carry quotations back close to low figures, it was evident that larger lines to be sold had already found a lodging place during the morning decline. Twice May ran below 17.30, only to encounter increasing resistance. Instead of selling only 32 points over May, March strengthened to 36 over. This induced room covering. When a steady advance in many securities occurred the last hour houses with Wall Street connections began covering cotton on a more active scale. Demand broadened near the close, with a rush of March orders that lifted that month over 17.50. This caused a general recovery of 20 points throughout the list and considerable cotton appeared to be wanted during the final dealings.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
January	18.00	18.00	17.72	17.92	18.03
March	17.88	17.90	17.62	17.82	18.00
May	17.53	17.57	17.45	17.55	17.76
July	17.04	17.05	16.76	16.99	17.16
October	16.38	16.38	16.19	16.25	16.38

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 15 points decline, at 18.20 for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 17.60c.; 20 points decline; New Orleans, 16.75c, 25 points decline; Savannah, 17.50c, 25 points decline; Augusta, 17.12c, 12 points decline; Memphis, 18c, 25 points decline; Houston, 17.35c, 20 points decline; Little Rock, 17.15c, 25 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last w'k.	Last yr.
Port receipts	16,916	24,037	17,893
Exports	16,240	50,421	11,512
Exports, season	3,068,724	3,029,467	2,543,529
New York stocks	98,784	88,844	33,689
Port stocks	1,330,874	1,265,431	1,461,179
N. O. arrivals	188	914	2,735

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, moderate demand, 37 points decline at 10.72d for middling. Sales 7,000, American 5,000. Imports 9,000, American 9,000. Future opened steady, 8 to 22 points decline. Closed easy, 29 to 41 points decline. Prices: January, 10.53d; March, 10.42d; May, 10.86d; July, 10.25d; October, 9.79d. Manchester: Yarns irregular, and cloths a fair business doing.

13,837 WAR CLAIMS FILED.

Government Pays $238,177,513 on Contracts So Far Adjusted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Secretary Weeks sent to the Senate today, in response to a resolution introduced by Senator King, a report giving the number of cases which have been acted upon by the War Department under the law of March 2, 1919, providing relief in cases of contracts connected with the prosecution of the war.

The Secretary stated that the number of claims filed for adjustment under the act was 13,857, of which twenty-two remain undetermined, and 7,088 have been adjusted and settled. The aggregate payments made on the claims adjusted amounted to $238,177,513.

The discrepancy of 9,723 cases appearing between the total number given as adjusted or pending, he added, was explained by the fact that in 3,208 claims all relief was denied and that 3,520 of the claims filed were withdrawn.

RUSSIA BANKING IN BERLIN.

Germany Resumes Financial Relations After Nearly Eight Years.

BERLIN, Jan. 11 (Associated Press.)—After seven and a half years' interruption official banking relations between Russia and Germany were reopened Tuesday.

The new Russian State Bank deposited several million marks in the Deutsche Bank and drew its first check for 1,500,000 marks.

Jewel Tea's Report Due Soon.

The annual report of the Jewel Tea Company is expected to be published early next month. Wall Street opinion is that the statement will show a moderate profit compared with the heavy deficits in 1920 and 1919. The report is expected to show the cleaning up of $450,000 bills payable, and a reduction of $1,500,000 in the serial notes, leaving $1,000,000 of the notes outstanding of an issue of $3,500,000.

Vulcan Detinning Co. Calls in Scrip.

The scrip dividends issued by the Vulcan Detinning Company during 1921 are payable at the Farmers Loan and Trust Company on Jan. 20, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent.

H. Kress & Company's Sales.

S. H. Kress & Co. reports gross sales of $4,755,172 for December, against $4,-408,311 in 1920. Gross sales for the twelve months were $28,900,385, against $28,822,941 in 1920.

Schulte Sales Increase.

Gross sales of the Schulte Retail Stores Corporation for December were $2,129,-710, against $1,906,096 in the same month the year before. Gross sales for 1921 were $19,975,289, against $17,008,440 in 1920.

DECREASE IN BRITISH TRADE IN 1921

Further Shrinkage in December—Year's Import Surplus Down £101,000,000 From 1920.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Following are the Board of Trade figures for the month of December of Great Britain's foreign trade: Total imports, £85,310,000; exports of British products, £59,370,000; re-exports of foreign merchandise, £9,200,-600; total exports, £68,570,000; excess of imports, £16,740,000.

Compared with November of 1921, the above statement shows the following changes:

Exports, British products	Dec.	£5,524,842
Re-exports of foreign goods	Dec.	623,120
Total exports	Dec.	4,148,041
Imports	Dec.	3,048,705
Excess of imports	Inc.	199,346

Compared with December of 1920, the changes are as follows:

Exports, British products	Dec.	£27,260,523
Re-export of foreign goods	Dec.	3,409,050
Total exports	Dec.	40,756,579
Imports	Dec.	57,475,245
Excess of imports	Dec.	16,715,666

The trade for December, 1921, compares as follows with Dec., 1920 and Dec., 1919:

	Dec., 1921.	Dec., 1920.	Dec., 1919.
Exports, British products	£59,370,000	£86,630,523	£90,858,233
Re-exports, foreign goods	9,200,000	12,609,056	26,159,031
Total exports	£68,570,000	£109,329,579	£117,018,164
Imports	85,310,000	142,785,245	169,802,837
Excess of imports	£16,740,000	£33,455,666	£52,584,473

For the calendar year 1921 the changes from 1920 are as follows:

Exports, British products	Dec.	£632,367,495
Re-exports, foreign goods	Dec.	115,397,476
Total exports	Dec.	747,734,971
Imports	Dec.	848,966,069
Excess of imports	Dec.	101,131,098

The trade for the calendar year ended Dec. 31, 1921, compares as follows with 1920 and 1919:

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Exports, British products	£703,101,532	£1,335,849,027	£798,638,362
Re-exports, foreign goods	107,048,481	223,405,987	164,746,315
Total exports	£810,240,013	£1,557,974,984	£963,384,677
Imports	1,087,876,061	1,936,742,120	1,626,156,212
Excess of imports	£277,636,048	£378,767,136	£662,771,535

Exports of British products during each of the last twelve months compare as follows:

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Dec.	£59,370,000	£96,630,523	£90,858,233
Nov.	62,894,842	119,864,994	87,110,531
Oct.	62,266,579	152,285,474	79,061,145
Sept.	57,118,507	152,757,136	148,588,572
Aug.	88,581,040	153,254,578	148,749,569
July	80,760,000	163,342,351	153,063,780
June	68,152,238	116,352,359	64,562,468
May	66,308,306	106,414,032	64,344,632
April	59,907,586	106,251,692	58,482,413
March	66,808,961	103,699,581	63,108,521
Feb.	68,221,731	85,964,150	46,914,931
Jan.	92,756,094	106,379,900	47,343,281

Imports during the same period compare as follows:

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Dec.	£85,310,000	£142,785,245	£169,602,637
Nov.	82,258,785	144,338,100	145,545,301
Oct.	94,741,853	149,631,058	153,500,587
Sept.	87,118,507	152,757,136	148,588,572
Aug.	88,581,040	153,254,578	148,749,569
July	80,760,000	163,342,351	153,063,780
June	68,152,481	170,365,667	122,874,390
May	66,308,306	166,414,032	135,612,488
April	89,907,504	167,129,955	112,065,823
March	93,741,854	176,647,518	105,762,970
Feb.	96,973,711	170,494,529	109,689,844
Jan.	117,050,783	183,542,988	134,546,436

For the last twelve months the monthly excess of imports after allowing for imported merchandise re-exported, compares as follows:

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Dec.	£16,740,000	£33,455,666	£52,584,473
Nov.	16,540,754	11,755,247	36,168,261
Oct.	12,080,859	21,202,924	54,797,840
Sept.	23,276,285	21,950,615	66,339,296
Aug.	27,236,954	25,071,623	58,664,737
July	28,330,000	8,041,968	75,992,955
June	42,947,479	33,789,409	46,347,975
May	35,988,054	26,834,532	59,772,504
April	21,604,297	40,470,844	40,236,953
March	13,044,488	26,916,777	43,886,209
Feb.	20,747,977	21,866,607	54,855,263
Jan.	14,339,568	51,998,602	82,643,136

The British foreign trade in December makes the following comparison with December of 1913:

	Dec., 1921.	Dec., 1913.
Exports, British products	£59,370,000	£43,326,920
Re-exports, foreign goods	9,200,000	9,728,523
Total exports	£68,570,000	£53,055,443
Imports	85,310,000	71,114,874
Excess of imports	£16,740,000	£18,059,431

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

High-Grade Securities Rise at London, Paris Less Active.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Buoyancy in the gilt-edged issues continued in the Stock Exchange trading today, on easier monetary conditions coupled with what was regarded as the favorable political outlook. The speculative markets were quiet. Old 2½ per cent consols, 50% ex-interest; British 5 per cent, war loan, unchanged at 92%; 4½ per cent. war loan, ⅛ higher, at 83¾.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2; De Beers Mining, ⅛ higher, at 9⅝.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 85 centimes higher, at 56 francs; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged, at 80 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 29 centimes higher, at 51 francs 13 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 12 francs 0½ centimes, against 12 francs 12½ centimes yesterday.

Ruling on International Paper.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange has ruled that contracts for International Paper Company first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due Jan. 1, 1947, now traded in on a "when issued" basis, must be settled on Friday, Jan. 13, 1922, by delivery of interim receipts.

South Porto Rico Co. Delays Meeting

The special meeting of the stockholders of the South Porto Rico Sugar Company, scheduled for yesterday, again was postponed until Feb. 16. The annual meeting was postponed until tomorrow.

Du Pont Stock Is Offered.

Dominick & Dominick are offering a block of E. I. du Pont de Nemours Company 6 per cent. cumulative debenture stock at a price to yield about 8¼ per cent. The company, in the period from 1916 to 1921 earned an average net equal to more than eight times the debenture stock dividend requirements. The bankers say that the company has $30,000,000 cash in bank and that its accounts payable have been reduced to current bills.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per iod.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
*Am. Malt and G.	3.50	—	Jan.	23
Atlas Pow. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb.	1 Jan. 20
Canadian Cons.	1¾	Q	Feb.	15 Jan. 31
Consolidation C.	$1.50	Q	Jan.	31 Jan. 20
Consol. Util. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb.	1 Jan. 20
H. H. Franklin pf.	1¾	Q	Feb.	1 Jan. 20
Hollinger Gold M.	1	M	Feb.	14 Jan. 14
Nat. Biscuit	1¾	Q	Apr.	15 Mar. 31
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb.	28 Feb. 14
Pitts. & Lake Erie	$2.50	SA	Feb.	1 Jan. 20
Rep. Fer. & Steel pf.	1¾	Q	Feb.	1 Jan. 20
Stn. Con. Oil pf.	$2.00	Q	Feb.	28 Feb. 15
Un. East. Mining	15c.	Q	Jan.	28 Jan. 9

*In liquidation.

EARNINGS.

DENVER GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

	Nov., 1921.	Nov., 1920.	Changes.
12 mos. gross	$7,742,267	$7,054,332	$687,935
Net aft. taxes	2,115,580	1,876,940	238,640
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,376,193	1,083,407	192,698

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH.

Net oper. rev.	$3,164,908	$3,800,461	*$1,485,484
Bal. aft. exp.	1,523,943	1,490,009	24,733
Oper. income	1,202,183	1,116,083	86,101
11 mos. oper. revenue	35,410,877	140,372,182	*14,961,305
Bal. aft. exp.	15,908,134	29,068,773	*4,186,641
Oper. income	12,179,461	15,857,914	*3,678,452

*Decrease.

WHEAT MOVES UP AGAIN AT CHICAGO

Scores a Net Gain on Covering by Shorts Against a Light Supply.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Wheat reversed its action of the previous day and at no time was it as low as Tuesday's close, finishing at the top, with net gains of 1¾ to 2 cents. The failure of confirmation of rumors of French banking difficulties, with the strength shown in Liverpool in the face of the decline in American markets the previous day, and the buying of 400,000 bushels May at the start credited to foreign account, were responsible for an opening bulge of ¾ to 1 cent.

At $1.10 for May, there were a number of orders to sell, but they were finally absorbed, and the local element who sold at that figure started to cover freely. Toward the last a leading professional, who has been a good seller of late, started to cover and found offerings light, making the final bulge.

A broadening in the milling demand was in evidence, but sales by Chicago handlers were only 20,000 bushels, the great difficulty in doing business from this market being the scarcity of choice grain. There was a rumor in circulation late in the day that a local mill was after a large quantity of No. 2 yellow hard Winter, and the East bought 100,-000 bushels January during the day at 7 cents under the May, compared with 8 cents under recently. Toledo sold 20,-000 bushels No. 2 red to Southeastern mills, but St. Louis reported a slow demand.

It is expected that the Grain Corporation will take 1,000,000 bushels domestic seed wheat for Russia late today. On the recent break Japan was understood to have taken 500,000 bushels domestic and 600,000 bushels Manitoba wheat at the Pacific Coast. A statistical report from the Pacific Northwest indicated theoretical holdings of around 36,000,000 bushels after allowing for exports to Jan. 1 and bread and seed requirements for the season. The bulk of the distressed flour at the seaboard is reported to have been taken for Russian relief, purchases of late being estimated at 150,000 to 200,000 barrels, and liberal purchases have been made of low grades at Minneapolis. Export demand continues slow.

Sentiment is still rather bearish in some quarters, and, unless there is an increase in outside buying, bulges are not expected to hold.

The Seaboard took 125,000 bushels of corn from Chicago handlers today, but sales for export were reported as rather light, due to some extent to a scarcity of freight, especially to German ports. There was free buying of May at 53 cents for seaboard account. Country offerings continue small, with outside markets and the seaboard outbidding Chicago in the interior.

Futures closed ½ to ⅝ cent higher, while oats were ⅝ cent higher, with domestic shipping sales 180,000 bushels.

So far this week primary receipts of wheat have been 1,928,000 bushels, previous week, 1,159,000; last year, 3,660,-000. Shipments have been 1,411,000 bushels; a week ago, 448,000; last year, 2,151,000.

Corn receipts have been 5,548,000 bushels; previous week, 3,185,000; last year, 4,295,000. Shipments, 2,704,000 bushels; previous week, 1,157,000; last year, 2,132,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Jan.	1.03	1.02¾	1.03	1.01¾		
May	1.10⅝	1.09	1.10⅝	1.08⅜	1.73	
July	1.00	.98¾	1.00	.98¼		

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	.53½	.52¾	.53⅝	.53¼	.78	
July	.54⅞	.54⅛	.54⅝	.54¼	.76	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	.38½	.38	.38¾	.37¾	.48⅜	
July	.39⅛	.38¾	.39⅛	.38¾	.48¼	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
May	.83¾	.82	.83¾	.81½	1.38½	

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Jan.	9.02	9.00	9.02	9.02	13.25	
May	9.37	9.25	9.37	9.25	14.02	
March	9.17	9.05	9.17	9.05		
July	9.55	9.47	9.55			
Ribs—						
May	8.25	8.20	8.25	8.12	12.85	

POSTAL RECEIPTS HIGHER.

$1,676,223 More From 50 Offices Last December Than in December, 1920.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Receipts at fifty selected post offices in December totaled $25,677,570, as compared with $25,001,347 in the same month in 1920, according to figures announced today by Postmaster General Hays. Receipts of the same post offices in December, 1919, totaled $14,251,924.90.

New York City had the highest total of receipts in December, with $5,282,418 against $4,980,662 in the December preceding, while Chicago was second with $4,459,097 last December, compared with $4,110,663 in the same month in 1920.

Philadelphia in third place last month with a total of $1,576,472 showed a decrease of $22,160 from the receipts of the preceding December. Boston, the only other post office to take in more than a million dollars, received $1,357,-927 in December, 1921, compared with $1,251,612.07 in December, 1920. St. Louis approached the $1,000,000 mark with $959,943 last month, compared with $853,010 in the same month a year ago.

Rochester, N. Y., reported the largest percentage of increase in December, 1921, over December, 1920, with 23.23 per cent., the receipts being, respectively, $213,112 and $172,501.

Hongkong & Shanghai Dividends.

The agent of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation is in receipt of a cable from the head office of the bank stating that subject to audit, the dividend on the shares of the old issue will probably be £3, and that in addition a bonus of £2 per share will be paid. On the shares of the new issue £2 5s will be the dividend, with a bonus of 15s.

Licorice Company's Extra Dividend.

An extra dividend of 2½ per cent. has been declared on the common stock of the National Licorice Company, payable Jan. 20, to stock of record Jan. 10.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		DIVIDE.	
Andes	.18	Alta Dde	.03
Best & Belcher	.14	Alta Dde	.05
Bullion	.30	Brougher	.04
Caledonia	.10	Divide Tonopah	.04
Challar	.10	Divide Ext	.03
Concordia	.03	Extension	.10
Con. Virginia	.03	Harmill	.14
Gould & Curry	.07	Kendrick	.02
Hale & Norcross	.25	Knox	.02
Justice	.08	Smuggler	.02
Mexican	.24	Zone	.12
Ophir	.04	GOLDFIELD.	
Potosi	.06	Booth	.03
Savage	.11	Consolidated	.04
Seg. Belcher	.07	Florence	.35
Scorpion	.03	Jumbo Extens	.02
Sierra Nevada	.15	Silver Pick	.04
Union	.60	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Utah	.04	Arrowhead	.02
TONOPAH.		Golden Hills	.04
Belmont	1.45	Bullwhacker	.08
Cash Boy	.05	Hamilton	.02
McNamara	.07	Holly	.09
McNamara Cons.	.03	Manhattan Cons.	.08
Midway	.03	Round Mountain	.13
Monarch	.02	Silver Hills	.03
North Star	.03	Simon	.52
Rescue	.12	Sterling	.04
Tonopah Exten	1.57½	Uncle Sam	.05
Tonopah 76	.04	White Caps	.04
West End	.76		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2¼	2½	Mary McK.	3¼	5
Elkton	1⅝	2	Portland	50	65
El Paso	9	10	Rose Nicholas	2	35
Golden Cy.	68	69	Sec. Gold M.	13½	15
Granite	6	12	Vindicator	93	94
Isabella	1½	2½			

GASOLINE DOWN A CENT.

Standard Oil Charges 24 Cents in New Jersey, 19½ in South Carolina.

A reduction of one cent a gallon in the tank wagon price for gasoline and kerosene was announced by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday to take effect immediately in all its territory. The new prices for gasoline range from 24 cents in New Jersey to 19½ cents in South Carolina and kerosene from 14 cents in Virginia to 11 cents in South Carolina. The kerosene price in New Jersey is now 12 cents a gallon. The territory affected by the reductions includes New Jersey Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina.

The reduction according to advices in the trade is due to the failure of jobbers to come into the market and arrange for their Spring and Summer supply. In normal years the jobber is in the market during January, stocking his tanks with gasoline. So far this month, it is said, he has shown little inclination to buy other than to cover immediate requirements, until he is sure that prices are not going any lower.

AJAX RUBBER BOND ISSUE.

Stockholders Approve $3,000,000 Offer and Change Capital Stock.

Stockholders of the Ajax Rubber Company have approved the issuance of $3,000,000 first mortgage fifteen-year 8 per cent. bonds and also a change in the present capital stock from 400,000 shares of $50 par value to 500,000 shares of no par value. A total of 169,861 shares were represented at the meeting, all of which were voted in favor of the change.

Referring to the announcement of the company that holders of the stock of record Jan. 12, have the right to subscribe at $12.50 a share for the capital stock of no par value to the extent of one share of new stock for each share of stock held, the committee on securities of the Stock Exchange rules that transactions in said stock shall be ex-rights on Jan. 12. The right to subscribe expires Jan. 26.

MRS. DODGE GETS LAND.

Action Over $20,000 Option on Madison N. J. Park Plot Settled.

Mrs. Geraldine R. Dodge, wife of Marcellus Hartley Dodge, daughter of William Rockefeller, paid $20,000 in Chancery Court in Newark yesterday for a plot of land in Madison, N. J., that will be given to the borough as a park and beauty spot.

The money was paid to counsel for Alfred P. Smith of Madison and represented the amount stipulated in an option Mrs. Dodge held by assignment on land owned by Smith and his wife. The case was taken to Chancery Court by Mrs. Dodge following a dispute over execution of a deed for the land. The matter was settled a few minutes before Vice Chancellor Backes appeared on the bench.

Dutch East Indies Bonds Listed.

The New York Stock Exchange has admitted to the trading list on a "when issued" basis, Dutch East Indies $40,-000,000 twenty-five-year external 6 per cent. gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1947. Application has been made for permission to list $8,121,000 additional capital stock.

QUEENS AND BROOKLYN SETTLE BOROUGH LINE

Latter Will Get $11,493,500 Assessed Property If Legislature Approves Agreement.

After more than ten years of discussion property owners along the border line between Queens and Brooklyn have agreed upon the dividing line of the boroughs. It will extend from Metropolitan Avenue to Onderdonk Avenue, Flushing Avenue, Cypress Avenue, Bleecker Avenue, St. Nicholas Avenue, Linden Avenue, Wyckoff Avenue, Irving Avenue and the cemetery line. Under this proposed plan property assessed by the Tax Department at $11,493,500 will be transferred from Queens to Brooklyn. The line will be embodied in a bill to be presented to the Legislature by Representatives from Queens County.

This agreement settled a number of important questions. Heretofore the line did not follow streets, but cut through the centre of blocks, and many property owners were under the necessity of paying taxes in both counties. The borough officials found difficulty in levying assessments for local improvements. The old line was laid down when the district was a farm land, and followed lanes and farm division lines wiped out by the development of the section into a city district.

MEXIA OIL FIELD SITUATION.

Another Well Closed in Big Appearance of Salt Water.

The Mexia oil field in Texas, "looked upon for a time as a potential market breaker, is being considered less seriously" in the trade, according to The National Petroleum News. "One company has suspended almost half of its tank construction program, it having planned fifty of the 55,000-barrel capacity. Another has made a big revision in its plans.

"The impression that the field will not attain the heights once believed possible and which led many companies to pay stiff prices for acreage and production there, is given backing by the closing of another well because of salt water. This well came in early in December for 4,000 barrels and is in the south half of the field. Wells have previously made water in the north part of the oil pay area, but this is the first in the southern part."

Brooks on Cal. Standard's Board.

K. R. Kingsbury, President of the Standard Oil Company of California, has advised the New York office that at the regular meeting of the Directors held on Tuesday, A. B. Brooks was elected a Director to succeed J. P. Smith, retired. Mr. Brooks for sixteen years has been purchasing agent of the company. At the same meeting H. T. Harper was elected a Vice President and J. H. Tittle Secretary.

Ruling on British Bonds.

The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday passed a resolution which changes the bid and offered prices to be made on United Kingdom bonds from 1-50 of 1 per cent. to 1-16 of 1 per cent. of their par value.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—Fifty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,596,000, were chartered today. They include:

Camp Greylock for Girls, Manhattan, $5,000; R. E., F. K. and E. K. Mason. (Attorney, L. A. Mason, 1 Madison Av.)

Brockton Products, Brockton, fruit juices, &c., $250,000; H. H. Meyer, M. T. Doyle. (Attorney, D. Ruslander, Buffalo.)

Tufts the Chemist, Manhattan, $40,000; M. J. and J. Lipset. (Attorney, C. S. Rosenberg, 27 Rutgers St.)

455 Park Av., Manhattan, realty, $600,000; E. S. Pinney, H. L. Dunn, C. V. Rose. (Attorneys, Cravath, Henderson, Leffingwell & de Gersdorff, 52 William St.)

Mesrock Building Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. and S. Freedman, M. Seligman. (Attorney, S. S. Schwartz, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Broadway Estates, Manhattan, realty, $100,000; E. Lithauer, M. K. Sarvis. (Attorney, L. S. Harris, 200 Broadway.)

Cross Bay Construction Co., Lawrence, Nassau Co., realty, $10,000; L. Goldberg, R. T. Paine, C. A. Lockhart. (Attorney, J. R. Sprague, Far Rockaway.)

Superior Stencil Writing Machine Co., Bronx, $50,000; E. S. Gompers, E. Hein, L. Weyl. (Attorney, J. Follette, 233 Broadway.)

Globe Tank and Seat Co., Brooklyn, plumbers' supplies, $10,000; G. and P. Pizzutto, E. Koodin. (Attorneys, Weinberg & Weinberg, 63 Park Row.)

Fowers & Stone, Manhattan, advertising, $25,000; H. Fowers, A. Fagerlund. (Attorney, P. Crichton, 41 East 42d St.)

Bedford Mortgage Corp., Manhattan, $100,-000; M. Finkelstein, I. I. Rabi, H. J. Sanders. (Attorney, N. B. Finkelstein, 51 Chambers St.)

Wear-Ever Hat Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Schaifer, I. Stecher. (Attorney, J. Perimutter, 3 Schiff Parkway.)

Carliale Building Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; W. M. Winants, A. Massey. (Attorney, G. W. Winants, 164 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

James Tip Printing Co., Manhattan, $10,-000; T. L. Hillowitz, B. Funk, F. Krauss. (Attorneys, Cohen, Rosenthal & Shapiro, 31 Union Square.)

Advance Security Corp., Manhattan, $100,-000; L. Bloch, S. R. Kurzman, C. Lowenthal. (Attorney, L. B. Boudinat, 110 West 40th St.)

Harry Gintzler, Buffalo, printers and advertising, $50,000; H. Gintzler, H. D. Badger, S. F. Carr. (Attorneys, Moot, Sprague, Brownell & Marcy, Buffalo.)

Asbestos Construction Co., Manhattan, $25,000; W. N. and G. C. and G. M. Eunis. (Attorney, M. Arens, 261 Broadway.)

J. S. Kessler, Fort Jefferson, Nassau Co., autos, $100,000; J. B. Overton, J. S. Kessler, C. F. Ruck. (Attorney, G. H. Furman, Patchogue.)

H. J. Heiplin Perfumers, Manhattan, $10,000; H. J. Heiplin, G. D. Frye. (Attorney, A. L. Berman, 501 Fifth Av.)

Turk Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; J. Tieman, M. Usdan. (Attorney, S. Kahan, 63 Park Row.)

Windshaes Publishing Co., Manhattan, $25,-000; M. J. Mostyn, M. Sullinan. (Attorney, H. St. Riley, 27 Cedar St.)

Sheridan Lunch Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; S. and F. Rosenbaum, H. Lemler. (Attorney, B. Shepard, 154 Nassau St.)

Raymtford Realty Co., White Plains, $10,-000; J. Lynn, M. J. Knoechel, D. Hein. (Attorneys, Donnelly & Kadel, 2,804 Third Av., Bronx.)

Brand Petroleum Export Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; J. H. and F. P. Brand jr., F. P. Waldrop. (Attorneys, Murray, Prentice & Aldrich, 37 Wall St.)

American Art Metal Works, Manhattan, art iron and steel, $10,000; A. B. and C. Cesar, C. F. Stoecklin. (Attorney, S. S. Prung, 291 Broadway.)

Kazador Realty Co., Manhattan, realty and women's wear, $20,000; L. Schwatron, H. Spegal, K. Farkah. (Attorney, M. Friedberg, 116 Nassau St.)

William E. Donavin, Brooklyn, realty and brokerage, $10,000; E. M. Charny, W. R. and J. C. Donavin. (Attorney, T. W. Henry, 23 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.)

Trinity Arms Corp., New Rochelle, realty and construction, $500,000; G. Watson, A. Grant, R. R. Forbes. (Attorneys, Tierney & Moran, New Rochelle.)

Magnum Import Co., Manhattan, $25,000; W. Reiss, E. Bednowikz. (Attorney, L. Reiss, 220 Broadway.)

Berkowitz & Schwartz, Brooklyn, children's dresses, $5,000; M. Berkowitz, D. and A. Schwartz. (Attorney, G. R. Rubin, 1,486 Broadway.)

Angiollillo Bros., Brooklyn, food and dry goods, $100,000; D. and J. Angiollillo. (Attorney, G. J. Giudici, 61 Park Row.)

Wilkins Engraving Corp., Manhattan, make carpets, $20,000; W. L. Engels, H. Blassick. (Attorney, F. L. Kopf, 200 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Ralph L. Crosthwaite Co., Manhattan, merchandise and raw products, $25,000; A. H. Ulrich, C. H. Martin, E. N. Heiff. (Attorney, W. O. Gennert, 50 Church St.)

Mayer Sugar Realty Co., Manhattan, bakers, $10,000; A. E. and M. Singer, A. Bachelle. (Attorney, D. Geiger, 286 5th Av.

Mayer Carburetor Distributing Co., Buffalo, $10,000; E. and F. W. Abt, E. H. Hemingham. (Attorney, F. P. Brennan, Buffalo.)

Great Lakes Film Corp., Albany, $10,000; S. H. Rose, H. Goodman, J. A. Kuper. (Attorney, E. S. Sanford, Albany.)

Hannibal Coal Co., Hannibal, Oswego Co., $30,000; E. W. and A. S. and F. L. Rice. (Attorneys, Barnes & Mourningham, Oswego.)

Seabrook Bedding Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; J. A. Seabrook, M. J. Lund, G. Meierdierckx. (Attorney, M. Eichner, L. 545 Broadway.)

Sterling Cloak Co., Manhattan, $20,000; H. D. Bernstein, H. W. Kichmners, F. H. Meiman. (Attorney, M. M. Mandel, 141 Broadway.)

610 Eighth Av. Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; E. and B. Saltrinick, C. Halpern. (Attorney, J. A. Arnold, 23 William St.)

A. L. S. L. Manhattan, realty and merchandise, $100,000; M. Jones, B. Merker, G. Weiss. (Attorney, C. E. Frankel, 19 West 44th St.)

Geo. J. Ohl, Brooklyn, plumbing, $25,000; G. J. Ohl, C. Keil, F. Techter. (Attorney, I. J. W. Marx, 38 Park Row).

Fordham Lunch Co., Bronx, $10,000; I. Schneider, S. Heller, F. Leibowitz. (Attorney, B. Steinman, 138 Delancey St.).

Garamond Press, Manhattan, printing and bookbinding, $10,000; L. Leahy, O. Merkel, E. Yosowitz. (Attorneys, Goldsmith & Goldstein, 366 Broadway.)

Geist & Susal, Manhattan, women's wear, $10,000; A. and M. Geist, A. Susel. (Attorney, D. Geiger, 286 5th Av.)

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MUNICIPALS RULE DAY'S BOND ISSUES

Five New Long-Term Offerings Will Yield From 4.20 to 5 Per Cent.

4½ 40S BID UP TO 105.65

$500,000 Oregon-Washington Railroad Stock All Sold — County Bonds Are Legal Investments.

New bonds offered for investment today are all municipal issues, at prices which yield from 4.20 to 5 per cent. to the investor. R. M. Grant & Co. are offering an issue of City of Wheeling, W. Va., 5 per cent. improvement gold bonds, in maturities from 1930 to 1953, at prices to yield from 4.60 to 4.70 per cent.

Harris, Forbes & Co. are offering an issue of $420,000 5 per cent. road bonds of Allegheny County, Pa., due Jan. 15, 1947, at 100 and interest, yielding 5 per cent. The bonds are exempt from the Federal income tax, and are eligible as security for postal savings deposits. Allegheny County has a total bonded indebtedness, including this issue, of $254,000 and an assessed valuation of $16,370,546.

George B. Gibbons & Co. are offering $400,000 Cattaraugus County, N. Y., coupon gold 5 per cent. highway bonds, due serially from 1927 to 1946, to yield from 4.20 to 4.35 per cent. The bonds are a legal investment for savings banks in New York and New Jersey.

Harris, Forbes & Co. were the highest bidders with a proposal of 105.65 for $1,000,000 water works bonds of the City of Providence, R. I., yesterday. The bonds bear 4½ per cent. coupons and mature in forty years. There were eight other bidders.

Outwater & Wells offer an issue of Butler Borough, N. J., 5½ per cent. electric light and power bonds, maturing from 1922 to 1941, at prices which yield from 4.60 to 4.80 per cent. The total issue is $76,700.

Miller & Co. announced yesterday that the block of $500,000 Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company first and refunding mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due in 1961, have all been sold.

Gillette Razor Stock Dividend.

Directors of the Gillette Safety Razor Company have declared a stock dividend of 2½ per cent. in addition to the regular quarterly cash dividend of $3 a share. The cash dividend is payable on March 1 to stockholders of record Jan. 31, and the stock dividend on June 1 to stock of record May 1.

Illinois Central Buys 2,000 Cars.

An order for 2,000 freight cars has been placed by the Illinois Central Railroad. The Haskell & Barker Car Company will build 700, American Car and Foundry Company 500, Western Steel Car Company 400, and Standard Steel Car Company 400.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Asked.	To-day. Bid.
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co....	5¾	6	5¾
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co. pf....	50	60	50
Anglo-Am. Oil Co., Ltd....	17¾	17⅞	18⅛
Atlantic Refining Co.....	990	1010	990
Atlantic Refining Co. pf....	114	116	114
Borne-Scrymser Co.....	220	240	225
Buckeye Pipe Line.....	85	90	85
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. cons.	175	185	180
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. cons. pf.	100	110	103
Continental Oil Co.....	125	135	125
Crescent Pipe Line Co.....	30	70	57
Cumberland Pipe Line Co....	150	180	150
Eureka Pipe Line Co.....	80	82	79
Galena Signal Oil Co.....	90	100	90
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf.....	100	107	100
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf., old.	104	107	104
Illinois Pipe Line Co.....	160	165	163
Imperial Oil, Ltd.....	16½	16⅝	16⅝
Indiana Pipe Line Co.....	80	87	85
International Pet. Co., Ltd.	14⅝	14¾	14¾
National Transit Co.....	29	30	30
New York Transit Co.....	140	150	140
Northern Pipe Line Co.....	87	90	90
Ohio Pipe Line Co.....	250	260	260
Penn-Mex. Fuel Co.....	16	18	16
Prairie Oil & Gas Co.....	610	620	610
Prairie Pipe Line Co.....	250	254	250
Solar Refining Co.....	320	360	335
Southern Pipe Line Co.....	70	75	75
South Penn Oil Co.....	180	190	190
Southwest Pennsylvania Pipe	50	54	50
Stand. Oil of Cal., 25 par.	93¾	94	92
Stand. Oil of Ind., 25 par.	85¾	85¾	84¾
Stand. Oil of Kansas.....	660	670	660
Stand. Oil of Kentucky.....	400	410	435
Stand. Oil of Nebraska.....	160	170	160
Stand. Oil of N. J., $25 par.	173	178	170
Stand. Oil of N. J. pf.....	114¾	115	114¾
Stand. Oil of N. Y.....	230	240	230
Stand. Oil of Ohio.....	350	360	360
Stand. Oil of Ohio, pf.....	114	118	114
Swan & Finch Co.....	30	40	30
Union Pacific Car Co.....	84	90	94
Union Tank Car Co. pf.....	101	105	101
Vacuum Oil Co.....	310	315	297
Washington Oil Co.....	30	35	30

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Brierhill pfd.....	96¾	98¾	96¾	98¾
Firestone.....	50	50	49	49
Grant.....	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
Interwin-Williams.....	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Stearns.....	21	21	21	21
Cleve Rwy.....	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼
Fisher Ohio pfd.....	77	77	77	77
Standard Parts.....	15½	15¾	15¾	15¾
			Bid.	Asked
Fisher Ohio.....			35	
Goodyear pfd.....			83½	90

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1922.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000 Acme Coal.....	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,100 Ajax Rubber.....	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
200 Brad Fire'r.....	72c	72c	72c
1,000 B-AmTob.pf.	16	15	15
400 Buddy Buds.	85c	75c	75c
1,100 Car L & P.....	80c	78c	78c
3,100 Chi Nipple.....	3¼	3	3
100 D & R G pf.	50c	50c	50c
1,100 Durant Mo.....	25¾	24	25
2,300 Durant Ind.	10¾	9¾	10
100 Fairch Gear	17½	17½	17½
100 Fed Tel.....	5¼	5¼	5¼
200 Garland S S.	70c	70c	70c
200 Georges C.B.	15½	15½	15½
200 Gibson How.	16¼	16¼	16¼
985 Gil Saf Raz.	185	180	183½
100 GlenAlden C.	42¾	42¾	42¾
200 Goldwyn Pic	4½	4¼	4¼
400 Good T & R.	11	10⅝	10⅝
2,000 Hudson M.	91c	91c	91c
1,200 Intcont Rub.	6⅞	6¼	6¼
200 Lib.McN&L.	5¾	5¾	5⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

200 Ang-Am Oil.	17¼	16¾	17¼
700 Atl Lobos.....	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
100 Indiana P L.	85	84½	85
3,500 Inter Pet....	14⅝	14¼	14⅝
10 N Y Transit.	142	142	142

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

200 Allen Oil....	50c	50c	50c
1,000 Allied Oil C.	2c	2c	2c
200 Am F Oil pf	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Ark Nat Gas	9¼	9¼	9¼
300 Atl Pet 90c.....	30c	30c	30c
3,000 Boone Oil....	22c	21c	21c
6,300 Bos-Wyo Oil	7½c	7c	7½c
2,100 Byrd Oil.....	4¼	3¾	4¼
30 Chesbg Mfg.	175	175	175
317 Cities Serv.	164	160	162
400 Do pf.....	51	51	51
500 De Bare ctf.	17¼	17¼	17¼
200 Cont Pet.....	10⅛	10	10¼
700 Cosden pf.old	4¼	4¼	4¼
200 Creole Syn...	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6,000 Cushing Pet	5c	5c	5c
100 Dom O of T	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
600 EdmondsOAR	52c	50c	52c
29,000 Engr Pet....	70c	64c	67c
1,000 Ertel Oil.....	7c	7c	7c
1,000 Federal Oil.	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000 Fensland Oil	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,000 Gulf Oil Co.	44¼	44¼	44¼
2,300 G Rock Oil.	90c	85c	85c
4,400 Imp O of D	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,000 Key Boy.....	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
800 Kirby Pet....	18¼	18	18¼
1,000 L Creek R..	7c	7c	7c
14,500 Lyons Pet...	62c	58c	62c

MINING STOCKS.

100 Al-Bril C M	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,000 Am Tin & T	5c	5c	5c
6,800 Big Ledge C	27c	25c	27c
91,800 Best & Mon.	81c	77c	78c
1,000 Bost & Jer..	15c	15c	15c
5,000 Canada Tex.	38c	38c	40c
5,800 Cal Emerald	71c	65c	66c
2,000 Cortes Silver	85c	85c	85c
2,100 Cres C G M	21¢	21¢	21¢
6,500 Dividend M.	28c	26c	28c
2,500 Divide Ext.	20c	19c	19c
5,000 Eureka-Croe	23c	22c	23c
1,000 Fior Sil M.	22c	22c	22c
1,000 Gold Con M	4c	3c	3c
2,000 Gold Flor...	21c	20c	21c
2,000 Gold Z Div.	13c	13c	12c
2,000 Harm D M.	12c	11c	12c
200 Hecla Min...	4¾	4¾	4¾
200 Hecla Min...	4¾	4¾	4¾
11,000 IronSlesCon.	21c	20c	20c
200 Jer Ver Dev..	3	3	3
5,000 Magma Cop.	30	28¾	28¾
1,000 Marsh Mines	6c	6c	6c

BONDS.
(In $1,000 Units.)

16 Allied Pack 8s	64	64	64
3 Do ctfs.....	52½	52	52¾
20 Alumin 7s,'25..101	100⅝	101	
31 Am T&T 6s,'25	99¾	99¾	99¾
31 Am T&T 6s,'22	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
19 Do 6s, '24...	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
10 Am Tob 7s,'23	101¾	101¾	101¾
18 Am Tob 6s,'44	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
3 Beech-Nut 8s,'23	104	104	104
9 Do 7s, '22...	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
3 Bethlehem Sh.	98¼	98¼	98¼
3 Beth Steel 7s,'23	101¼	101¼	101¼
17 Do 7s, '25...	101	100⅝	101
1 Cal Nav Ry 7s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
6 Can P ⅝s,'24	101¼	101	101¼
3 Cent Steel 1st mtg 8s, '41	100	99½	99¾
9 Col Gras 8s,'25	104½	104½	104½
20 Con Gas 7s,'22	101¼	101¼	101¼
10 Con Textile 8s	98	98	98
1 Cop E A 8s,'22	100¼	100¼	100¼
3 Do 8s, '23...	101½	101¼	101½
33 Do 8s, '24...	104¾	104¼	104¾
1 Cuba Tel 1st & ref mtg 8s	98	98	98
1 Cuban Tr 1s,'41	103¼	103¼	103¼
3 Deere & Co. 7½s,'31	96	95¾	95¾
37 Dutch E Indies 6s,'47	94¼	94¼	94¼
3 R Gair Co 1st m 7½ '37 w	96¾	96¾	96¾
6 Gal Sig O 7s,'31	101	101	101¼
25 Gold M 7s,'31	97¾	97¾	97¾
44 Gulf Oil 7s,'33	103¾	103	103¾
6 G Trunk 6½s.	103¼	103¼	103¼
4 HannaF 8s,'28	101¼	101¼	101¼
10 Lake Copper 7s	101	101	101
129 Humble Oil 7s	101¼	100½	101¼
7 Int R T 7s, '21 Class A.....	79¾	78¾	79
19 Do 8s,'22 J P Morg Int Ctf A	76	75	78½
3 Jackson P 1 8s S F G C 5s.	101	101	101
16 Kens. Con 7s.	103¾	103¾	103
15 Laclede Gas 7s	95¾	93¾	95¾
4 Le McN & L 7s	99	99	99
9 Nat C & S 8s..	96	96	96
1 Man Pr'te Ser A '41 w l	80¾	80¾	80¾
14 NY&NH & H 4s	67¾	67¾	67¾
1 Ohio Oil 7s,'26	99¾	99¾	99¾
61 Ore SL RR 1st m 5s,'46 w	88¼	87¾	88¼
7 Otis S 8s,'41 w	96¾	96¾	96¾
18 Pac G & E 6s,'42	101¾	101¾	101¾
27 Phila El Co.'41	100¾	100⅝	100⅝
11 Phillips Petrol 7½s,'31	101¾	101½	101¾
1 Procter & Gam. 8s,'41	103½	103½	103½
11 Pueblo Gas & Fuel 7½s. '41	103¼	103	103¼
128 Arkan 1s,'29...	96¾	96¾	96¾
1 Cuban Am Sug 7s,'37	97	97	97
11 Rus 5½s,'21...	22	21	21
65 Do 6½s,'19...	22¾	20	22
13 Do ctfs.....	21	20¾	20¾
14 Sears-R 7s,2 yr	98¾	98¾	98¾
2 Do 6 yr....	97¾	97¾	97¾
8 Shawinnee Mills 10-yr 7s,'31	102¾	102¼	102¾
10 Skelly Oil 7½s, '31	101¾	101¾	101¾
38 Southern Ry 6s	90¾	90¾	90¾
55 S W Bell 7s,'25	105	104½	105
6 SONY 6½s,'28	103¾	103¾	103¾
5 Do 7s,'25	104½	104½	104½
2 Do 7s,'30	107	107	107
2 Do 7s,'20	100¾	100¾	100¾
9 Do 7s,'21	101¾	101¾	101¾
6 Rio Grde do Sul 8s, '46	90¾	90¾	90¾
6 Sun Oil 7s.....	99¾	99¾	99¾
26 Swift 7s,'25	101¾	101¾	101¾
2 Do 6s,'28	100¾	100¾	100¾
188 Island Creek	83½	82¾	82¾
25 TexCo 7s notes	101¾	101¾	101¾
7 ToledEd 1st mtge gold 5s,'41	104¾	104	104
1 UnOilProds,'31	96	96	96
14 Utic of Hav7½s	100¾	100	100
19 Vacuum Oil 7s	106¾	106¾	106¾
12 Warner S 1st 7s, '41 w l	86¾	86¾	86¾
20 West Elec 7s	104½	104½	104½
6 Wilson 7½s,'31	95¾	95¾	95¾
7 Winchest Repg Arms 7½s,'41	90	90	90

GERMAN BONDS.

5 Hamburg 4½s..	5	5	5

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1922.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
350 Alaz Rub....	36¾	35¾	36¾
350 Al Ch & D..	57⅝	57⅛	57⅝
705 Allis-Chalm.	39	38¾	39
200 Am Best S..	34¾	34¼	34¼
300 Am Can.....	33¾	32⅝	33¾
50 Am Car & F.	82	82	82
170 Am Cot Oil..	20¼	19¾	19⅞
450 Am H & L..	12⅜	12	12⅜
140 Do pf.....	58¾	55¼	58¾
1,080 Am Int.....	39¾	39⅜	39¾
10 Am La Fr....	9¾	9¾	9¾
50 Am Linseed.	20¼	20¼	20¼
1,160 Am Loco....	106	103¾	104½
100 Am Saf Raz	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,050 Am S & C..	76	74	75
810 Am Sm & R.	44¾	44	44
250 Am Sti Fdys	32¾	31⅞	32¾
100 Am Sug Ref	58¾	57¾	58¾
70 Am Sug Ref pf	89¾	89¾	89¾
515 Am Tel & T.	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛
60 Am Tob 1	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜
350 Am Woolen.	80¾	77⅞	80¾
700 Amscon Oil.	40¾	40¼	40¾
250 A. T. & S. F.	93¾	93¾	93¾
700 Atl Fruit...	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
1,020 A. G. & W. I.	29¾	28¾	29¾
150 Atl G & W. I.	29	28¾	28¾
3,975 Bald Loco..	94⅞	93¾	94⅝
190 Balt & Ohio.	34⅜	33¾	33¾
30 Do pf.....	52¾	52¾	52¾
700 Beth Stl, B.	58¾	56¾	56¾
70 Beth Stl, B.	61	61	61
10 Do c of d..	57¾	57¾	57¾
80 Burns Bros.	115	115	115
100 Can Loco....	29	28	29
870 Butte & Sup	21¼	20¾	21¼
200 Butte & Z..	29¾	28¾	29¾
10 Cal Pack.....	69¾	69¾	69¾
850 Cal Pet.....	44¾	43¾	43¾
170 Car H Gold.	12¾	12¾	12¾
192 Can Pac	120¾	120¾	120¾
70 Cen Leather	20¾	19¾	19¾
10 Cen Steel....	87	87	87
50 C de P Cop.	34⅜	34	34
1,850 Chandler M.	50¾	49¾	50¾
270 Chan & Chic	54¾	54¾	54¾
75 Chi Pneu Tr	57⅝	57⅛	57⅝
415 C, M & St P	17¾	17¾	17¾
375 Do pf.....	30¾	30¾	30¾
470 Chi & N W..	62¾	61¾	61¾
400 Ch, R I & P..	31¼	30¾	31¼
1,200 Chile Cop...	16¾	15¾	16¼
70 Chino Cop....	27¾	27¾	27¾
508 Coca-Cola	43¾	41½	42¾
200 Col Gas & E	67	66¾	67
2,450 Cbi Graph....	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Do pf.....	10	9¾	9¾
1,850 Comp Tab Rt	61	57¾	61
60 Con Cigar...	27¾	27½	27¾
180 Con Gas.....	91	90¾	90¾
100 Con Textile..	98	98	98
50 Del & Hud...	107¾	107¾	107¾
150 Denver & Rio G	11¾	11¾	11¾
150 Del, L & W...	114¾	114¾	114¾
1,060 End Johnson	77½	76¾	77½
4,725 Erie.....	9	8¾	8¾
775 Do 1st pf..	19¾	19¾	19¾
200 Do 2d pf...	14¾	14¾	14¾
2,085 Fam Players	77¾	76¾	77¾
875 Fisk Rubber.	12¾	11¾	12
400 Fres Texas..	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝
6,175 Gen Asphalt	40¾	38¾	40¾
550 Gen Elec....	138¾	136	138¾
5,895 Geh Motors.	9¼	8¾	9
180 Goodrich Rf	35¾	35¾	35¾
150 Grag & Saw	31¾	31¾	31¾
350 Gt N Ore pf.	73¾	71¾	73
10 Guan Sugar.	9	9	9
50 Gulf St Sti..	46¾	46¼	46¾
180 Haskell & B	80¾	79¾	80¾
1,405 Houston Oil	37¾	36¾	37¾
815 Hupp Mot C	12¾	11¾	11¾
150 Ill Central..	96¾	96¾	96¾
280 Inspira Cop.	39¾	39¾	39¾
100 Interboro	1	1	1
150 Int Harvest.	80¾	80¾	80¾
90 Int Mer Ma..	14½	14	14
1,700 Do pf.....	67¼	66¼	66¼
100 Int Mer Mrn	29¾	29¾	29¾
1,650 Int Nickel...	11¾	11¾	11¾
470 Int Paper....	49¼	48¾	49¼
2,640 Invincible Oil	14¾	14¼	14¾
2,100 IslandO & T..	2¾	2¼	2¾
175 Jewel Tea.....	11⅜	10¾	11⅜
150 Do pf.....	46	46	46
70 Jones B Tea..	87¼	87	87¼
3,930 Kan & Gulf.	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
70 Kan City So	22¾	22¼	22¾
30 Kan City So pf	47¾	47¾	47¾
1,000 Kayser J...	39¾	39¾	39¾
1,470 Kelly-S Tire	30¾	30	30¾
420 Kenda Cop....	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,870 Key T & R.	17¾	17¼	17¾
25 Kresge Co....	110¾	110¾	110¾
270 Lack Steel..	45¾	45¾	45¾
80 Lehigh Val..	56¾	56¾	56¾
415 Lee'w's, Inc.	13¾	13¾	13¾
1,000 Malm & Mit.	14¾	14¾	14¾
10 ManhaShirt pf	85¾	85¾	85¾
800 Marl O & R.	25¾	25¾	25¾
100 May Dept St	106¾	104	104
11,575 Max Petrol.	110	107¾	109¾
450 Miami Cop..	26¾	26¼	26¾
5,697 Mid Sta Oil	13	11¾	12
850 Midvale Steel	29¾	29	29¾
390 Mo Pacific..	16¾	16¼	16¾
180 Do pf.....	48¾	44¾	45
375 Mont Ward Sti.	32	31¾	32
1,000 Nat E & S.	83¾	80	82
50 Nat Conduit	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 Nev Con Cop	14¾	14¼	14¾
30 N Y Air Br..	70	70	70
500 NY, NH & H	13¾	13¾	13¾
145 Nova Sco St	24¾	24¾	24¾
60 North Amer.	48¾	47¾	47¾
740 North Pac..	76¾	76¾	76
500 Nor Ry Cal	90	90	90
225 Phila Co....	33¾	33¾	33¾
850 Phillips Pet.	29¼	28¾	28¾
200 Pierce-Ar....	14¾	14¾	14¾
1,535 Pierce Oil...	10⅞	10¼	10¼
350 Do pf.....	64¾	63¾	64¼
170 Pitts Coal..	42¾	42¾	42¾
10 Pitts & Ry..	87¼	87¼	87¼
975 Prod & Ref..	23¾	22¾	23¼
200 Pr Sti Car..	63¼	63¼	63¼
300 Pub Ser NJ	85¾	85¾	85¾
400 Pullman Co.	107¾	107¾	107¾
580 Punta A Sug	33¾	33¾	33¾
950 Pure Oil....	36	34¾	36
2,815 Sinclair O	19¾	19¼	19¾
10 Simms S & I	87¾	87¾	87¾
740 South Pac..	79¾	78¾	79¼
100 Southern Ry	17¾	17¾	17¾
570 Studebaker..	85	84¾	85
150 Do 1st pf..	45	45	45
40 United Drug	72	72	72
100 Do 1st pf..	45	45	45
40 United Fruit.	123	122	122
115 United Shoe.	38	38	38
105 Do pf.....	28	28	28
500 Ventura C..	24	23¾	23¾
180 Waldorf ...	26¾	26¾	27
730 Warren	23¾	23	23¾
180 Do 1st pf.	33¾	33¾	33¾
100 Do 2d pf..	30¾	30½	30¾
438 Wolf'n Land	1¼	1¼	1¼

Bonds.

$1,000 Am Tel 4s..	87¾	87¾	87¾
6,000 A U Sm 5s..	53¾	53	53¾
4,000 C B Q 6s..	107¾	107¾	107¾
1,000 C J & Se....	75½	75½	75½
$2,000 Miss R F 5s	59	58¾	59
4,000 N Sc Sti 6s	94	93¾	94
1,000 Wes Tel 5s	91	91	91

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
175 Armour pf..	91¾	91¼	91¼
35 Arm'r Leath	12¾	12¾	12¾
80 Beaverb'd ..	7¾	7¾	7¾
50 Chic Pneu Tr	87	87	87
65 Com Edison..	116	115¾	116
4,100 Consum Rs..	93	84	86
225 Cont Motors.	6¼	6	6¼
350 Earl Motors.	4¾	4	4
100 G L Dredge	82	82	82
100 Hart, S & M	73	73	73
135 Hupper Mot.	12	12	12
1,410 Libby.....	5¾	5¾	5¾
50 MidWUtil pf prior lien..	83	83	83
150 Nat Leather..	2¾	2¾	2¾
3,300 Pick & Co....	84	82	84
3,700 Pick Wag.A	36	33½	33½

Bonds.

$5,000 Armour 4½s.	87¾	87¾	87¾
3,000 Chi Tel 5s...	95¾	95¾	95¾
1,000 ComEd 1st 5s	94	94	94
$6,000 Mat Elev1st5s	52	52	52
1,000 Do ext 5s.	50	50	50

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
705 Am Stores....	84	82	83
25 Do 1st pf.	114¾	114¾	114¾
24 El Storage..	12	12	12
15 Lehigh Nav.	67	67	67
15 P C Light pf	49¾	49¾	49

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required under this classification.
Rate fifteen cents per word.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

REPUTABLE FIRM will advance money on unlisted securities of merit and foreign exchange; reasonable and advantageous terms. V 728 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN will invest up to $5,000, with services, in a profitable business; security of principal essential. J 581 Times.

EXECUTIVE: Christian; will invest $5,000, with service; established concern. D 809 Times Downtown.

WILL finance advertising agency for capable men controlling accounts. S 163 Times.

BUSINESS man would purchase part or whole interest in bond brokerage firm of good standing and reputation. A 132 Times.

THOROUGH business man wants partnership in established business; services, $10,000. M 563 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A corporation just starting production wants six (6) traveling salesmen; territory within 100 miles of New York. The article sells $1,000 to $5,000, used by druggists, confectioners and tea rooms. Experience not essential, but a small investment required to stimulate personal interest and co-operation in business. Everyone connected is a part owner.

The certain demand for article, created by prohibition, and the liberal commission allowed, insure a big income. A genuine opportunity. S 98 Times.

WANTED—A man of education and business ability, with $10,000 to invest, to become actively interested in a business not affected with present economic conditions and one that will stand the fullest investigation; the branch of the business he is to direct will be practically his own, consequently must possess initiative and confidence in his own ability; the opportunity is an exceptional one, and in replying state age and short record of previous activities; an interview and particulars will be given if your letter indicates you to be the type of man we are seeking. J 540 Times.

A REPUTABLE paper manufacturing concern offers a rare opportunity to a capable business man who can invest $25,000 to $35,000; full information and investigation to the right party. X 2206 Times Annex.

BRITISH officer, experienced big game shot and photographer, exceptionally well placed to obtain kinema pictures of elephant shooting in all its stages, and of buffalo and other big game; is willing to take his life risk and experience against £1,000 sterling—capital required; terms, half shares in all pictures; proposes to leave on expedition next March and return next November. Full particulars, references and photos of recently shot elephants, &c., on application to Box F 49, W. H. Smith & Son, Strand House, London, W. C. 2, England.

PARTNER with $8,000 to $15,000 for capitalizing, sales promotion of meritorious patented telescoping steel forms reducing cost of construction by 20 per cent.; demand for these indestructible metal forms increasing daily; lumber and skilled mechanical labor eliminated; these forms may be used approximately 500 more times than wooden forms; concrete is the future material in building industry; forms are being rented to builders and contractors; principal cost covered by first rental. V 720 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED—Established automobile sales agency, with salesroom in finest location in New York City, having selling rights to most popular, medium-price, best selling automobile on market today, needs $30,000 to expand; will consider a real live partner on a 50 per cent. basis if he will devote his entire time; best business and banking references. V 725 Times Downtown.

LIGHT MANUFACTURING, MAIL ORDER. Proven, growing business; patented sheet metal specialties and highly endorsed correspondence courses; thousands of live leads; unsolicited testimonials and repeat orders from satisfied customers; Christian worker wants intelligent, young, active associate; salary and profits; investigation invited $2,000 to $5,000 required; thoroughly secured. A 166 Times.

MANUFACTURERS OR IMPORTERS—If you require exclusive, reliable and efficient representation in Western Canada, write X 2180 Times Annex.

WITH or without services, $1,000 to $5,000; substantial profitable manufacturing business; subject to strict investigation with bank references. X 2202 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS, ATTENTION!
Well-established firm of accountants will purchase clientele of retiring accountants. Address 1042 Times, 2 Rector St.

MAN with $15,000 is offered half interest in manufacturing of high grade confectionery boxes, paper boxes of all descriptions; am thoroughly experienced. A 137 Times.

INVESTOR, with $6,000, loan or active, in retail food concern; security given. F 483 Times.

ACTIVE partner wanted with $5,000; substantial, profitable business; immediate action desirable. H 226 Times.

MANUFACTURER in Pennsylvania, with 50 box-looms, desires work on commission basis. X 2027 Times Annex.

EXCELLENT connections established in Germany through advertising. Foreign Press Publicity, 286 5th Av.

ADVERTISE in publications of Germany for business connections. M. Klein, 1,133 Broadway.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

NEWARK manufacturer of well known auto accessory, with established trade, has opening for district manager; Greater New York territory; experience essential as well as moderate investment, partly covering goods and accounts carried. Address Auto, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

RELIABLE business house, calling on drug, grocery, cigars and confections, Northern Illinois territory, want good specialty to sell; answer full details first letter; representative in New York. X 2220 Times Annex.

SIDE LINE WANTED.
Some good line, pertaining to men's wear, that can be carried in connection with my line of men's neckwear. S. Blattner, care Blattner Neckwear Co., 327 5th Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SALESMAN, or man with sales ability, to act as factory representative and distributer for a Wisconsin auto accessories manufacturing corporation; investment to cover merchandise. S. B. Wright, Room 207, Hotel Imperial.

RESPONSIBLE HOUSE, offices New York and Havana, solicits representations in flour, rice, beans, condensed milk and other foodstuffs for Cuba. W 799 Times Downtown.

I AM OPEN to represent a few additional lines on the Pacific Coast, ready-to-wear and novelties. Arthur Barrett, Hotel Pennsylvania.

MANUFACTURER and distributors attention; do you want live wire representation for Chicago and surrounding territory?; write immediately. G 568 Times.

EXPERT DISTRIBUTORS, with machines, will handle articles direct to retailers for small cash advance and commission; references exchanged. D 863 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE accessory distributors wanted throughout country; fast selling specialties. Kaufmann's, 150 Chambers St., New York.

MAN, 38, experienced as managing director N. Y. City hotel and owner other properties, desires opportunity large real estate organization. A 165 Times.

CERTIFIED public accountant, national association, with small clientele, seeks partner about 29 years with small clientele. M 561 Times.

INFORMATION WELCOMED.

Despite the careful censorship exercised, occasionally a misleading advertisement may appear in The New York Times. The Times welcomes information from readers regarding doubtful announcements.—Ed.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

HOE CORPORATION,
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
Engineers and manufacturers of all kinds of special machines.
Make our own patterns, both wood and metal.
Have fully equipped machine shops, large gray iron foundry, sheet metal, plating and Japanning departments.

WOULD like to communicate with firms desiring representation in the New England territory. X 2223 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, well established, will purchase clientele of practicing accountant. Write Room 920, Tribune Building.

FOR SALE.

SILK PLANT FOR SALE.
Comprising 120 looms, all auxiliary machinery, including throwing plant; location Pennsylvania; low production cost and plenty good labor; exceptional opportunity; plant must be sold. V 612 Times Downtown.

PASSENGER CHASSIS.
Brand new, in original crates, 114-inch wheelbase, 5 wire wheels, high tension magneto, Zenith carburetor, &c.
PRICE HALF OF MANUFACTURING COST.
Associated Motors Corporation,
1,926 Broadway, at 64th St.

FOR SALE.
West 20th St., bet. 7th and 8th Avs., furnished room business, 20 rooms, 5-year straight lease; rent $200; price $3,500; all cash. Dike, 271 West 23d St. Tel. Chelsea 372.

GARAGE—Will sell new portable 1-car garage cheap; built like a steel skyscraper; easily erected; 1-inch angle iron braces, 1¼-inch angle iron trusses for roof; $250, delivered; easy payments. Write S. E. A., 104, 1,393 Broadway.

WELL ESTABLISHED dry goods store, corner, excellent location; one of the best thoroughfares in Newark. For particulars write Philip Laufer, 245 Waverly Av., Newark, N. J.

WANTED, upholsterer to buy an established business; A1 proposition; must sell on account of health; for particulars apply to George Finder, 196 Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.

ESTABLISHED manufacturer of brushes and vacuum cleaners desires to sell his business to parties who are looking for good investment in a good business; exceptional opportunity. X 2209 Times Annex.

GARAGE—Unusual opportunity to secure filled garage; long lease; excellent location at $.40 foot; reasonable outlay cash. Gotham Realty, 116 West 39th. Fitzroy 2543.

SHOP for sale, cloak plant, 12 machines, blower, cutting machine, office and factory fixtures; modern fireproof building; excellent light. A. Bender & Son, 119 West 25th.

20,000 pairs 4-buckle arctics; also large quantity chocolate and cocoa. N. R. Kolodin, 44 Whitehall St., City, Bowling Green 718.

COMPLETE plant for sale, suitable for cloak and dress manufacturing; immediate possession. Reliable Dress & Costume, 36 East 22d.

UP-TO-DATE OFFICE, centrally located; including fixtures, telephone, desks and typewriter, also two-year lease; cheap rental. Phone Watkins 5643.

GARAGE, Central Bronx, present gross income over $750 per month, 7,500 feet; direct from owner; satisfactory lease arranged; $2,500 required. D 1222 Times Bronx.

CARPENTER, electrical shop; good income; Broadway location; no competition; owner sick; opportunity good, live man. B 1145 Times Harlem.

CLOTHING STORE, ready made and to order, excellent location, splendid opportunity for good tailor. Inquire 508 West 125th St., cor. Broadway.

ESTABLISHED commercial stationery booth, large, prominent office building downtown. Barclay 1250.

COMPLETE cloak and suit plant with lease; low rent. Inquire Spitzer, 67 5th Av. Stuyvesant 1784.

DRY GOODS—Corner store; long established; busy section; best reasons for selling. A 1179 Times Harlem.

$400 BUYS established business; substantial earning capacity; requires few hours weekly or evenings. Millard, 486 Broadway.

ESTABLISHED printing plant, good trade, Jersey City; exceptional opportunity. D 681 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY store for sale. French-American Hat Frame Co., Brooklyn. Phone Williamsburg 0488.

JERSEY SILK UNDERWEAR plant and advertised brand; Madison Sq. section; immediate possession. L 881 Times.

DRESSMAKING establishment on Fifth Av. for sale, high class, established 20 years; price $15,000. Write Box Y C, 1858 B'way.

DEPARTMENT STORE for sale; low rent; long lease. X 2176 Times Annex.

CLOAK SHOP, complete, bargain. 208 Bleecker St., top floor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT, at 10 West 31st St., suitable for tea room, portion of lower floor of fireproof apartment house, containing 40 apartments; will co-operate with desirable tenant for success. Madison Square 337.

DEPARTMENTS to let for men's wear, music, art and embroidery goods, children's dresses and coats, or any good line. Lyndon Dept. Store, 5,208 3d Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sunset 6808.

ALL or part of entire floor of four buildings to let for manufacturing or business purposes. Lyndon Dept. Store, 5,208 3d Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sunset 6808.

HEIGHTS corner, specialty shop, will sublet to lady space for infants' wear, sweaters, waists. Phone Wadsworth 3828.

2,989 BROADWAY, near 162d St., desirable store; great future.

BUSINESS LOANS.

EMERGENCY FINANCING — Our clientele includes many successful and respected merchants; jewelry collateral only; large or small amounts; strictly legal rates. E. Lemon & Co. (Est. 1878), 478 6th Av., at 29th St. Tel. Watkins 4128.

I WILL ASSIST ANY WELL-RATED BUSINESS THAT NEEDS ADDITIONAL CAPITAL; NOMINAL CHARGE; DO NOT REQUIRE PLEDGING ACCOUNTS. J 569 TIMES.

WILL BUY
trade acceptances and book accounts of rated concerns; interviews invited.
TRADERS' FINANCE CORPORATION,
1911, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.

CASH advanced on outstanding accounts, merchandise, warehouse receipts, notes, trade acceptances at lowest rates. Capital, 917 Times.

MONEY loaned on chattel mortgages, automobiles, endorsers, assignment of accounts, &c. Samuel Markel, 305 Broadway.

ACCEPTANCES purchased, merchandise loans. John A. Curtiss, 115 Broadway.

LOANS, any amount, on good collateral. Goldwater, 298 5th Av. Longacre 6125.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

ENGRAVING.
Lettering in hard rubber, celluloid or metal; low rate for quantities.
Nilsson, 6 West 127th St.

ACCOUNTANT, audits, investigations, systems, financial and tax reports prepared. Begley, 62 5th Av.

ACCOUNTANT, public, personal service rendered, bookkeeping, financial statements, tax returns, &c. Tel. Bryant 3090.

ACCOUNTANT—Audits; cost systems; financial statements; income taxes. Mazzipio, 128 Nassau St. Beekman 8173.

Our Copy Will Increase Your Sales.
PRATT Advertising Agency, Bryant 8917.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....5 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday .....5 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Foreign Styles of Overcoatings.

Although the usual comment of piece goods buyers regarding foreign lines of woolens is that they are too high-priced the designs are considered good. Fancyback overcoating patterns have been especially well received. The foreign styling leans to large herringbone and tweed effects, with many lighter colored designs. When orders are placed these appear to be the lines that are getting the business. The fleecy surface cloths are more in the staple class, despite the originality which may be shown in carrying out the design of the back.

Warned Concerning Advances.

Some large manufacturers of women's garments believe that retailers should be warned against continued delay in placing their Spring orders. Outside the difficulties foreseen in getting full supplies of merchandise when they are needed, the manufacturers point to the firm market on piece goods and the small advances which have taken place on certain materials. If these advances can be made while almost half of the industry is tied up in a strike, it appears to the manufacturers that larger increases are to be expected when the trade becomes normal.

Say Big White Season Is Ahead.

From several parts of the business world come reports indicative of a big white season ahead. Wholesalers of white dress cotton fabrics report a fair advance business in the goods and some picking up in the demand for them in this market, despite the earliness of the season for "house" buying. The future is said to promise exceedingly well. The silk trade reports an active sale of silks of this hue for sports wear. Buyers of the better grades of silk hosiery, with last year's experience in mind, are already nibbling at white hose for deliveries during the late Spring months.

Not All Fleeced Lines Priced.

Contrary to general expectations there has been no material improvement in the demand for Fall underwear on the part of wholesale buyers in the last few days. The bulk of the business done to date has been on ribbed goods, largely because some of the important lines of fleeced underwear have not yet been priced for the new season. Goods of the latter type that have been priced show no material change from those of a year ago, the figures on some of the standard brands being about 5 per cent. higher than the Fall, 1921, opening. Not all of the fleeced goods will be priced until some time next week.

Pre-Opening Woolens Business.

Quite a fair amount of business on overcoatings for next Fall has already been placed in the woolen market, but many factors announce they will not consider the new lines until after the opening of the American Woolen Company, now scheduled for next week. It is believed to be the intention of the company to open all lines at once. The pre-opening business on woolens has been largely confined to overcoatings, and the suiting lines have been dull. On the other hand, dress goods have seen some little activity in spite of the fact that the garment strike continues. Values on the Fall orders placed are on a par with present quotations.

Prices From 1913.

The price figures to be tabulated by the National Retail Dry Goods Association for the Joint Agricultural Commission will apply only to those for staple articles but, at the same time, will cover the period from 1913 to the present. Both the cost and selling prices will be given. Over thirty clerks have been engaged by the association for the work. The price information to be obtained is wanted by the Agricultural Commission in connection with its investigation of the spread between cost and distributing figures, the commission's desire being to reduce this, if it is possible, in the interests of the farming community, which complains of having to sell so cheaply and to buy so expensively.

More Inquiries for Gray Goods.

More inquiries for gray goods were reported in this market yesterday than for the last week or so, but not many of them developed into actual business. First hands continued firm in their price views, in spite of the easier tone to cotton which made buyers cautious. Additional trading was reported in 36-inch 5.50-yard sheetings at 7¼ cents, with 9¾ cents paid for nearby deliveries of 36-inch 56-60 four-yard goods of this construction. Business in the printcloth end of the market could easily have been better, but prices were steady on the basis of 9¾ cents for 39-inch 64-72s and 8¾ cents for the 38½-inch 64-60s. A larger inquiry for drills was reported yesterday, but not much business resulted.

Dyed Lace for Summer Hats.

One of the most recent importations of French hats into this market gives evidence of much use of dyed cotton lace, almost a crocheted string effect, which promises to be popular on Summer hats. One of the models in this collection is a poke shape of organdie, on which rows of narrow lace of this type were so profusely arranged as to cover entirely the crown and top facing. Both the pastel shades and "high" colors may be obtained in this lace. One of the leading French modistes is reported also to be using the wider colored laces in conjunction with self-color crinol for edge puff flanges. This form of trimming is both new and practical, according to trade authorities, and can apparently be worked up at a minimum of expense.

Will Offer $2,000,000 In Furs.

From present indications the value of the furs to be sold at the first sale of the New York Auction Company, Inc., which begins in this city on Feb. 6, will be about $2,000,000. Saturday of this week will be the last day for receiving shipments. Several important changes relating to the coming sale, as compared with those formerly held in this city, were announced yesterday. The 30-day "Prompt Day" period will be continued, but the 90 days previously allowed for full clearances of purchases has been shortened to 30 days. Under special arrangements, however, an additional 30 days for clearance may be had. Another important change is that no low price limits can be set by shippers in cases where advances against their consignments have been paid.

As Goods Get Scarcer.

While there is no great danger of a rush for goods sold through retail channels that might send prices up, it was pointed out yesterday by a wholesale representative that the supply of surplus merchandise cannot be inexhaustible. "For over a year," he said, "the clearing-out process has been going on. But just because the retailers have been able to find plenty of goods for that period does not prove such stocks will always be available. I think there is just as much chance of a mistake in such an idea as there was in 1920, when every one thought merchandise was scarce when in fact there was plenty. Prices tumbled when it became known what large stocks existed, and prices may go up if the true facts now were to be fully appreciated in many lines."

BUSINESS NOTES.

Best & Co. will supply fashionable garments for a style review to be given for the Theatre Assembly at the Hotel Astor on Jan. 20 at 4 P. M.

The annual meeting and election of officers of the Far Western Travelers' Association will take place at the Hotel Claridge on Feb. 2.

G. H. Stiehl & Co., manufacturers and importers of novelty headwear, will be located at 29 West Thirty-eighth Street after Feb. 1.

There will be a meeting of the men's hosiery and underwear buyers of the Dry Goods Alliance, 404 Fourth Avenue, on Jan. 17.

Meetings of the upholstery and drapery buyers to consider Spring deliveries will take place next Tuesday and Wednesday at the Dry Goods Union, 423 Fourth Avenue. Hosiery buyers will meet on the same two days.

The D. M. Read Company of Bridgeport, Conn., has become a member of the Dry Goods Alliance, 404 Fourth Avenue.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Kilvans Co.; A. Kilvans, coney sealine coats; 141 W. 33d (G. Silver).

ALBANY, Ga.—Hofmayer D. G. Co.; O. J. Brunner, men's furn. goods, staple, piece goods; 43 Leonard, Room 104.

ALBANY, N. Y.—W. M. Whitney & Co.; J. Palmer, upholstery, carpets, draperies; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.)

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Bros.; Mrs. G. Roth, gloves; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; H. Roman, optical goods, kodaks, &c.; 16 W. 30th.

BALTIMORE—The Hecht Co.; F. S. Deutsch, ready-to-wear, basement; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

BALTIMORE—I. Benesch & Sons; S. Gompecht, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Lebow Bros.; J. Lebow, pants materials; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, clothing materials; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—The Hub; Miss Norton, millinery; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, ladies' coats, suits; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE — O'Neill & Co.; Miss A. Gannon, waists, dresses, sweaters; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook); Martinique.

BALTIMORE — H. G. Henry & Co.; R. G. Henry, sweaters, underwear, hosiery, knit goods; Pennsylvania.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Griffin & Licht; S. Griffin, jobs coats, suits; 5 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.)

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Louis Pizitz D. G. Co.; A. I. Abkowitz, serge, velvet guimpes; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).

BIRMINGHAM — Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; M. Sommers, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss S. Blumenthal, cloth dresses for immediate delivery; 152 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Ryan, sweaters; Miss Mahoney, skirts, petticoats; Mrs. Webber, gowns; Miss Berry, silk waists; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co. Upstairs—Mrs. Phillips, women's costumes, dresses; Miss Stack, representing coats and suits; Miss Gilman, silk and muslin underwear; A. S. Miller, men's hosiery, golf hose; Miss Webb, jewelry, 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co. Upstairs—Miss K. Haukap, brushed wool tam and scarf sets; Miss Goldin, women's waists; Miss H. Foley, misses' Spring dresses; Miss A. Kellar, misses' coats, suits; Miss O'Neil, assisting; Miss Suydam, misses' skirts; Miss C. M. Murphy, div. mgr. misses' ready-to-wear; Miss J. O'Callaghan, women's dresses; C. H. Hanley, rugs, upholstery, furniture; 1,164 B'way, 3d floor.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. G. Tarpey, misses' coats, suits, dresses; Miss M. Fitzgerald, women's suits; S. Falk, boys' clothing, furnishing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Louis Rothstein; L. Rothstein, Spring cloth dresses, jobs cloth dresses, all colors tricotine, poiret twill; 370 7th Av. (B. Geltner).

BUFFALO, N. Y.—W. Hengerer Co.; Miss P. Brinton, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; 16 W. 39th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Tiftickjian Brothers; D. S. Tiftickjian, Oriental rugs, carpets; Breslin.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—L. L. Berger & Co.; Miss R. Vande Water, frocks, gowns; 253 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Weintraub Brothers; J. Weintraub, M. Weintraub, boys' furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—M. Wile & Co.; B. S. Gunzberg, trimmings; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—M. Siegel, hats; McAlpin.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. J. Connolly, men's furnishings; Miss K. Trounce, Miss A. Snope, representing; 16 W. 39th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam Co.; W. H. Lawrie, jobs Winter coats; 16 W. 39th.

CANTON, Ohio—W. R. Zollinger & Co.; O. C. La Cave, linens, wash goods, hosiery, underwear; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Komiss & Greene; Miss B. Kovler, jobs suits, dresses; 1,182 B'way; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss Nichols, millinery; 13 E. 22d, 12th floor.

CHICAGO—The Boston Store; C. Lindeman, rugs, carpets; 44 E. 23d, Room 306.

CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; Mrs. I. Novy, underwear, infants' wear, sweaters, children's coats; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

CHICAGO—The Betty Gordon Co.; H. H. Gordon, jobs sweaters, cotton, silk shirt waists, bungalow aprons, hosiery, kimonos, men's neckwear, handkerchiefs; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.)

CHICAGO—Kunstadter Bros.; J. B. Clutier, hdkfs., underwear; Broztell.

CHICAGO—Kahn Bros. Co.; M. M. Kahn, mfrs. dresses, silks, waists; 1,170 B'way.

CHICAGO—S. T. Fiske; L. Levitan, wool jersey sweaters; 1,182 B'way, Room 1403.

CINCINNATI—Aims & Doepke Co.; C. M. Wilson, ladies' coats, suits, dresses; 350 B'way, Room 406.

CLEVELAND—Emsheimer, Fishel Co.; L. E. Emsheimer, waist, dress goods; Alcazar.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; Miss E. Demming, laces, neckwear, basement; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; W. Weisenberger, corsets, 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CLEVELAND — Root & McBride Co.; A. Kleinacks, floor coverings, draperies; 72 Leonard, Room 1010.

CINCINNATI—Gilsey Mfg. Co.; C. Bernstein, waists, dresses; Martinique.

CINCINNATI—Queen Crayat Co.; A. Caspery, silks; Grand.

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; W. J. Shartzs, rugs, draperies; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; J. B. Bellamy, mdse. mgr.; Miss C. Updegraff, toilet goods, ivory; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Dunn-Taft Co.; Miss S. Reynolds, ready-to-wear; 48 W. 35th (Wm. M. Van Buren). Prince George.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Z. L. White Co.; Mr. Moon, ladies' ready-to-wear; 25 W. 33d. (M. Lichtenstein & Co.).

DALLAS, Texas—Neiman-Marcus Co.; Miss G. Dalby, misses' coats, suits, dresses; McAlpin.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Mrs. W. B. Rector, ready-to-wear; 19 E. 24th.

DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; H. F. Kramer, silks, dress goods, linings; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; E. H. Karber, men's headwear; C. W. Greenberg, hosiery; J. Ver Linden, shirts, umbrellas; Miss O. Kircher, jewelry, leather goods; M. Patten, jobs and close-outs men's, suits, overcoats; M. Landsberg, jobs and close-outs boys' suits, overcoats, mackinaws, men's trousers; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

DETROIT—L. Hudson Co.; C. G. Sherfield, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

ELMIRA, N. Y.—N. J. Thompson & Co.; C. R. Roby, shirts, overalls; Imperial.

EL PASO, Texas—American Clothes Shop; Mr. Harris, jobs sweaters, cotton, silk shirt waists, bungalow aprons, hosiery, kimonos, men's furnishings, handkerchiefs, Fall coats, suits; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.)

EL PASO, Texas—J. B. Blangrund & Bros.; Mr. Blangrund, jobs sweaters, cotton, silk waists, bungalow aprons, hosiery, kimonos, men's neckwear, handkerchiefs, Fall coats, suits; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.)

FALL RIVER, Mass.—Steiger, Cox Co.; W. J. Hoyle, women's neckwear, toilet goods; 194 W. 22d (C. S. Logan).

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—Argersinger Garment Dept.; G. Vandervoort, jobs silk dresses; 120 W. 36th (L. Harris).

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—P. Steketee & Sons; W. R. Hays, notions, gloves, jewelry; 6 W. 32d (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. H. York, men's furnishings; F. J. Smith, jewelry; 404 4th Av.

HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; H. G. Munger, carpets; 106 Grand (Jay Co.)

HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Munn Co.; A. Hall, ready-to-wear; A. T. Compton, piece goods; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Diggins).

HOUSTON, Texas—I. A. Kaplan, jobs coats, suits; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.)

INDIANAPOLIS—S. A. Ayres & Co.; E. L. Goldberg, coats, suits, dresses, skirts, girls' wear, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

LANCASTER, Pa.—Hager & Bro.; B. E. Snyder, men's, boys' clothing, tailoring; Miss E. Martin, neckwear, ribbons, veilings, belts, dress trimmings, women's hosiery, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Pa.—L. Glasberg, jobs ladies' coats, dresses; 48 E. 28th.

LANCASTER, Pa.—M. Lurie & Bro.; B. Lurie, underwear, hosiery, clothing, furn. goods; York.

LIMA, Ohio—Leader Garment Dept.; H. Krueger, jobs silk dresses; 120 W. 36th (L. Harris).

LINCOLN, Neb.—Gold & Co.; N. J. Gold, notions, furn. goods, shoes; 17 E. 22d.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Beal-Burrow D. G. Co.; J. T. Beal, dry goods; 395 B'way, Room 1,508.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Broadway Dept. Store; Mrs. Lown, coats; 77 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Citrin's; Miss Malinick, millinery; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

LOS ANGELES — Bullock's; Miss Loomis, children's, girls', juniors' wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

LOS ANGELES—S. R. Blackstone Co.; O. Bartlett, President; Mrs. G. Godfrey, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av. (I. S. Farian).

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Cooper Coats & Casey D. G. Co.; R. P. Massey, silk, dress goods; 377 B'way, Room 607.

LOS ANGELES—Standard Cloak and Suit House; M. Levine, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (M. B. Golubock).

LOUISVILLE—H. Strauss & Sons Co.; S. Arnowitz, jobs waists; 370 7th Av. (William Gross & Co.).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter D. G. Co., Inc.; L. H. Kesley; 43 Leonard, Room 415.

MIAMI, Fla.—Roth Millinery Shop; M. Roth, millinery supplies; Martinique.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The Dayton Co.; Miss H. Coulson, underwear; Infants' wear, sweaters; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Association).

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Miss A. Kaerber, millinery ornaments, children's headwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

NASHVILLE—Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; P. Gahr, rugs, draperies; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Weinbaum & Jacobus; E. D. Weinbaum, ready-to-wear; 1,181 B'way, 8th floor.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; J. L. Bowie, lace, trimmings, wash goods, art goods, dress goods, linings, ribbons; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; E. A. Mills, cloaks, suits, dresses, furs; 404 4th Av. (Jay Co.)

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; J. C. Miner, notions, drugs, leather goods, ribbons; 106 Grand; Park Avenue.

NEW HAVEN—Gamble-Desmond Co.; N. S. Turner, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—B. Bennett & Co.; B. Bennett, jobs poplin skirts, silk, java crepe shirts; 395 B'way, Room 604.

NEW ORLEANS—L. Feibleman & Co.; S. G. Keller, jobs bungalow aprons, house dresses; 370 7th Av. (L. Landres & Co.).

OMAHA, Neb.—Hayden Brothers; Miss E. Crowe, waists, sweaters; Miss M. Gray, women's hosiery; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Mendall's; J. Kauffman, cloth and silk dresses; M. Hirsch, muslin and flannelette underwear, bungalow aprons, house dresses; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).

PHILADELPHIA — M. Blum, dress trimmings, lamp shades; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Pioneer Knitting and Mfg. Co.; E. L. Cohen, mdse. manager, sweaters, knit goods; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA — J. Wanamaker; A. G. Cressman, waists, muslin underwear; B'way and 10th.

PHILADELPHIA — Gimbel Brothers; Mr. Friedberg, women's silk, cotton underwear; B'way and 33d (New York office).

PHILADELPHIA—I. Fisher; Mr. Kramer, tweed suitings; 1,133 B'way, Room 1420.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; R. J. Sutliff, rugs, carpets, linoleums; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PITTSBURGH — Frank & Seder, Inc.; M. Arnfeld, men's clothing; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss M. Killen, Miss Robbins, Spring coats; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl, Inc.; Miss A. Eckert, coats, suits, dresses; 1,140 B'way (G. Sloan).

PITTSBURGH—The Porter Co.; F. C. Waddel, hats; Miss K. E. Wells, pattern hats; Imperial.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. Ferber, millinery; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; E. Albright, jewelry; 1,261 B'way (M. A. McNulta).

PITTSBURGH—Fashion Outfitting Co.; D. Schwartz, high-class juniors' dresses; 3 W. 29th, Room 906.

PITTSBURGH—Bash, Inc.; H. Bash, mdse. mgr.; 303 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Wemstein Bros.; M. Weinstein, better grades suits; 15 East 9th, Room 1910.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; Miss M. E. Daley, women's children's knit underwear; 240 Madison Av.

READING, Pa.—Imber Bros.; I. Imber, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.

RICHMOND — Dreyfus Co.; S. B. Hazle, jobs Winter coats; 370 7th Av. (L. Landres & Co.).

SAN FRANCISCO—H. L. Latz & Co.; H. L. Latz, Spring dresses, coats; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

SAN FRANCISCO—Walton N. Moore D. G. Co.; F. Selby, hosiery, underwear; 350 Broadway Room 1006.

SAN FRANCISCO—M. & L. Meyer, H. Silver, ladies', juniors', children's jersey jackets for jobber; L. Phillips, Spring wraps, capes; 1,225 B'way, Room 610 (Lesser & Wood).

SAN FRANCISCO—Kemp & Marks; L. Marks, better coats, suits; 370 7th Av. (M. B. Golubock).

SCRANTON, Pa.—Wyoming Co.; M. Richmond, jobs cloth dresses; 120 West 36th (L. Harris).

SHEBOYGAN—Holman Mfg. Co.; S. Holman, shirtings, denims, woolens; York.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros.; Miss Gans, basement millinery, ladies', children's hats; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros.; S. A. Major, men's, boys' clothing; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; J. A. St. Cyr, colored goods, toilet goods, art needlework; 240 Madison Av.

SPRINGFIELD—Poole D. G. Co.; J. A. Ring, millinery; 105 Grand; Bristol.

ST. LOUIS—Van Nice & Wardle Co.; G. M. Wardle, ribbons; Latham.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss Wedell, house dresses, bungalow aprons, negligees, silk, sateen blouses; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss O'Rourke, jobs waists; S. A. Dobriner, Mr. Silberman, jobs men's cotton shirts, silk-striped fibres; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Chappel-Dyer Co., Inc.; W. A. Dyer, toilet articles; 6 W. 32d (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

TERRE HAUTE—Ruot D. G. Co.; H. D. Matthews, millinery, neckwear, handkerchiefs; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch; Miss M. Ruttencutter, gloves; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

VANCOUVER, B. C.—David Spencer, Ltd.; Mr. Alldrich, millinery; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; S. L. Nye, books, stationery; 432 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Palais Royal; Frank E. Shields, linens, domestics, wash goods; 37 W.

MEXICO AN OUTCAST IN NEW YORK COURTS

Government's $500,000 Suit Dismissed Because It Has Not Been Recognized by U. S.

NOT A SOVEREIGN NATION

Complaint Alleges $173,768 Was Paid on 25 Boats, Not One of Which Was Delivered.

The Mexican Government has no standing in the courts of New York State, because it has not been recognized by the American Government, according to a ruling yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Donnelly, who dismissed a $500,000 suit by the "United States of Mexico" against the Lebertan Corporation.

Justice Donnelly granted an application by the Lebertan Corporation to throw the case out of court, because "the plaintiff is not a properly constituted Government, is not a sovereign nation and has not been recognized as such by the Government of the United States and the Government of the State of New York."

The complaint, which alleged that the United States of Mexico "is an independent and sovereign State," asserted that a contract was made in August, 1920, by Minister of Finance Alvarez for the purchase of twenty-five submarine chasers for $500,073. The plaintiff paid $125,018 as part of the cost of the chasers, and later agreed to pay $48,750 additional for the coppering of the bottoms of the vessels. It was alleged that none of the chasers was delivered.

Justice Donnelly's decision was based on the recent ruling by the Appellate Division that the Russian Soviet Government has no standing to sue here, because it has not been recognized at Washington.

ORDER FOR GERMAN HOSIERY

Wise & Whitlock to Take Entire Output of Saxony Factory.

Wise & Whitlock, hosiery dealers of 373 Fourth Avenue, have arranged with the Meyer Textile Works of Saxony, Germany, for the manufacture annually of $250,000 worth of silk hosiery from raw material which the American firm will obtain for the German factory in Japan and Italy. The entire annual output of the Meyer factory will be taken over by the American firm.

A representative of Wise & Whitlock said the arrangement differs from that frequently made by English firms with Germans whereby the latter as pay for their work keep part of the finished product or the raw material provided. In this case the Germans will be paid in money, it was stated.

Good Bidding at London Wool Sale.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—At the wool auction sales today 11,538 bales were offered. There was a strong market for superior selections, and the opening prices for all classes were fully maintained.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

BEHNING PIANO COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Behning Piano Company, manufacturer of pianos, at 306 East 133d Street, by General Electric Inspection Company, claiming $325; Julius Bunzl, $250; Charles G. Eyles, $45. Judge Mack appointed Charles Jacob receiver, under $25,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $200,000 and assets about $100,000. Receivers in equity were appointed on Dec. 20 to take charge of the business, and the bankruptcy proceedings were instituted in accordance with a resolution passed by the creditors recently to enable the debtor corporation to effect a composition in bankruptcy.

RIVERDALE BAKING COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Riverdale Baking Company, Inc., of 25-31 Prospect Street, Yonkers, N. Y., by Hewson Flour and Grain Company on a claim for $2,535; Sunlight Auto Company, $85; Philip Schwartz, $61. Liabilities are about $30,000 and assets about $8,000.

ABRAHAM ORENTLY of 1,980 Seventh Avenue filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $17,638 and assets of $54. Principal creditors listed are: American Woolen Company, $9,091; Arthur M. Lamport, $3,800, and Johanna Seff, $2,800.

NUSSENBLATT & MEDVETSKY, furs, at 248 Seventh Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $5,174 and assets of $770. Principal creditor listed is Pioneer Fur Dyeing Company, $2,700. The members of the firm are George Nussenblatt and Samuel Medvetsky.

HYMAN COHEN of 55 West 114th Street filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $6,293 and no assets. The only creditor listed is the Union Trust Company on a claim based on a deficiency judgment in a foreclosure action.

BERGEN BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Philip and Joseph Bergen, individually and as copartners, trading as Bergen Brothers, 331 Steinway Avenue, Astoria, L. I., by Jeanette Frimarck for $40; Ruby Benjamin, $1,000, and Gertrude Weiss, $4,108.

ESSENTIAL AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS CO., INC.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Allen D. Emil receiver for the Essential Automotive Products Co., Inc., of 511 West Forty-second Street, under $2,500 bond. Liabilities are not stated; assets are about $10,000.

D. KRASNA & SON—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Susan Brandeis receiver for B. Krasna & Son, dealers in hosiery and underwear, at 37 Orchard Street, under $2,500 bond. Liabilities are about $20,000 and assets about $5,000.

MAX MAUTNER—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Leonard B. Zeisler receiver for Max Mautner, silk jobber, at 393 Fifth Avenue, under $2,000 bond. Liabilities are about $15,000 and assets about $7,000.

STETSON BLOUSE STORES, INC., of 23 West Thirty-sixth Street, operating a chain of retail stores, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $302,606 and assets of $151,500, main items of which are stock, $150,000, and fixtures, $50,000. Principal creditors listed are S. Altman, $14,706; Cosmopolitan Bank, $8,200; Metropolitan Bank, $15,002; J. L. Waist Co., $7,795; State Bank, $10,000; Garduff & Greenbaum, $15,173, secured; Dr. R. E. Newman, $9,500, secured; Paterson National Bank of Paterson, N. J., $5,015.

WAUGH CHEMICAL CORPORATION of 2 Rector Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $211,276 and assets of $182,994, main items of which are stocks and bonds, $75,000; accounts, $69,994 and Liberty bonds, $35,000. Principal creditors listed are Coal & Iron National Bank, $37,000, secured; Dicks David & Co., $33,000; E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Co., $14,000; Julius Wolff, $14,201, and Standard Chemical Metal Corporation, $10,270.

HARRY SIEGEL, doing business as Harry Siegel Co., clothing manufacturers, at 830 Broadway, filed schedules in bankruptcy, listing liabilities of $138,301 and assets of $62,758, main items of which are accounts, $41,940 and stock, $15,000. Principal creditors listed are Second National Bank of Hoboken, $15,637, secured; American Woolen Co., $14,000; estate of K. Siegel, $22,786; Maurice Cohen, $5,150; Isaac Siegel, $5,000, and Annie Siegel, $5,000.

JACOB LIEBOVITZ, men's furnishings, at 941 Intervale Avenue, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $8,209 and assets of $2,010.

SIMON & FRIEDMAN of 44 West Twenty-eighth Street filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $4,175 and assets of $900. Principal creditor listed is the United States for income taxes 1917-21, $2,750.

COMPOSITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY—The following compositions in bankruptcy were confirmed yesterday by Judge Mack: L. Fisher Son, dealers in women's apparel, at 822 Seventh Avenue and 606 Sixth Avenue, 25 per cent.; Jack Jacobs, men's furnishings, at 284 Bowery, 20 per cent.; M. Cohen & Brother, retail clothier, at 115 Seventh Avenue and 265 Sixth Avenue, 22½ per cent; Eagle Traveling Leather Goods Co., Inc., of 54 West Third Street, 25 per cent.; Mitchem Textile Corporation of 19 Bond Street, 14 per cent.; Paris Hat Manufacturing Co., of 35 Bond Street, 15 per cent.; George McGuire, doing business as Thomas Mead, hay, straw and feed, at 386 Pearl Street, 25 per cent.; International Commodities Corporation, importers of laces and hair nets, at 1 Union Square, 15 per cent.

BANKRUPTCY DISCHARGES—The following were granted discharges from bankruptcy yesterday by Judge Mack: Jacob Shapiro, manufacturer of women's hats, at 696 Broadway; Alexander Green, men's furnishings, at 1,600 Southern Boulevard; Jacob Morrison, dealer in shoes, at 1,301 Washington Street, and Harry Remis, manager, of 718 East 176th Street, and Thomas Bowser, salesman, of 166 West Thirty-fourth Street.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 11.—Albert J. Rosenthal, dealer in clothing and shoes, of Decatur, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $26,185 and assets of $17,400.

Elmer Spangler, dealer in automobiles, at Decatur, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $14,006 and assets of $2,810.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Alexander Works, Inc.—Singer Sewing Machine Co. $241.94
Anderson, McGregor—J. B. Cook 136.90
Auerbach, Charles, and Gaspino Scibelli—Morris Plan Co. of New York 113.80
Buchbaum, Harry—H. Kohn et al. 707.08
Bloom, David—D. Meyer et al. 274.70
Blaha, Adolph—W. J. Kelly 1,111.85
Blum, Jacob L.—Kew Hotel Corp. 464.70
Bedell Co.—Adler & Forschner, Inc. 102.12
Bustos, Anthony, and Nati Surety Co.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Burke, John A.—Industrial Comm. State of New York 338.00
Charle, Louis and Andrew (Louis Charle & Son)—A. R. Purdy Co., Inc. 32.37
Cinemaplays, Inc.—Tanney Printing and Publishing Corp. 194.20
Cooper, David, or Coopman—H. Bierman et al. 158.11
Carbonell, Alfonso T.—International Consolidated Corp. 3,049.20
Deutsch, Adolph and Joseph (Deutsch Bros.)—I. Kaminskik 1,341.50
Dunn, Joseph G.—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 112.70
Dainty Dobs Importing Corp.—Cherry Co. 1,084.63
Eye Ore Co.—C. W. Patterson 688.40
Epifani, Joseph—D. Freda 232.90
E. C. Murray Lighterage and Transportation Co.—T. O'Brien 1,297.32
Finkelstein, Irving, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c. 2,500.00
Foreign Business Corp.—S. J. Rosenbohn 169.70
Fisher, John—L. Sonnenborn Sons, Inc. 118.12
Friedman, Nathan—S. Elias et al. 200.61
Green, Anna, and Samuel Felix—People, &c. 500.00
Gedney, G. Edgar—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp. 106.61
Gladas, Paul—R. Masor 100.36
Geiss, Walter—J. Berger 334.70
Graham, Mary, and Samuel Felix—People, &c. 500.00
Ganger, Morris and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People &c. 1,000.00
Glory Bottling Co. of N. Y., Inc.—American Glass Works, Inc. 2,782.84
Handchuuh, Samuel and Charles Dolid—S. S. Krudel et al. 361.66
Hart, Doris and Harry Katz—People &c. 500.00
Ivhonold Co.—American Gulutex Corp. 258.45
Josefsberg, Max—D. Klapper 218.90
Jackson Film Studios Corp. and Wm. H. Weissager—Bell & Kilaullen, Inc. 188.06
Kane, Frank—Tide Water Oil Sales Corp. 396.70
Kalluch, Herman T.—Montray Corp. 179.60
Kaplan, Irving and Henry (Kaplan Bros.)—Lexington Shoe Co., Inc. 135.51
Katz, Abner—Grimbco Realty Co., Inc. 166.58
Kehlick, Joseph, Joseph Chase et al—Morris Plan Co. N. Y. 115.00
Moaklin, Mary—Same 217.20
Munday, James and Joseph Lottier—Same 164.30
Kutzenogy, Joseph and Louis Epner—Same 113.80
Kushwick, Alex et al—Same 165.50
Mawk, Samuel et al—Same 220.70
Loster, William—P. Devine 1,125.35
Larsen, Carl S.—C. W. Patterson 638.40
Long Island Restaurant, Inc.—Private Estate Coffee Co. 136.70
Livermoore, Rojas & Co., Inc.—Rozford Knitting Co. 15,886.62
Lotos Motor Equipment Co., Inc.—Charles S. Chapin Co., Inc. 156.40
Lanzke, Gustav A. and Nil Surety Co.—People &c. 1,000.00
Same—Same 1,000.00
Lenton, Arthur and Anton Jiran—People &c. 2,500.00
Moranos, Jack—J. Maranos 173.11
Michelson, George—Mohawk Rubber Co. N. Y. 932.60
Manufacturers Union, Inc.—Stanley Insulating Co., Inc. 194.46
Muller, Katie and Benjamin Green—People, &c. 500.00
McGuire, T. Burt—Farmers Loan & Trust Co. 4,978.28
McCormick, John—H. B. Bolton 815.20
Myers, Sydney J., and David Berman—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y. 4,317.57
Mitchell-Cramer Co., Inc.—H. Belkow Inc. 975.04
Neale Pub. Co.—American Book Bindery 1,119.64
Parks, Frank J.—Sunset Lighterage Corp. 240.65
Plaza, Michael—Industrial Comm. State N. Y. 159.25
Philip L. Lewis, Inc.—I. J. Peterson 3,163.67
P. W. Pictures, Inc.—Tanney Printing and Pub. Corp. 897.20
Pasinkoff, Samuel, and Julius Wollman (Pasinkoff & Wollman)—S. Grossman 10,000.00
Pinto, Joseph, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c. 500.00
Peterson, Elizabeth, and Saul Felix—People, &c. 500.00
Rivoral, Henry J., and Henry J. Ribordo & Co., Inc.—O. H. Richards et al. 2,589.09
Rottenberg, Samuel, trustee—G. Razlauer 110.65
Rosenberg, Adolph—F. Greenberg et al. 1,462.70
Ressler, Harvey E.—O. E. Saunders 1,781.78
Roman, Otto—S. Olozewa 742.90
Ramsauer, Edward—M. M. Corwin et al. 137.74
Rueff, Louise—Stern Bros. 184.08
Sampson, Harry, and Peter Kessil—London Guaranty & Accident Co. 377.38
Sinkowitz, William—S. Goff et al. 324.57
Superior Tire Co., Inc.—M. Richter 1,009.75
Stanton, Frank—Mattie Carnegie, Inc. 3,579.42
Steinmen, Isador G.—B. Piakin et al. 470.20
Sterick, Guy L.—Diamond Cattle Co. 230.00
Smith, James H.—S. J. Corker 522.70
Sampson Lumber Co., Inc.—E. Holland 435.84
Smith, Ralph C.—Kishinmetas Spring School 533.13
Siegel, Jacob—M. Raul 351.16
Schwarzbach, Solomon—B. Neuberger 1,155.65
Smith, H. Lyon—Exhibitors' Trade Review 198.93
Same—Chalmers Pub. Co. 177.50
Singer, Abraham—R. Hochheiser 1,634.56
Sternberg, Samuel—W. C. McLaughlin 168.26
Trywusick, Edward, Marie Trywusick and George Sattler—Morris Plan Co., New York 113.90
Western Union Partition Co., Inc.—S. Marcus 343.38
Waldron, Alfred—Fox & Pier, Inc. 155.60
Weber, Fred, and National Surety Co.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Zierfeld, Cinema Corp.—F. J. Whitcomb 1,034.20
Same—Same 933.40

In Bronx County.

Auerbach, Morris—B. Schklarsky $52.00
Brandwein, Samuel—L. A. Snitkin 540.20
Eliman, Sam—J. Weisfeld 308.92
Eagan, Edward—M. East Broadway, Inc. 194.15
Frank, Louis and Bessie—S. Soffer 118.48
Jaffess, Max—M. J. Leddy 160.40
Same—R. M. Leddy 1,090.40
Menger, Dudley B.—A. E. Palmer 4,054.95
Solomon, Jacob—H. Perlin 186.77
Schlatt, Frederick—D. Queen 40.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Selmecs, Leonilla—C. Valinotto, Jan. 24, 1917 ..... $161.88
Martin, Louis—G. Piano, Oct. 11, 1921 ..... 349.70
Haag, William, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c., May 26, 1920 ..... 200.00
Hughes, Peyton M.—H. Spielberg, Dec. 22, 1916 ..... 460.00
Same—S. Warreich et al., March 2, 1917 ..... 158.25
Same—Wells Fulman Iron Works, Inc., May 24, 1916 ..... 391.45
Fagan, Joseph—H. Goldenberg, Dec. 30, 1921 ..... 214.65
Jardshaw, Benjamin—C. Bandler, Jan. 21, 1921 ..... 230.40
Hughes, Peyton M.—County Holding Co., Nov. 24, 1916 ..... 276.80
Downer, Cutler B. et al.—M. E. Stiner et al., Nov. 2, 1921 ..... 119.08
Fevenel, Clarence, et al.—T. R. Gargani et al., Nov. 17, 1914 ..... 281.25
Downer, Cutler B. et al.—M. E. Stiner et al., Nov. 2, 1921 ..... 119.25
Kramer, Andrew—N. E. Schorr, Dec. 30, 1921, vacated 552.62
Hughes, Peyton M.—E. M. Engelman, June 21, 1920 ..... 146.70
Glick, Thomas H.—State Bank, April 14, 1916 ..... 336.25
Martin, Arthur, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c., Oct. 3, 1919 ..... 1,000.00
Leary, Frank, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c., May 7, 1920 ..... 1,000.00
McDonald, James, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Same, June 2, 1920 ..... 1,000.00
Hayes, James, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c., Jan. 11, 1919 ..... 1,000.00
Nil Surety Co.—Susquehanna Steamship Co. Agr., 1921 ..... 129,223.04
Mannon, J. Harry—N. N. Lee et al., Dec. 21, 1921, vacated 121.70

In Bronx County.

Herman, Morris—O. J. Stephens, Inc., June 17, 1918 ..... 288.87

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BLANKETS Wanted—Any quantity; cash; must be cheap. Spring 2380.

BOLIVIA Wanted—O417, 16,025, all colors; velours, 13,911; cash. Madison Square 7778.

BOYS' Clothing Wanted—Will pay cash for your close-out. Call or write Mr. Levenson, McAlpin Hotel.

CANTON Crepes and Taffetas Wanted—At a price; cash. Princess Dress and Costume Co., 27 West 27th St.

CANTON Crepe and Crepe de Chine Wanted—Quantity; must be cheap; cash. Empire Waist and Dress Co., 149 West 27th.

CANTON Crepe Dresses Wanted—Jobber buying canton crepe dresses, new Spring models. 33 West 33d, 4th floor.

CANTONS, Crepes, Charmeuse, Georgettes Wanted—All colors, for cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 487 4th Av.

CANTONS and Heavy Flat Crepe de Chines Wanted—Good quality. Society Dresses, Inc., 99 Madison Av.

CANTONS Wanted—Satin face, all colors, spot cash. Rellman & Tiffany, 25 W. 31st.

CAPES Wanted—All kinds, jobber placing orders all week. 4th floor front, 12 West 27th.

CASSIMERS Wanted—Striped worsted flannels, serges, for cash; desirable for pants; must be below market price. Call afternoons 2 to 5, 104 5th Av., 5th floor.

CHARMEUSE, Georgette, Satins, Taffetas Wanted—Any color, spot cash. Sacks, 49 East 27th. Madison Square 7754.

COATINGS Wanted—Herringbone, plaid back; also plaid back, all colors; quantity. M. W. Hatt, 1,333 Broadway.

COATINGS Wanted—American 11119, all shades. Phone Chelsea 4814.

COATING Wanted—American 11111, shade 6. Simon Kramer, 1,165 Broadway.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles coats, capes, wraps and suits. Aronow Bros., 45 West 27th.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobber placing orders sport wear. Schwarzbart Bros., 115 West 31st.

COATS Wanted—Jobber buying misses, juniors, children's, coats and suits; 10:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. 10 West 20th, 5th floor.

COATS Wanted—Placing stock orders on children's coats. Call with samples. 104 West 27th, 1 flight up.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobber placing orders; Spring models. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Looking Spring samples; sport types preferred. 1,225 Broadway, 2d floor.

COATS Wanted — Jobber placing orders Spring coats, suits, capes; also sport wear. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—All kinds; jobber placing orders all week. 4th floor front, 12 West 27th.

COATS, Suits, Capes, Tailored Dresses Wanted—Sport types only. Room 407, 1,185 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on Spring coats; call with samples. Pistrong Bros., 138 West 22d.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders, Spring coats; bring samples. Kemzer-Steinberg, 1,225 Broadway.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring samples. 33 West 26th, 4th floor.

COATS and Capes Wanted—For Spring; jobber looking all week. 5th floor, 33 West 26th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on Spring coats, 333 7th Av., 19th floor (29th St. side).

COATS Wanted—Better grade Spring coats, capes, sport wear; looking all week. 109 West 26th, 5th floor.

COATS, Wraps, Capes Wanted—Placing orders for Spring. 1st floor, 124 West 22d.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring line. 220 West 36th, 5th floor.

COATS Wanted—Sport coats and tweed suits. George Miller, 11 West 32d.

COATS and Suits Wanted—For Spring; exclusive jobber. Siegel, 11 East 31st.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats, suits and wraps. Jacobs, 30 W. 32d.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring coats. 10 West 22d, 3d floor.

COATINGS Wanted—Deland, 1920-32. Lustgarten & Bloch, Watkins 8065.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Sateen and taffetas. National Petticoat, 115 West 30th.

COTTON Silks Wanted—Jobs and remnants; pay cash. Stimler, 638 East 5th St.

CREPE Knit Wanted—Open for all shades; call Madison Square 4490. Samuels & Stone, 6 East 30th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—4, 5, 6 thread, at a price. Popular Price Dress, 25 West 32d.

CREPE-KNIT Wanted—All colors. Irving Katz, 11 East 26th St.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—4-6 thread. David Lassman, 26 West 31st.

CREPE Knit Wanted—All colors. Bligg Posner, 44 East 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Now placing stock orders medium to higher grade canton crepe, crepe de chine, taffeta and georgette dresses; submit samples. Bijou, 5 East 31st, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Large jobber placing stock orders on medium to highest grade canton, taffeta, crepe-knit, georgette dresses for Spring; submit samples, 9-5 daily, 28 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Now placing large stock orders on medium to highest grade dresses of Canton crepe and crepe de chine. Submit samples to 546 Broadway, 1st floor.

DRESSES—Jobber open for snappy models in taffetas and canton crepe dresses; orders placed immediately. Silver, 22 West 32d St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for spot cash jobs, any quantity, tricotine, poiret twill, canton crepe, crepe de chine, satin and party dresses. 5 East 31st, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs of all descriptions; open for any amount of desirable dresses for spot cash; no quantity too large. 1st floor, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay cash for jobs, any quantity canton, lace, tricotine, poiret and satin canton dresses; submit samples 9-5 daily. 28 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on ginghams, voiles, dotted Swiss, organdies and sport dresses. 12th floor, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on new Spring models in tasseling $10.75, in cantons, tricotines and poirets; submit samples 3-5, 3d floor, 153 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will buy for cash any quantity cantons, crepes, taffetas, serges, tricotines, poiret, twills, poplins and velours. Watkins 5154.

DRESSES Wanted—Out-of-town jobber placing orders on Spring gingham, wash dresses call with samples 9-12, 127 West 33d St., Room 301.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders better kind, all materials; also buying jobs. 38 West 33d, Room 604.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better kind canton crepes. Call 10-12, 2-4, 33 West 34th, Room 804.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large stock orders, on better grade; Canton dresses. Call 29 West 35th St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Buying discontinued numbers; also jobs any quantity; cash. Stuyvesant 8013.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new popular priced snappy styles in all materials. 20 West 22d, 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Buying for cash jobs in any quantity, silk and cloth dresses. Third floor, 153 West 27th. Chelsea 6434.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy quantities of new Spring silk and wool dresses; also jobs. 8 East 27th, 20th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on Spring dresses. 4th floor, 270 5th Av., Madison Square 442.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotines, taffetas, cantons and satins, for cash. H. & J. Leibowitz, 124 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Junior, flapper, high-class silks; also cottons. Rabinowitz, 127 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing stock orders on Spring dresses. 5th floor, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on smart, snappy styles, canton crepes. 230 5th Av., Room 307.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade cotton novelty dresses. 10 East 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Canton crepe and taffeta. 134 West 29th, 4th floor. Miss Weinstein.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders canton crepes, taffetas, tweeds. 19 East 33d, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs of cantons, taffetas and crepe knits, at price. Geverts, 29 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on Canton crepes. 27 West 27th, first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class; all kinds jobs for cash. Phone Watkins 1474.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing big orders on ladies' and stouts. 25 West 32d, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We buy jobs, also discarded samples, for cash. Watkins 6095.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class, all kinds jobs for cash. Tel. Canal 4222.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring styles. Furman, 39 Union Square.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring samples. 3d floor, 36 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at canton crepe styles. Eighth floor, 3 East 28th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at canton crepe styles. Eighth floor, 3 East 28th.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs cloth and silk, cash. 8th floor, 16 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Black carsoul crosses; quantities; cash. Longacre 4483.

FURS Wanted—Amoskeag 7301, 7614, navy and black. Chelsea 2620-2675.

BUYERS' WANTS.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2, quantity. 33 West 33d, 4th floor.

GERONA Wanted—F and H, black, navy. Mendelson-Sussman, 124 West 37th.

HERRING BONE Mixtures Wanted—All shades. Longacre 1978.

HERRINGBONES Wanted—American, shade 5 and others. Phone Chelsea 4814.

HERRINGBONE Wanted—American No. 11, 114, all shades. Chelsea 9371.

HERRINGBONE Wanted — Plaid back, for cash. Phone Chelsea 4814.

JERSEY Wanted—30x34 inch, all colors, 8-10-ounce weight for cash. 119 West 25th St. Flavin Dress Co.

JERSEY Wanted—8-oz., wool, 36 to 54 inch, 4th floor, 119 West 24th.

JERSEYS Wanted—Fred Kronish, 25 West 31st St.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted—Eight-ounce, all colors. 5th floor, 18 West 27th.

KNITTED Neckwear Wanted — Seconds, quantities, cash; also inexpensive new goods. G 305 Times.

LININGS Wanted—Printed Jap silks and tubs, quantity. 31 East 27th, Room 65. Madison Square 308.

LININGS Wanted—Peau de cygnes. Eisenberg & Friedman, 57 East 11th.

MARVELLAS and Orlandus Wanted—In all Spring shades. Madison Square 1864.

PERCALES Wanted—In standard 64x60 count; spot cash; must be under market price; send swatches. A. S. Katzenberg & Bros., Baltimore, Md.

PLAID Wanted—For cash; large quantity all-wool plaid at a price. F. J. Barash, 27 West 20th.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—For cash. Premier Garment Co., 45 West 27th.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Navy, quantity, at a price. Watkins 6224.

PONGEES Wanted—Any quantity of 12 momme, for cash. Pennsylvania 1032.

PONGEES Wanted—Open to buy quantity 12 momme; cash. Seife Bros., 119 Wooster.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momme; cash; can use rejects. Store, 328 4th Av.

POPLINS, Velours Wanted—All colors; cash. Grace Dress, 38 West 32d.

PRUNELLA Wanted—For cash; large quantity brown prunella, stripes and plaids; must be half worsted cloth. Call with samples, P. J. Barash, 27 W. 20th. Chelsea 7903.

PRUNELLAS Wanted—We are open to buy large quantities for spot cash. M. Gollomp, 18 West 27th.

SATIN faced cantons and cantons. Lux Rite Dress Co., 159 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted—French 54289 or similar; storm M&L or similar. B. Dress Co., 234 West 39th, or call Gramercy 7277.

SERGE Wanted—7614 black and navy for cash. Watkins 10242.

SERGE Wanted—Navy, around $1 yard for cash. Myer Gans, 151 West 26th.

SERGE Wanted—Open to buy quantities of 7614. Longacre 5766.

SILKS Wanted—Manufacturers, what have you to offer? We buy remnants, closeout lots silk and cotton mixtures of all descriptions; spot cash. Watkins 6350.

SILKS Wanted—Spot cash, taffetas, canton crepes, crepe de chines, sport silks, foulards, novelties; also odds, ends; seconds. Madison Square 4941.

SILK Wanted—6 momme Jap and tub silk or similar silk for waist lining of dresses. 18 West 33d St., 6th floor. Pennsylvania 1259.

SILKS Wanted—Radium and crepe de chine, plain colors, suitable for lining. Sol Levine Co., 12 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Beau de cygnes in medium and light shades. American Girl Coat Co., 34 West 33d.

SILKS Wanted—General line of colors, crepe de chines, Cantons and georgettes; any quantity; spot cash. Fressman, 423 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Tan, peau de cygne. Phone Gramercy 8242.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity of fancy silks. Kaufman, 116 West 23d.

SILK JERSEY Wanted—At a price; cash; quantity no object. Ragovin, 114 W. 26th.

SILK RADIUM Wanted—Popular price. Fleischman Undergarment, 132 West 22d.

SUITS Wanted—Fancy misses' suits of the better kind; will look all week from 9:30-12. 1,333 Broadway, 10th floor, 36th St. entrance.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing order on misses'; all kinds; all week. 4th floor front, 12 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted—Tricotine, serge and poiret; popular priced. Call with samples, 2:30 Thursday, 220 5th Av., Room 1317.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Also crepes and georgettes; any colors; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 537 4th Av.

TAFFETAS, Crepe de Chines and Canton Crepe Wanted—All colors. Room 902, 449 4th Av.

TAFFETAS and Messalines Wanted—Quantity cheaper qualities. 33 West 33d, 4th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted—Dark shades; if low prices, will pay cash. Weisman, 36 West 32d.

TAFFETA, Canton Crepe Wanted—At the right price. 38 West 33d, Room 604.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Johnny Walker mixtures, tweeds and serges; cash. Rosenberg Bros., 151 West 25th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Fine quality, also 7614 black; cash. Jacobus Bros., Pennsylvania 2535.

TRICOTINES Wanted—At price, spot cash; also Poiret twills, tweeds, &c. Madison Square 1520, 5191.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Better grade; quantity; cash. H. Cantor Co., 15 East 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All makes. Eisenberg & Friedman, 57 East 11th.

TUSSAHS Wanted—We are open for quantities plain silk and cotton tussahs, all colors. M. J. Carey, National Cloak and Suit Co., 204 West 25th St.

TWEEDS Wanted—Fischer and Kennedy, Stoney and Starkey or similar, any quantity, for cash. Schwarzbart Bros., 115 West 31st.

TWEEDS Wanted—American 04811, Kellys or similar colors. Etkin Co. Watkins 4546.

TWEEDS Wanted—Delands, Johnny Walker, Skibo, Stevens and shades. Dushkind Bros., 142 West 26th. Chelsea 895.

TWEEDS Wanted—Open for 15 pieces 04811 copen, lavender and rose; will pay spot cash. Lifshits & Jacobs, 28 West 27th.

TWEEDS Wanted—Of the better kind, Kelley cloth; also American's; will pay spot cash for any quantity. Watkins 2065.

TWEEDS Wanted—All wool tweeds for cash. 10 East 33d, 1st floor, Madison Square 4656.

TWEEDS Wanted—American 19823, 04811; must be cheap for cash. Madison Square 9087.

TWEEDS Wanted—American 04811, Stevens's 8762 or similar; cash. Call, after 10:30, Watkins 7877.

TWEEDS Wanted—Steven's or American; quantity for cash. Premier Garment, 45 West 27th.

TWEEDS Wanted—American 4811 or similar, all colors. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

TWEEDS Wanted—Kelly's 215, American 04811, or similar. Ellis, 135 West 26th.

TWEEDS Wanted—Spot cash; all week. 4th floor front, 12 West 27th.

TWEEDS Wanted—Spot cash at price; all makes. Madison Square 1520, 5191.

TWEEDS Wanted—Delands or Kellys, all shades. Phone Chelsea 4814.

TWEEDS Wanted—Delands 141, all shades, also style 130, Schoenfeld, Longacre 4293.

TWEEDS Wanted—American 11103 and 19823 or similar tweeds. Gramercy 4242.

TWEEDS Wanted—Open for all shades. Cohen & Edelman, 1,225 Broadway.

TWEEDS Wanted—Kelley's 215, all shades. Gelbwaks-Silglits, 24 West 31st.

TWEEDS Wanted—At price, spot cash. Musson and Swarts, 127 West 25th St.

TWEEDS Wanted—58 West 15th, 5th floor. Louis Schwarts, 58 West 15th.

TWILL CORD Wanted—Good quality only. Klein-Marcus, 99 Madison Av.

VELOURS Wanted — Heavyweight, 1,000 pieces; about $1 yard, cash. R. & W. Cloak, 59 West 17th.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavyweight, all wool, spot cash. Cohen & Schwartz. Madison Square 8699.

VELVETEENS Wanted—5,000 yards brown and navy; 29 inch, straight back, at a price for cash. Garfield Dress Co., 212 East 23d.

VENETIANS Wanted—Open for quantity; black and brown; cash. 50 West 17th, 11th floor.

VISCA Wanted—English A or Swiss A, 1½ in the raw, for cash. Stuyvesant 494.

WOOLENS Wanted—Sponge; all colors. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

WOOLENS Wanted—American, style 11119, color 11 and 16. Chelsea 9018.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS—Come look Merwin's new styles, 1,270 Broadway, Room 506.

BEDSPREADS and sheets, big close out for dollar day sales. Washington Mills, 593 Broadway.

BLOOMERS—1,000 dozen women's jersey bloomers, $1.45 dozen; children's, 85 cents dozen. Simon Kahn Co., 911 Broadway.

BOLIVIA—American 0417, 0481 and others; close out cheap. Madison Square 1520-5191.

CANTON CREPES—Shirtings, crepe de chines, 2-4-6 thread, crepe meteors, radiums, messalines, crepe satins, char

OUR TRADE ABROAD ABOVEPRE-WARYEAR

Business With Europe in 1921 Greater by $775,000,000 Than in 1913, Estimates Show.

DOUBLE IN LATIN AMERICA

Commerce With Southern Nations Greater Than Was Forecast by 1913 Curve of Increase.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—American trade with European countries was greater by $775,000,000 in 1921 than during the last pre-war year, 1913, according to an estimate based on eleven months' statistics made public tonight by the Commerce Department. Even with the higher value of the dollar, the department declared, trade with Europe was larger than in 1913.

Exports to Europe during the past year were estimated by the department at $2,890,000,000, as against $1,500,000,000 in 1913, while imports for 1921 were placed at $760,000,000, compared with $865,000,000 in 1913.

Great Britain, the department said, was this country's best customer in Europe, in fact in the world, while Germany has risen to second place in Europe as a consumer of American goods. Exports to Germany during 1921 were $25,000,000 larger than in 1913, and final figures for the past year, it was said, will show an increase over 1920.

Exports and imports with the principal European countries for 1921, as against 1913, were given by the department as follows:

France—Exports, $225,000,000 against $154,000,000; imports, $142,000,000 against $139,000,000.

Germany—Exports, $378,000,000 against $352,000,000; imports, $80,000,000 against $194,000,000.

Italy — Exports, $214,000,000 against $79,000,000; imports, $62,000,000 against $55,000,000.

Netherlands — Exports, $170,000,000 against $122,000,000; imports, $47,000,000 against $38,000,000.

Great Britain — Exports $940,000,000 against $591,000,000; imports $284,000,000 against $272,000,000.

Trade between the United States and Latin-America increased by 100 per cent. in value during 1921, as compared with 1913, according to a summary issued by the Commerce Department. During 1921 the department estimated trade between all the countries of Latin-America and the United States amounted to $1,404,000,000, as against a total of $720,000,000 in 1913. Of the trade for the last year, $667,000,000 consisted of imports from Latin-America and $737,000,000 of exports from this country.

"By comparison with 1913," the department said, "it is seen that this trade is greater than might have been predicted in 1913, based upon the curve of increase for the several previous years.

"If the trade for 1922 and succeeding years show no decrease over 1921, it may fairly be said that on the whole we have emerged from these years of economic crisis and depression with a substantial net gain of our business with Latin-America.

Details of trade between this country and Latin-America were given as follows:

Imports Into the United States.

	1913.	1920.	1921 (Estimated).
Mexico	$91,755,434	$170,331,753	$110,000,000
Cuba	128,095,740	721,085,580	350,000,000
Cent. Amer.	17,969,283	66,675,497	31,000,000
Total South America	190,259,005	760,999,236	290,000,000
Argentina	25,575,067	207,776,868	60,000,000
Brazil	100,947,735	227,587,594	90,000,000
Chile	29,553,825	120,515,599	48,000,000
Colombia	15,714,447	53,641,733	42,000,000
Peru	10,324,787	63,676,671	15,000,000
Uruguay	1,800,609	33,780,647	12,500,000
Venezuela	5,806,761	22,868,969	11,000,000

Exports From the United States.

	1913.	1920.	1921 (Estimated).
Mexico	$48,052,137	$207,858,407	$225,000,000
Cuba	75,236,834	515,208,731	100,000,000
Cent. Amer.	40,103,487	86,266,361	52,000,000
Total South America	146,514,635	623,016,996	270,000,000
Argentine	54,980,416	213,725,934	110,000,000
Brazil	33,201,803	156,740,365	55,000,000
Chile	19,616,912	55,394,019	25,000,000
Colombia	7,647,195	30,183,277	17,500,000
Peru	7,608,916	47,036,428	24,000,000
Uruguay	7,617,110	23,720,570	12,500,000
Venezuela	5,402,441	29,304,280	9,500,000

ACCUSE BANK CASHIER OF ROBBING MESSENGER

Fred Grove of Pasadena Said to Have Admitted $15,000 Hold-Up and Implicated 2 Others.

PASADENA, Cal., Jan. 11.—Fred A. Grace, cashier of the Citizens' National Bank here, was placed in the city jail today and charged with having robbed a Citizens' savings bank messenger of $15,000 Oct. 7. According to the official statement from the police department, Grace admitted the theft, implicating two others and restored $7,686 the stolen funds.

Grace, who has been employed by the bank for thirteen years, told the police, they announced, that he was the principal in the robbery of William Booker, bank messenger, which had gone unsolved until today.

Louis Palito and Emma Eleanor Halter were later taken into custody. Both denied any connection with the robbery, and Grace reiterated, according to the police, that he did the work unaided.

BEATS THE FRENCH TARIFF.

Lille Merchant Imports Spanish Oranges by Way of Belgium.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—The situation arising from the breakdown of the commercial treaty between France and Spain has had effective portrayal in the action of a merchant of Lille, who, to evade the enormous duties to which imports from Spain are subjected by the French customs, had a Spanish cargo shipped to Belgium and thence to France, thereby saving approximately 97 per cent. of the duty originally demanded at the Spanish border.

The alert merchant, finding himself assessed 7,000 francs on a 4,000-franc shipment of oranges, conceived the brilliant idea of having the fruit shipped to Belgium, whence he imported it. The customs charges on this transaction were only 100 francs, and the additional freight expense only 100 francs.

Since the expiration of the Franco-Spanish commercial treaty the officials of the two countries have not been able to conclude a new agreement, with the result that the people of both countries are subject to unnecessarily high tariffs.

Sentenced for Bigamy at 74.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Jan. 11.—A bigamist at 74, Paul Bisom entered a plea of guilty today and received a one to two year sentence in the Ontario Reformatory. Bisom said he left his first wife fifteen years ago.

FAVORS MORE FARM LOANS.

San Francisco Banker Says Agriculture Is Not Getting Its Share.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 11.—Declaring that the Federal Reserve System was created for commerce and business, and not for agriculture, A. W. Hendrick, a San Francisco banker, today criticised the system for not extending to agricultural interests the credit he said was justly due them, in an address before the National Wool Growers' Association.

Mr. Hendrick declared that while 57 per cent. of the primary deposits in the banks of the United States were furnished by the agricultural interests only $2,000,000,000 of $14,000,000,000 made available by the Federal Reserve system was loaned to these interests.

BUSINESS BUILDINGS.

Manhattan Loft and Storage Properties Change Ownership.

The three-story loft building on a lot 18 by 75 feet, at 49 Wooster Street was sold by Byrne & Bowman to Ennis & Sinnott for Stewart Forshay.

Samuel Bernstein purchased from Leopold Weiss 151 Lenox Avenue, a five-story store and loft building, on lot 21 by 75, held at $45,000. This is the third sale of the property in a month, the seller having acquired it from Frederick Brown, who bought it from the Rhinelander estate.

A six-story storage building on a lot 25 by 98.9 at 507 West Thirty-seventh Street was sold by George W. McGovern to William Berns.

Cecil Lyon sold to Adolphe De Barr 24 Maiden Lane, a five-story building with stores, on lot 16.8 by 21.1 by irregular.

Lillie Hirsh sold to Yetta Fertman the six-story store building, 50 by 49.6, at the southwest corner of Hester and Chrystie Streets.

Schwab & Co. sold for the Roseff Construction Company the three-story loft building at 313 and 315 151st Street to a client for all cash. The building is on a plot 50 by 116.

BROOKLYN ACTIVITY.

Apartment House Trading by Investors—Block Front Deal.

An investor has purchased the eight-family apartment building, on a plot 37.6 by 100 feet, at 297 First Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. The property was sold by Margaret Coughlan through E. T. Newman, as broker.

The three-story brick building, containing a store and two apartments, at 694 Franklin Avenue, near Park Place, has been sold for Beckie Hockman to a client of Charles Partridge for investment.

The Southeast corner of Forty-seventh Street and Sixteenth Avenue, a plot 40 by 100, improved with a two-story building with stores, has been sold by Kilcoyne Brothers, as brokers, for A. Tonges to B. Saukerwitz for investment.

A block front bounded by Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Streets, New Utrecht and Thirteenth Avenues, being a plot 204 by 189 by 85, has been sold by the same brokers for P. Quinn to A. Ross.

Mortgage Loans Placed.

The New York Title and Mortgage Company is making a building loan of $175,000 on the north side of 171st Street, 100 feet east of Fort Washington Avenue, where a six-story elevator apartment house is to be erected by the West 171st Street Corporation, a syndicate composed of Leo Schloss, Theodore Klein and others.

Brooks & Memand have placed a first mortgage loan of $89,000 for the R. & H. Realty Company on the ten-store and apartment buildings being erected on the east side of Thirteenth Avenue, including the entire block front from Fiftieth to Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn.

A first mortgage loan of $145,000 on the six-story elevator apartment building, on a plot 91 by 125 irregular, at 4,190 Broadway, northeast corner of Fifth Street, has been placed by Quinlan & Leland.

Edwards, Dowdney & Richart have placed a mortgage loan of $108,000 on the southeast corner of Simpson Street and Westchester Avenue.

They have also placed a loan of $11,000 on the corner house and $10,000 each on the inside houses on the northeast corner of Topping Avenue and 174th Street.

Manhattan Dwelling Sales.

The five-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 80 feet, at 25 East Seventy-third Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues, has been sold by Douglas L. Elliman & Co. for Mrs. Munson Morris and Miss Amelia N. Kohlsaat to a client for improvement. The property was held at $75,000.

The four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.5 feet, at 167 West Seventieth Street, has been sold by Henry Castelberg to Thomas Waters.

The three-story dwelling, on a lot 18 by 100 feet, at 72 West Ninety-fourth Street has been sold by Pease & Elliman for Josephine Pastor to a buyer for occupancy. The property was held at $25,000.

Leon S. Altmayer has sold for A. C. Quackenbush to Howard A. Raymond the three-story dwelling at 241 East Eighty-sixth Street, between Third and Second Avenues. A few days ago Mr. Altmayer sold the six flats at 230 to 240 East Eighty-sixth Street, on a plot 160 by 102.2, making the third sale of that property by this broker. These six buildings will now be demolished for the erection of a multi-family apartment house surrounding a large Italian garden.

Realty Notes.

The Hon. Frank B. Willis, who succeeded President Warren G. Harding as United States Senator from Ohio, will be the guest of honor at the eleventh annual dinner of the Queensboro Chamber of Commerce at the Hotel Commodore on Jan. 24.

George A. Bowman was the broker in the sale of the property at 765 Sixth Avenue to the estate of Charles F. Hoffman.

Joseph Bernstein is the buyer of 1,949 Seventh Avenue, for which he paid $52,000. Anna Lo Pinto is the buyer of 153 and 155 East 115th Street, sold recently.

Fannie Zornberg is the purchaser of 193 Lenox Avenue, for which she paid $21,000.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Two Washington Heights Apartments Held at $550,000 Figure in a Resale.

OPERATORS BUY APARTMENT

Max N. Natanson Sells Bronx Block-front Purchased Last Month—Held at $150,000.

Apartment house trading in Manhattan and the Bronx by operators and realty companies continues to be the most active feature of the realty market.

On the upper west side, where several resales were reported, the most important transaction involved 715 to 725 West 172d Street, two six-story elevator apartment houses on a plot 240 by 97.4, between Fort Washington and Haven Avenues, which were sold by the Ralph Realty Company, Samuel Wacht Jr., President, to the Jos-Hen Realty Company, Joseph Goldfein President.

They were held at $550,000 and show an annual rent return of $90,000. B. Harris negotiated the sale.

This is part of the square block comprising ten apartment houses and nineteen lots, bounded by Fort Washington and Haven Avenues, 172d and 173d Streets, bought by the sellers in November from the Excalibar Company.

All of the block has now been resold with the exception of the Fort Washington Avenue block front. A large vacant parcel was sold to Joseph Wolkenberg, who is erecting two elevator apartments.

Operators Buy Apartment House.

Ennis & Sinnott, operators, purchased from Amalie A. and Charles H. J. Dilg the Palisade Apartments, at 79 Haven Avenue, adjoining the corner of 170th Street, a five-and-one-half-story new-law walk-up, containing two three and three four room apartments on each floor, renting for $19,000 per annum and held at $110,000.

This is the first sale of this property in over five years. Charles S. Kohler, Inc., negotiated the sale.

Herman Berson purchased for investment from Robert Broadman 555 West 170th Street, a six-story elevator apartment house, arranged for forty-one families and standing on a plot 75 by 100. It was held at $175,000 and rents for about $32,000.

Louis Eisenberg sold to Jacob Henderson 300 West 147th Street, southwest corner of Eighth Avenue, a six-story apartment, arranged for twenty families and containing stores, on a plot 60 by 85. It rents for about $14,000 and was held at $100,000.

The two six-story apartment houses with stores on a plot 100 by 100, corner Bradhurst Avenue and 154th Street, were sold by Sonn Brothers through Mr. Smith of Newring Brothers to an investor. The property was held at $125,000.

The Bronx Market.

Max N. Natanson, operator, has sold to Patrick J. Dwyer the block front on the south side of Burnside Avenue between Grand and Harrison Avenues, comprising about ten lots. Mr. Dwyer, the purchaser, has bought the property for improvement and it will undoubtedly be improved within the next few months.

The property was held at $150,000 and was sold for cash. Byrne & Bowman were the brokers in the transaction.

This property was purchased by Mr. Natanson a month ago from John O'Leary.

Samuel Shapiro sold the northwest corner of Lyman Place and 169th Street to a builder. This is a plot 150 feet on 169th Street by 147 feet on Lyman Place, held at $45,000. The purchaser intends to erect a one-story taxpayer. J. & E. Leitner were the brokers.

Mr. Shapiro has acquired 2,883 Morris Avenue, a newly erected five-story building, from the Henlee Real Estate Estate ing, from the Henlee Real Estate Corporation, Sam Minskoff, President.

The building is on a plot 100 by 105 and contains thirty rooms on a floor. It rents for about $38,000 and was held for $215,000. Ancowitz & Cohen were the brokers.

For improvement with a one-story building the newly organized Weinmax Construction Company purchased the plot, 72 by 320, at the southeast corner of Third Avenue and 168th Street. The cost of the proposed building is estimated at $75,000.

As a site for a five-story apartment house the newly formed Donha Building Company has purchased the plot, 75 by 100, on the east side of Shakespeare Avenue, 286 feet south of Featherbed Lane, the Bronx. The Boston Road Construction Company is the owner of record. The buying company is capitalized at $10,000.

Dyckman Section Deal.

The Arborview Realty Company sold to Jacob Mayers the lot, size 25 by 141.7 in depth, situated on the east side of Broadway, 150 feet south of 207th Street. Mr. Mayers is the owner of the Arras Inn, situated on the southeast corner of Broadway and 207th Street, size 100 by 100, and the two lots adjoining on Broadway. This purchase gives him a combined plot of 175 feet on Broadway by 100 feet on 207th Street. Bernard Smyth & Sons were the brokers.

Auction Results.

At 14 Vesey St.
By Joseph P. Day.

Chambers st, 98, s 2, 50 ft e of Church st, 4-story building and stores, 25x75; Laura J. Wells against Benjamin Gennary, E. H. Snedeker, attorney; amount due, $18,966.12; taxes, &c., $1,883.00; withdrawn.

By Samuel Marx.

54th st, 432 and 434 E, s 4, 283.4 ft e of 10th Av, 16.8x83.6x irregular, vacant; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Olive C. Dimon et al; A. S. and W. Hutchins, attorneys; amount due, $2,280.71; taxes, &c., $269.90; to John H. Phillips for $2,850.

COMMERCIAL LEASES.

Frederick Brown Rents Downtown Block For Long Term.

Frederick Brown leased from Stephen O. Lockwood and Henry Steson, trustees of the estate of Sarah M. Garretson, and Maria Jones the entire triangular vacant block bounded by Lafayette, Pearl and Elm Streets at the Worth Street subway station.

The property has a frontage of 154 feet on Lafayette Street, 70 feet on Pearl Street and 140 feet on Elm Street. The lease is for eighty-four years at an aggregate of $1,000,000, or approximately $12,000 yearly.

J. K. Moore has leased the store at 327 West Fifty-seventh Street for Dr. Henry Moeller to the Barnes Foundry Company as a stock and salesroom for motor parts for a term of years.

The store at 67 West Thirty-sixth Street was leased by A. A. Hageman to Julius Laltin.

William H. Whiting & Co. leased the store at 141 Nassau Street to the Schorr Sporting Goods Company.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have leased for the Empire City and Mortgage Company the store at 9 West Twentieth Street to the Reingold Hosiery Company.

The newly formed 207 West Forty-eighth Street Corporation (F. P. Heyman, E. Gershenson and H. Weisenthal) purchased from the Equitable Trust Company the leasehold property at that address, comprising a three-story building on lot 16.6 by 98, near Broadway. The lease is for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of $126,000.

Charles B. Van Valen, Inc., in conjunction with the Charles F. Noyes Company have leased the fourteenth floor at 110 William Street to Lybrand, Ross Brothers & Montgomery, one of the largest firms of accountants and auditors in the world.

The lease is for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $300,000. In order to consummate it the Van Valen organization effected a cancellation of the lease of the China, Japan and South American Trading Company, Ltd., covering this floor, and leased that firm other premises.

Suburban Buyers.

R. P. Walden sold the property on Brevoort Lane, Rye, N. Y., known as Sunset Farm, to Dr. John Rogers of New York City.

It consists of a large residence, three-car garage with chauffeur's quarters and nearly five acres of landscaped grounds. Dr. Rogers plans to make extensive improvements in the property and use it as a Summer residence. George Howe was the broker in the deal.

H. Bartz has purchased from Jacob A. Fine two lots on the Cleve Road, Concord, N. J., through J. A. Savadel, as broker. Joseph A. Savadel has purchased six lots in Jacob A. Fine's new land development on the Richmond Road, Concord.

Burke Stone, Inc., have sold for the Dellwood Company a new house in the Cedar Knolls section of Bronxville to George MacBlair for occupancy.

Tenement House Deals.

The five-story flat on a lot 25 by 100.11 at 366 West 116th Street has been sold by Williams & Niemeyer for Herman H. Blomeier.

William H. Whiting & Co. have sold for the Central Union Trust Company the property at 116 Chrystie Street, a five-story tenement building on plot 25 by 100. The purchaser is Ralph Girdi.

The Excelsior Savings Bank sold to the newly formed 306 East 106th Street Corporation the six-story tenement, on plot 39.3 by 125, at that address.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Building and Permanent Loans
Reasonable Charges
James Boyd.
135 Broadway Rector 8658

$750,000 to Loan Charges only 1%
and disbursements
$200,000 for Second Mortgages
Manhattan—Bronx—Brooklyn
Duross Company
261 Broadway
Phone Barclay 1784

MORTGAGE LOANS.

2nd Mortgages Wanted
WILL PURCHASE 2ND MORTGAGES TO ANY AMOUNT UP TO $300,000. COMMUNICATE AT ONCE WITH
Nassoit & Lanning
B'way & 89th St. Tel. 8380 Riverside

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB ROSENBERG, trading as J. ROSENBERG & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, January 18, 1922, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., 104 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of trimmings, linings, piece goods, office furniture, fixtures, &c. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

HERMAN HOFFMAN, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS LEITERMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, January 13, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:00 A. M., at 40 West 26th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of sheets, suits, woolens, furniture, machinery, fixtures, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

G. GRAY ZABRISKIE, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTCRAFT LIGHTING FIXTURE CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, January 12, 1922, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 11 East 17th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of lamp shades, electric fixtures, etc.

WALTER L. BRYANT, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Henry Brady SELLS this day, Thursday, Jan. 12th, 1922, at 10 o'clock in Sheriff's Auditorium, the forenoon at No. 118 West 50th St. (Garage), all the right, title and interest which the defendant, Charles Prince, had on the 9th day of November, 1921, or at any time thereafter, of, in and to a Hoffman Six Touring Car and one Diamond Ring, Platinum setting. Terms cash.
PERCIVAL E. NAGLE, Sheriff.
WILLIAM A. GLENNON, Deputy Sheriff.
AT PUBLIC AUCTION today, Thurs., Jan. 12th, at 10 A. M., at No. 118 West 50th St. (Garage), one Ford Coupe. Terms cash.

Henry Brady SELLS this day, Thursday, January 12th, 1922, at 11 o'clock in Sheriff's Auditorium, the forenoon, at No. 70 Mercer Street, all the right, title and interest which the defendants, Louis Gallick and Harry Seidenberg, had on the 9th day of January, 1922, or at any time thereafter, of, in and to a certain Cutting Machine, two Sewing Machines, &c. Terms cash.
PERCIVAL E. NAGLE, Sheriff.
JOHN F. NEILSON, Deputy Sheriff.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—In the matter of CLARENCE C. PERPALL, trading as CLARENCE C. PERPALL & CO., Bankrupt.
ADRIAN H. MILLER & SON, United States Auctioneers for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, will sell at public auction Friday, January 27, 1922, by order of the Court, at 12 o'clock noon at their office, No. 55 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the following assets of the above named bankrupt.

SCHEDULE "A."

NAME.	Certificate No.	Amount of Stock. Shares.
La Jara Gold Mines Co.	A-583	500
La Jara Gold Mines Co.	A-584	500
Borden's Condensed Milk Co. (Common)	C-13870	1
Brazilian Traction Light & Power Co., Ltd. (ordinary)	B-43804	1
$50 Third Liberty Loan Bond.		
Union Bag & Paper Corp.	O-8332	1
$100 First 4¼ Liberty Loan Bond (to which is attached paper, "This belongs to A. Kessler.")		
Dividend Certificates Tobacco Products Corp.	No. 1432	$50
	2115	$15
Pere Marquette Railway Co. Voting Trust Certificates (Com.)	c-o 980	16
Nevada Consolidated Copper Co. (in name of Walter A. Shirley)	Y-53898	2
National Conduit & Cable Co., Inc. (in the name of Charles W. Kenlon)	O-2357	5
Alaska Handy Gold Mining Co.	28	250
American Type Founders Co. (Pfd.) (in the name of Mrs. Jane E. Winship)	P-8294	—
Cuban Sugar Mills Corp. (Common)	126	1
E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co. Fractional warrant for Second Liberty 4¼ Bonds.	No. 2159	$3
	2215	4
	2179	10
Isle Royale Copper Co. (in the name of Elmer H. Bright & Co.)	23954	5
Mississippi River Power Co. (Common) (in the name of Brown Brothers & Co.)	2366	1
Motor Products Corp. Class A (in the name of Leo Steckel)	A.C. 1769	10
Northwest Oil Company (in name of Joseph A. Butler)	A-5983	100
Superior & Boston Copper Co. (in name of Abraham Rosenbaum)	A-4148	100
Tuxpam Star Oil Corp. (in name of Elmer M. Russell)	2473	100
Tuxpam Star Oil Corp. (in name of Warren C. Strugnell)	A-5906	100
Tuxpam Star Oil Corp. (in name of Warren C. Strugnell)	A-5907	100
Tuxpam Star Oil Corp. (in name of Warren C. Strugnell)	A-5908	100
Tuxpam Star Oil Corp. (in name of Sheridan & Bromberg)	5295	100
Whitehall Securities Co.	53	5
U. S. Reduction & Refining Co. (Common) (in name of C. E. Wells & Co.)	C-2450	10
U. S. Reduction & Refining Co. (Common) (in name of Alfred G. Williams)	C-1819	20
U. S. Reduction & Refining Co. (Pfd.) (in name of Onativia & Co.)	2026	20
La Jara Gold Mines Co.	2230 to 2238 inc.	$100
	2240 to 2250 inc.	$100
	2271 to 2280 inc.	$100
Temporary certificates	A-572 to A577 inc.	$1,000
N. Y. Standard Fashion Clothing Assn. (Receipt of McGuire & Jenkins, esq. tell about the value of this. It should be worth $100 a share).	215	5

BERA P. PERRITON, Trustee.
ROSENBERG, NAU & MARVIN, Attorneys for Trustee, 71 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC ROSENBERG & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, January 12, 1922, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 11 East 17th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of lamp shades, electric fixtures, etc.

WALTER L. BRYANT, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

MORTGAGE LOANS. | MORTGAGE LOANS.

We have placed during 1921—
$10,026,950
We now have large sums of money for investment in
LARGE FIRST MORTGAGES
on Manhattan and Bronx Real Estate
We make a very low charge to cover every expense. Assignments taken.
Quinlan & Leland
Rector 6680 31 Nassau St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A FINE HOME CHEAP, INVESTIGATE
HOME SACRIFICE BY A PROMINENT SUBURBAN BUILDER of a beautiful Colonial home, with garage. I need cash and have too much construction on my hands. The decorations are still to be put in. I will install them according to the desires of a purchaser. The house has ten immense rooms, two completely appointed bathrooms and a garage. The plot is 100x180 feet. Only 10 minutes' walk to the station, in a beautiful, high-class, settled residential section. 700 feet elevation. Water rights on chain of five charming lakes afford fine boating, sailing, fishing, skating. Splendid commuting service to New York City. $2,750 cash takes it. Absolutely complete; ready for immediate occupancy; no additional expense for extras. Balance 2 years, second mortgage, $4,250. Permanent first mortgage $5,000. For complete details apply BUILDER, Post Office Box 1107 City Hall Station, New York City.

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131 West 51st
25x100
3-story garage. Leased $5,000 year net. Price $58,000. Mortgage $20,000 6%
175-177 Wooster St.
50x100; modern 7-story store & bus. Fireproof Loft Building.
Leased $8,500 net.
Price $105,000. Mortgage $45,000 6%
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318 E. 32nd St. Murray Hill 4416.

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A House of Tapestry Brick
FOR SALE at MOUNT VERNON at less than duplicating cost. Owner moving out further this spring. Construction and equipment of highest character. Eight rooms, tiled bath with separate tiled shower. Bank will take mortgage of $10,000. Owner wants offer. A Bargain!
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WHITESTONE
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6 rooms, all improvements, finest condition; immediate possession; near water and bathing beach; can be bought on terms.
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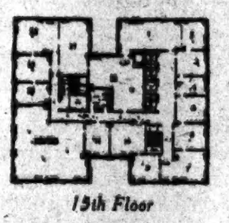
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All Outside Offices
From $900 per annum
Birdseye, Neville & Co.,
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STORE & BASE
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TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY
100% SPRINKLER
POSSESSION LOFT AT ONCE
H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 W. 21st St.
ON YOUR BROKER

170 FIFTH AVE.
CORNER 22D ST.
2 Splendid Corner Offices
TO SUBLET
POSSESSION SOON
ADAMS & CO.
On Premises, Room 703.

428 & 430 Broadway
SOUTHEAST CORNER OF HOWARD.
2nd LOFT 50x100
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very desirable; tiled entrance to passenger elevator on B'way; freight elevator on Howard St. Suitable for office and stockroom; sprinkler; possession February 1, 1922; rental less than $1.00 per sq. ft.
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In 2-Story Cor. Bank Bldg.
Single Office with Foyer Hall Space. Suitable Lawyer, Real Estate, General Contractor, etc. Rent $35. Convenient to B'way Sub. and all transit. Supt., on premises, or Owner,
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Fireproof Building; Very High Ceilings; Very Low Insurance Rate.
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FIREPROOF 25x92 SPRINKLER
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STORE
and Basement

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STORE
and Basement

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2nd Floor

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2nd Floor

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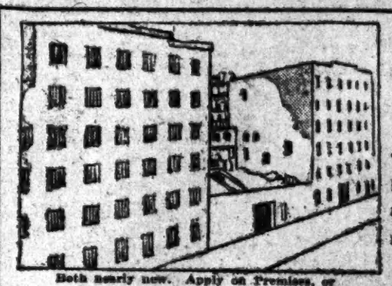
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In 20-Story Loft and Office Building
One Entire Floor About 16,800 Sq. Ft.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
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54 West 21st Street
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Ready January 20th
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APPROXIMATELY 6,000 SQUARE FEET
J. L. MOTT CO., HIGH-CLASS CORNER BUILDING
5th Avenue at 17th St.
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radiates from 42d Street and the Grand Central Station, from which point it is only 22 minutes, via the Queensboro subway, at a five-cent fare, to

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New 3 to 10 Room **Garden Apartments** *1 to 3 Baths*

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Entire Block—Broadway to 35th Avenue 33th to 34th Streets

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Immediate Occupancy Agent on Premises

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10,000 SQ. FT. TO A FLOOR.

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Thru to 23-27 W. 17th St. 75x200

Fireproof Building. 100% Sprinkler. 4 Freight, 2 Passenger Elevators.

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50 x 100

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LIGHT ON 4 SIDES

3 Elevators, 100% Sprinkler

MANUFACTURING

Your own broker or 7 West 30th St. Co., 45 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 3800.

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Acker, Merrall & Condit Bldg.

Light attractive Office Space

Possession Feb. 1, 1922

Units of 417 to 680 Sq. Ft.

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Ready for Occupancy

116 E. 83rd St.

Near Park Ave.

2 and 3 rooms

Bath and Kitchenette

Every Modern Improvement

Ground Floor Suitable for Doctor

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120 East 31st St.

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One of the finest duplex apartments on the West Side, overlooking Central Park; corner apartment, top floor, 10 rooms, 3 baths; also roof garden, specially designed and decorated; for sale, proprietary rental very low; or for lease, furnished or unfurnished, for two or more years; quite worth while as an investment as well as a splendid home, at a very reasonable price. Particulars.

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The most picturesque section of Fordham, overlooking the beautiful Concourse, St. James and Poe Parks.

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Suites of 4, 7, 9 and 10 Rooms

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New Building

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

Valentine Ave. S. E. Cor. 199 St.

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Five minutes to Lexington Ave. subway, 6th-9th Ave. elevated station at Kingsbridge Road, or 200th St. or 196th St. 3d Ave. "L" and N. Y. C. R. R.

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182D ST. and DAVIDSON AVENUE

Jerome Ave. Subway or 183d St.

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Mt. Hope Place

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One Block North of 170th St. Jerome Ave. Subway Station. Reasonable rent. Agent on premises.

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S. E. Cor. Grand Ave. 184th St.

Jerome Ave. Subway

Fordham Road

John P. Boyland, Owner.

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MONEY to loan on real estate, first and second mortgages, leaseholds, interest in estates, merchandise or other good collateral. GLASCO HOLDING CORPORATION, Flanover 7700, 25 Wall St., 4th floor, Room 5.

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LOANS on second mortgages promptly made. New York property. Cosmopolitan Credit Corporation, 152 West 42d St.

HAVE $9,000, $3,000, $12,000 for 6 per cent. first mortgage, Manhattan; submit details immediately. Rowaatree, 200 5th Av.

$20,000; 6TH AV. (INVESTMENT). Broker protected. Bruter, 720 5th Av.

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WANTED—First mortgage loan $150,000, at 6 per cent., on new, splendidly built and advantageously located 7-story store and office building, in automobile district, valued at $300,000; rental value over $65,000; principals or attorneys only. W 797 Times Downtown.

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A BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED HOME, ready to occupy and enjoy, 77th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Ave., 4-story dwelling, including furniture, in perfect order; price $29,500. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 140 Broadway.

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PRIVATE DWELLING, Turtle Bay section, East 48th St.; price reasonable; must be sold or exchanged quickly. All particulars at 103 West 73d St. Harry R. Roeder. Columbus 9643. Brokers protected.

GREENWICH VILLAGE. Small houses at moderate prices on very easy terms. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 73 Greenwich St. Chelsea 8094.

NEAR 57th St. and Broadway, modern 6-story building, 20x100, store and 3 open floors, Otis elevator; reasonable price; convenient terms. Apply to John H. Scheier, 236 West 55th St. Circle 0080-J.

A 9 per cent. investment for sale; two private houses; plot 35x100; 147th St., near Convent Av. James Kyle & Sons, 721 Lexington Av.

FURNISHED HOUSE, in the 60s, near Park; 14 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements; suitable high-class rooming; rent $5,000, including furniture. T. A. & J. J. Fogarty, 2,025 Broadway.

SEE 36 WEST 75TH ST.; in fine condition, with extra size rooms, extension on two floors; just the home for a family. Mrs. I. B. Evans, with Pierre & Golden Co., 220 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6014.

THREE-STORY and basement; half block from west side subway station; electric lights; parquet floors; excellent condition; will sacrifice at $17,000; worth $23,000. Counihan & Co., Inc., 200 West 72d.

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75TH, 25 WEST—Four story and basement; remodeled; six apartments, partly rented; owner leaves this week for Florida; sacrifice, $42,000; worth $60,000; need money.

EXTRA wide double flat, above 81st St., near Columbus; rent $4,600; asking $39,000; reasonable terms. Apply Owner, 40 South Fairway, East Orange, N. J.

FOUR-STORY and basement; near Broadway; 13 rooms, 4 baths; steam heat; electric lights; parquet floors; price $23,000. Coughlan & Co., Inc., 200 West 72d.

SIX-STORY high-class elevator apartment house, renting for $20,000; price $160,000; first mortgage $85,000; cash required, $15,000. Coughlan & Co., Inc., 200 West 72d.

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55TH ST. (Madison-Park Avs.)—Four-story, 4 baths, large extension, hardwood floors, electric lights; immediate possession. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av.

WATER ST. NEAR WALL ST. Five-story building, excellent condition; possession when wanted; price low. Owner, 47 Times Downtown.

AMSTERDAM AV. CORNER, south of 106th St.; cheapest on avenue. Asking $60,000; rents, $8,000. HERMAN CARNS CO., 505 5th Av.

126 EAST 68TH ST. Five-story American basement; sale or lease. George Comfort, 489 5th Av.

PRIVATE dwellings, between West 23d and 59th; reasonable. Vorzimer, 220 West 42d St.

ADJOINING 72d. on 3d Av.—Possession of store; rare opportunity; $25,000; good terms. Owners. Phone Midwood 3906.

DWELLING—$2,000 cash required; west 115th St.; 3½ stories. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

GARAGE for sale, 75x100; one-story; below 42d St.; $65,000, cash $35,000; possession if desired. A 159 Times.

808, WEST—House, 14 rooms, 3 baths; sell $25,000; $5,000 cash required. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

76TH, WEST—House, 13 rooms, 4 baths; $250 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

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4 & 5 Rooms

Perfect in every detail

Southerly exposure on

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Telephone service.

Kingsbridge Road Station of Jerome Ave. Subway and 9th and 9th Ave. "L" within two blocks.

25 E. 193d St.

Corner of Morris Avenue.

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BROOKLYN HEIGHTS

Overlooking Lower New York

2-3-4-5 ROOMS

New Elevator Apartments

Subway Corner

Clark & Henry Sts.

3 MINUTES FROM WALL ST. Take Broadway, L. R. T. Sub. to Clark St. J. M. Mangal, on premises. Tel. Beekman 9436.

Unfurnished—Queens.

Modern Apartments

QUEENS BOULEVARD

12 Minutes from Grand Central. At Lowery St. Sta., Queensboro Sub.

3, 4, 5 ROOMS RENTS $57—$85

All Large Outside Rooms. Interior Park

NIGHT AND DAY SERVICE

ROMAN-CALLMAN CO., On Premises or Bridge Plaza North. Hunters Point 9000. Astoria 72. Long Island City.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Wanted to Rent

in vicinity of 99th and 100th Streets on west side to May 1st, elegant furnished apartment with 2 baths; best references. Address Mr. Ropes, 851 Warwick Avenue, South Orange, New Jersey.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

SOME REAL INVESTMENTS. Four six-story walk-ups; $55,000 will handle all four; six-story, elevator; income $65,000. 100x150 corner; $30,000 cash will handle. Six-story tenement, 29-family; $5,000 cash will handle. Lexington Av. corner and adjoining, two six-story; all assessed value, $15,000 cash will handle both. Also others, and cold-water tenements. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st.

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL ZONE. 301 Madison Av., between 41st and 42d Sts.; lot 24x100; immediate possession; suitable for alteration or improvement with new building; an ideal location for bank, trust company or similar concern, likewise for any business which this central location is essential; brokers are requested to help sell, lease or exchange. William D. Kilpatrick, Singer Building.

AN AMERICAN BASEMENT. Exceptionally beautiful American basement private dwelling in West 70s, near West End Av.; convenient to 72d St. express subway station, ready for immediate occupancy; 10 rooms, 2 baths, electricity; in superb condition throughout; an ideal private residence; price $32,000.

JAMES P. WALDEN, 1908 Broadway. Columbus 8781.

$5,000 CASH. PRICE $22,500. Private house, West 69th St., near Broadway; 4-story, 11 rooms, 3 baths, modern improvements, including electric light; parquet floors; price $22,500. Bronx Wheelock Co., Inc., 10 East 46th St. Telephone 3100 Murray Hill.

$6,000 CASH. PRICE $22,500. 119th St., near 7th Av. Three-story dwelling, 20x100; eleven rooms, two baths; private; electricity. Possession May 1. JACOB HORN, 1,917 7th Av. University 6535.

PRIVATE residence, unrestricted; suitable for apartments and for splitting into offices; no manufacturing; between 34th, 72d, Lexington and Eighth; give full particulars, size, price, terms; May 1 occupancy; must be bargain for immediate trade. K 870 Times.

Lease for 21 years, alteration proposition. 4-story dwelling, 20x100; 55th St., bet. 5th and Lexington Avs. Fine opportunity for architect or decorator. James Kyle & Sons, 721 Lexington Av.

A THIRD AVENUE TENEMENT, near 96th St.; five stories; 25x100; two stores, 14 rooms per floor; open sheds; rents $2,400 to $111 for 2 and 4 rooms; price $23,000; easy terms. Owner, William Kilpatrick, 140 Broadway.

PARK AV., 506—Store and basement; sell lease, 3½ years; reasonable rents.

TWO 4-story and stores; reasonable; improved; 34th, Callaghan, 40 Murray Hill.

TAX EXEMPT and smaller parcels; very quick action necessary. W., 3,525 B'way.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

WEST BRONX CORNER. Nelson Av. and 165th St.; plot of three lots; ready for improvement; price low; terms easy. Owner Samuel Kilpatrick, 140 Broadway.

TAX PAYER SITE, West Bronx—Bargain. Barnett & Smith, Room 2836 Grand Central Terminal Bldg. Vanderbilt 6676.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSE to let, 6 rooms and bath, parquet floors, electric lights, furnace heat, newly decorated; all new plumbing; residential location; references; rent $63. Inquire George Weinberg, 7,001 14th Av., Brooklyn.

DYKER HEIGHTS BARGAIN—For sale, modern six-room, bath, single house; parquet floor, gas, electricity; good condition. Communicate Brindley, 1,215 82d St. Bensonhurst 6292.

WILL build tax exempt; 3-story, 6 rooms, 2 baths; 11 rooms, $7,200; plans, loans; third cash. S. N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WHITE PLAINS—Owner going abroad will sacrifice New England Colonial house, corner plot 80x130; fine shade trees and shrubs; convenient to trains; 9 rooms, 2 tiled bath floors, screens, shades; 1-car garage; absolutely complete and perfect in every detail; price is low for quick sale. Telephone White Plains 1956 for appointment. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 9326.

PRICE $17,000—TERMS ARRANGED. New distinctive dwelling—most modern type —in choicest section of PELHAM MANOR; seven rooms, two baths, open fireplaces, all improvements; steam-heated garage; short walk to station; about 30 minutes from Grand Central; near schools and clubs. Merriman, Inc., 23 West 43d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 0790.

PELHAM HEIGHTS—Spacious white clapboard Colonial, in perfect condition; plot 85x100; garage; living room 15x25, glass inclosed porch; large dining room, 3 bedrooms, 3 baths; one bath has built-in tiled shower; vapor vacuum heat; reduced to $24,000. EDWARD K. MASSEE, 30 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 8497.

LARCHMONT ON THE SOUND. A few very desirable building sites still available on Parkside-Larchmont property; all improvements; short walk to station, village, school and Sound; homes built to suit on terms like rent.

FRED F. KRISCH, Murray Hill 6441. 11 East 42d St.

AT LARCHMONT. A beautiful new stucco house, six rooms, garage; every up-to-date improvement; good sized plot; restricted residential section; $12,500; terms can be arranged.

FRED F. KRISCH, Murray Hill 6441. 11 East 42d St.

SCARSDALE—Refined environment; picturesque location; house designed to suit your preferences; substantial saving in cost; easy terms; inquire for details. M. S. Keller, 41 West 34th St. Telephone 1570 Pitcrry.

NEW, 6 ROOMS, JUST FINISHED. Mt. Vernon, splendid location, six and bath, all up-to-date improvements, stucco; price, $9,500; $1,000 cash necessary; immediate possession. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St.

UNUSUAL offering in suburban residence of 7 rooms; most attractive Colonial exterior; built last year by owner for his use; vapor heat, tiled baths; 2 minutes from station; asking price $18,500; owner would like offer. BURKE STONE, INC. PELHAM 1073.

PELHAM, restricted section, corner property, charming brick and clapboard residence of 7 rooms, with builtin garage; steam heat; modern throughout; very convenient for commuting; price $19,000. BURKE STONE, INC. PELHAM 1073.

FOR SALE—Bargain; house, ten rooms, two baths; fine location, near station; excellent condition; no agents. Tel. 183M, White Plains, after 5 P. M.

35 MINUTES out, 6 large rooms; garage; $7,500; terms. A 150 Times.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN. Bayside Park, Bayside, L. I. Colonial house, nine rooms, two baths, hot water heat, screens, storm sash, awnings, one-car garage; corner plot, 100x100; price, $25,000. Inquire McKNIGHT & DAYTON, Station Plaza, Bayside, L. I. Phone 1237 Bayside.

ROCKAWAY PARK, L. I.—Beautiful 10-room house and garage, southeast corner of 124th St. and Boulevard; plot 100x100; new, all year; every modern equipment; A1 condition; price $35,000; terms to suit; owner living on premises. Phone Belle Harbor 2026.

NEAR WESTBURY, fine corner house, six large rooms, bath, gas, electricity, large porch; newly decorated; hedge, shrubbery; immediate possession; bargain $6,500, cash $800. Owner Wetzel, 121 West 42d. Bryant 3105.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I. Ten-room house, four baths; fine station; completely furnished; $250 per month. Telephone Boulevard 6200.

FOR SALE, Flushing, L. I.—Attractive 11-room house, all modern improvements; centrally located; owner leaving city; sacrifice, $9,500. G 377 Times.

BAYSIDE HOME, eight rooms, two baths, garage; plot 60x110; owned by corporation willing to sacrifice $11,000; $2,500 cash. Write Box 500, Jersey City.

THREE acres most desirable shore front property in Great Neck; guaranteed title; full particulars. Sahoff Corp., 49 Wall St. Hanover 7568.

NEW GARDENS—Nine room house, 3 baths, shower, 2-car garage; bargain immediate sale; principals. A 105 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A QUAINT LITTLE HOME on a quaint, shady street, near a quaint little old-fashioned town; completely equipped for year-round living; less than one hour on the train to New York City; splendid commuting service; plot of one-third acre shaded by fine old oaks; plenty of flowers and shrubs; completely decorated inside and out, and includes all the conveniences for comfortable living; six handsome rooms, tiled bath, massive open fireplace; high in the healthy hills; sacrifice for $1,750 desirable party allowing $4,250 in easy payment mortgage to remain on property; plot 100 ft. by 180 ft.; near country clubs, schools, churches and markets; in a refined, exclusive neighborhood; rights for bathing, boating and fishing on private owned lakes run with deed. Rural, P. O. Box 378, City Hall Sta., N. Y. City.

DON'T MISS THIS opportunity to secure your building plot before Spring; only 30 minutes from Hudson Terminal in one of the finest suburbs in New Jersey, at $29 front foot; fully improved; water, gas, electricity, curbs, gutters, sidewalks. A few choice locations now available; small payment secures plot. We will finance and build your home on easy terms. Many new homes just sold. For full particulars, call, write or phone. FRANK MILLER, 13 Park Row. Barclay 8800.

TEANECK—7-room house, beautifully furnished; rent $125; responsible people. Responsible people. Hackensack 2003M.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ALLENHURST, N. J. CHOICEST CORNER. Modern dwelling containing 14 rooms, 4 baths, gas, electricity, steam heat; plot 150x150, containing garage. REASONABLE PRICE. ROBERT B. STOUTENBURGH, 24 Clinton St., Newark, N. J. Phone 4800 Market.

LEONIA. Attractive homes, on Pine Terrace; finest location in Leonia; for less than rent of six-room apartment. SEND FOR CHART. PINE TERRACE REALTY CO., 430 Broad Av. Phone 832 Leonia.

SIX ROOMS, 2 bedrooms, tile bath, steam heat, electricity, gas kitchen, white trim, oak floors; 65x150; tax exempt; $10,500; terms. J. S. Mittag Jr., Ridgewood, N. J.

THE ORANGES AND MAPLEWOOD, N. J. Allow us to show you many choice modern houses, 6-7-8-9 rooms; $10,000 and up. EDW. F. HAMILTON & CO., 50 Broadway, N. Y., and Orange, N. J.

BARGAIN. Best two-family house in city; must be sold. Inquire 116 Wegman Parkway, Jersey City.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

ROADHOUSE. Lease and furnishings for sale, established many years, completely equipped large business, open all year, on best State road; owner's private residence; splendid opportunity. P. O. Box 187 Suffern, N. Y.

40 ACRES, level and fertile land; excellent nine-room house and necessary outbuildings; five minutes' walk to school and churches; for quick sale, price $2,500. John A. Knox Jr., 352 Main St., Poughkeepsie.

Real Estate—Other Cities and Towns.

Florida—For Sale or to Let.

TEN ACRES of orange groves, planted, cultivated, cared for for five years without cost, brought to bearing; a property that will support you for life; this is offered you at beautiful Lake Avalon, near Orlando, Fla., by a company composed of thirty bankers and business men of Orlando, who are developing 4,000 acres of finest citrus fruit lands in the United States; easy terms; six years to pay. Ask for booklet and details. Orlando Orange Groves Co., 217 Broadway. Tel. Barclay 2780.

FLORIDA—A life income and enchanting hours await you at beautiful Lakeland Highlands, the great wonderland of grapefruit and orange groves which has been ten years in the making and the home of Clow House Brand "Sealdsweet" (Florida Citrus Exchange). For illustrated Folder 4A we cordially invite you to call, write or phone "F. P. Hallam Co.," 489 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Stuyvesant 0930. (Near Wanamaker's.)

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

AUTOMOBILE sales and service building; three story, steel and concrete construction, in Philadelphia's most exclusive Broad St. location; a high-grade building for any car. Albert Hall, Land Title Bldg., Phila., Pa.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A HOME WORTH WHILE. A small family of refinement can secure title at once to this quaint Colonial home, located on one of the best streets and most restricted suburban residential section near New York City, on payment of a moderate amount of cash, balance on convenient terms; house contains 7 rooms, bath, big attic, centre hall and wide veranda; built on deep elm and maple shaded plot, in Northern New Jersey, 35 minutes from Manhattan by two transportation lines, one of which is available any hour of the day or night; 250 commuters enjoy accessibility to New York had by few suburban communities. A wonderful place for children; high elevation, broad fields for play; the best schools in the State, churches, markets and clubs; offered complete, with no extras. Write R. S. Day, 50 Union Square, New York City. Your reply will receive prompt and courteous attention.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

COLD WATER TENEMENTS WANTED. We have cash buyers for old three, four or five story buildings; at right price and location; quick answers. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st.

TENEMENTS or apartments below 96th, requiring not more than $20,000 cash; client will buy quick if price is right. Phone owners, Main 4765. C. F. Doles, 89 Clark St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENT HOUSE, about five times rental; Washington Heights preferred; brokers protected. Buckler & Sams, Tribune Building.

EXECUTOR'S ESTATE NOTICE. Will lease or buy apartment, Manhattan; entire estate preferred; ample security; 15 year's experience. Schwartz, 78 East 90th.

INVESTOR will purchase West Bronx apartment building, taxed or tax exempt. David Kraus, 95 Liberty St.

MANAGEMENT and collection of rents of properties desired by Chas. H. De Ros Co., 209 Lexington Av. Vanderbilt 10407.

SMALL American basement house, East 56th to 65th St., West 70th to 75th St. M., 2,481 Broadway.

WANTED—Vacant corners, suitable for improvement with stores. W. B. Evans, 80 Maiden Lane.

HAVE $10,000 to invest in good west side tenement, below 72d St.; will buy quick from owner if cheap. P 477 Times.

HAVE clients for cold water flats. Quick sale if price is right. Owners only. W. F., 200 Times.

AM interested to purchase in Italian sections; submit particulars. S. F., 245 Times.

WILL invest $20,000 in cold tenements. Send particulars to N. J., 246 Times.

WANTED—To buy Harlem property, east 5th Av. Write R. E., Box 248 Times.

Country Property.

BUNGALOW or small house, all modern improvements, must have gas; plot not less than 100 by 100; 40 minutes from city; between $7,000 and $8,000; can make substantial cash payment; give full particulars first letter. H. 249 Times.

WANTED—To rent in Spring Lake, N. J., for small adult family a furnished cottage, with garage; give full particulars as to number of rooms, location and price. X 2308 Times Annex.

SUBDIVISION wanted in Westchester County; convenient to station; within commuting distance; with some improvements. K 860 Times Downtown.

SUMMER house in vicinity of Westchester and Pelham from June 1 to Sept. 30. Write, giving particulars. K C 280 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

FREE and clear property, one ownership; exchange singly or together; beautiful estate and subdivision; New York City limits; $175,000; 1,000-acre development (near-by); New Hampshire farm, $15,000; beautiful California estate, $175,000; New Jersey development, $50,000; also other properties; exchange for income or other property. Room 703, Marbridge Bldg.

NEAR-BY exclusive Jersey seashore cottage, fully furnished; large garage, ocean frontage; exchange for income, sell, or lease. M. Frnade, 940 East 15th St., B'klyn.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

STORES WANTED.

On lease by large grocery company; state rent, size of store and location; quick action promised. Address

CHAIN REALTY CO., P. O. BOX 229, CITY HALL STATION.

RESPONSIBLE FIRM wants 25,000 to 30,000 square feet, near railroad, for lease building for stock room and show room between 23d and 42d Sts., west side; send particulars. CLARK REALTY CO., 347 Madison Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

TWO OR THREE rooms, ground floor, suitable for chiropractor's office; front preferred; state rent, location. A 232 Times.

300-350 SQUARE FEET, partitioned, 2 offices, reception room; not over $1,500; Grand Central section. Vanderbilt 1450.

WANTED—Chemical laboratory, Manhattan; preferable furnish; state lowest rent. A 164 Times.

WANT small private office, Times Square section. Write Box N, 1111 St. Paul Bldg.

OFFICE SPACE wanted, from 224 St. to 34; must be reasonable. M 555 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS

Rate 55 cents an agate line.

OFFICE FLOOR FOR RENT. 245 West 38th St. (two blocks from subway.) Beautifully finished; truncated; 6-ft. bays in Circassian walnut and mahogany. Approximately 4,000 square feet; steam heated, well lighted; 13 large windows; unusually high ceilings, 18 to 20 feet (sufficient height for mezzanine floor). Owner occupying building; will rent on long term to strictly responsible tenant acceptable to owner; about $1 per square foot, depending upon space selected. TYPHOON FAN COMPANY, 245 West 38th St.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. LOFTS. 140 6TH AV. (near 11th St.) 100% Sprinkler System. Floor capacity 125 to 175 lbs. Passenger and freight elevators. Live steam if desired. No Sponger or Hazardous Business. CHARLES A. O'REILLY, 51 Chambers St. Worth 2828

FRONT portion of loft to let, very desirable for offices, showroom or light manufacturing; 1,000 sq. ft.; 10 windows on street; unobstructed light; northern exposure, eighth floor; direct access to freight and passenger elevators; absolutely modern building; sprinkler system; vicinity 23d St. and 7th Av. Possession Feb. 1. Apply Campbell, 148 West 36th St. Tel. Fitzroy 4589.

OFFICES TO LET. Very desirable offices to let, reasonable rent; excellent location; southwest corner of Broadway and 125th St., opposite 125th St. subway station; good for light manufacturing; also desk room. APPLY LIBBY'S HOLDING CORP., 3,197 Broadway. Phone Morningside 9064.

OFFICE SPACE TO RENT. An unusual chance to secure at low figure on yearly lease airy tenth floor space in good building; 600 square feet, north and east light, eight large windows, phone and janitor service included; 44th St., near 5th Av. S 176 Times.

WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY for Manufacturers and Importers. SELL DIRECT TO PUBLIC. We have outlet for your merchandise; spaces, all sizes, in great sales centre, just off Broadway. Apply Unger, Arcade Store, 141 West 42d, 10 to 2.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY to attain a small loft at a cheap rental; loft was used for waist factory, and equipment can be sold with the lease; 5,000 square feet, windows on all sides; situated East 10th St. For information call Mr. Schlang; Rhinelander 0683.

DESK ROOM—Best location in New York; beautifully furnished office; every modern convenience; with or without stenographic work; expert service. Suite 330, 80 Church St.

LIGHT office, 700 square feet; with partitions, booths, closets, settees, &c.; possession at once; can be seen any time. Louis Meyer, 71 West 35th St. Tel. Fitzroy 3000.

UNUSUALLY desirable office for rent, Flatiron Building, 5th Av., 23d St., divided into outer and inner private office; office purposes only; will sacrifice for two-thirds present lease value; about 300 feet. S 479 Times.

LOFT TO LET, 50x100, 1 FLIGHT UP, EXCELLENT TEXTILE FACTORY FACILITIES; VERY GOOD LIGHT, FACING N. & S., ELEVATOR HANDY. COMMUNICATE WITH MR. ALLEN, LONGACRE 0296.

OFFICE, 424 St., 47 West. Fireproof 3-elevator building. Small, light office, $35. Inquire Room 423.

460 WEST BROADWAY, near Prince St., stores and basement, 25x75; also one loft; elevator, &c.; rents moderate; possession Feb. 1. See Superintendent, or J. Arthur Fischer, 460 6th Av.

433 ST., near 5th Av., 16,000 square feet, attractive office floor, new building; offered on sublet by corporation which has no further use for space; partitioned. Peter Grimm, 7809 Vanderbilt.

FIFTH AVENUE OFFICE AT 34TH ST.—Suitable for lawyer, dentist, salesroom; rent reasonably moderate. Levy-Nemerow, 362 5th Av.

423 ST., 503 WEST (near 10th Av.)—Store, 25x100, 14-foot ceiling; heavy floor capacity, low insurance; suitable for business or manufacturing. Apply premises.

5TH AV., 170 (COR. 22D ST.). TWO CORNER OFFICES TO SUBLET. HIGH-CLASS OFFICE BUILDING. ADAMS & CO., ON PREMISES.

PRIVATE OFFICE. Excellent telephone service; rent $30 monthly. Call Stuyvesant 10127; no lease required.

LOFTS and basement, 47x78; steam heat, elevator; northeast corner 36th and 1st Av.; possession July 1. For particulars phone Gramercy 2763.

UNUSUALLY light desirable space for showroom or office, with private entrance, 34th St., opposite Macy's; will divide to suit; reasonable rental. Phone Longacre 4423.

LOFT, modern, 25x95; light all sides; metal working preferred; elevator, electric power; convenient location; reasonable. 151 East 126th.

23D FLOOR—Bright private offices, fronting B'way, near Post Office; low rental; unexpired lease; possession. Murray Hill 4639.

TO sublet, 800 square feet, comprising office, showroom and stockroom, with fixtures; Room 604, 3 West 29th.

LOFTS for rent, 345 West Broadway; 25x100; elevator and heat; low rent. Adams & Co., 170 Broadway. Tel. Gramercy 3954.

AT 143 WEST 45TH ST.—Offices 200 to 1,500 sq. ft.; reasonable. Inquire Seneca Co., 63 Park Row. Beekman 8386.

FURNISHED office, desk room and mailing privilege, phone and stenographic service. 505 World Building.

LOFTS TO LET. 402 West 27th St., New York. Watkins 9316.

LOFTS TO LET. 200 West 29th St., New York. Watkins 9316.

FOR SALE or lease, 10 Walker St.; immediate possession. Owner, Leonard Weill, 32 Broadway, or your own broker.

10TH AV., 820—Large corner store and basement; high ceiling; reasonable rent; good lease. Crosby & Blemly, 306 W. 34th St.

DESK SPACE, Canadian Pacific Building, 344 Madison Av., Biltmore; telephone, stenographer. Room 840.

LARGE, light office; reasonable. Harry Abrams, 31 East 27th. Madison Square 6723.

BROADWAY store for rent, corner 92d St.; ideal location; reasonable rental; possession Feb. 1. Inquire Harted Realty Co., 299 Broadway. Phone Worth 374.

PART OF LOFT—About 500 SQ. FT. to rent for $70. Apply SILLS & MIRSCH, 104 West 40th St.

DESK room to rent in private office; $25. Enterprise Promotion Co., Room 1016, 305 Broadway.

CORNER STORE for rent, suitable for drug store; lots of window space; southeast corner 64th-3d Av.

HALF of office to let; can carry little stock; cheap rent; telephone service. Room 503, 16-22 Hudson St.

OFFICES FOR RENT—512 5th Av., corner of 43d St.; part of desirable office for rent. Wm. H. Lutton Co.

LOFT FOR RENT—15-17 West 18th St.; reasonable rent. Apply to Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St., Sole Agent.

SPACE and desk room in a modernly equipped office with telephone service at 1,133 Broadway. W 154 Times.

DESK ROOM—$15 small offices, $25 up service; also large space, Vacuum Cleaner Specialty Co., 111 West 42d.

LOFTS—$50 to $300 per month; 131 West 24th St. and 41 West 21st St. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

BROADWAY (Corner 26th St.)—About 500 square feet as manufacturing. Apply H. M. Levin, 1,140 Broadway.

CORNER STORE

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Continued from Preceding Page.

94TH, 216 West (Westover Court)—Bachelor apartment; high-class hotel service; meals. The Resident Manager, Bryant 5860.

95TH—3 rooms, bath; 7th floor; attractively furnished; $125 month. Vanderbilt 1450.

95TH, 321 WEST—Two rooms, bath; kitchenette; electric light, shower; fireproof; unexceptionable appointments; $75-$125 up. Bentley Leasers 9660.

95TH, 12 WEST—Elegant 5-room apt.; kitchen; all improvements. Feinberg.

97TH ST., WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; completely refined; references; $1,200. Bryant 4377.

97TH ST., 36 West—Will sublet at once, our apartment (part), two rooms, bath and kitchenette, completely furnished; high-class in every way; private phone. 9861 Bryant.

98th-4 rooms, 2 bedrooms; beautifully furnished; baby grand piano; immediate possession; $425 to June 1st. Vanderbilt 1451.

98TH ST., 74 WEST—Two very large rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets, every convenience; $100.

99th—Two-room studio apartment, well furnished; refrigerator; connecting bath; with bath and separate entrance; kitchenette; private roof garden; fireplace; phone; quiet; ideal for two bachelors; $250. Thos. Raymond 9241 or Circle 6129.

99TH ST., WEST—Two floor studio apartment; sunny and quiet; 2 large rooms, 2 baths; private roof garden; fireplace; telephone; stove. Call Stuyvesant 6264.

99th—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano, $125. Simpson, 36 West 43d St.

100 ST., 320 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; PRIVATE SERVICE; PRIVATE CANS; BATH, $11 UP; 3 ROOMS AND BATH, $150 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

100th, 5 WEST—Apartment, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; $150. Vanderbilt 7209.

100 ST., 21 WEST—One very large, artistically furnished room, bath; lease.

100TH ST., 16 WEST—Modern apartment, furnished or unfurnished; two large rooms, hall, bath, including modern shower; southern exposure; fourth floor, elevator; suitable for bachelor or couple; will rent furnished $100 per month to Oct. 1st; 16 West 94th st. or phone Circle 877, after 6 P. M.

100TH ST., 105 WEST—Two large bedrooms, bath, living room, until Oct. 1; low rent. Call Bowling Green 0624 10 to 12 a. m.

100TH, 105 WEST—Beautifully furnished apt.; very large living room and bedroom, bath and kitchen; 3 large closets; modern conveniences; will lease until Oct. 1, 1922, $200 per month. Apply Mr. Van Allen, Supt.

100TH, 6 EAST—Living, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; roof garden; the unusual; $240 per month. Bryant 8796.

100TH, 119 WEST—Parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, telephone; new. Lady Jane.

100TH, 306 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE). VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH. FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

101ST, 148 WEST, opposite Carnegie Hall—Sunny three rooms, kitchenette; reasonable. Cobb.

101ST, 120 WEST—Nicely furnished small apartment. Lady Jane.

101ST ST., 308 WEST—Exceptional apartment; handsomely furnished; entire floor; sunny. Young. Tel. 9717 Circle, seen 10-2.

101ST ST., 322 WEST.
GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS.
Apartments, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid's room; also apartment of three rooms and bath; for rent to Oct. 1.
JAMES P. SALLY, MANAGER.

102D—RIVERSIDE CIRCLE 1603.

102ND, 12 WEST—Sublet, overlooking Park, attractive two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette.

102D., 10 WEST, COR. B'WAY.
HOTEL PASADENA.
A SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; TWO ROOMS AND BATH; $125 MONTHLY UP; ALSO THREE LARGE ROOMS AND BATH; ON GROUND FLOOR; SUITABLE FOR DOCTOR, DENTIST OR ANY SELECT BUSINESS OR PROFESSION.

103D (Central Park)—Four rooms, duplex; luxuriously furnished, hotel service; short lease. Daniel Shone, 1,066 Broadway.

103D ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, $90-$100; references required.

103D ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, $80-$100; references required.

103D ST., 260 WEST—Attractive four rooms. Call evenings after 7, Columbus 1276.

103D, 124 WEST—High-class furnished apartment, 2 rooms, bath, large living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; lease; redecorated; phone. Mac-Adams.

103D ST., 237 WEST—Beautiful apartment, 2 rooms, bath, &c.; one block from 72d St. subway; exceptionally reasonable.

103D, 30 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE SUITES; PRIVATE TILED BATH, LAVATORY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES (SILVER); WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

103D, 38 WEST—Seven rooms and bath, handsomely furnished, including piano; private telephone. Inquire between 11 A. M. and 5 P. M. or by special appointment. Tel. Columbus 2868. Mme. de Beurtz.

103D ST.—7 large, all outside rooms, bath, private phone, elevator; nicely furnished; references required. Phone Columbus 5150.

103D ST., WEST—Beautiful apartment with kitchenette; baby grand piano. Columbus 9004, after 10 A.M.

103D ST., 129 WEST (Hotel Nesleton)—Newly decorated and furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms, bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; room, bath, $90 monthly and up; full hotel service; restaurant.

103D, 312 WEST—Something different; magnificent entrance; home atmosphere; hotel conveniences; spacious suites, one-three rooms; bath; kitchenette, elevator, telephone; immediate possession.

103D ST., 320 WEST—Kitchenette apartment, bath; also other rooms; select house.

104TH, (3944 WEST END)—Luxuriously furnished 5-room apartment; high-class service; telephone.

104TH, 134 WEST—Excellent 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; accommodate two to four.

104TH, near Broadway—Modern seven-room high-class elevator apartment; splendid rent reasonable. Columbus 9031.

104TH—3 rooms; elevator; modern bldg.; piano; beautifully furnished. $825. Col. 1276.

104TH, 103 WEST (HOTEL ANDERSON), VERY LOW RENTALS FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY, APARTMENT OF 1 AND 2 ROOMS; FURNISHED; RENT BY WEEK, MONTH OR SEASON; HOTEL SERVICE; DESIRABLE DOCTOR'S SUITE; GROUND FLOOR.

105TH, 308 WEST END AV.—10 ROOMS, 4 Baths; 11th floor, corner; magnificently furnished; $1,000 month; 2 months. Vanderbilt 1400.

105TH, 3 WEST—3 rooms and bath, $52.50; must be high socialite tenants, cost over $3,000. Terry, 37 West 39th St.

105th—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $120. Silbergen, 25 West 42d St.

105TH ST. (Columbus Av. Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, bath; 2 blocks subway; $10 room, bath, full hotel service; restaurant.

105TH, 117 WEST—Three rooms and bath; telephone; private entrance; electricity, heat.

105th—3 rooms, 2 baths; corner; piano. Victoria; season $400. Columbus 1276.

105TH, 300 WEST—Attractive suite, 3 rooms, bath, maid service, restaurant in building. Kennedy.

105th—Seven rooms, 3 baths, piano, $185; high class. Silbergen, 25 West 42d St.

105TH, 106 WEST—Attractively furnished apartment; new building; 2 rooms, 3 baths, 2 master bedrooms. Apt. 2A.

106TH, 305 WEST—Sunny front suite, bath, kitchenette; $90; 2 rooms, $75.

106th—Beautiful five-room apartment; owner leaving Winter months; $200. Bryant 8796.

106th—Apartment, 8 rooms, bath, $160 month; piano. Silbergen, 25 West 42d St.

120 ST., 60 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, TWO ROOMS AND BATH; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; $100 UP.

240, (Central Park)—Seven rooms, exquisitely appointed; elevator; lease until October; $275. Daniel Shone, 1,066 Broadway.

240—3 rooms front; elevator; piano. Victoria; beautifully furnished, $900. Columbus 1276.

240TH (The Riverside Drive)—Large room, with beds; use of kitchen; $75. Apt. 11.

240TH, WEST (3,333 Broadway)—Attractive 2-3 room apartments, bath; maid service.

240TH (Riverside)—2 rooms, corner apt.; elevator; beautifully furnished, $265. Col. 1276.

240th (Riverside)—Exquisite two rooms, kitchenette, bath; splendid, piano, Victrola; short lease; sacrifice.

DANIEL SHONE, 1,066 BROADWAY.

240TH, WEST—Family leaving city for, sell very comfortable apartment and lease, 3 rooms, bath, elevator, private phone; rent $62.50. Academy 5670.

240TH ST. (318 MANHATTAN AV.)—Two to six rooms, elevator, non-elevator; kitchen and kitchenette, $70 month and up; short lease; any reasonable references required. Telephone Academy 5670.

240TH ST., Nr. Amsterdam and Col. Ave.—
166 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, two and three rooms, with kitchenette; hotel service if desired; complete for housekeeping, from $39 upward. Open evenings and Sundays. Phone Academy 613.

241ST, 611 WEST—Four light room apartment; steam heat; two bedrooms, living room; kitchen; sunny; lease; $45. Col. 1276.

241TH, 605 WEST (Apt. 2)—Six light, exceptionally clean rooms; all improvements.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

245TH, 626 West—Lovely little four-room elevator apartment; sunny, exceptionally beautifully furnishing for housekeeping; desirable location; references.

119TH, ST. (near Broadway)—Well furnished 3 rooms, bath; private entrance; suitable 2 adults; elev.; heated; $175. Cathedral 8870.

119TH ST., 310 WEST—2 rooms, bath, completely furnished; all light; high-class elevator apartment. Fischer.

119TH ST.—Two rooms and bath; attractively furnished apartment; bargain. Broad 6067.

119TH, 436 WEST—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; newly furnished. Apply Miss Dawley after 5.

119th, 310, WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 24 WEST—Will sublet at once, our apartment (part), two rooms, bath and kitchenette, completely furnished; high-class in every way; private phone. 9861 Bryant.

120th, 501 WEST—Three rooms, elevator, bus, subway. Call evenings; $15; immediate.

120TH, 507 WEST—Five rooms, bath, telephone; electricity; near subway. Apply Janitor.

120TH ST. (near Broadway)—Seven outside rooms, 2 baths. Audubon 7609.

120TH (Broadway)—Exceptionally beautiful 3 rooms, elevator; short lease; Victrola; sacrifice. DANIEL SHONE, 1,066 BROADWAY.

120TH, 140 (Wadsworth Av., Apt. 24)—Beautifully furnished five-room elevator, exceptionally large living room; ready for housekeeping; block Broadway subway; must sell at once; any reasonable offer accepted; bargain.

121ST, WEST—American business couple, employed, desire furnished five-room apartment; will rent three connecting rooms, bedroom, living room, kitchen, full equipment, for desirable couple; 454 Fort Washington Av. Apt. 4, evenings.

121ST ST., G06 Northern Av.)—Six corner rooms, all overlooking Hudson; must be seen to be appreciated; $200 monthly. Wadsworth 9711. Apt. 6G.

APARTMENTS OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
Three rooms, 2 baths and kitchenette; $180 monthly; comfortably furnished; telephone, elevator service; maid service optional; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILSONIA,
823-829 WEST 907H ST.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—CONSULT MISS DINGLEMAN, Rentine Specialist, 136 West 72d. COLUMBUS 836.

APARTMENTS for lease, immediate possession. Harnett & Smith, Room 2836, Grand Central Terminal Building. Vanderbilt 0070.

APARTMENT, 6 rooms, well furnished, college section; suitable roomers; sublet or lease; bargain. Morningside 8856.

ATTRACTIVE four rooms; bath; owner going South; moderate; references exchanged. Wadsworth 2066.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished, three rooms, bath; $90. Janitor. A 163 Times.

BEST value suites in New York, steam heat, electricity, telephones, kitchenettes, maid service. The Suburg, 126 West 65th.

CLAREMONT AV., 135 (Crescent Apartment)—Six comfortable rooms, overlooking Hudson; bargain. Goddard.

FOR SALE—Two-room, kitchenette and bath apartment, handsomely furnished; complete in every detail; rent $100 month; furniture $1,000. Phone Audubon 1440, Apt. 24, 550 West 165th St. Call all week.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Two rooms, bath, apartment; conveniences; private; $70; gentlemen. Watkins 876.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO RENT, SEASON OR LONGER. CLAWSON & HOBBS, 103 WEST 72D ST.

LEASE completely furnished six-room apartment, two rooms, bath; rent $90 month. Apply, telephone Lenox 109, 9 to 5.

MONTE CRISTO, 157 West 123d (corner 7th Av.)—Well furnished, high class apartment, 3 all light, large rooms, well laid out floor plan; top floor of 7-story elevator house; all night service; for sale or sublease very reasonable. Apply on premises, Apt. 19.

MOUNTAIN COMMUNITY
One apartment left of 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; refined people only; very beautifully furnished. Plaza 645.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (corner 86th)—Front apartment, beautifully and completely furnished; linen, silver, piano; private entrance; $100. Inspect perfect order; immediate possession lease to Oct. 1; references required. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468 (Corner 115th St.)—Seven rooms, completely furnished; two baths; high-class fireproof building. Manager.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (corner 155th, Apartment 9C)—5 rooms, beautifully and completely furnished, Grafonola, every convenience; lease, August to Jan. 1. Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 960 (Apt. 61)—Corner 7 rooms, all front; beautiful view; elevator; exceptional furniture; reasonable; references exchanged. Audubon 3120. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE—Lovely, five-room apartment, wonderful view; highest type building. Bryant 8796.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—7 rooms, 2 baths; 12th floor; handsomely furnished; $250; long short lease. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 262—TWO ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE, WEEKLY, REASONABLE.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 784 (near 141th)—Furnished apartment in private house, modern improvements; very reasonable.

THE DALHOUSIE,
40 West 50th St.
Facing Central Park.
Attractively furnished apartment, consisting of 10 rooms and 2 baths; best references required. Apply superintendent, 48 West 50th St. Tel. Plaza 500; or Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 297 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 0040.

THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN, BATH; EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED; QUIET STREET; GREENWICH VILLAGE; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; RENT, $165; TELEPHONE CHELSEA 8716.

TWO nicely furnished, front, sunny rooms; gentlemen or business people. Schuyler 7004.

TWO nicely furnished front, sunny rooms; gentlemen or business people. Schuyler 7092.

WADSWORTH AV., 856 (191st subway)—High-class apartment, 4 rooms and bath, newly furnished; $90. Supt. Schuyler 4427.

WEST END AV., 308—
DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED, OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE—EXQUISITELY FURNISHED.
Drawing room, two sleeping rooms, bath, lavatory, kitchenette if required; $250 monthly.

WEST END AV., 740—Five light rooms, including two large bedrooms, until October; $275 monthly. Jamerson, Apt. 134.

Furnished—Bronx.

MOSHULO PARKWAY—8 rooms, bath, porch, new, beautiful, brick two-family house; $75; facing parkway; convenient subway. Central; elevator; reference. Doctor, Harlem 4936.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.
Monroe Place, 3; furnished two rooms and bath; maid service; $85; sublet.

Furnished—Queens.

FOUR large, light rooms, well furnished; modern building; all improvements; Jackson Heights. Phone Flatt, Newtown 2981.

Unfurnished—East Side.

107TH, 165 EAST—One-room elevator apartment, bath, kitchenette; $60.

117TH, 317 EAST (Facing Stuyvesant Park)—Improved eight rooms; two baths; reasonable.

117TH, 147 EAST—Floor, two large rooms, foyer, bath, kitchenette; fireplaces.

125TH ST., 29 EAST—Beautiful apartment, parlor, bedroom, alcove room, bath; $120.

81TH, 305 EAST—Five modern rooms, bath; private house; $125.

86TH ST.—Beautiful 2-4-room suites, elevator building; exclusive section Madison Av.; maid service; moderate rental. Rhinelander 3661.

88TH, 305 EAST—Sunny second floor, 2 rooms, kitchen and bath, electricity, for couple; $30 monthly.

70TH, 113 EAST—Sunny modern apartments, 2 & 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $100 up.

3 EXTRA large rooms and bath; elevator; all improvements; most accessible location. 1944 Madison Av., corner 125th St.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
8 EAST 45TH ST. TEL. VARD. 608
APARTMENTS, UNFURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, PARK AVE. AND EIGHTIETH.

FIVE ROOMS AND BATH, $150 TO $154.
Beautifully located; 17 and 19 East 96th St., near 5th Av.; elevator apartments; living room 30 feet long, roomy kitchen; apartments will be put in first-class order; service not missed as these houses are co-operatively owned. William Crulkshank's Sons, 31 Liberty St., Apcots.

LEXINGTON AV., 966 (76TH ST.)
Four rooms, all improvements; completely redecorated.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,276—4 and 5 rooms, electric light, all improvements; subway express corner; $55-$58.

MADISON AV., 280—Two beautiful sunny front rooms, corner 37th; large tiled bathroom, parquet floor, elevator, steam heat; must be seen to be appreciated.

PARK AV., 340 (Corner 81st)—4 large sunny rooms, $3,000 yearly.

PARK AV., 84—Five rooms, electric light, all improvements; $90.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH ST., 184 WEST—Very attractive apartment, furnished if desired, five rooms, bath; $1,080 per year; vacant; any time. Lease; short or long. Academy 5670.

111TH, 605 WEST (Apt. 2)—Six light, exceptionally clean rooms; all improvements.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

127TH, 140 WEST—Seven exceptional rooms; electricity, parquet floors, telephone; reasonable; 2nd floor.

213TH STREET—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, south exposure; all improvements; $60. Miss Lewis, Real Estate, 17 West 47th St.

81ST, 19-21 WEST—Two room fireproof apartment, including service, $1,300. Longacre 4836.

45TH (near Broadway)—Five elegant rooms, elevator, fireplaces, $180. Phone Bryant 6214.

46TH, 71 WEST (Near 5th Av.)—High-class two-room apartment; kitchenette, bath; newly renovated, parquet floors; immediate possession; lease; agent on premises.

37 WEST 46TH ST.
Two large rooms and bath; elevator. Superintendent on premises.

46TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $62 month. Donovan, 2558 Cortlandt.

49TH, 329 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, newly altered dwelling; reasonable rent.

50TH, 54 WEST—Two rooms, bath; reasonable. See agent, 8 West 50th.

52D ST., 33 WEST—Ground floor apartment; especially desirable for doctor; $2,400. Vanderbilt 7859.

55TH, 14 WEST—Ground floor; immediate; modern; suitable chiropractor or doctor.

57TH, 327 WEST—Two, four, seven rooms; interestingly remodeled; elevator; desirable location.

59TH, 153 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen; bath could be used by physician; $150 month; Telephone Circle 2127.

59TH, 200 WEST—Four rooms, Eighth type; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

70TH, 345 WEST—3 ROOMS; ELEVATOR; MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; RENT $110.

71ST ST., 231 WEST.
NEAR BROADWAY.
3 ROOMS AND BATH, $2,000.
76TH ST., 314 WEST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
2 ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE, WITH ELEVATOR.
$2,200 AND $2,400.

72D, 52 WEST—Apartment of two rooms, bath, kitchenette, large foyer hall; two closets; southern exposure; elevator building.

74TH ST., 237 WEST—Seven large All outside sunlight rooms, living room 17x25, 2 baths; unusual improvements; open on premises or telephone Columbus 8760.

76TH—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $35. Elberon, 25 West 42d St.

76TH ST., 25 WEST—
2 rooms, one small, one large, 4th floor.

84TH ST., 64 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $60. Wood-Dolson Co., Broadway and 80th St.

86TH—Apartment, six rooms, bath; $150 month. Elberon, 25 West 42d St.

90S—Eight rooms, bath; $100; sell furniture, $500. Elberon, 25 West 42d St.

92D ST., 118 WEST—Most reasonably priced two room and bath apartment on the west side; rent only $60 per month.
HOUGHTON COMPANY,
174 West 72d St. Columbus 280.

96TH, 308 WEST—8 large, light rooms, 2 baths); good for doctor.

96TH ST., 251 WEST (corner Broadway)—8 rooms, bath; $2,200. Wood Dolson & Co., Broadway and 80th St.

104TH ST., 5 WEST—Front 6-room elevator apartment, all improvements; $125.

106TH ST., 250 WEST (THE OVERDENE).
Exceptionally attractive 5-room apartment; 2 baths; possession at once; also 3-room apartment; available Jan. 15. Apply Superintendent, Mr. Wagner.

105TH, 258 WEST (corner West End Av.)—Two-room apartment, newly decorated, $2,000. Apply Superintendent.

106TH ST., 308 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $1,500. Wood-Dolson Co., Broadway and 80th St.

110TH ST., 327 WEST—Modern fireproof new, three airy rooms, bath, kitchen and kitchenette, $1,500 to $1,600; 4 rooms, two baths, $1,000 to $2,400; special seven rooms, four master bedrooms and two master baths, extra lavatory and toilet; $3,700.

110TH ST., 304 WEST.
CORNER RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
3 ROOMS, INCLUDING KITCHENETTE AND BATH, $1,600.
7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, $3,300.

111TH, 315 WEST—Six large, light rooms, front apartment, electricity, telephones, all improvements; $85; immediate possession. Inquire Supt.

111TH ST., 304 WEST,
NEAR BROADWAY.
5 ROOMS AND BATH, $1,500.

116TH ST., 234 WEST—Near park, seven large and airy rooms in modern elevator apartment house. Supt. on premises.

118TH, 353 WEST—Seven rooms, $125; elevator, steam, electricity. Telephone Supt., Morningside 7190, or Rhinelander 2690.

116TH, 249 WEST—Six rooms, high class; elevator; newly decorated; $110.

125TH ST., 462 WEST—Three outside rooms; hot water, bath, electricity; newly decorated; corner house; $50.

149TH ST., 562 WEST—Corner building, 7 rooms. Apply Supt. on premises, or telephone Cornel 7, Hudson View Construction Co., Wadsworth 6835.

126TH ST., 330 WEST—Six rooms, elevator apartment house; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

117TH, 502 WEST—3 and 5 rooms, 2 baths, elevator apartment; reasonable.

118TH (Between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—6 rooms, elevator apartment building. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Phone Wadsworth 6835.

117TH, 850 WEST (corner Wadsworth)—Four, five, seven rooms; modern apartments; $68-$85.

BROADWAY (N. W. corner 92d, Rodborough)—Very desirable corner apartment, 8 rooms; superior location; 12-story fireproof building; moderate rental; immediate possession. Inquire Supt. or Harlem Realty Co., 200 B'way. Worth 874.

BROADWAY, 6,301 (opposite Van Cortlandt Park)—3, 4, 5 rooms, all modern improvements; rent $75-$110; lease.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

DESIRABLE apartments for rent in Greenwich Village, vicinity; $60 up. Williams-Dexter Co., 73 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8066.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Spacious two-room apartments, newly decorated, newly tiled fireplaces, gas, porch; rent attractive; $100 monthly until May 1. M. 517 Times.

MANHATTAN AV., 625—2-room apartment; elevator service; all improvements; reasonable rent.

MANHATTAN AV., 379 (116th St.)—Three, four, five beautiful rooms; elevator; reasonable.

MORTON ST., 67 (below 10th)—Handsome five-six room elevator apartment; parquet; electricity.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 99th St.—Storage $5 per month; vanlaad, motor vans, moving; moderate rates. 1758 Riverside.

PINEHURST AV., 5—Six light rooms and bath; elevator; all conveniences. Superintendent.

PRE-WAR PRICES.
76th St., 34 West—One and two room apartments, private bath, kitchenette; best block lower 70s, overlooking Central Park.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 605 (near 135th St.)—Three large rooms, housekeeping apartment, in high-class cost-elevator apartment house; $75 a month; immediate possession. Columbus 6363.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 703 (145th)—3 rooms, fireproof building; 2 minutes subway; modern decorations. Audubon 6004. Dortlandt 8961.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 130 (AT 94TH ST.)—EIGHT ROOMS, TWO BATHS; $2,200; IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450 (116th)—High-class 7-room elevator apartments, $2,600; very choice; immediate possession. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 285 (100th)—High-class elevator apartment, $4,200-$4,500; 9-10 rooms, 3 baths; renovated; immediate. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 187 (corner 91st, Apt. 4)—Outside rooms, 2 outside baths; fine river view; very reasonable. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Corner 96th)—Seven-eight rooms, two-three baths; corner apartment; all rooms facing Drive.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (corner 160th)—Six rooms, 2 baths; elevator; high-class; $1,800.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 635—5, 6 and 6 rooms, with large studio room; fireproof elevator building. See superintendent on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—Six rooms, overlooking the Hudson. Apply Superintendent.

SEVEN outside rooms, two baths. 157th St., near Broadway. Audubon 10900.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.
Seven rooms, two baths, near Columbia University; open to offer. See Superintendent, 90 Morningside Drive, or
EVERETT M. SHIKAS CO.,
Murray Hill 4590. 507 5th Av.

23 WEST 57TH ST.
NEAR 5TH AV.
12 ROOMS, 4 BATHS.
TRIPLEX APARTMENT.
RENT $5,000.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 WEST 72D ST.

THE WEST END AV.
NEW BUILDING.
BETWEEN 72D AND 73D STS.
SUITES OF 5 AND 6 ROOMS.
$1,000 TO $1,800.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST.

WEST END AV., 583—Two light rooms, bath, kitchenette; 2 flights rear; for persons appreciating refined, clean, exclusive home; every convenience; $100 monthly; lease.

WEST END AV., 918 (corner 106th St.)—Two-room apartment, newly decorated; $2,000. Apply Superintendent.

WEST END AV., 800—Desirable 5-room corner apartment. Telephone Vanderbilt 8260.

WEST END AV., 806—Large one-room apartment, $1,700 yearly. Rector 9040.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

IDEAL LOCATION FOR PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST.
Elegant corner apartment, all modern improvements, up-to-date 2-family house, garage; beautiful surroundings, Saint Bedford Park, block Concourse; surrounded by medical apartment houses; 2 restaurants. HEINE, 448 EAST 149TH ST. TEL. MELROSE 3170.

POPHAM AND MONTGOMERY AV.
New building.
4-5-6 rooms; all improvements.
One block west of University Av.
Agent on premises.

HOE AV., 1,013—7 large rooms, all improvements, new decorations; immediate possession; block Simpson St. station. Inquire premises.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,063 (Apt. 3B)—Sublet, 5 rooms, all outside; lease expires Sept. 30; specially decorated; all improvements. Telephone Tremont 5196, before 9 A. M.

WEBB AV., 2,454 (Near Fordham Road)—8 rooms, front; all improvements; fine location; rent $64. Call Fordham 9116.

SHAKESPEARE AV., 1,366—Elegant four rooms, modern improvements; $68. Tel. Tremont 7696.

FINDLAY AV., 902—2 large, light rooms for dentist, M. D. or other business. Harry Abrams. Jerome 8539W.

CONCOURSE, 2,302—Five beautiful rooms facing Van Cortlandt Park; improvements; private house.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,403 (at 170th St.)—4 and 5 desirable rooms, in Crystal dwellings. See agent.

LORING PLACE, 1,612 (corner Burnside Av.)—Five rooms; 6th-9th Av. L, subway.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS APARTMENTS.
Clinton and Pierrepont Sts.—2 rooms, $45. Columbia Heights, 68—5 rooms and kitchen. Henry St., 226—6 rooms and bath, $175; well adapted for doctor or dentist.
G. GELLARIS, 215 Montague St. Main 9564.

PRESIDENT ST., 718—Five-room elegant apartment, latest improvements, with garage, part of 2-family house. Decatur 9026.

STERLING PL., 180—Modern 2, 3 and 4 rooms, all improvements; Park Place and 7th Av. subway express.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS (Cortelyou Court, 47 Pierrepont St.)—5 and 6 rooms, modern elevator apartment; city view.

Unfurnished—Queens.

ACADEMY ST., 853 (near Jamaica Av.)—New building; high-class apartments, 5 rooms; Queensboro Subway, 22d St.; 12 minutes to Broadway Station, Astoria.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FIVE-ROOM apartment to let. Phone Boulevard 6361.

FURNISHED apartments wanted to lease. J. H. Smith, Vanderbilt 6876.

APARTMENTS WANTED

Furnished.

WE have responsible tenants for every kind of apartments; if you have two to ten rooms, furnished or unfurnished, west side, 59th to 116th St., write or call Chester D. Clark Co., 42 Broadway. Broad 5066.

REFINED Japanese gentleman desires large parlor, bedroom, bath, private family, location 90th-100th Sts., near Riverside Drive. Address M. H., 168 Broadway, Room 1311.

WANTED for immediate possession, large and small apartments; submit details. Charles Rhoades Leasing Organization, 1,478 Broadway. Bryant 5788.

SMALL furnished apartment, kitchen or kitchenette; elevator building; immediate possession, until March 1 or 15; responsible tenant with highest references. G 364 Times.

LIST YOUR APARTMENTS WITH APARTMENT RENTING CO., INC., 176 WEST 72D. COLUMBUS 1278.

Furnished.

FOR FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, SEE
R. M. MORAN,
65 West 56th St. Columbus 7710.

FOUR or five rooms, Feb. 15 to April 15, by three adults; Christian; downtown; references required and furnished. X 3168 Times Annex.

TWO-ROOM apartment, convenient to Grand Central; will consider buying furnishings; rent not over $125. A. L. Burrows, 60 East 42d St.

YOUNG LADY desires 3-room, kitchenette apt., modern, West 70s; 6 months' lease; $75-$100. M 559 Times.

Unfurnished.

WE HAVE clients to rent your apartment in Greenwich Village and vicinity. Williams-Dexter Co., 73 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8066.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

3D AV., 123—Room, all improvements, separate entrance. Apt. 8. Stuyvesant 3095.

5TH ST., Madison Av. (Hotel Whitney)—Furnished rooms for ladies; single room, use of bath, $10.50 weekly; room, private bath, $15; all outside; modern hotel; perfect service. Phone Madison 1784.

50TH ST., LEXINGTON AV. (HOTEL RUTLEDGE)—Women exclusively; newly decorated; room, bath, $10 weekly up. Double room, use bath, $16; weekly restaurant conveniences; big reduction for 3 persons.

50TH ST., 16 EAST—Large front room and bath; also two single rooms. Phone Plaza 2810.

57TH ST., 221 EAST—Select single rooms, every convenience; reasonable; central; refined home.

60TH, 16 EAST—Room, adjoining bath, $25 and $40. San Jacinto Hotel.

71ST, 178 EAST—Four beautiful rooms, sleeping porch, grand piano; exceptional meals and service; also single and double rooms. Telephone Rhinelander 8026.

72D, 184 EAST—Large room, artistic private bath, private house. Rhinelander 4402.

80TH, 120 EAST—Two partly furnished rooms, electricity, heat; separate entrance. Stock.

80TH, 154 EAST—Large room with kitchenette, also medium, suitable lady; private house. Phone Lenox 5801.

81ST, 71 EAST—Elegantly furnished large front room, electricity, adjoining bath; kitchen privileges; $18 weekly; refined neighborhood.

84TH ST., AT MADISON AV. (HOTEL ASHLEIGH)—Beautifully decorated rooms; use of bath; $10 week up; room, bath, $13.50 weekly up; buses, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

RENT FREE.
Nice room for gentlewoman in return for partial service to elderly lady. Apply Jones, 130 East 81st.

86TH, 27 EAST—Comfortable room, private bath, refined neighborhood, convenient bus and subway; business gentlemen. Phone Lenox 1444.

87TH ST., 19 EAST—
Beautiful sunny room; $3.50-$4. Schneider.

ATTRACTIVE; homelike suite to reliable refined party; elevator; central; private. Vanderbilt 5943.

SUNNY room, apartment business woman; kitchen privileges. Murray Hill 805, after 5.

LARGE front room, all conveniences; Park Av. district. Tel. Lenox 4966.

West Side.

30TH, 216 WEST—Room, private apartment, one or two persons; steam heat; electricity (telephone); moderate. Phone Chelsea 8611.

32D, 359 WEST—Single, steam heat, running water; gentlemen.

39TH ST., 46 WEST—
2 OR 3 ROOMS, HOTEL SERVICE.
PHONE WATKINS 9476.

47TH, 46 EAST—Exquisitely furnished single, running water, $6.50 weekly. Ninth floor.

50TH, 326 WEST—Attractive large room; every convenience, electricity; scrupulously clean; respectable.

50TH, 600 WEST—First-class rooms, service, location; refined business people.

50TH ST., 36 WEST—Single room, delightful sunny bath; attractive, well-kept house; excellent location for business people.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

47TH ST., 109 WEST (RALEIGH HALL).
A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractively furnished rooms, with and without private baths; also suites; club privileges with hotel service at lower rentals.

48TH, 36 WEST—Large, attractive studio, private bath; exceptionally pleasing environment; references.

52D, 330 WEST—Attractively furnished room; phone and other conveniences; references exchanged. Hertig.

56TH, 55 WEST—Desirable room, south; bath; running water; electricity; telephone; $10 weekly.

57TH, 44 WEST (NEAR COLUMBUS CIRCLE)—ST. PAUL HOTEL; ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; SMALL SUITE; FURNISHED, WITH PRIVATE BATH; $14 WEEKLY UP; ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $10 PER WEEK AND UP.

57TH, 13 WEST—MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE TILED BATH; LAVATORY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; TWIN DAY BEDS; REASONABLE.

57TH, 116 WEST—Exceptionally attractive, comfortable room; private bath; southern exposure; reasonable.

58TH, 17 WEST—Large double room, two beds; private bath; telephone.

58TH, 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY, efficient stenographer, typist, bookkeeper, seeks secretarial work; or other interesting work which demands initiative, intelligence and accuracy; $30. L 253 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, Christian, wants position as society secretary, preferably connected with publishing business; over 2 years experience has been along this line; salary $25. K 865 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, colored, thoroughly experienced, excellent cooks, investigated; references supplied; "day workers a specialty." Telephone Columbus 8165. Domestic Service Agency, 339 West 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS—West colored girls, investigated references; with places; other Southern girls coming. Lincoln Industrial Exchange Agency, 214 West 30th St. Tel. Col. 5022. Established 1890.

HERTA CARLSON'S SWEDISH AGENCY, 2,309 Broadway, cor. 82d. Schuyler 1976; also 127 Lexington Av., near Rhinelander 9647.

HOUSEWORKERS, chambermaids, laundresses, half time day workers; references. Plummer's Agency, 4375 Morningside.

CHAMBERMAID, waitress, housework; neat girl; city, country; references. Flaherty Agency, Schuyler 7053.

COOKS, chambermaids, waitresses, housework; city, country; white, colored. Flaherty Agency, Schuyler 7053.

SOUTHERN help references investigated. Gilliam's Colored Agency, 46 West 30th. Schuyler 9085.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY; high-grade colored servants; city, country; references investigated. Audubon 2606.

TINEA ANDERSEN Scandinavian Agency, 2,304 Broadway, near 82d. Schuyler 9002.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.
AUDITOR. OFFICE MANAGER.

Five years in charge accounting division large corporation now liquidating; highest credentials; married. E 665 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR, THREE YEARS' BOOKKEEPING; THIRD YEAR ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT; DESIRES CONNECTION; SALARY SECONDARY. A 149 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER, EXPERT SYSTEMATIZER; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; THOROUGH; EFFICIENCY METHODS; MODERATE SALARY. B 1284 TIMES BRONX.

ACCOUNTANT, specializing in production, costs, perpetual inventories, final statements, desires employment evenings. B 630, Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, 32, married, four years' certified experience; knowledge income tax; moderate salary; reference. M 271 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, Pace, 19, desires position with accounting firm; salary secondary. J. M. C., 24 New York Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, 25, college graduate, six years' bookkeeping, accounting experience, knowledge taxes, certified training, presently employed. M 666 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—EXPERT COST ACCOUNTANT. ATTENDING DAY COLLEGE, WANTS POSITION, $30 WEEKLY. G 250 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT—Young man, advanced Columbia student, varied bookkeeping experience, offers connect with public accountant; Christian. J 498 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 22, college graduate, experienced, desires position with certified firm; salary no object. K 496 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, three years with C. P. A., college graduate, desires part-time positions. Accountant, 2,414 Webb Av., Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, conscientious, efficient, desires permanent position; salary $25. G 362 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced, wishes part-time work, evenings; reasonable. 138 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, Columbia University graduate, position certified accountant. G 368 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, experienced in audits and tax work. K 546 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, tax expert, opens, closes books; part time. Enter, 106 West 70th.

BOOKKEEPER - SECRETARY, accurate, rapid stenographer, capable correspondent, competent bookkeeper, well advanced accountancy student; six years' experience; Christian, 25; salary $35. K 854 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, cost accounting office manager; 16 years' experience; reliable; versed up-to-date methods; experienced in corporation controlling accounts; financial statements rendered; 42; highest attainable references. L 992 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, considerable bookkeeping and junior public accounting experience; available at once; no objection temporary; best references; $35. Noland, Columbus 10134.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT—Four years' practical bookkeeping experience, executive ability, N. Y. U. student; salary $35. G 261 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, thorough experience credits, collections, capable systematizer, available for position of responsibility. T 1812 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 20 years' thorough experience, capable office manager, systematizer of all office routine; references. D 1221 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, experienced controlling accounts, financial statements, accountancy student, knowledge stenography and typewriting. G 600 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER (28), married; 12 years' experience; capable taking full charge; $35. Saland, 1,637 Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 7 years' experience; charge entire set books. G 569 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, 5 years' experience; excellent references; age 25. D 673 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent; part or full time; reasonable rates. K 562 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, desires bookkeeping or clerical position; experienced; $22. A 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, experienced, general office work and banking; references. M 536 Times.

BOOKKEEPER desires evening employment; salary secondary. Address 69 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER—Nine years' business experience, executive ability. K 849 Times Downtown.

BOY, American, bright, reliable, best references, some experience. B 700, Times Downtown.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT or assistant superintendent; ten years' experience on construction work. Address Box P 479 Times.

BUTLER-VALET, good cook, long experience; full charge, excellent references; can serve parties; day's work, anything. Bryant 2363.

BUTLER-VALET, good cook for bachelor or private family. A 134 Times.

BUTLER or house attendant, Japanese, intelligent, young; good appearance; city, country; best of family references. 103 West 136th.

BUYER, experienced for 12 years, notions, fancy goods and ribbons, open for proposition with representative jobbing house; Pacific Coast preferred. J 595 Times.

CASHIER, bookkeeper, restaurant, hotel experience, wishes position. M 829 Times.

CHANDLER work, understanding brazing, bench hand, fitter; twenty years' experience. F. D., 336 West 29th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; 10 years' experience driving private, Pierce-Arrow, Cadillac, Packard, Hudson; best of references; neat, careful, courteous, wishes position; city or country; moderate salary to start; 2½ years last position. Richards, Morning Post 2880.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.

Ex-soldier with 15 years' experience American and foreign cars; can furnish references for the past ten years; a trial will convince you. Otto Baumann, 19 West 84th. Columbus 8422.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—Would like to place my chauffeur, whom I would recommend very much in every way, before leaving the country. Phone La Perrara, Hotel Plaza, 3,740 Plaza. Room 107.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced mechanic, expert driver, 11 years' experience on all makes of cars; excellent references; last party left on their car; desires position. Otten, 310 East 92d.

CHAUFFEURS—We supply expert chauffeurs, with first-class private references. Professional Chauffeurs Club of America, 19 West 60th. Columbus 9422.

CHAUFFEUR, 45, married, expert driver, mechanic; 28 years' experience; excellent private references. Max, 20 West 31st. Riverside 4427 J.

CHAUFFEUR desires position driving private car; last employer giving up car; can furnish unquestionable references. Thomas Sheahan, 310 West 146th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, 32, 7 years' experience, city, country, highly recommended. Apply 1,000 Taggart, 200 West 140th. Audubon 8284.

CHAUFFEUR, handy, married, wishes position year round; first-class references; 16 years' driving experience. J 068 Times.

CHAUFFEUR - mechanic, Swiss, single; shop experience, 11 years; references. G 376 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 35, single, white, sober, reliable, strong; good references; private service; city or country. A 140 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—Ten years' experience, machinist and driver; good references. B 266 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, good references; wishes position. Henry Hudson, 126 West 85th St.

CHAUFFEUR, age 26, driving 30 years; can give 5-7-9 years' personal references; willing, obliging, at all times; very handy around a gentleman's home; can work, drive; must read checks; single. A 161 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced private; references; willing, city or country. K 166 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, Single; Pierce, Packard, Cadillac, Locomobile; attend own repairs; private city or country. Flynn, Columbus 4855.

CLERK, 26, Christian, Isaak Cyrus; 7 years' experience. B 1155 Times Harlem.

CONSULTING CHEMIST.

Open for some client; city or vicinity. L 808 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, credit man, bookkeeper, traffic, 24; seven years' experience. K 378 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, student, excellent letterer, tracer, wants position. Grant, 6,110 24 Av., Astoria.

DRAFTSMAN, 24, structural and mechanical, all steel details, plant layout; A 1st Times.

DRAFTSMAN and mechanical engineer, 7 years' experience, wishes position. J 804 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, machine designer, desires additional work. E. D. Roberts, 46 East 41st.

DRAFTSMAN and estimator; ornamental iron; reference. K 2176 Times Annex.

DRUG PORTER, 3 years' experience, reference. McLEOD, 214 W. 140th, Apt. 10.

EDITOR—Expert writer on industrial and business topics, seeks connection with live publisher. Ask me to detail my experience. B 219 Times.

ELEVATOR operator, age 23, wishes position. John Wallis, 243 East 80th St.

ESTIMATOR, canvasser, supervising men, attractions all building lines. A 142 Times.

EXECUTIVE—A man who gets things done, and who for ten years has filled responsible places, wants an opportunity to return to New York.

This man has a college education, supplemented by fifteen years' active experience, covering newspaper reporting, banking, selling, purchasing, office, sales and factory management and production control, and accounting in various branches, including public work with a prominent New York firm of accountants and industrial engineers; for the last two years he has been controller of a New England corporation, manufacturing metal products; his present salary is well over $7,000 a year.

His choice would be with a company of a size not too large to reflect the personality of its head; he rather likes the joy of work and of fair competition; he is primarily fitted by training and temperament to secure co-operation and to co-ordinate the activities of office and factory.

He is not a so-called efficiency expert; he does not become a marvelous results overnight; he is only just a man that other men like and trust and respect.

He is 39 years old, married, born in Colorado of American parents; he believes in God, in America and in the goodness of mankind.

Can you use him? P 462 Times.

EXECUTIVE—Southern gentleman, 36, college athlete, fourteen years' teaching experience, seven years principal, desires office position requiring pep, personality, initiative. I 561 Times.

FIREMAN, colored, useful porter, handyman. Sidney, 2,144 5th Av. Harlem 2387.

FUR BUYER, NEW YORK OR VICINITY. EXPERIENCED SKIN AND MANUFACTURED MERCHANDISE. AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY. J 853 TIMES.

GUARD, messenger, young man, 25, desires position; references. A 1146 Times Harlem.

HOUSEMAN, single, wishes position houseman or butler; best references. L. Ostrow, 225 Franklin St., Bloomfield, N. J.

JANITOR—Handy man with tools, elevator, Butler Building. Harlem 2587.

JAPANESE as housekeeper for bachelor or small family; very good cook and all other necessary requisites; references. Amagi, 724 LexingtonAv.

JAPANESE wants position cook, butler; good references. A 128 Times.

MAN, 24 years old, mechanical engineer, good business training, speaking English, French, Spanish and Portuguese fluently, educated, extensively traveled, trustworthy, active and energetic, is open to any position in any line of business where an honest living can be earned and chances for advancement exist. G 379 Times.

MANAGER or superintendent high-class apartment or office buildings; 12 years' experience; best references. Write E., 2,533 Broadway.

MANAGER—Young man, 27, past 3 years manager printing plant; experienced buying, selling, office routine. J 565 Times.

MILLINERY EXECUTIVE, 35, Canadian Protestant, highest credentials, excellent personality, innate salesmanship, 20 years' experience manufacturing, jobbing millinery. X 2103 Times Annex.

OFFICE MAN, 8 years' commercial experience, stenography, &c., desires position responsible firm. X 2182 Times Annex.

PRINTING—Man who has worked on stock, selling, follow-up, order clerk, desires position. A 144 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE commission lines for west of Denver, notion lines preferred, to jobbers and large retailers; headquarters San Francisco. C. A. Saits, Room 1361, Commodore Hotel.

SALESMAN—Aggressive salesman, 36, college education, residing at Providence, R. I., now connected, seeks opening with any progressive house desiring high-calibred salesman in New England or other territories; sold merchandise throughout United States; now in New York for interview. X 2098 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wishes road position; familiar with staffing Atlantic Coast States; salary and commission only; educated, genteel; public accounting experience; open any line; have covered Southwest. L 2 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, seeks connection as factory or manufacturing representative in New York or Brooklyn territory; best references and qualifications. K 862 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 28, pants man out of business, wants strong line of trousers or boys' clothing; covered Middle West. A 157 Times.

SALESMAN, 23, office and outside sales experience, good education and training, aggressive, desires salaried position. K 544 Times.

SALESMAN, fixtures to builders, Brooklyn, wants side line. D 697 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 35, college graduate, with car; experience; dependable. B 1141 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN ($1); university graduate, desires sales or executive connection. J 236, Times.

SALESMAN, specialty, ten years with National Cash Register Co. and other firms of equal reputation. D 1185 Times Bronx.

SALESMAN desires house-furnishing, general merchandise, retail trade; city, Bronx. M 590 Times.

SALESMAN; wants side line, city, along electrical line. D 668 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE, 25, 14 years' constructive experience as stenographer, correspondent, executive secretary, manager, seeks position requiring unusual executive ability; employed; available immediately; securities and similar "propositions" ignored. 151 Times.

SECRETARY, Christian, good address and personality, age 22, wide experience; high-est credentials, formerly confidential secretary to man of affairs; reasonable salary. G 357 Times.

SECRETARY, Christian, married, capable of caring for correspondence, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, thoroughly familiar with circularizing; high-class reference. M 521 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 22, Protestant, six years' experience; references. B 907 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, married, eight years' experience. D 626 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; 7 years legal, brokerage and manufacturing experience; unusual efficiency; $30. W 796 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man; capable, efficient, thoroughly experienced, desires position offering opportunity. W. C., 1,752 Topping Av. Tremont 4422.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires opportunity, knowledge, bookkeeping, secretarial preferred. B 892 Times Downtown.

STEWARD, experienced; fine club references; salary, percentage. X 2217 Times Annex.

TRANSLATOR, Spanish-English, knowledge of printing, studied in American schools, desires position with responsible firm. Address A. C., Jr., care "Casita Gallaga," 1,125 Broadway.

UPHOLSTERER seeks private work at residence. Call Tel. Wadsworth, 9023.

VALET, typewriting, chauffeur. Cecil, Apt. 12, 110 West 137th.

WAITER, experienced; college student, fine appearance; speaks perfectly French. M 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30 years old, 12 years with hardware manufacturer, 6 years' traveling experience, present, record, best references, covered connection in capacity assistant manager for reliable firm with future; full opportunity for advancement. D 941 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, married, excellent education, clerical and stenographic experience, best references, desires position with advancement based on ability; interview anytime. H 264 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, attending evening high school, five years' clerical experience, desires position; future more essential than salary. John Winn, 1,118 Longwood Av., Bronx.

YOUNG Irish lad, age 21, high school graduate, two years' banking experience, Southern city; salary eighteen hundred; will take less to start; reference Mr. ——, Princeton University night school. L 326, Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSER—Woman able to copy quickly and accurately names and addresses from original letters; $12 to $15, according to ability. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience. S 149 Times.

ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER in training school. Mt. Sinai Hospital, 1,468 Madison Av.

BILLING CLERK wanted, thoroughly competent, steady, reliable woman, capable of taking charge of a department and handling several assistants and detail; state age, nationality, experience and salary expected. Vitamin Food Co., Inc., Room 612, Gotham National Bank Building.

BOOKKEEPER and typist for high-grade underwear manufacturer, thoroughly experienced double entry bookkeeping; capable of taking charge of office; preferably one with experience manufacturing concern; state experience, salary; confidential. Box 624, 200 Cable Building.

BOOKKEEPER, COMPETENT, ACCURATE; GOOD PENMAN; WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; STATE AGE, QUALIFICATIONS, SALARY DESIRED. W 791 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT,

for work on Moon-Hopkins statement machine; bank experience preferred; state age, experience and salary desired. L. F., 634 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, knowledge general office routine, new corporation starting, excellent opportunity, $20 to start; state age, experience, religion. A 150 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for accounts receivable; must be thoroughly familiar with Burroughs bookkeeping machine; state your experience, age and salary expected. S 145 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Intelligent, efficient, trustworthy; plumbing contractor's office; state full particulars and references. S 122 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable of taking complete charge of double entry set of books; knowledge of typewriting essential. Call at 10, 347 5th Av., Room 206.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST; must be thoroughly experienced, for wholesale shirt house; state salary and experience. X 2205 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, capable, thoroughly experienced; also do billing. Apply Block-Hirsch Co., 162 West 26th St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; thoroughly experienced, with good handwriting; $25. Riteservice Agency, 621 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, mercantile concern, thoroughly experienced double entry; state age, salary and references. S 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, retail experience preferred. Avalon, 448 5th Av.

CLERICAL WORKER.

Young lady wanted, beginner or with some experience, to do general and some special clerical work; must be bright, ambitious and careful; good chance for advancement; state age, education, religion and salary desired.

G. H., 711 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORKER—Young lady as office assistant. Hecht & Pfeifer, 500 7th Av.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS.

A large financial institution desires to place several young women, 17 years of age or over, in permanent positions; high-school education desirable; hours are short; lunch-rooms are provided free; the starting salary is $12 per week, and many advantages and opportunities for rapid advancement are offered to those who qualify, as all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotion; state education and experience, if any. S 477 Times.

DANCING TEACHER wanted; refined, capable young lady. Reeves Conservatory, 2,042 Broadway. Established.

DEMONSTRATORS wanted; large house furnishing manufacturer wants demonstrators for both permanent and traveling sales work; prefer women having domestic science training, but will consider applications from experienced aluminum cooking utensil demonstrators; state age and experience; also whether or not you prefer traveling work; salary and commission. X 2179 Times Annex.

DESIGNER on ladies' silk underwear. N. M. Klamie, 185 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Main 8768.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, thoroughly experienced on bookkeeping, billing machine; state salary and experience. Box S. Riteservice Advertising, 621 Broadway.

FILE CLERK, experienced, to take full charge file; give qualifications, salary. S 148 Times.

FORELADY

who is thoroughly experienced and understands the manufacturing of boys' washable suits; must be able to take complete charge and have practical knowledge about machines; excellent proposition to the right party.

DAINTY NOVELTY, 39 EAST 30TH.

GIRLS

$15.00 TO START

as

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

STEADY WORK.

rapid advancement and

FREQUENT INCREASES

IN SALARY.

APPLY

1,138 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST., N. Y. CITY.

26 WEST HOUSTON ST., N. Y. CITY.

81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL for office and inside messenger work in uptown publishing house; 14 to 16 years of age; none but public school graduate; some knowledge of typing desirable; salary $12. X 2215 Times Annex.

GIRL, high school, to care for child few evenings and afternoons. Write, stating salary expected and reference Mrs. J. J. Salzberg, 9 West 76th St., care Bergen.

GIRL, experienced, to check names in directories for publishing house; $15 to start. T 209 Times.

GOVERNESS, experienced only; highest wages; full charge two boys, 7 and 11; interview by appointment. Columbus 8533.

HOUSEKEEPER—Lady alone desires housekeeper. Address stating references, wages, religion, Box P. J., 1,780 Broadway.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white, for small family; good salary; permanent; references required. Apply this afternoon or evening, 697 West End Av., Apt. O.

HOUSEWORKER (general), white girl; 2 in family; must be neat houseworker and good plain cook; good wages. C. D. Edelberg, 580 West End Av.

HOUSEWORKER—Girl for general house work; plain cooking. 1,361 Madison Av. Mrs. H. Hass.

HOMEWORKERS

on millinery ornaments; steady work; good pay. Apply Workroom, 1,107 MYRTLE AV., OFF WEST 26TH ST.

HOUSEWORKER, general, wanted; experienced; reference required; call Thursday 8 to 5. Mrs. Bieber, 838 West End Av.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white; must be good plain cook; no washing; references required. 790 Riverside Drive.

LAUNDRESS, first-class; family weekly; references. Leonard, 790 Riverside Drive.

MAID, visiting, well recommended, good sewer, living vicinity 59th St.; time beginning 7:45 A. M. X 2123 Times Annex.

MILLINERS—First-class makers. Tappe, 13 West 40th.

MODEL—GIRLS.

SLENDER YOUNG WOMEN TO WEAR SIZE 16 CLOTHES; RETINEMENT AND EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.

PEGGY HOTT, INC., 19 EAST 59TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 14.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES; LONG SEASON; STEADY POSITIONS TO RIGHT PARTIES.

TREELINE SUIT CO., 1,338 BROADWAY.

MODELS, 12-36, EXPERIENCED WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE, CALL AFTER 10:30. H. K. LANG & CO., 135 WEST 29TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16,

stylish young ladies, experienced, to try on suits, coats and dresses in showroom; highest salary; long season. Morris Kashewitz, 26 East 30th St.

MODELS, size 36, for cloak and suit house; long season. Bloomfield Garment Co., 26 West 32d.

MODELS, SIZE 16, for misses' cloaks and suits. Louis Goldstein Co., 38 East 20th.

MODEL, wanted, size 16, for cloaks and suits. Hark Co., 24 West 20th.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR on power machine; also one who understand something about addressograph. 62 Broad St.

NURSES, graduate, charge; in a modern hospital sixteen miles from New York; salary $80 a month and maintenance. Apply to X 2172 Times Annex.

NURSE, white, for two children 5½ years old and infant; good city references required. Apply this afternoon or evening, 697 West End Av., Apt. O.

NURSE, competent, for baby four months old; references required. Apply or call Thursday, between 9-5, Mrs. J. Brocker, 576 West End Av. Schuyler 8419.

NURSE, graduate; registered under State law; to live out; $100 monthly. Apply 281 East 57th St.

NURSE, white, experienced; 20 months boy; references. Call Thursday, Hirsch, 216 West 82d St., Apt. 7B. Riverside 2071.

NURSE, experienced; references; boy 2 years old. Call Apt. 2B, 120 West 86th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, must have hospital experience. Sloane Hospital, 447 West 59th.

OPERATOR in window shade factory. Apply after 9 A. M., T. M. James, 20 West 22d.

PLEASANT, practical woman, as companion-housekeeper to elderly woman; country; moderate. Write 310 West 95th St., Apt. 62.

SALESLADIES high-class pearls, acquainted in theatrical and operatic profession; excellent proposition; salary and commission. S 134 Times.

SALESLADY wanted for specialty shop; apply from 9:30 until 11 A. M. Marie Louise, 1,557 Broadway (Automat Building).

SALES REPRESENTATIVES—Women of ambition and refinement, with wide circle of acquaintances, can earn excellent income demonstrating bookkeeping machine; state your experience, age and salary expected. S 113 Times.

SAMPLE GIRL, experienced wholesale silks; salary start $15. K 547 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, UPTOWN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION HAS SECRETARIAL POSITION OPEN TO YOUNG WOMAN UNDER 30, WITH THE FOLLOWING QUALIFICATIONS; COLLEGE EDUCATION, STATE COLLEGE AND YEAR OF GRADUATION; ABILITY TO TAKE RAPID DICTATION; GOOD PERSONALITY AND SECRETARIAL EXPERIENCE; COMPLETE INFORMATION AS TO AGE, EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE IS NECESSARY FOR FAVORABLE CONSIDERATION. S 158 TIMES.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Bright young woman of personality, capable head executive; Harlem office; only experts living within easy commuting distance answer, giving age, college experience, other qualifications. C 1128 Times Harlem.

SOLICITOR to rent safe deposit boxes for prominent 5th Av. bank; woman of refinement with selling experience required; commission basis, with definite lends for slightest; give full details in application. S 136 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND CLERICAL WORKER.

An exceptional opportunity for an exceptional young lady in credit department of rapidly growing manufacturing concern; must be bright, ambitious and careful worker, capable and responsible; state age, education, religion, experience, if any, and salary desired. Write or phone.

B. S., 741 Times Downtown. Phone Rector 9625.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, EXPERT AND THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED TO TAKE CHARGE OF OFFICE IN LAW OFFICE OF STANDING; TWO YEARS' EXECUTIVE EXPERIENCE IN LAW OFFICE ESSENTIAL; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; STATE EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, REFERENCE AND SALARY. W 798 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, must be thoroughly competent; state salary expected; details of busy man's correspondence and at end of year deserve share of profits; pleasant working conditions, reasonable hours; give business experience, publishing advertising preferred; state salary wanted. M 564 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in office of large commission house; must be neat, willing and competent, with not less than two years' active experience. Address, stating age, nationality, experience in detail and salary expected. W 795 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER — Experienced girl who is accurate and able to handle a lot of detail; Christian firm; salary $25. The Chamberlin Metal Weather Strips Co., 130 East 59th St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced, with initiative and thorough knowledge of office duties; state experience, salary desired. Box 313, 2,220 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, general office assistant; state age, experience, religion, references and salary desired. B 102 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, clerical worker, in Brooklyn office of large concern; state age, experience, references, salary. B 704 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—General office work in publishing house; state experience and salary desired; good opportunity. B 704 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with real estate experience and ability to compose letters; salary $20 start; good chance for advancement. K 1X. 388 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, absolutely neat, accurate and experienced; must be alert in order to handle large volume of work; $20 to start. 1207, 345 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, large Christian firm; good opportunity for advancement. Chicago Battery Co., 44th St. and West End Av.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping; state experience and salary expected. S 168 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bright beginner; willing worker; commutations. 802 West 116th. University 9050.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experience required. Liberty Match Co., Myrtle Av. and Fresh Pond Road, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—Permanent position; $18 to start; state experience. K 863 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Office typist; editorial dictation; $27 a week to start. Room 1201, 418 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Park Row; permanent position; state salary expected; $18 to start. K 851, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian firm, young lady; state age, experience, education, telephone number and salary desired. J 959 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, with experience in printing office; state salary and experience. Box 478 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, experienced; write, stating experience, age and salary. S 159 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, experienced. Apply 26 Court St., Brooklyn, Room 513.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, with knowledge of silk hosiery line preferred. Telephone for appointment, Madison Square 9269.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist, Christian firm; silk importers; write, stating salary, age, experience, full particulars. Box 285 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, RELIEF; WHITE, SUNDAY, 2:30 TO 11 P. M. WRITE, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. X 2215 TIMES ANNEX.

TYPIST

for bank work; good opportunity for a bright girl; salary to start $18 a month and increases; state age, education and experience, if any. L. S., 653 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, dictaphone, knowledge stenography not essential; legal work; rapid. Dufforst Radio, 7,301 Sedgwick Av. between Washington and Highbridge.

TYPIST, fast and accurate; able to compose own letters; insurance experience helpful; state age, religion and salary expected. C. H., 676 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid, for large publishing house; salary $90 monthly and bonus; references. Box 63, 717 St. James Building.

WAITRESS-CHAMBERMAID—Call Thursday before 11 A. M., or after 6; personal reference. 211 West 57th St.

WOMAN, competent bookkeeping and accounting experience; analytical mind; able to handle help and large volume of detail efficiently; steady position and good opportunity for woman of integrity and ability who wishes to work into growing concern; give age, nationality, references, accounts of previous work; salary expected, &c. S 160 Times.

WOMAN—Refined, middle-aged woman to assist in hotel office; must have some knowledge of bookkeeping; small salary, room and board; state full particulars. S 175 Times.

WOMAN, educated, pleasing personality; executive ability; educational work; commission, advance $35 to $75 weekly to start. B Thorp, Room 323, 522 5th Av.

WOMEN—Exclusive hosiery shop wants ladies with large acquaintance sell silk hosiery, commission; good opportunity. A 140 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, four B model feet, for light factory work. S 174 Times.

YOUNG LADY,

For clerical position, no experience necessary, but ability to converse intelligently essential.

J. & J. SLATER, 3 EAST 37TH ST.

YOUNG LADY

for clerical position, efficient, to take charge of order desk with large manufacturer; state age, religion and references.

H. O., 666 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG WOMAN, 25 TO 30.

Well bred young woman of personality as sales representative for prominent ladies' underwear establishment; salary or commission. Reply in detail, Box 685, 200 Cable Building.

YOUNG LADY as payroll and billing clerk, knowledge of stenography preferred. Write for appointment, giving full information regarding education, experience, salary. G 468 Times.

YOUNG LADIES OF NEAT APPEARANCE TO SELL TRIMMINGS TO THE CLOTHING TRADE; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; LIBERAL COMMISSION. S 151 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY to represent Fashion Sketch Service to high-class wholesale and retail trade; morning only; drawing account and commission. S 166 Times.

YOUNG LADY, bright and of neat appearance to do stenographic work and wait on trade. Nelson & Levine, 320 5th Av., Room 301.

YOUNG LADY to wait on trade in showroom of wholesale dress house. Shapero Lawis & Co., 126 Madison Av.

YOUNG LADIES wanted, to sell ladies' silk hosiery; full or spare time; earn $25 to $50 weekly; commission. Room 315, 500 5th Av.

LORD & TAYLOR

REQUIRE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED

ELLIOTT-FISHER

BOOKKEEPING MACHINE

OPERATORS.

APPLY

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,

9TH FLOOR.

RAND, McNALLY & CO. desire to secure the services of a limited number of ADULTS and ADVANCED SCHOOL PUPILS, who have an extensive acquaintance to solicit subscriptions for their new magazine, CHILD LIFE, on commission; a selected list of applications, giving references and ability in writing, will be considered; good territory open. Address CHILD LIFE, 42 East 22d St., New York City.

Employment Agencies.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 200 BROADWAY. Several secretarial, $30; 15 stenographic, $18-$30; dictaphone, $25; comptometer, $35; Burroughs, $15; typists, $15-20; New York Filing School graduates, $22; filing, $75 month, lunches; clerks, good to figure, $16; clerks, some high school, $18; opportunities, all lines, college, high school graduates; Christian firms; free registration.

FITCH AGENCY, 15 EAST 40TH. MURRAY HILL 2920.

STENOGRAPHER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.
COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.
UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPER.
BURROUGHS BOOKKEEPER.
TYPISTS, CLERKS, GOOD PENMEN.

BUREAU OF BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS, 170 Broadway, Room 1019.

Steno., brokerage, law, commercial, $22-$25; Bookkeeper, entire charge, $30-$35; Dictaphone and Comptometer Operators, $20-$27; Ledger Clerks and Typists, $20-$25; Typist Bill Clerks, etc., $17-$23.

MERCANTILE REFERENCE CO. AGENCY, SUITE 304, 200 BROADWAY.

Have openings for stenographers, typists, comptometer operators and clerks; must be educated girls qualified to fill high-class positions with Christian firms; good salaries.

EQUITABLE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.

STENOGRAPHERS, SECRETARIES, TYPISTS. REGISTER NOW.

Individual service for qualified workers. Equitable Industrial Relations Service, Inc., 156-160 West 45th. Times Sq. Bryant 8855.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 576 5TH AV. (47TH).

Secretaries, Steno., advertising, $30; bank, college, $30; automobile, $25; general (3), $18-$22; Clerks, several, $18-$20; Typist, $16-$20.

THE PERSONNEL COMPANY, 9 CHURCH ST.

STENOGRAPHERS, excellent openings, $20-$30.

CASHIER, uptown dept. store, $25.

CATALOGUER, financial library, $30.

THE VOCATIONAL BUREAU, 17 W 42d ST. Phone Longacre 9145.

EGOY (college ed.), rare opportunity, $60. Typists (4), finest Chris. firms, $16-$20; many other positions. No registration fee.

J. H. EARLY, 41 WEST 42D ST., 4TH FLOOR.

Secretary, $25; steno., $23; clerks, $18-$22; typists, $18; clerks (beginners), $15; Christian firms.

BROOKLYN PLACEMENT BUREAU, 4 Court Square, Brooklyn.

Stenographers, $20; typists, $15; Draftsman (Cottinger), $18; Clerks, $14-$20; Christian firm.

McCARTHY AGENCY, 68 Nassau, free registration—Stenographers, $22, $20, $18, $15; bookkeeper-stenographer, $25, $20; bookkeeper-typists, $20.

ELEANOR D. MOOG, 12 JOHN ST. CORTLANDT 5782.

Stenographers, steno. statistical, Hollerith; high school; no advance charge.

DAVID AGENCY, 11 West 42d—Stenographers, $20-$22; typists, $15-$18; dictaphone operators, $18; good openings; Christian firms.

FITCH AGENCY, 15 EAST 40TH. MURRAY HILL 2920.

INVESTIGATORS, $1,800-$2,000.
BOYS FOR CLERICAL WORK.

OFFICE SERVICE CO., 103 PARK AV.

Stenographers, Typists, Clerks; many splendid openings; salary $15 to $30.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT, 154 NASSAU.

Stenographer, $20; clerk, high school graduate, $20.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 10 East 43d—Secretary, $25; stenographer, advertising experience, $20.

MURRAY HILL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 489 5th Av., Suite 1005, 21 East 40th St.

Many high class openings; free registration.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE INC.

115 BROADWAY.

The following few openings are urgent calls from our 4 Depts. for Women:

LAW STENOGRAPHERS (6), $30-$35.
SPANISH - ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, some clerical work, $35.
SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHERS (2), some college training, $35 up.
EXECUTIVE, with underwriting exp., $35 up.
STENOGRAPHERS (3), banking exp., $100 month and bonus.
TYPIST-BOOKKEEPERS (

The New York Times
Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an agate line. For Agate Line (Minimum space two lines.) Lines.
Situations Wanted 6c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted... 45c
Workers and Board Wanted 45c
Help Wanted 40c
Help, &c. 40c
Male and Female 35c
Apartments to Let and Wanted 35c
Country Board 40c
Summer Resorts 40c
Business Opportunities 40c
Automobile Exchange 35c
Agents Wanted 35c
Employment Agencies 75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (agents Cash 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers. 15c
Stock Exchange (Sunday) 12c

For insertion in the Sunday edition advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received by The Times Classified Section by noon today. Real Estate and sporting motor announcements and advertisements similar in character to the Financial Section up to 3 P. M. tomorrow. Business Opportunities up to 12 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 1 P. M. tomorrow.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Continued from Preceding Page.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—I want a smart with judgment, initiative and ideas; one who can work ultimately into better things; must be more than a clerk and should be able to prove it; will pay a fair salary and will be worth more to me than money—a real opportunity for a good man. Write, state age, religion, education, business experience and salary desired. E 695 Times Downtown.

SECURITIES SALES MANAGER.

WANTED, competent sales manager for securities campaign, by corporation of the highest class in important field of manufacturing and merchandising. G 300 Times.

SHOE BUYER.

Meyer Bros. department store, Main St., Paterson, N. J., invite applications from men thoroughly familiar with the shoe market; must have department store experience. Apply by letter or in person.

SOLICITOR—MAN OF LIVE INTELLIGENCE AND GOOD CONNECTIONS TO PROCURE ON COMMISSION MEMBERSHIP TO COMPLETE LARGE ENTERPRISE. E 348 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY to President of large corporation; must be graduate of high school; college training preferable, with legal knowledge; must be able to take dictation rapidly and be speedy touch operator; good salary and excellent future to man not over 30; give full details. L. B., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER wanted, high school graduate; must be experienced in the mechanical industries; must have initiative and a desire to develop into a salesman; state age, education, experience and salary expected. V 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, in advertising department large manufacturer; salary $100 per month; state age, education, experience; typewrite reply. V 721 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable; excellent permanent position; ex-sergeant major preferred. Telephone for appointment. Cortlandt 357, extension 43.

STENOGRAPHER, highly competent; for temporary service with Wall Street banker; must give best references; state salary desired. 2214 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Large downtown corporation; railroad or steamship experience preferred; state age, experience, salary expected. V 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CLERK, young man, good English education, residing in Brooklyn; salary $15 to start. P. O. Box 8, Station M, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, smart and willing; state age and salary. D 661 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, over 21, for steady position. Call 10 A. M., Ludwig Baumann & Co., 9th Av., block 35th to 36th St.

STUDENT WANTED—Young man who understands window trimming wanted to work part time, preferably one who understands drug store work. Apply in person. Rich Inc., 27 9th Av.

SUPERINTENDENTS, janitors of office and apartment buildings, now employed, can earn $25 to $200 taking orders for essential improvement tenants want. Write or call, 1 to 5 P. M. American Inventors Sales Co., 162 5th Av.

TUTOR.

Wanted—A tutor who directs the play of a show of about 12 years of age, who is satisfied that capacity to several boys now and is able to take one additional boy; $ 717 Times.

YOUNG MEN.

We have openings for single men between the ages of 19 and 28 years to learn the installation of telephone switchboards; no experience necessary; we pay while learning. Apply by letter only.

N. W., 722 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN just out of high school, clerical work in credit dept., large downtown hardware and sporting goods concern; $15 to start; good opportunity for bright, industrious young men. Write fully age, education, &c. W 702 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in credit department of paper goods company; must be conscientious worker, reliable and accurate at figures; do not apply unless you can absolutely fill requirements; prospects good; salary $18 weekly to start. D 361 Times.

YOUNG MAN, good at figures and penmanship, one having some calculating experience preferred; state age, references, salary expected. E. R., 807 Lexington Av., Astoria, L. I.

YOUNG MAN wanted, ambitious, colored or Japanese, wishes go through college, study medicine, good home, college and living expenses paid, return for services as assistant physician's office. G 371 Times.

YOUNG MAN.

Intelligent, live wire, with executive ability, willing to work from 8 to 6, clerical work; state qualifications and salary. G 372 Times.

YOUNG MAN, over 21, high school education, to learn to sell advertising by telephone; training salary $12, rapid advancement. Call Mr. Fowler, Circle 2867.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, to adjust transportable clothing business; reliable house; application must state previous employment and salary wanted. W 774 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, strong; only one experienced in handling cotton goods need apply; state salary desired. Write P. F., 620 Presbyterian Building, Fifth Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted in busy law office, energetic, to act as law clerk and receptionist clerk; advancement according to ability; state full particulars. B 672 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, acquainted with wholesale upholstery and drapery fabric line; inside work, smack and selling; give full particulars in first letter. Arkay Co., 4th Av., City.

YOUNG MAN of good appearance, well spoken, earnest, ambitious; age 18-19; training for sales work; advancement. 511 Coney Island Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted in credit department of paper goods company; must be conscientious worker, reliable and accurate at figures; do not apply unless you can absolutely fill requirements; prospects good; salary $18 weekly to start. D 361 Times.

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YOUNG MAN of good appearance, well spoken, earnest, ambitious; age 18-19; training for sales work; advancement. 511 Coney Island Av.

Salesmen.

ADDING, CALCULATING, BOOKKEEPING MACHINE SPECIALTY SALESMEN.

What are your prospects for 1922?

There is an opportunity to connect with a national organization that is known for its liberal policy toward its salesmen.

Enlargement of our line of machines to fit any adding, calculating, bookkeeping requirement, with prices range from $100 to $900, necessitates more men.

Productive city and provincial territory, with handsome commission and bonus arrangement.

You are invited to call and discuss the matter in confidence.

10 TO 2.

T. J. SHERIDAN,

DALTON ADDING MACHINE SALES CO.,

DALTON BUILDING,

BROADWAY AND CHURCH STS.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN—Man to sell one of the best medium priced cars on market today; must possess real ability and be willing to work; chance of advancement; commission; state full particulars; references. V 720 Times Downtown.

BOND SALESMEN WANTED.

See display advertisement on financial page, "A very attractive proposition." H. E. Rood and Manager of N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Salesmen.

EXPORT SALESMAN—Large textile firm needs experienced man to travel South and Central America; state age, experience, references, full details; salary basis. V 732 Times Downtown.

FORD SALESMEN.

NEW PLEASURE CARS AND TRUCKS; COMMISSION BASIS. WM. KRAUSS GARAGE CORP., AUTHORIZED AGENT, 310TH ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST.

MEAT SALESMAN for restaurant trade; must be experienced; salary and commission. Wagner & Sons, 33d St. and 1st Av.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN.

One of the oldest motor truck distributers in the East desires to communicate with salesmen who can qualify for positions on its Brooklyn sales force.

Only men whose records demonstrate that they are producers will be considered. If they already have an established clientele it will be to their advantage; position carries drawing account against commission on sales.

In replying state age, past trucks sold and telephone number for quick appointment. H. T., 285 Times.

PAPER salesman having established trade, experienced man desired by progressive concern; liberal commission. Caldwell, 244 Lafayette St.

PRINTING SALESMEN, with clientele on 50 per cent. commission basis, with old-established corporation. Inquire Room 713, 153 Nassau St., between 9-10 A. M. and 4-5:30 P. M.

SALES ASSISTANT, must be engineering graduate with knowledge of concrete construction gained by actual experience on the job; advertising experience necessary. Apply by letter giving education, complete business history, age and salary expected. S 67 Times.

SALES MANAGER for large hosiery jobber; preferably man now employed as sales manager, assistant sales manager or district manager for hosiery manufacturer selling direct to retail trade; replies held in full confidence; state experience, religion, salary expected, &c. S 764 Times.

SALES MANAGER for Swiss chocolate, about to be put on market; excellent opportunity for capable man. Write Allender 305 West St.

SALES MANAGER WANTED, WITH OR WITHOUT CREW; REAL PROPOSITION. PHONE CORTLANDT 5078.

STOCK AND BOND SALESMAN of good standing to sell investment securities; refined, well recommended; salary or commission; give particulars. S8 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMEN.

A LARGE CORPORATION HAS A SPLENDID OPENING FOR A FEW HIGH-POWERED SECURITY SALESMEN WITH SECURITY; IS IN A CLASS BY ITSELF AND OFFERS UNUSUALLY LARGE RETURNS; THE COMMISSION IS LIBERAL.

1310, FLATIRON BUILDING

SALESMEN (3), keen, aggressive, age 28 to 45, to sell membership in chain stores; out-of-town work; salary and commission; security selling experience valuable, but not essential; will train. Call today only. Room 1012, 48 Park Row.

SALESMEN! UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY!

Wonderful new merchandising item, Net-Pin-Pak; vest pocket sample; excellent side line; rapid turnovers; liberal commission for men with following, method, specialty shop and dry goods trade; references required. S 102 Times.

SALESMEN—Manufacturers of well known line of bried cases and allied products want salesmen with established trade in various territories; splendid opportunity; special features make selling easy; commission only. Apply 9-12 A. M. Monday, Leather Goods Corporation, 126-140 West 21st.

SALESMEN.

Established automobile accessory manufacturer requires several experienced and forceful salesmen; men who have proven their sales ability permanent and well paid positions are assured; salary and commission. Z 186 Times.

SALESMEN—Three traveling salesmen for New York, Pennsylvania and New England States to handle cheese and olive oil on salary and commission; write full particulars of your experience. General Cheese Co., 36 North Moore St.

SALESMAN, storage-battery equipment and parts; excellent opening for real worker; requires a man experienced in road work, not necessarily in this line; salary and commission; state age, experience, married or single. S 172 Times.

SALESMAN to cover eastern territories, selling packed hair nets; attractive commission; references required. Apply Friday, 11 to 11, Trans-Pacific Sales Co., 41 West 30th St., New York.

SALESMEN TO HANDLE COMPLETE LINE BATHING SHOES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR HIGH-GRADE MEN; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS; COMMISSION OR SALARY. L 320 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted, reliable, who knows New York's stamped goods trade thoroughly; drawing account. Revere Art Needlecraft Co., 11 East 22d.

SALESMAN to sell windshield wipers direct to automobile owners, Long Island, New York, New Jersey; quick sales; 40% commission. E. Fiedler, 1711 Hudson Terminal.

SALESMEN, experienced, for rhinestone hair ornaments; good opportunity for right man; salary and commission. Rex Novelty Manufacturing Co., 43 West 16th St.

SALESMEN for new and sure protection against glaring headlights; big commission; experience preferred. Mr. Bernath, 155 East 105th.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

OUR MEN ARE EARNING $1,000 AND UPWARD MONTHLY ON COMMISSION. YOU CAN DO AS WELL IF YOU CAN APPROACH THE BEST BUSINESS MEN IN MEDIUM SIZED TOWNS AND CAN SELL THE HIGHEST GRADE ADVERTISING SERVICE IN EXISTENCE. IF YOU ARE OVER 32 YEARS OF AGE, CONFIDENT OF YOUR SALES ABILITY, AND A WORKER PHONE FOR AN APPOINTMENT TO

FRANCIS B. DEAN,

PENNSYLVANIA 6000.

THE RIGHT POSITION FOR THE RIGHT MAN.

We are not looking for the ordinary type of salesmen, but for men between the ages of 25 and 50, with a proved earning capacity of not less than $10,000 commission basis. You will act as our local representative in New York or its suburbs, and you must be able to furnish bond.

We are not promoters but a co-operative organization, selling shares in a trust fund paying substantial dividends.

We also require men for New Haven, Bridgeport, Waterbury, Stamford, Trenton, Buffalo, Albany, Rochester, Syracuse, Scranton and Wilkesbarre. In replying give your address and telephone number. S 71 Times.

SALESMEN—WE HAVE OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS MEN TO SECURE NEW BUSINESS AND RENEW CONTRACTS IN OUR BANK ACCOUNT BONDING DEPARTMENT; COMMISSION PAID TWICE MONTHLY; IF YOU ARE OVER 30 AND CAN QUALIFY, COME PREPARED TO BEGIN YOUR LIFE'S WORK WITH THE LARGEST FINANCIAL INSTITUTION OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD; ASSETS OVER $23,000,000.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY,
E. M. MILBURN, 25 WEST 43D.
FOR BROOKLYN,
C. E. JONES, 50 COURT ST.
FOR NEWARK,
N. LEWISEN, SUITE 604,
NATIONAL STATE BANK BUILDING.
W. C. McPHERSON,
61 STATE ST., ALBANY.

SALESMEN, FOR LONG ISLAND TERRITORY, WITH AUTO

We have several openings for real salesmen who own their own autos; Long Island territory, to call on gardeners and greenhouses, selling greenhouse supplies and hotbed sash supplies; opening only for pluggers with ambition; Long Island residents preferred; liberal commission basis; the field is here for the right men; Hilfinger Brand Co., 25 Spruce St., New York City.

SALESMEN.

Exclusive territory in New Jersey open for men of refinement to sell to bank and business executives an already accepted service (not stock); payable on a commission basis. Write to Court Decisions Reporting Corporation, 25 Pine St., New York.

SALESMAN—Prominent refining interest requires services of able salesman in marketing lard substitutes, salad and cooking oils, &c.; experience in the line not essential, but knowledge of the grocery, provision and kindred supplies jobbing trade necessary. Write, giving complete details of previous experience, references, salary, X 2211 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—BUSINESS MAN FOR LOCAL AND OUTSIDE TERRITORY. INTERVIEWING SUBSTANTIAL BUSINESS MEN REGARDING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; WORKING ON LEADS ONLY; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSES. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 2D FLOOR. ASK FOR MR. S. BARCUS.

SALESMAN wanted by big firm; experienced packing house, to sell wholesale meat trade, hotel supply houses, chain stores, sausage and boiled ham manufacturers; must be reliable, have clean record; good opportunity; salary $30 weekly. V 719 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with retail clothing experience are offered permanent positions with excellent chain of advancements. Applicants must be live wires, of good appearance and possess executive ability; salary depends on ability. Ellsey Co., 101 5th Av.

SALESMEN wanted by large candy manufacturer; must be energetic and willing to go anywhere; steady work; $40 per week and expenses. Write stating age, experience, qualifications. Box 678, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMEN—Part or full time, by well-established, long-organized silver service corporation; automatic typewriting, multigraphing, mimeographing, addressing, mailing, &c.; commission. W 788 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—We will pay salary or commission or both to a salesman of felt and satin (soft sole) slippers; must have trade jobbers and department stores; no other need apply; references are essential. W 764 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED

Popular line of ladies' fabric hand bags and leather pocketbooks. Exceptional proposition only to those with established trade need apply. Commission or salary. S 70 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced; must be cracker-jack; to represent manufacturer with line of silk and fibre neckties to jobbing trade outside New York City; mention territory covered; liberal commission. Ajax Knitting Mills, 481 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN for neckwear with good following among haberdashery trade. Greater New York and out-of-town, on Long Island, New Jersey; quick sales; 40% commission. E. Fiedler, 1711 Hudson Terminal.

SALESMEN, experienced, for rhinestone hair ornaments; good opportunity for right man; salary and commission. Rex Novelty Manufacturing Co., 43 West 16th St.

SALESMEN for new and sure protection against glaring headlights; big commission; experience preferred. Mr. Bernath, 155 East 105th.

SALESMEN—New York, Brooklyn, Hudson County, Newark; new article for hardware house furnishing department and chain stores; good commission. Call Thursday, Martin & Co., 20 West Broadway.

SALESMAN, must be thoroughly acquainted with doll and toy trade, established territory; big opportunity for right man; commission basis. Averill Mfg. Co., 37 Union Square.

SALESMAN, Brooklyn, for automobile concern, age 30-40; salary; wy furnish Ford; state experience and church affiliation. Write Box 52, 1,180 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN—NEW OFFICE DEVICE; EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY; LIBERAL COMMISSION. CALL 1 TO 3, 347 5TH AV., ROOM 1307.

SALESMAN to see automobile concerns and trimmers with demonstrating car, introduce new patent; commission basis. B. K. Lorensen, 80 Grand St., Canal 1117.

SALESMAN—Acquainted with grocery and delicatessen trade in New York City; commission basis. 73 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN to sell to general Automobile trade, electrical parts and specialties; drawing account against commission. W 771 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Two neat, appealing young men for novelty sales work; salary and commission. Apply between 10 and 12, Room 616, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMEN new stationery products, quick seller, big commission. New Products, 79 Pine St.

SALESMAN, visiting power and steam plants to take side line; liberal commission; quick seller. M 826 Times.

SALESMAN to sell doughnuts in city to restaurants; salary, plus commission. T 804 Times.

SALESMEN, to sell pocket adding machine on large commission basis. Call 9-12, 977 Kolek-Crocker Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, to sell embroidered pillow cases; experienced; commission basis. Siller, 5th Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted, absolutely experienced in men's neckwear; salary and commission. Write Box 804, L. 464 3d Av.

SALESMEN—Wanted, two young men, on commission, in old real estate houses. S 177 Times.

SALESMEN, successful, experienced, to sell patented soap dispenser; salary and commission. Soaptor Co., 154 West 18th.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Salesmen.

SALESMAN WANTED—We are in immediate need of a genuine salesman to handle phonograph records for one of the best known phonograph record companies in the country. If you have an attractive personality and appearance, with a successful selling record to department stores, we should like to receive your application; salary and commission. S 140 Times.

SALESMAN—Experienced dry goods, Bostonian, 3287 3d Av.

Employment Agencies.

"NATIONAL" EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.

30 Church Street.
New York City.

Established 1909.

OFFICERS.

Otto T. Bannard ..... President
John H. MacArthur ..... Vice-President
Eugenius H. Outerbridge ..... Secretary
L. F. Loree ..... Treasurer

BANKING & BROKERAGE DEPARTMENT.

STENOGRAPHER—German correspondence; knowledge of French and Italian; English dictation; $30 up.
VOSTRO LEDGER BOOKKEEPER—Foreign exchange; hours 4 P. M. on, $30.
P. & S. CLERK—Junior, $25.
NOSTRO LEDGER BOOKKEEPER, $25.
STENOGRAPHERS (6)—Excellent openings for young men with some stenographic experience; $25 week.
INDIVIDUAL LEDGER BOOKKEEPERS, $1,200.
TRUST DEPT. MAN—Some trust dept. experience; $1,200.
BOYS, MESSENGERS, JUNIOR CLERKS—Up to $75 month.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

EDITOR—Digest and rewrite accounting articles for income tax service; about $1,800 year.
DEPARTMENT HEAD—Supervise packing of coffees, teas, etc.; $1,600 year.
SEMI-SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS (3)—At least one year's experience with certified house N. Y. C.; $1,800-$2,000 year.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Knowledge of German necessary; $1,800 year.
BOOKKEEPER—Cotton converting experience; $1,800 year.
BOOKKEEPER—Wholesale food products or confectionery experience preferred; $1,800 year.
BOOKKEEPER—Newspaper or publishing experienced preferred; $1,800-$1,900.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST — General office work, Brooklyn, $1,400-$1,900 year.
STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY—Handle own correspondence; L. I. City; $1,500-$1,600 year.
STENOGRAPHER — Greenpoint section of Brooklyn; $1,200-$1,600 year.
SALESMAN—Sell to musical instrument trade in N. Y. C.; $1,800 and commission.

CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.

BOOKKEEPER & STENOGRAPHER—Handle some correspondence alone; will develop into chief clerk for electrical manufacturing business; $28.
SECRETARY AND STENO.—Banking exp. preferred though position not with bank, live wires only; salary open.
SALES CORRESPONDENT - STENOGRAPHER—Will assist sales manager, publishers; $25.
STENOGRAPHER—Traffic dept. well known metal company, $25.
STENOGRAPHER-COLLECTION MAN—Will handle our collections for Protestant manufacturing business; age 25-35; $25.
SECRETARY STENOGRAPHER TO SALES MANAGER—Well known mfgrs. near Newark; handle some own correspg.; willing to take short business trips occasionally; personality and initiative; $100 month with real future.
BOOKKEEPER & STENO.—Downtown steamship company; $100.
BOOKKEEPER & STENO.—Branch office life insurance company; $100-$125.
STENOGRAPHER-CLERK—Sales dept., mechanical concern; chance to become salesman; about $100 month to start.
STENOGRAPHER—Coal exporters; will assist sales manager; unusual promotion for right man; $25.
STENOGRAPHER & CLERK—Age 19-23; main office of out-of-town public utility; $20-$25.
STENOGRAPHER & CLERK—Very little stenography, traffic dept., railroad; $100 month.
STENOGRAPHERS (2), advertising agency, $20.
STENOGRAPHER & ASST. BOOKKEEPER —Large real estate firm; $20-$25.
STENOGRAPHER—General office, large dept. store; $20-$25.
STENOGRAPHER for Long Island City; $100 month.
STENOGRAPHER & CLERK—Private institution Greater New York; $90 month and maintenance.
STENOGRAPHER & CLERK—Hemp brokers, downtown; $18-$25.
BOOKKEEPER—Large city hotel, hotel exp. unnecessary; $100 month and 3 meals.
SALES LEDGER CLERK—Near Broadway and Myrtle, Brooklyn; $22-$25.
COST CLERK—Should know theory in cost accounting; $25.
JR. ACCOUNTANT—Christian C. P. A. firm, at least 3 weeks, possibly permanent; $20.
COLLECTOR—Newark; prefer man with some knowledge of auto; $25 and commission.
STENOGRAPHERS (several)—In the following lines: Office furniture, dry goods com., produce, chocolate, mfg., coal; $16-$18.
TYPIST-CLERK—Very good typist; good at figures; about $75 per month and 3 meals.
OFFICE BOYS—Many excellent positions now open with many of the most prominent firms in N. Y. C.; fine opportunities; $10-$12.

Call 9-1 Room 715.

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST.
30 Church Street.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.,
H. H. JARRETT, PRES., 123 LIBERTY ST.
SALESMAN—Exper. meat packers; $1,800.
GRADUATE M. E.—Cost systems; $1,500.
BOSTON Ledger Clerk, bank exp.; $1,500.
STENO.—Handle entire correspondence; $30.
SHIPPING CLERK—Exp. meat packers; $30.
STENO.—Coal export, $25; Brooklyn, $22.
TYPIST—$18. Multigraph op., $14.

THE PERSONNEL COMPANY,
9 CHURCH STREET.
Accountants-Bookkeepers, jr., semi. and sr., public firms; $2,000-$2,600.
Bank Bookkeepers; $1,320, lunches.
American, translate German, typist; $1,600.
Stenographer, secy. to President; $1,300.

R. J. WEST & CO., INC.,
Employment Service,
818-819 Liggett Building,
42d St. and
Vanderbilt 10200.

ROYBORNE, INC., 2 RECTOR ST.
Collection manager, assume control dept.; opportunity, salary open. Record clerk, accounts receivable; $100 month; Christian firms. Register free.
STENOGRAPHERS (2), $25-$30; multigraph operator; $20; Christian firms. Greater New York Employment Agency, 358 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
OWENS AGENCY, 165 Fulton—Stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks, shipping clerks; permanent; good salaries.

FOR SALE

Business Chances.

BUNGALOW—New portable bungalow, easily erected, strongly built, watertight, &c. I-inch angle iron braces, 1¼-inch angle trusses for roof; just the thing for camping and summer bungalow; $300 delivery, easy payments. A. F., P. O. Box 104, 1,393 Broadway.

BY MANUFACTURER, 10,000 high grade Ford timers, below manufacturer's cost; give phone number in answering. L 378 Times.

House Furnishings.

PUBLIC IMPORTANCE.
SECOND GIGANTIC SALE.
$50,000 STOCK FURNITURE

sent in by prominent manufacturers to sell all their present and last season's samples of period dining, living and bedroom suites, rugs, beds and bedding, to sacrifice at private sale for cash; excellent opportunity for newlyweds and housekeepers; don't miss this; open daily from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

MANHATTAN AUCTION ROOMS,
157 East 125th St., bet. Lexington & 5d Avs., Salvation Army Bldg. Tel. Harlem 519.

REED, WILLOW FURNITURE direct from factory; lowest prices; largest selection; single pieces or sets. Write for catalogue. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st St.

SACRIFICE Moon-Hopkins biller and bookkeeper, Underwood bookkeeping machine. Crim, 7811 Bergen.

98TH, 234 WEST, APT. 3—Sacrifice 8 room furniture account sickness; bargain.

Jewelry.

MAGNIFICENT BRACELET, flexible solid platinum; 42 perfect, exceptional quality diamonds; recently cost $6,750; sell $1,200. Write Mrs. Moores, 857 E. 156th St., Bronx.

EXQUISITE large horseshoe brooch, 38 large perfect diamonds; cost $400; sell for half. Mrs. Lamb, 1,061 Southern Boulevard.

LARGE, pretty brooch, 78 full cut diamonds; cost $1,000; sell half. Write Dean, stationery store, 968 Amsterdam Av.

COST $2,250, blue-white absolutely perfect solitaire diamond ring, 4 carats; price $1,200. K 588 Times Downtown.

EXQUISITE platinum wrist watch; elaborate long shape, 59 diamonds, 4 sapphires; lady must sacrifice; $200. L 366 Times.

GORGEOUS platinum scarf pin, 13 diamonds, 3 sapphires; $150. G 376 Times.

Musical Instruments.

CREDITORS' SALE—New beautiful players and pianos at cost from factory; guaranteed make; fully guaranteed. M 296 Times.

STEINWAY miniature grand, brown mahogany; also Mason & Hamlin; must sell. Storage Asset, 2,062 Lexington Av., 130th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
115 BROADWAY.

The following few openings are urgent calls from our five Men's Depts.:

BANK COLLECTION MAN, foreign and domestic, $1,400.
BANK BOOKKEEPERS (2), $1,600.
STENOGRAPHERS (4), $20.
BOOKKEEPERS, Knowledge Elliott-Fisher system, $25.
LEDGER CLERKS exp. (2), bank N. Y.; (3) bank Brooklyn; clean-cut; excellent future, $1,200.
BANK STENOGRAPHER, exp.; good future, $30-$25.
ASSISTANT RECEIVING TELLER, exp.; knowledge rack, $100 month.
MAIL CLERK, age 20 or over; large brokerage house, $15 and up.
RACK CLERK, downtown bank, $14.

CALL BEFORE 2 P. M. ROOMS 706-9-10.

HAMILTON EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, INC.,
6 CHURCH ST.
One block below Cortlandt St.
station of the 6th Av. "L."

BOOKKEEPERS (2)—Thoroughly experienced in textile or allied lines; full charge; $40-$60.
ACCOUNTANTS (3)—Seniors; first-class C. P. A. house; charge audits; permanent; $60-$70.
JR. ACCOUNTANTS (7)—Experienced; $25. By actual count (47) other openings for office workers.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST., 56 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, $25.
BOOKKEEPER, COST clerk, position Pennsylvania, $30.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, contracting, $30.
STENOGRAPHER, WALL STREET, $45.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, insurance experience preferred, $16.

MERCANTILE REFERENCE CO. AGENCY, SUITE 204. 200 BROADWAY.
Young man, accounting bookkeeping experienced, to assist head dept. $25-$30; high school boys, $12-$14. Christian firms.

Instruction.

MAKE YOURSELF A JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT IN FIVE MONTHS.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANTS EARN $35-$50 A WEEK.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS EARN $50-$200 A WEEK.

If you are ambitious to become a successful accountant, our training should enable you to make yourself a Junior Accountant, earning from $35 to $50 a week, within five months and WITHIN TWELVE MONTHS should qualify you for a position of Senior Accountant, Auditor or Income Tax Expert at a salary of at least $75 a week, with possibilities of double that or more.

It is only a question of industry—a fixed purpose to devote a few spare hours a week to intensive training in accordance with the most successful business training system ever devised, under the tutelage of a corps of eminent certified public accountants who are renowned as practical teachers.

We have given hundreds of ambitious, earnest men and women the start that has put them over the top, and have their records to point to with just pride; we can do as much for you if you are made of the right stuff. It is worth your while to investigate.

CALL, TELEPHONE OR WRITE.

LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
112 West 42d St.
Dept. T-40.
Telephone Bryant 8020.
Open Evenings.

"LETTERS THAT BUILD BUSINESS."
You are invited to hear George M. Lattimer, A. B., speak on this important subject at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y., on Tuesday evening, Jan. 17, at 6 o'clock. Your attendance will not obligate you in any way. Write for complimentary card of admission to the lecture and details of Saturday afternoon class in Business English now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

AM I SUCCESSFUL?
is a question you're bound to ask yourself sooner or later. Thousands of successful men and women attribute their success to the early business training acquired here. Join their ranks now. Home-study courses outlined in new catalogue. Drake Business Schools, New York, Tribune Bldg., 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2128. Brooklyn, Bedford Av., Fulton St. Tel. Prospect 7460.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN.
Nation-wide demand for trained men; all departments, hotels, clubs, apartment houses; unrevealed field; fine living, quick advancement. Our methods endorsed by chain of hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 122, Washington, D. C.

ARE YOU UNDERPAID? DISSATISFIED? Why waste 1922 in the wrong job? An expert character analysis will determine your right position and enable you to make real progress. Why not come in today and get the facts? Booklet, "Your Right Position," free. Mertyp Institute, 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.); N. Y. Tel. Watkins 9770.

ACCOUNTANCY.
Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as Controller, Treasurer or Office Manager? If so, investigate the professional courses of Pace Institute. Write new Useful Booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 23. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

EARN $35-$125 A WEEK—Learn motion picture, commercial and portrait photography; 3 months' course in studios of N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th, N. Y., or 556 State St. (opp. L. I. Term.), Brooklyn.

AGENTS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED canvassers to sell teas and coffees, also furniture, dry goods and clothing on easy payment. The Household Merchandise Co., 631 Wickenden St., Providence, R. I.

AGENTS throughout country, to establish themselves as distributors of fast-selling essential automobile accessories, or carry as side line. Kauffmann's, 150 Chambers St., New York.

ALTA Shock Absorber, Pacific Coast product old established; dependable. See our Dodge car, mezzanine floor, Hotel Commodore.

FOR SALE

Machinery.

FOR SALE—1½ horse power White & Middleton gas engine, with 5 K. W. 110 volt D. C. generator. Edward W. Ballew & Co., 131 Bleecker St.

WOODWORKING machinery, individual A-C motors, practically new. 71 Goerck St., 1st floor.

Cats and Dogs.

THOROUGHBRED airdale, eight months old. Phone Canal 7000. Howe.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $6.50 up.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5400.
30 E. 42d St., opp. Madison Av. Franklin.

THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Telephone 4796 Barclay.

TYPEWRITERS rented, sold, exchanged; all standard makes sold, some as low as $20. Broadway Typewriter Exchange, 229 Broadway, at 42d St. Call Ashland 1988.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

AT RIGHT PRICES.
COMPLETE OFFICE EQUIPMENT
New and Used Desks, Cabinets, Safes, &c.
Best prices paid for office furniture.
ARCADE STATIONERY & PRINTING CO.,
213 W. 50th St. (at Circle). Columbus 3672.

SAFE, adding machine, Underwood typewriter and wide-carriage Remington. Fairbanks scale and steel book cabinet; no dealers. Encore Hosiery Company, 120 East 25th St.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 453 Broadway.

CONTINUOUS sale of desk and office furniture now going on at 1 Beaver St. at rock-bottom prices; call and be convinced. Broad 3046-9.

HIGH GRADE mahogany and oak office equipment, both new and slightly used, at bargain prices. Charles Schachne, 42 John St., 2d Spring St.

BIG BARGAIN in slightly used mahogany and oak desks, chairs and partitions. 121 Fulton St.

Wearing Apparel.

GENUINE Seal Coats—Showroom samples; sacrificed $50 up. Miss Oliver, 346 Sumpter St., near Broadway, Brooklyn. Private residence.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Co-operation of readers having information of fraudulent advertisements is welcomed.

APPERSON eight, seven-passenger limousine, blue ribbon body; $2,500. Phone Rector 8040.

APPERSON TOURING, LIKE NEW, $950. BLOMMAERT, 1,826 Webster Av. (176th), Bx. Tremont 4440. Open Sundays and Evenings.

AUBURN sedan for sale, excellent condition mechanically; run 12,000 miles; good cord tires; Continental Red Seal Motor; bargain for cash. Cedarhurst Garage, 147 West 83d.

BIDDLE special custom built four-passenger sedan; in most exceptional condition mechanically; painted rich maroon; can be purchased at a right price. Brighton, 1077 Atlantic Av., corner Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

BREWSTER—1920 Cabriolet, like new.
ROLLS-ROYCE.
785 5th Av. Plaza 8001.

BUICK 1920 touring.
LOCOMOBILE 1921 touring.
PACKARD 1921 coupe.
LIBERTY 1921 sedan.
CHANDLER 1921 touring.
WESTCOTT 1921 touring.
CADILLAC 1920 Amesbury suburban.
CADILLAC 1920 coupe.
CADILLAC 1920 imperial limousine.
FIAT 1920 landaulet imported.
CUNNING

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Capts.—Cooney, F. M., Frankel, H. I.; Cornell, T. M., to 19th, Camp Dix.

McMillin, Capt. A. J., to 51st.

Grimmer, Capt. S. W., to 58th, Camp Lewis.

Hatfield, Capt. L. S.; Sparks, Capt. R., to 58th, Camp Dix.

Lavin, 1st Lt. E. F., to 30th, Camp Benning.

Harris, 1st Lt. H. H., to Air Svce., Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla.

Chiles, 1st Lt. R., to 29th, Camp Benning.

Cavalry.

Ross, Lt. Col. C., Regt. Maj. R. Y., to Hdqrs. 9th Corps Area, San Francisco, Pa Org. Res.

Gardiner, Maj. H. L., to Hdqrs. 8th Corps Area, Ft. Houston, Tex., Org. Res.

Greatmay, Maj. R. M., to Ft. Riley Cav. School.

Williams, Maj. S. M., to Org. Res., 7th Corps Area, Ft. Snelling, for one month, thence to St. Croix.

Nelson, Capt. H. H., to 1st Training Centre Squad., Ft. Ethan Allen.

Quartermaster Corps.

Hayden, Lt. Col. R. N., to Asst. Gen. Supt., Army Transp. Svce., Honolulu, relieving Lt. Col. W. H. Tobin.

Williams, Capt. H. N., to Ft. Crook, as Asst. to 7th Corps Area Qm., relieving Maj. R. F. Woods, who will proceed to Washington, D. C., for duty in Office of Qm. Gen.

Mitchell, 1st Lt. H. C., to Cambridge, Mass.

Miscellaneous.

Arnold, Capt. C. H., Sig. Corps, report to Comdg. Gen., 2d Corps Area, Governors Is., for duty as Asst. to the Corps Area Sig. Offr.

Smith, Capt. G. B., C. A. C., to Ft. Monroe.

Jordan, 1st Lt. J. B., Air Svce., to Post Field as Instructor in Free Ballooning.

Resignation.

Longino, Capt. H. F., A. S.

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At Headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, Maj. Gen. Bullard has ordered these assignments of Reserve Officers:

77TH DIVISION.

To Div. Hdqrs, Div. Ord. Off.—Maj. William A. Townsend.

To 77th Tank Co.—Capt. George F. Train.

To 306th Inf.—Maj. William D. Sherman.

To Hdqrs. Special Troops—Capt. Horace B. Stoneman.

To 307th Inf.—1st Lt. Charles F. Pope.

To 305th Field Art.—1st Lt. George P. Montgomery.

To Judge Adv. Section, Div. Hdqrs. (Attached)—Maj. Franklin M. White, J. A. G. R. C., Fort Slocum, N. Y.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Rear Admirals.

Smith, W. S., and Stickney, H. O., to home; relieved all active duty.

Captains.

Carter, J. F., to home; relieved all active duty.

Marshall, A. W., to command Squad. 11, Dest. Squad., Pac. Fl.

Marion, J. F., to command Squad. 4, Dest. Squad., Pac. Fl.

Wettengill, I. C., to captain of yard, Navy Yd., Puget Sound, Wash.

Commander.

Abernathy, R. A., to command U. S. S. Breese.

Lieut. Commander.

Downer, J. O., to Observation Nav. Hosp., New York.

French, G. H. W., to Edgewood Ars., Edgewood, Md.

THRIGE, P. S., to U. S. S. Panther as Exec. Offr.

Lieutenants.

Quigley, W. M., to command U. S. S. Sharkey.

Sinclair, R. J., to U. S. S. Eagle 11.

Stoffel, E. J., to home; placed on retired list of navy.

Young, C., to SH-51:; on board when commissioned.

Dey, W. F., to 16th Nav. Dist.

Gleissman, A. P., to the Shawmut.

Lankford, T. L., to Sup. Offr., the U. S. S. Santa Monica.

Schofield, A. F., to Navy Supply Depot, So. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Thornburg, L., granted sick leave.

Winn, J. M., to Navy Yd., Portsmouth, N. H.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—In the Federal Supreme Court today these proceedings were had:

No.—A. F. Smith et al., plffs., v. U. S.—Dismissed with costs, per stipulation and cause remanded for further proceedings; and mandate granted on motion of Mr. Solr. Gen. Beck in that behalf.

87—J. R. Bowles et al., plffs., v. U. S.—Dismissed with costs, per stipulation and cause remanded for further proceedings.

No.—A. A. Engr. et al., Engr., et al., appts., v. Pioneer Irrigation Co.—Argument continued for appics and concluded for appts.

816—J. Hill Jr., et al, appts., v. H. C. Wallace, Sec. of Agric., et al.—Argument commenced for appts and continued for appics.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 13: Nos. 616, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 (and 58), 80 and 81 (and 82, 83 and 84).

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion list to male, plant and structures, operating and maintenance forces, Division of Terminals, announced by James J. Laverty, $6,25; John H. Grieme, $4.25; Daniel Mare, $3.75; Thomas J. O'Rourke, $3.50; Anthony F. D'Amico, $2.00; John H. Collins, $3.00; Jacob Richter, $1.75; John E. Gaffney, $1.75; Edward Barber, $1; Michael Cronin, $0.75; E. S. Tazer, $0.25; James S. Green, 78.45.

United States.

The commission announces an examination to close Jan. 24 for statistician (financial), for vacancies in the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.—Grade 3, women, at $4,000 to $5,000 a year; and Grade 2, men, at $4,000 to $4,800 a year. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, 30; experience and fitness, 50; publications or reports, 20. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination. These age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISIDOR BOOKMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 24, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's and boys' overcoats, vests, desk, etc.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Custodian.
LIEBERMAN & SIEGEL, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 51 Chambers Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of D. KOHEIN & SON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, January 18, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a general line of dry goods, underwear, etc.

JULIAN HARTRIDGE, Trustee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH JACKMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 24, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's clothing, furnishings, etc.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Custodian.
LIEBERMAN & SIEGEL, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 51 Chambers Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP WOLFISH & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 24, 1922, by order of the Court, at 1:00 P. M., at 58 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of waists, dresses, etc.

SUSAN BRANDEIS, Receiver.
JOSEPH KRINSKY, Attorney for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS G. STERN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, January 18, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, safe, etc.

EDWARD F. McALEER, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The storm center Tuesday night over Northern Alabama moved east-northeastward to the vicinity of the Virginia Capes and thence north-northeastward, and Wednesday night its centre was in the vicinity of New York City, where the barometer read 28.80 inches.

This storm has been attended by heavy snows in New England, New York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Eastern Ohio, and by heavy rain with snow along the Middle Atlantic and Southern New England Coast. Winds of gale force have prevailed along the entire Atlantic Coast, and during Wednesday the highest velocities were as follows: Fifty-two miles from the southwest at Norfolk, 72 from the east at Atlantic City, 72 from the northeast at Sandy Hook, 60 from the northeast at Block Island, 65 from the east at Boston and Nantucket, and 69 from the northeast at Eastport.

Storm warnings remain displayed along the Atlantic Coast as far south as Cape Henry. The storm centre will move northeastward from its present position and the snow will end generally over the Eastern States during tonight, except in Northern New York and Northern New England, where it will continue into Thursday.

Country-Wide Weather Conditions.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	42	24	30.46	Clear
Albany	25	20	29.02	.30 Snow
Atlantic	48	40	29.76	Clear
Atlantic City	50	38	29.90	1.44 Cloudy
Baltimore	36	32	30.28	1.36 Cloudy
Bismarck	28	12	30.18	Cloudy
Boston	30	28	29.82	.86 Rain
Buffalo	34	24	29.86	.10 Snow
Cincinnati	36	30	29.88	.01 Snow
Charleston	60	34	30.00	Clear
Chicago	32	30	29.64	Cloudy
Cleveland	34	28	29.76	Cloudy
Denver	50	22	30.54	Clear
Detroit	30	26	29.70	.04 Cloudy
Galveston	52	48	30.30	Cloudy
Helena	34	26	30.36	Cloudy
Jacksonville	62	54	29.76	Clear
Kansas City	34	26	30.20	Clear
Los Angeles	76	52	30.18	Cloudy
Milwaukee	34	28	30.06	Clear
New Orleans	56	48	30.02	Cloudy
Oklahoma	38	32	30.40	Clear
Philadelphia	38	30	29.94	1.04 Cloudy
Pittsburgh	34	24	29.64	.36 Snow
Portland, Me.	24	22	29.22	1.00 Snow
Portland, Ore.	46	32	30.52	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	30	20	30.30	Clear
San Antonio	54	46	30.36	Clear
San Diego	68	50	30.12	Cloudy
San Francisco	60	50	30.20	Clear
Seattle	42	32	30.62	Clear
St. Louis	36	28	30.14	Clear
Washington	38	34	29.94	1.02 Pt. Cl'dy

FORECAST: TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Northern New England—Snow, followed by clearing and colder, Thursday. Friday, fair.

Southern New England and Eastern New York—Clearing and colder Thursday. Friday, fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday, fair.

Western New York—Snow, followed by clearing, Thursday. Friday, fair; no change in temperature.

New York City Weather Record.

Official Temperatures—Average 33.

2 AM	30	6 PM	35	(high)	40
3 AM	30	7 PM	35		
4 AM	29	8 PM	33		
5 AM	29	9 PM	33		
6 AM	29	10 PM	32		
7 AM	28	11 PM	32		
8 AM	30	12 PM	32	(low)	28

Average same date last year, 41.
Average same date last 25 years, 29.

Barometer, 29.04 at 8 A. M.; 29.81 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 94 at 6 A. M.; 94 at 6 P. M.

Winds at 8 A. M., northeast, velocity 12 miles; at 8 P. M., west, velocity 13 miles.

Weather, snowing at 8 A. M.; snowing at 8 P. M.

Precipitation, 1.01.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Weather forecast:

Illinois and Missouri—Fair Thursday, probably Friday; rising temperature Thursday.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and somewhat unsettled Thursday; rising temperature. Friday fair.

Minnesota and Iowa—Fair Thursday, probably Friday; rising temperature Thursday.

North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Montana and Wyoming—Fair Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

Eastern Texas—Thursday fair; continued cold. Friday fair; slowly rising temperature in northwest.

Western Texas—Thursday fair; continued cold. Friday fair; slowly rising temperature in north.

North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia—Fair, colder Thursday; Friday fair.

Florida—Fair, colder Thursday; Friday fair.

Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Thursday and Friday, continued cool.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Thursday and Friday, continued cold.

Ohio—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, continued cold.

Indiana—Fair Thursday and Friday, no change in temperature.

Lower Michigan—Snow flurries Thursday, probably Friday, no change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Snow flurries Thursday and Friday, no change in temperature.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
1:00	Broadway, between 226 & 231 Sts. (auto); William Gilman...Slight	
6:05	1,004 Broadway; M. Susdeer...Not given	
6:35	Horatio & West Sts. (auto); Edward Bartels...Slight	
8:00	163 Boston Rd.; Frank Rubin...Slight	
9:40	47 W. 46 St.; Albert Donovan...Slight	
11:25	523 E. 17 St.; Rose Tusso...Not given	
P. M.		
12:10	1256 W. 69 St.; Mary Tisetsky...Slight	
1:21	706 E. 11 St.;.....Not given	
7:00	32 E. 7 St.; Greek Catholic Church.....Slight	
7:12	Front of 1,553 Jerome Av. (auto); [illegible].....Slight	
10:00	330 Sewer); H. & R. Novelty Co.....Not given	
10:26	218 Walker St.....Not given	
10:40	321 E. 32 St.; James Maida...Not given	

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WHEELER H. PECKHAM, Plaintiff, against DENNISTOUN M. BELL, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 4th day of October, 1921, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of January, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

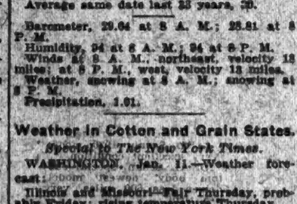
ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the Northerly side of Howard Street, distant seventy-five feet Westerly from the Northwesterly corner of said Howard Street and Broadway, running thence Northerly and parallel with said Broadway seventy-five feet; thence Westerly and parallel with said Howard Street twenty-four feet and eight inches; thence Southerly and parallel with said Broadway seventy-five feet to the Northerly side of said Howard Street and thence Easterly along said Northerly side of said Howard Street twenty-four feet and eight inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less.

New York, N. Y., December 20, 1921.

JOHN ROSS DELAFIELD, Referee.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The said premises will be sold subject to such a state of facts as an accurate survey would show and to the zoning resolution dated January 25, 1916, as amended.

JOHN ROSS DELAFIELD, Referee.
WILLIAM P. DIXON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 32 Liberty St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that lots 14, 19, 20, 21 and 22, in Block 21, shown on Map of Property of MANHATTAN BEACH ESTATE, filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 30th day of June, 1868, will be offered for sale by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of January, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer.

Terms and conditions will be made known at the time of sale.

MANHEACH DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION.

SATTER BROTHERS, Attorneys, 67 Liberty Street, New York City.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	P. M.	THE SUN. Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
High water	4:22	6:33	6:41	7:17	5:57	9:01	7:29	4:52
Low water	0:06	12:54	0:20	1:36	7:21	2:10		

Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Saalburg	Antwerp	Dec. 30
Gen. G. W. Goethals	Colon	Jan. 2
Strombolt	Gibraltar	Dec. 22
Anne	Kingston	Jan. 2
Beckenham	Gibraltar	Dec. 23
Python	Rotterdam	Dec. 17
Mayaro	Grenada	Jan. 7
W. L. Steed	Port Lobos	Jan. 4
Cabo Creus	Las Palmas	Dec. 21
Justin	Liverpool	Dec. 29
Shakespeare	Matanzas	Jan. 8
Lake Packler	Cartagena	Dec. 29
Chaotiaw	Glenfuegos	Jan. 3
K. J. Luckenbach	Philadelphia	Jan. 10
Tiara	St. Lucia	Jan. 1
S. Gertrudis	Manzanille	Jan. 4

DUE TODAY.

Bacchus	Barcelona	Dec. 16
Bristol City	Bristol	Dec. 31
Brookvale	Shields	Dec. 18
Urbino	Oran	Dec. 28
Argon	Gibraltar	Dec. 26
Watmoss	Hamburg	Dec. 22
Hernida	Delfzijl	Dec. 31
Ohio	Rotterdam	Dec. 25
Tacona	Hamburg	Dec. 26

DUE TODAY.

Tyrrifjord	Christiania	Dec. 27
Willesco	Cristobal	Jan. 1
Taormina	Naples	Dec. 27
Gasconier	Danzig	Dec. 22
Nattraz	Hudiksavall	Jan. 2
Santa Maria	Santa Marta	Jan. 9

DUE TOMORROW.

George Washington	Bremen	Jan. 2
Magantic	Liverpool	Jan. 4
Orduna	Southampton	Jan. 5
West Caron	Gibraltar	Dec. 29
Gen. H. F. Hodges	Colon	Jan. 6
Montserrat	Havana	Jan. 7

DUE SATURDAY.

Paris	Havre	Jan. 7
Noordam	Rotterdam	Jan. 4
Yucatan	Havana	Jan. 10
Arabic	Genoa	Dec. 29

DUE SUNDAY.

Media	Liverpool	Jan. 4
Caronia	Gibraltar	Jan. 4
Minnehaha	Hamburg	Jan. 4
Saxonia	Southampton	Jan. 4
Mongolia	Hamburg	Jan. 4

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Esperanza	Vera Cruz	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Yucatan and Campeche. (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed.)
U. S. A. T. St. Mihiel	Porto Rico			(Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed.)
Colon		10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Nicaragua (except east coast) and Salvador. (Specially addressed.)
K. J. Luckenbach	Cristobal			
Ion		1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	

SAIL TOMORROW.

Mongolia, Hamburg	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Norway and Straits Settlements specially addressed.)
Stavangerfjord, Bergen	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Santiago, Havana	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas and Cuba. (Specially addressed.)
Roswell, Buenos Aires	9:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay. (Specially addressed.)
Eastern Breeze, Helsingfors		12:00 M.	Denmark, Sweden, Esthonia and Finland. (Specially addressed.)
Alliance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Haiti (except Cape Haitien and Port de Paix), Canal Zone, Panama and Nicaragua.
W. M. Tupper, Cayenne	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Lake Fariston, Savanilla	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Jamaica and Colombia. (Haiti specially addressed.)
Baracoa, Savanilla	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Jamaica and Colombia. (Haiti specially addressed.)

SAIL SATURDAY.

Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Italy, Greece and Straits Settlements specially addressed.)
Montserrat, Barcelona	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Spain.
Hudson, Bremen	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Ireland and Germany. (Specially addressed.)
Binnendijk, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Netherlands. (Specially addressed.)
Dante Alighieri, Genoa	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy and Greece.
Tuscan Prince, Cape Town		12:00 M.	South Africa. (Specially addressed.)
Constantinople, Piraeus	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy and Greece. (Specially addressed.)
Arawuna, Manifua	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Ft. Victoria, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Caracas, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Porto Rico, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico and Virgin Islands.
Ulua, Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Cuba, Jamaica, Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed.)
Iroquois, Barahona	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.
Musamar, Antilla	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Bahamas, Inagua, Fortune Islands and City of Antilla, Cuba. (Other parts of Cuba specially addressed.)
Orizaba, Vera Cruz	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Bahamas, Inagua and Fortune Islands. (Cuba and Mexico specially addressed.)
Hellas, Barahona	3:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Maine, London	Jan. 14	10:00 A.M.
Nevian, Manchester	Jan. 14	11:00 A.M.
Huronian, Antwerp	Jan. 14	12:00 M.
Vindella, London	Jan. 14	10:00 A.M.
Chinese Prince, Buenos Aires	Jan. 14	11:00 A.M.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Hog Island, Alexandria	Jan. 14	10:00 A.M.
Iberia, Marseilles	Jan. 16	12:00 M.
Danis, Copenhagen	Jan. 16	12:00 M.
Dryden, Kobe	Jan. 16	2:00 P.M.
Ohio, Bordeaux	Jan. 18	1:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Clavarack	Manchester	Jan. 9
Livingstonian	Swansea	Jan. 10
V. Emmamuele III	Avonmouth	Jan. 11
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Jan. 6
Potomac	Queenstown	Jan. 11
Hilarius	Port Lewis	Jan. 6
Rhae Orontes	Tripoli	Jan. 9
Manominee	London	Jan. 11
Pastores	Havana	Jan. 11
Tolon	Havana	Jan. 11
Gibsonay	Havana	Jan. 11

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Steinstad	Shields	Jan. 10
Ebro	Valparaiso	Jan. 11
Wayo Maru	Hull	Jan. 11
A. San Giorgio IV	Genoa	Jan. 4
Sussex	Melbourne	Jan. 9
Jacques Cartier	Flushing	Jan. 6
Presidente Wilson	Naples	Jan. 5
Hagua Mary	Hongkong	Jan. 10
City of Adelaide	Gibraltar	Jan. 11
City Castle	Gibraltar	Jan. 14
City of Lahore	Gibraltar	Jan. 21
Croxlith Hall	Gibraltar	Jan. 11
Vesari	Buenos Aires	Jan. 11
Lalanda	Rio Janeiro	Jan. 7
Scythia	Liverpool	Jan. 10

Reported by Wireless

SS Caronia, incoming from Naples, was signaled; due Jan. 15, forenoon. Cunard Line.

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 5 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Wilhelmina	Jan. 15
Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies	Tjisalak	Jan. 14
Hawaii, Philippine Islands, Straits Settlements, Sumatra and specially addressed mail for French Indo-China, British India and Ceylon, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Straits Settlements	Wolverine State	Jan. 14
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam and French Indo-China	Esteri Maru	Jan. 18

Pacific Mails

Mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Dec. 14; Sydney, Dec. 14; Wellington, Dec. 19; Auckland, Dec. 20, and Honolulu, Dec. 31—which arrived per steamer Niagara, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 7, and are due in New York today.

MEDITERRANEAN VOYAGES
From New York to Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco, Genoa, Naples, Athens, Alexandria for Egypt and the Nile.
ARABIC *LAPLAND ADRIATIC
(17,224 tons) (13,800 tons) (24,542 tons)
Jan. 21 March 4 Feb. 4 Jan. 7 Feb. 18
Independent travel. Bookings to any part. Optional conducted shore excursions. Send for booklet and detailed information. Famous White Star and Red Star services provide utmost luxury.
*Returns to Southampton via Naples, Monaco and Marseilles.
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(Under Contract with Bermuda Govt.)
The palatial steamers of the Furness Bermuda Line land their passengers and baggage free at the Company's own dock, avoiding the discomforts, inconvenience and delay of landing by tender. They use oil fuel, ensuring speed and eliminating all smoke and dirt common to coal-burning steamers.
Sailings Twice Weekly
From N. Y. every Wed. & Sat.
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Tickets good on either steamer.
Offering unequalled express service via
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Twin-screw, 14,000 tons displ'm't.
S. S. "FORT HAMILTON"
Twin-screw, 11,000 tons displ'm't.
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Visiting St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Dominica, Guadaloupe, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Trinidad.
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14,000 Tons Displacement
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Sailings Piers 59-61, North River, New York
At Noon, unless specified.
MAJESTIC 56,000 TONS
Largest Steamer in the World
HOMERIC 35,000 TONS
New Palatial Steamers to Join
OLYMPIC 46,439 TONS
in Weekly Spring Sailings to CHERBOURG AND SOUTHAMPTON

To Cherbourg—Southampton			
OLYMPIC	Feb. 18	Mar. 11	Apr. 1
HOMERIC (new)	Mar. 1	Mar. 25	
MAJESTIC (new)	May 30	June 24	July 11

To Liverpool via Queenstown			
BALTIC	Jan. 14	Feb. 16	Mar. 13
*WINIFREDIAN	Jan. 19		
CEDRIC	Jan. 25	Feb. 25	Mar. 25
CELTIC	Feb. 1	Mar. 4	Apr. 1
ADRIATIC	Apr. 5	May 27	

*Will not call at Queenstown.

MEDITERRANEAN VOYAGES
To Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco, Genoa, Naples, Athens, Alexandria for Egypt and the Nile.

Arabic	(17,224 tons)	Jan. 27	March 2
Lapland	(13,565 tons)	Feb. 4	
Adriatic	(24,541 tons)	Feb. 18	

RED STAR LINE
To Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp
Via Halifax

Kroonland	Jan. 11	Feb. 25	Apr. 1
Zeeland	*Jan. 11	*Mar. 4	*Apr. 15
Finland	Feb. 11	Mar. 18	Apr. 22
Gothland	Feb. 18	Mar. 25	
Lapland	*Apr. 1	*May 13	

*Will not call at Halifax.

To DANZIG via HAMBURG
SAMLAND ..... Jan. 19

AMERICAN LINE
HAMBURG

MONGOLIA	Jan. 12	Feb. 22	
MINNEKAHDA (3d class only)	Jan. 28		
HAVERFORD	Feb.		

(Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
*Also calls at Queenstown.
International Mercantile Marine Co.
120 Steamers—1,500,000 Tons.
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THE "ARAGUAYA" is the largest and most luxurious steamer in the Bermuda trade.
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The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
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CUNARD-ANCHOR
Passenger & Freight Services from New York.
CHERBOURG AND SOUTHAMPTON
AQUITANIA ..... Feb. 7 Feb. 23 Mar. 21
MAURETANIA ..... Apr. 4 Apr. 20 May 16
BERENGARIA ..... May 30 June 20 July 11

DIRECT IRISH SERVICES
QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL
SCYTHIA ..... Jan. 26 Feb. 25 Mar. 25
ALBANIA ..... Feb. 18 Apr. 1
CAMERONIA ..... Mar. 11
LONDONDERRY AND GLASGOW
ALGERIA ..... Jan 21 Apr. 1 May 13
ANSYRIA ..... Mar. 17

HALIFAX, LONDONDERRY & GLASGOW
ALGERIA ..... Feb. 25
HALIFAX, PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG AND HAMBURG
SAXONIA ..... Jan. 21 Mar. 1
BOSTON TO LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW
ASSYRIA ..... Feb. 4 Apr. 15 May 20
Cunard and Anchor Steamship Lines.
25 Broadway, New York.

French Line
NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS

Rochambeau	Jan. 17	Feb. 18	Mar. 18
Paris	Jan. 25	Feb. 11	Mar. 11
Chicago	Jan. 26	Feb. 25	Apr. 1
La Lorraine	Jan. 28	Mar. 4	Apr. 8
La Savoie	Feb. 2	Mar. 11	May 27
La Savoie	Feb. 11	Mar. 14	
France	Feb. 18	Mar. 25	Apr. 13

NEW YORK—VIGO (Spain)—HAVRE

Rochambeau	Feb.	11
La Bourgogne	Mar.	11

TOURS IN ALGERIA & MOROCCO
Sailings from Bordeaux or Marseilles.
FIRST and FOUR WEEK MOTOR TRIPS
Offices (Receiving Accounts) in Havre
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